## TECHNICAL MANUAL

OPERATOR'S, ORGANIZATIONAL, DIRECT SUPPORT AND GENERAL SUPPORT MAINTENANCE MANUAL FOR

SWEEP GENERATOR SG-677A/U (NSN 6625-01-074-4337)

HEADQUARTERS, DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY

## WARNING

DANGEROUS VOLTAGES EXIST IN THIS EQUIPMENT
Dangerous potentials exist at several points throughout this equipment. When the equipment is operated with the cover removed, DO NOT touch exposed connections or components. Disconnect power before cleaning the equipment or replacing parts.

DON'T TAKE CHANCES!

## WARNING

Adequate ventilation should be provided while using TRICHI.OROTRIFLUOROETHANE. Prolonged breathing of vapor should be avoided. The solvent should not be used near heat or open flame; the products of decomposition are toxic and irritating, since TRICHLOROTRIFLUOROETHANE dissolves natural oils, prolonged contact with skin should be avoided. When necessary, use gloves which the solvent cannot penetrate. If the solvent is taken internally, consult a physician immediately.

# Operator's, Organizational, Direct Support and <br> General Support Maintenance Manual Sweep Generator SG-677A/U (NSN 6625-01-074-4337) 

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To be di stributed in accordance with DA Form 12-36 Operator, Unit, and DS/ GS requi renents for SG-677A $U$.

# OPERATOR'S, ORGANIZATIONAL, DIRECT SUPPORT, AND GENERAL SUPPORT MAINTENANCE MANUAL INCLUDING REPAIR PARTS AND SPECIAL TOOLS LISTS <br> FOR <br> SWEEP GENERATOR SG-677A/U <br> (NSN 6625-01-074-4337) 

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In either case a reply will be furnished direct to you.
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## SECTION 1 <br> GENERAL INFORMATION

### 1.1.0 SCOPE

This manual describes Sweep Generator SG-677A/U (hereinafter referred to as "instrument"). It covers the purpose, use, instructions for installation and operation, and the technical characteristics of the SG677A/U. The following maintenance categories are covered: operator/crew (C), organization (O), direct support (F), and general support (H).
1.1.1 Consolidated Index Of Army Publications And Blank Forms
Refer to the latest issue of DA Pam 25-30 to etermine whether there are new editions, changes or additional publications pertaining to the equipment.
1.1.2 Maintenance Forms, Records And Reports a. Reports of Maintenance and Unsatisfactory

Equipment. Department of the Army forms and procedures used for equipment maitenance will be those prescribed by DA Pam 738-750, as contained in Maintenance Management Update.
b. Report of Item Packaging Discrepancies. Fill out and forward SF 364 (Report of Discrepancy (ROD)) as prescribed in AR 735-11-2/DLAR 4140.55/SECNAVINST 4355. 18/AFR 400-54/MCO4430.3J.
c. Transportation Discrepancy Report (TDR) (SF 361). Fill out and forward Transportation Discrepancy Report (TDR) (SF 361) as prescribed in AR 55-38/NAVSUPINST 4610.33C/AFR 75-18/MCO P4610.19D/DLAR 4500.15.
1.1.3 Reporting Equipment Improvement Recommendations (EIR)
If your equipment needs improvement, let us know. Send us an EIR. You, the user, are the only one who can tell us what you don't like about your equipment. Let us know why you don't like the design or performance. Put it on an SF 368 (Product Quality Deficiency Report). Mail it to: Commander, U.S. Army Communications-Electronics Command and Fort Monmouth, ATTN: AMSEL-PA-MA-D, Fort Monmouth, New Jersey, 07703-5000. We'll send you a reply.

### 1.1.4 ADMINISTRATIVE STORAGE

There is no special procedures for preparing this equipment for limited storage. Place all ancillary items in a bag and tie or tape the bag to the quipment. Place equipment in limited storage, ie, organizational storage room. Protect equipment from dust, humidity, and extreme temperature changes.

### 1.1.5 DESTRUCTION OF ARMY MATERIEL

Instructions for destruction of Army electronics materiel to prevent enemy use shall be in accordance with TM 750-244-2.

### 1.2 DESCRIPTION AND DATA

### 1.2.0 PURPOSE AND USE

Sweep Generator SG-677A/U is a rugged, compact, all-solid-state sweep/signal generator covering the 1-1400 MHz frequency range in three bands. It is well adapted to both sophisticated laboratory applications and automated testing procedures.

Each of the three frequency range bands (1-500, $450-950$, and $900-1400 \mathrm{MHz}$ ) may be used in $\mathrm{C} \mathbf{W}, \Delta \mathrm{f}$, S/S or manual mode. Sweep triggering may be internal (recurring), external, or manual. Sweep repetition rate ranges from $1 \mathrm{swp} / 100 \mathrm{sec}$ to $50 \mathrm{swp} / \mathrm{sec}$. Provision is made for remote programming of center frequency, sweep width, and 20 dB of attenuation.

Three crystal-controlled harmonic birdy markers (1, 10, 50 MHz ) are included in the instrument, with provision made for three more (single frequency or harmonic), if desired. Marker size, width, tilt, and shape (rectified for X-Y plotter applications or non-rectified for normal viewing) are all controlled from the instrument front panel. Each marker has its own individual front-panel on/off switch.

### 1.2.1 RF SPECIFICATIONS

Frequency Range

Frequency Dial
Calibration

Accuracy

Drift

Impedance
RF Output Amplitude

1 to 1400 MHz in three overlapping bands
Band $1 \quad 1$ to 500 MHz
Band $2 \quad 450$ to 950 MHz
Band $3 \quad 900$ to 1400 MHz

10 MHz intervals

| 1 to 500 MHz | 10 MHz |
| :--- | :--- |
| 450 to 1400 MHz | $\pm 2 \%$ of selected freq. |

$100 \mathrm{kHz} / 5$ minutes - $2 \mathrm{MHz} / 8$ hours
(after $1 / 2$ hour warm-up at a constant ambient, and allowing a 5 minute stabilizing period after a frequency change).

50 ohms

Continuously adjustable from +10 to $-80 \mathrm{dBm} ; 70 \mathrm{~dB}$ in 10 dB steps, plus a 20 dB vernier, calibrated in 1 dB increments. Step attenuator and vernier attenuator accuracy:

| Up to 500 MHz | $\pm 0.5 \mathrm{~dB}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Up to 1000 MHz | $\pm \mathrm{dB}$ |
| Up to 1400 MHz | $\pm 2 \mathrm{~dB}$ |

Flatness at $\mathbf{+ 1 0} \mathbf{d B m}$

Residual FM

Spurious and Harmonic Signals

Blanking

SWR

### 1.2.2 SWEEP SPECIFICATIONS

Operating Modes
Sweep Modes

Sweep Width

Accuracy

Sweep Time

Display Linearity

Horizontal Output

### 1.2.3 REMOTE PROGRAMMING

$\pm 0.5 \mathrm{~dB}$ from 1 to 1400 MHz

Less than 15 kHz

1 to $10 \mathrm{MHz}, 20 \mathrm{dBc}$
10 to 1400 MHz, 26 dBc

Retrace blanking of the RF output provided for sweep operation. Removed for CW operation.

Less than 1.5

S/S, $\Delta \mathrm{f}, \mathrm{CW}$

Repetitive sweep
Single sweep
Externally triggered sweep
Manual sweep
Line lock sweep
100 kHz to 500 MHz calibrated in $\mathbf{1 0} \mathbf{~ M H z}$ intervals

| Band 1 | $\pm 10 \mathrm{MHz}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Band 2 | $\pm 20 \mathrm{MHz}$ |
| Band 3 | $\pm 20 \mathrm{MHz}$ |

Continuously variable from less than 10 ms to more than 100 seconds in 4 decade steps plus vernier.

2\%

0 to 10 V sawtooth
A Rear Panel REMOTE Jack provides necessary connections for Remote Control of frequency, sweep width and the 0 to 20 dB vernier OUTPUT control. This jack also provides connections for external AM and FM.

Center Frequency

Sweep Width

Vernier 0-20 dB Output

May be remotely programmed within the selected band by a $\pm 16 \mathrm{~V}$ signal. ( -16 volts corresponds to LOW frequency band end and +16 volts to HIGH frequency band end) Tuning sensitivity: $16 \mathrm{MHz} / \mathrm{volt}$ (approx.)

May be controlled by a remote potentiometer. (Input and output connection provided in Rear Panel REMOTE jack)

May be remotely programmed over a 20 dB range with a 0 to -18 volt signal ( -18 volts corresponds to maximum output)

## External AM

### 1.2.4 EXTERNAL LEVELING

External AM signals are applied to same connections as for vernier 0-20 dB control. Therefore, vernier range must be restricted so the 0 to $\mathbf{- 1 8}$ volt range is not exceeded or distortion will occur. With average voltage set to mid-range, $100 \%$ modulation is possible to $1 \mathrm{kHz}, 40 \%$ modulation possible to a 40 kHz rate.

An external negative signal, between 0.2 and 2 volts, may be used to level the RF output.

Birdy by-pass, single frequency or harmonic (comb).

1, 10, 50 MHz harmonic intervals standard. Provision for three additional (single frequency or harmonic) is included.
0.005\%

Adjustable from (approx.) 15 to $\mathbf{4 0 0} \mathbf{k H z}$ in four steps

Adjustable from (approx.) 12 V to 15 mV peak-to-peak

Adjustable from (approx. ) 50 mV to $100 \quad \mu^{\prime} \mathrm{V}$ peak-to-peak

Size varies with detector's impedance. Adjustable from (approx.) 6 V to 1 mV with detector impedance of 1 meg ohm, or from 0.5 V to 1 mV with detector impedance of 0 ohms. Rectified birdy is positive polarity.

Provides horizontal markers which have a size equal to approximately $10 \%$ of horizontal display. Adjustment of marker size vectorily adds the normal vertical marker to the horizontal marker, causing the resulting marker to vary from a horizontal position toward a vertical position.

1 15/230 VAC $\pm 10 \%$ (approximately 20 W) 50 to 400 Hz
$14.3 \mathrm{~cm}(55 / 8)$ in. high
$34.9 \mathrm{~cm}(13 \mathrm{3} / 4) \mathrm{in}$. deep
$20.1 \mathrm{~cm}(81 / 4) \mathrm{in}$. wide

20 lbs net 25 lbs. shipping

## SECTION 2 <br> INSTALLATION

### 2.1 MECHANICAL INSTALLATION

### 2.1.1 Initial Inspection

After unpacking the instrument, visually inspect the external parts for damage to knobs, connectors, surface areas, etc. The shipping container and packing material should be saved in case it is necessary to reship the unit.

### 2.1.2 Rack Mounting

The instrument is $1 / 2$ rack size and two rack mounting kits are available. The K103 kit provides the necessary hardware to mount the unit to either the right or left of a standard $51 / 4$ " x 19 " opening. The K104 kit provides the necessary hardware to rack mount two instruments. This provides a 7" x 19" package. Facilities are provided for Front Panel mounting of instrument Rear Panel connectors.

### 2.1.3 K103 Rack Mounting Kit (Refer to Figure 2-1)

## CONTENTS

| Item | Qty | Part No. |
| :--- | :---: | ---: |
| A (Side) | 1 ea. | B000-608 |
| B (Side) | 1 ea. | C000-691 |
| C (screw) | 8 ea. | HS101-806 |

## Procedure:

Remove the screws from one side panel at a time. Mount item $A$ or $B$ against the side panel of the instrument and secure with screws provided (item C). Repeat operation for other side. NOTE: Items A \& B may be interchanged to position the unit to the side of the rack desired.

### 2.1.4 K104 Rack Mounting Kit (Refer to Figure 2-4)

## CONTENTS

| Items | Qty. | Part No. |
| :--- | :--- | ---: |
| A (Tray) | 2 ea. | C000-729 |
| B (Side) | 2 ea. | A500-230 |
| C (Screw) | 12 ea. | HS106-905 |

Procedure:
Install both sides (item B) to one tray (item A) using 10-32 x $5 / 16$ " screws (item C). Position the intrument on the tray so that the feet extend into the provided holes. Other instruments not exceeding $51 / 4^{\prime \prime} \times 8^{\prime \prime}$ may also be mounted by drilling additional holes for their feet.

When one or both instruments are properly seated, install the other item "A" and secure with the remaining screws (item C).

NOTE: If the instrument has been supplied with a bail, it must be removed before installing in the K104 rack mounting kit.

### 2.2 ELECTRICAL INSTALLATION

### 2.2.1 Primary Power Requirements

These instruments operate from either 115 VAC or 230 VAC supply mains as selected by a Slide Switch located on the Rear Panel. Before operating the instrument, check that the fuse mounted in the Rear Panel Fuse Holder corresponds to the correct value for the selected voltage; i.e., 0.5 amp for a 115 VAC, and 0.25 amp for 230 VAC.

The power supply has been designed to operate from 50 to 400 Hz supply mains, however, the line operated sweep rate function must be adjusted to the line frequency.

Instruments are shipped from the factory for operation at 115 VAC, 60 Hz unless otherwise specified.

### 2.2.2 Performance Checks

The electrical performance of this instrument should be verified. Performance checks for incoming inspection are given in Section 5, Maintenance.


Figure 2-1. K-103 Rack Mounting


Figure 2-2. K-104 Rack Mounting

SECTION 3
OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS


Figure 3-1. Front Panel

### 3.1 INTRODUCTION

This section provides complete functional control description, operating instructions, and programming instructions for the instrument.

In addition, special operating notes cover sweep rate errors, overloading, low level measurements and operation with networks analyzers and $X-Y$ plotters.

### 3.2 DESCRIPTION OF FRONT PANEL (Refer to Figure 3-1 for control location)

(1) BAND switch-
(2) START/CENTER FREQ.-
(3) STOP/SWEEP WIDTH-
(4) MODE switch-

Selects band 1 ( $1-500 \mathrm{MHz}$ ), band 2 ( $450-950 \mathrm{MHz}$ ), or band 3 ( $900-1400 \mathrm{MHz}$ ).

Controls start frequency when MODE switch is set to S/S (start/stop) or center frequency when MODE switch is set to AF and CW.

Controls stop frequency when MODE switch is set to S/S (start/stop) or sweep width when MODE switch is set to $\triangle F$.

Selects S/S (start/stop), JF, or CW (continuous wave) operation.
(5) MARKERS O WIDTH • SIZE - Dual concentric control; outer knob adjusts marker width from 15 to 400 kHz in four steps; inner knob controls marker size.
(6) MARKERS MHz -
(7) TILT/NORM switch-
(8) MARKER-SIZE switch-
(9) HORIZ. SCOPE OUT-
(10) VERT SCOPE OUT-
(11) DEMOD IN-
(12) OUTPUTdBm-50 ohm-
(13) RF OUT-
(14) MARKER in -
(15) MOD-
(16) ALC IN -
(17) EXT/INT switch -
(18) POWER -
(19) TRIG/RECUR switch -

Six push button switches control AI and A2 marker options (marker frequency is engraved on push button) (i.e. 1 Har, 10 Har, 50 Har... ).

Provides vertical markers in the NORM (down) position. In the TILT (up) position, provides horizontal markers having a fixed amplitude of approximately $10 \%$ of the horizontal display when MARKER SIZE is set to minimum.
NOTE: Increasing the marker size will cause the horizontal marker to tilt toward a vertical position. This feature is used to identify frequencies on steep response skirts.

This three position switch provides: large markers in its lower position (12 V to 50 mV peak-to-peak), small markers in its center position ( 50 mV to 100 UV volts peak-to-peak) and rectified positive markers in its up position. These rectified markers are for use with $X-Y$ recorders.

BNC connector provides a 16 volt peak-to-peak triangle wave, symmetrical about ground, to drive the Horizontal ( $x$ ) axis of the oscilloscope or other indicating device. (An alternate connection is available at the real panel.)

BNC connector provides the combined markers and demodulated RF (when DEMOD in is connected) for connection to the oscilloscope Vertical $(y)$ axis input.

BNC connector accepts the demodulated, swept, signal from the device under test so RF markers may be added. (The combined signal is available at the VERT. SCOPE OUTPUT connector).

Attenuator; outer knob provides calibrated adjustment of the RF output in 10 dB increments from O dBm to -70 dBm , inner knob provides calibrated vernier adjustment of the RF output from $\mathbf{+ 1 0} \mathrm{dBm}$ to $\mathbf{- 1 0} \mathrm{dBm}$.
"N" connector provides a connection for RF output signal.

BNC connector accepts an externally generated continuous wave signal to produce a frequency marker on the display.

Not used.

BNC connector accepts an automatic leveling control signal from a remote monitor when EXT/INT switch is in the EXT (up) position.

Closes the internal automatic leveling loop when in INT (down) position. NOTE: When this switch is in the EXT position, and no external monitor is in use, the RF output is unleveled and not controlled by the $\mathbf{2 0} \mathbf{d B}$ vernier attenuator.

Switch applies AC power to power supply. Green LED indicates operation.

Selects recurring sweep of the time selected by SWEEP TIME control when in RECUR (down) position and with MODE switch in either $S / S$ or $\triangle f$. When TRIG/RECUR switch is in the center position, the sweep may be triggered for single sweep operation by momentarily contacting the TRIG (up) position.
(20) SWEEP TIME Sec.

VA R/MANUAL control - This is a six position switch control. The outer knob provides selection of MANUAL, LINE or four decade ranges of variable sweep time. The inner knob provides manual frequency sweep when SWEEP TIME Sec. switch is set to MANUAL, and variable adjustment of sweep time in each of the four decade ranges. (The sweep may be triggered in the four decade ranges only.)

### 3.3 DESCRIPTION OF REAR PANEL (Refer to Figure 3-2 for location)

(1) AC LINE SWITCH $115 \mathrm{~V} / 230 \mathrm{~V}$ Selects 115 or 230 V line voltage
(2) AC LINE INPUT $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$
(3) AC LINE FUSE- .5A 115V
.25A 230 V
(4) REMOTE jack-
(5) SCOPE HORIZ. jack-

3 prong plug provides connection to AC mains
0.5 A for 115 VAC or 0.25 A for 230 VAC .

Provides connection for programming of frequency, sweep width and $R F$ output level. (See Section 3-6 for detailed instructions. ) This jack is supplied with a mating "jumpered plug" which provides front-panel control.

BNC jack provides connection to $(X)$ axis of oscilloscope or plotter. This connector is in parallel with the SCOPE HORIZ. connector located on the front panel.


Figure 3-2. Rear Panel


Figure 3-3. Typical Operating Set-up

### 3.4 TYPICAL OPERATING SET-UP

When initially setting up instrument, first check rear panel AC LINE VOLTAGE selector switch and fuse to ensure the instrument is set for operation with the available AC mains.

Make connections between the instrument, the unit under test, and the oscilloscope as shown ih Figure 3-3. Since hum, RF leakage, and spurious signal pick-up must be kept to a minimum, it is essential that good connections and grounds be maintained throughout the entire setup. Use coaxial cables with BNC connectors wherever possible. The RF output cable is especially critical. It should have a
characteristic impedance of 50 ohms, and should be kept as short as practical (under 3 feet). If the input impedance of the unit under test is not 50 -ohms, a matching network, as shown in Figure 3-3, should be used to ensure a constant amplitude input signal to the unit under test.

After the RF signal passes through the RF circuit of the unit under test, it must be demodulated before being connected to the DEMOD IN of the instrument. If a demodulator is not a part of the unit under test, one must be added externally. (See Figure 3-3.) The input impedance of the demodulator must present the proper load to the RF circuit being tested. The Wavetek Model D151A RF Dectector (included with the instrument) is recommended.

Turn the POWER switch on. The green LED should light, indicating an operating condition.
(Note: This instrument does not require a warmup period unless it is to be used at the extreme limits of its specifications.)

After completing the set-up, adjust the instrument controls for the required center frequency, sweep width, output amplitude, and sweep rate. Turn the desired markers on, and adjust their size and width.

### 3.5 SPECIAL OPERATING NOTES

### 3.5.1 Errors From Sweep Rate Effects

When sweeping RF circuits having rapid amplitude changes, errors may occur, due mainly to detector delays. Decreasing the detector output time constant will minimize this effect. Figure 3-4 Illustrates sweep rate effect.


Figure 3-4. Sweep Rate Effects

To check for sweep rate effect, first set the sweep width to its lowest practical amount, then reduce sweep time while closely observing the swept output response. Any change in the response indicates the sweep rate is too fast for a true response. When a further reduction of sweep time does not change the response, a true response has been obtained.

### 3.5.2 Effects From Overloading

The use of excessive signal from the instrument can overload the receiver circuits. To assure that this condition is not present, and that the response is a true representation of the unit under test, turn the OUTPUT controls to minimum output amplitude. Gradually increase
the output amphtude until a response is obtained. Further increase of the output amplitude should not change the configuration of the response envelope except in amplitude. If the response envelope does change, such as flattening at the top, decrease the output just far enough to restore the proper configuration.

353 Making Measurements At Low Levels

When making measurements at low levels, radiation and ground loops become problems. Using double shielded cables for cables carrying RF signals helps minimize the radiation problem. Ground loops causing hum pick-up can sometimes be eliminated by completing only one ground connection between each instrument. This applies particularly to the scope horizontal input. If the ground connection is made at the vertical input terminal, an additional ground at the horizontal input terminal will often result in hum pickup.

### 35.4 Operation With Network Analyzers

To operate properly with certain network analyzers several modifications might be required. Some analyzers require the removal of the blanking signal during the sweep return trace. This can be accomplished by disconnecting the single wire connected to pin 10 of the MIH Module.

Section 3.5 .5 is deleted.

### 3.5.6 Operation With An External Monitor

Operation with an external monitor can produce a flatter
(less amplitude variation) input signal to the unit under test than is obtainable with the internal monitor, since the monitor point is located atthepoint where greatest flatness is desired, and is not affected by cable VSWR or input impedance of the unit under test. Another application is to level at the output point of a wide band power amplifier, in order to increase the output power capability of the instrument.

To operate with an external monitor, first set the OUTPUT controls for maximum, +10 dBm . Next, connect the output from the external monitor to the Front Panel BNC jack labeled ALC IN and set the ALC EXT/INT Switch to the EXT position. The signal from the external monitor must be of a negative polarity between 0.2 and 2 volts. If the signal is larger than 2 volts, use a resistive divider to obtain the less than 2 volts signal. While observing the output from the monitor on an oscilloscope, adjust the vernier OUTPUT control until the monitor signal becomes beveled. (Refer to Fiqure 3-5.)


Figure 3-5. External Monitor Output Signal

### 3.6 PROGRAMMING

Connections for remote operation of output, amplitude, frequency, and sweep width plus external AM and triggering of the sweep circuit are provided by a rear-panel REMOTE programming connector. The programming jack and its pin functions are shown in Figure 3-6.


Figure 3-6. Rear Panel REMOTE Jack

VOLTAGE AND SIGNAL SOURCES
Pin 1 - Ground
Pin $2-+16$ volts
Pin $3-16$ volts
Pin 4--18 volts
Pin 10 - Ramp for Driving Sweep Width Control
Pin 15 - Same as Pin 10 Except Inverted

CONTROL INPUTS
Pin 6 - Output Level Control (AM Modulation)
Pin 7 - Sweep Time Trigger Input
Pin 9 - Frequency Control
Pin 12 - Sweep Width Control (FM Modulation)

INTERNAL CONTROL
Pins 5, 8 and 11 are used to program internal operation of Output, Frequency and Sweep Width.

UNUSED
Pins 13 and 14 are unused

### 3.6.1 OUTPUT AMPLITUDE CONTROL (AM MODULATION)

Normal internal control is provided by a jumper wire connected between pins 5 and 6 of the REMOTE plug as shown below.


Figure 3-7. Normal Output Control


Figure 3-9. Program Voltage/RF Output

To provide external AM, connect as shown in Fiqure 3-10. The low frequency modulation will be limited by the reactance of capacitor C1. Lower frequency modulation, down to DC, can be provided with a modulating source having a DC offset. In this case, resistor RI is omitted. In all cases, the peak modulating voltage plus the DC offset must be within the limits of -18 to +2 volts, as shown in Figure 3-9, or distortion will occur. The modulation frequency limits the maximum useable percentage of modulation as shown ir Figure 3-11 This graph was obtained with the DC level set to -8 volts.

To provide external control, remove jumper wire and connect an external OUTPUT Control as shown below. The RF OUTPUT is a linear function of the programming voltage as shown in Figure 3-9,


Figure 3-8. External Output Control


Figure 3-10. External AM


Figure 3-11. Percentage Modulation/Modulating Frequency


Figure 3-12. Normal Frequency Control


Figure 3-13 External Frequency Control

### 3.6.2 FREQUENCY CONTROL

Normal internal control of frequency is provided by a jumper wire connected between pins 9 and 8 of the REMOTE plug as shown ip Figure 3-12

To provide external control, remove the jumper and connect pin 9 to an external Frequency control as shown in Fiqure 3-13. Tuning sensitivity, which is approximately $16 \mathrm{MHz} / \mathrm{volt}$, is shown graphically in Figure 3-17.

### 3.6.3 SWEEP WIDTH CONTROL

Normal internal control of sweep width is provided by a jumper wire between pins 11 and 12 of the REMOTE plug as shown ir Figure 3-14.

To provide external control, remove the jumper and connect pin 12 to an external Sweep Width control as shown in Figure 3-15


Figure 3-15 External Sweep Width Control

### 3.6.4 REMOTE TRIGGERING OF SWEEP TIME CIRCUIT

The sweep time circuit can be remotely triggered by applying a 10 volt positive pulse to pin 7 of the REMOTE plug. For proper operation, the front-panel SWEEP TIME selector must be set for one of the four variable sweep time positions, and the TRIG/RECUR switch set to the TRIG position. The repetition rate of the external trigger should be slower than the frequency running rate set by the frontpanel SWEEP TIME selector and VA R/MANUAL control.

Figures 3-16 and 3-18 are deleted.


Figure 3-17. Program Voltage (pin 9 or 12) Frequency

### 3.7 PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE CHECKS AND SERVICES

Preventive maintenance is the systematic care, servicing, and inspection of equipment to prevent the occurence of trouble, to reduce downtime, and to maintain the equipment in serviceable condition. Defects that cannot be corrected must be reported to personnel at a higher maintenance category.

Routine checks like: cleaning, dusting, washing, checking for frayed cables, storing items not in use, covering unused receptacles, and checking for loose nuts and bolts are not listed as preventive maintenance checks or services. They are things that you should do anytime you see they must be done.

Preventive maintenance checks and services for the instrument are required before use and annually. These checks must be performed during the specified interval.

## OPERATOR/ CREW PREVENTATI VE MA NTENANCE CHECKS AND SERM CES

B- Bef ore
D. Duri ng

A After
W Weekl y

M Monthly Q Quarterly

| Item No. | Interval |  |  | Item to be I nspected | Procedures <br> Check for and have repai red or adj usted as necessary |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. | - |  |  | Physi cal Condi tion | Check for physi cal danage to i nst rument |
| 2. | . - |  |  | Mechani cal Operation | Check nechani cal operation of all switches and controls |
| 3. | - $\cdot$ - |  |  | El ectrical Operation | Check for suitable detected output usi ng oscilloscope |

## ORGAN ZATI ONAL PREVENTI VE MA NTENANCE CHECKS AND SERM CES

B- Bef ore
D. Duri ng
A After W Wéekl y
M Mont hl y
Q- Quart erly


### 3.8 CLEANING

Inspect the exterior surfaces of the signal generator; exterior surfaces should be clean, free of dust, grease and fungus.
a. Remove dust and loose dirt with a clean, soft cloth.

## WARNING

Adequate ventilation should be provided while using TRICHLOROTR IF LOUROETHANE. Prolonged breathing of vapor should be avoided. The solvent should not be used near heat or open flame; the products of decomposition are toxic and irritating. Since TRICHLOROTRIFLUOROETHANE dissolves natural oils, prolonged contact with skin should be avoided. When necessary use gloves which the solvent cannot penetrate. If the solvent is taken internally, consults physician immediately.
b. Remove grease, fungus, and ground-in dirt from the case; use a cloth dampened (not wet) with trichloroethane NSN 685-00-984-5853.
c. Remove dust or dirt from connectors with a brush,
d. Clean the front panel and control knobs; use a soft, clean cloth. If dirt is difficult to remove, dampen the cloth with water; use mild soap if necessary.

### 3.9 TOUCH UP PAINTING

Remove rust and corrosion from metal surfaces by lightly sanding them with fine sandpaper. Brush two thin coats of paint on the bare metal to protect it from further corrosion. Refer to applicable cleaning and refinishing practices specified in TB43-0118.

## SECTION 4 <br> CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION



Figure 4-1. Simplified Block Diagram

### 4.1 MECHANIC ARRANGEMENT

Before beginning the actual circuit description, it would be well to consider the mechanical arrangement of the instrument. This will enable the following block diagram and circuit description to be associated with its physical position, thereby, providing a better understanding of the overall instrument. The mechanical arrangement can be seen by referring to Figure 5-17 in the Maintenance section. This top view shows the front-panel, plug-in module and the rear chassis Power Supply sections.

### 4.2 SIMPLIFIED BLOCK DIAGRAM

The block diagram in Figure 4-1 contains both block and module information. The blocks contained within each module are indicated by the module outl inc.

The Power Supply provides three regulated voltage sources of $+18,-18$, and -20 volts for connections to the plug-in modules.

The M 1 H module generates the sweep ramp, blanking and scope horizontal voltages.

The M2H module contains four distinct circuits; a -16 volt reference supply, a +16 volt reference supply, an inverted sweep ramp supply, and the sweep drive circuits.

The two reference supplies and the two sweep ramp voltages provide the signals to the front-panel frequency and sweep width controls. The signal from these controls is then fed to the M2H Sweep Drive module, where they are combined into a single signal which drives the Sweep Oscillator modules. Necessary level shifting, shaping, and amplitude control are provided by the sweep drive circuit.

The RF signal for band 1 (1 to 500 MHz ) is generated in the M 9 H module where the signals from two sweep oscillators are combined in a diode mixer. The resultant difference signal is fad to a wide band pre-amplifier and then to the M 10 H module. This module contains a PIN diode attenuator and the final wide band amplifier. The output from this amplifier is then fed to the M 19 H module where a PIN diode switch completes the circuit to the RF output.

Leveling of the R F output is accomplished by a monitor diode (located in module M 19 H ) which measures the RF voltage and compares it to a reference voltage supplied by the vernier OUTPUT control. Any error between the RF voltage and reference voltage is amplified in the level amplifier located in the M 10 H module. The error voltage is then connected to the PIN diode attenuator at the input of the wide band amplifier. This closed loop system maintains a constant-amplitude RF signal at the monitor point, which compensates for amplitude variation in the sweep oscillator, mixer, and amplifier circuit, and also creates a zero impedance at the monitor point. In order to create a 50 ohm source impedance, a 50 ohm resistor is connected between the zero impedance point and the RF output system.

The sweep oscillators for bands 2 \& 3 are located in the M 19 H module. The RF output from the oscillators is fed through PIN diode attenuators directly to the RF output circuit without amplification. Leveling for bands 2 \& 3 is accomplished in the same manner as for band 1.

The marker circuit is comprised of the Marker Adder module M 5 H , and the individual marker generators, M6's. In addition to the marker adding function of the M 5 H module, it also provides for selection and leveling of the sweep sample signal in the same manner as the main RF output signal was leveled. This provides a constant amplitude sweep sample signal to the individual marker modules which is extremely important to obtain a "flat comb" output from the harmonic generating marker modules. It also standardizes the sweep sample amplitude, which insures proper operation of field installed markers.

This leveled sweep sample output is then fed to the individual M6 Marker modules where it is combined in a mixer with a crystal controlled CW signal. The resultant difference signals, which are the birdy markers, are then fed back to the Marker Adder module where they are combined, amplified, and shaped into a single composite signal. This signal is then fed through the control and to the front-panel VERT SCOPE OUT connector.

The following circuit descriptions are referenced to the schematics appearing in Section 6.

### 4.3 POWER SUPPLY (PS6A) (F02)

The PS6A Power Supply provides three regulated voltages.

## AC POWER \& RECTIFIER CIRCUITS

A dual-primary transformer allows operation at a line voltage of 115 or 230 volts. AC power is supplied through J201 and POWER switch S201. The transformer is located away from the Sweep Drive module to reduce magnetically coupled line ripple. Unregulated plus and minus voltages are supplied by the bridge rectifier circuit and filtered by Cl and C 7 . P2 provides access to three unregulated voltages as well as the regulated +18 , -18 , and -20 V . This plug also accepts a scope horizontal signal for connection to a rear-panel connector.

## +18 VOLT SERIES REGULATOR

Regulation is provided by 1C1 which contains its own internal reference supply. R9 provides an adjustment to +18.00 volts. An external pass transistor, Q2, boosts the current capability, and Q1 improves the current limiting characteristics of 1 C 1 by providing amplification before limiting. The +18 volt supply is protected against reverse voltage by CR7.
-18 VOLT SERIES - SHUNT REGULATOR
The voltage reference for this supply is obtained from the +18 volt supply through R20, and R19 provides the feedback which is applied to IC2 which provides high gain forcing Q5 to maintain a shunt regulated voltage across R13. Q3 and Q4 provide the series pass element and are connected as a compound emitter follower so that the voltage across R 13 is not loaded heavily. Short circuit protection of Q5 is provided by CR8. Current limiting is provided by Q5 when Q6 conducts sufficiently to forward bias CR9 and CR10. Reverse voltage protection is provided by CR12.

## -20 VOLT SERIES REGULATOR

The reference voltage for the -20 V supply is applied to a differential amplifier, Q9 and Q10, which in conjunction with Q8 provides a compound emitter following action similar to the pass element of the -18 V supply.

CR 17 provides reverse voltage protection. Current limiting is provided by shutting down of the -18 volt supply by Q7 through CR 14 to the base of Q5, reducing the reference voltage the the base of Q9. This action is helped along by the conduction of CR13 if the -20 volt supply drops below -18 volts.
4.4 SWEEP RATE (MODULE MIH) (F03)

## MIH SWEEP RATE GENERATOR

This module generates a variable rate square and triangular waveform. Front-panel switching provides recurring, triggered, or manual modes. The triangular waveform is a 32 volt peak-to-peak signal with a sweep time variable from 10 ms to 100 seconds in four steps. Retrace time is held constant at the fastest sweep time of each range. The triangular waveform is used to provide the sweep drive and the scope horizontal signals.

The square wave (blanking) output is a -1 to +14 volt signal whose -1 volt level corresponds to the sweep time and whose 14 volt level corresponds to the retrace time. The square wave is used to provide blanking of the RF output during retrace time.

Triangular waveforms are generated in an integrator (Q1, Q2, Q3, and Q4) by applying positive and negative voltage levels to the integrator input. When the integrator positive ramp output exceeds a threshold voltage, a hi-stable hysteresis switch is switched, reversing the polarity of the integrator dc input, causing the triangular waveform to start down toward another threshold. If the module is programmed in a recurring mode, the negative ramp will trip the hysteresis switch producing continuous oscillations. The hysteresis switch output is clipped on the negative polarity and is used for blanking (pin 10).

The symmetrical square wave output from the hysteresis switch (pin 9) is connected, through the front-panel SWEEP TIME vernier and one of the range determining resistors of the SWEEP TIME selector switch, to the integrator input (pin 7). Since the integrator output voltage change is proportional to the input voltage level, the SWEEP TIME vernier provides a sweep time increase by reducing the hysteresis switch output if the polarity is negative. If the polarity is positive, full output is retained (a diode opens the vernier ground connection) producing a nearly constant retrace time.

For triggered modes, the negative threshold of the hysteresis switch is shifted out fo the way by a diode and resistor connected through Q14 or through section d of SWEEP TIME switch S102 when in LINE position. The integrator will now continue its negative reamp until it is stopped by a clamp circuit turned on by a comparator. The integrator output is now held at this level unless a trigger is applied to the hysteresis switch. A trigger cannot flip the hysteresis switch until this clamp level is reached because the triggers must pass through an amplifier which is gated off until the clamp comparator (Q9) conducts.

Triggers are prevented from reaching the hysteresis switch (pin 6) by a voltage at pin 1, which causes comparator Q8 to open FET switch Q14. The primary function of the voltage at pin 1 is to shift the clamp comparator input out of the way to allow free-running oscillations.

Since the integrator is an inverting amplifier, and both input (Pin 7) and output (pin 8) are available, a feedback resistor (R102 through R110 on the SWEEP TIME switch) network allows the SWEEP TIME vernier, R 102, to be used as a dc level shifter in the manual mode. A non-inverting amplifier consisting of Q6, Q7 and Q19, with a gain of 2, provides a 32 volt peak-to-peak wave output which is used for sweep drive. This output is divided by RI 8 and R53 and shifted by the 56 kohm resistor mounted between pins 2 and 11 under the instrument chassis to provide a horizontal drive of O to 10 V at an impedance of about 16 kohms. A centering adjustment (R41) provides a dc level adjustment of the integrator and horizontal outputs (pin 8, pin 12, and pin 11) by shifting both positive and negative thresholds of the hysteresis switch. A size adjustment (R45) provides an amplitude adjustment by effectively varying the size of the hysteresis window. Symmetry of trace and retrace time (for equal positive and negative input voltages to the integrator) is established by adjusting the integrator balance control R7. This adjustment also affects the manual mode centering and the sweep period for fully counterclockwise rotation of the SWEEP TIME vernier.

The five sections of the SWEEP TIME selector switch program the MI H module. The functions of each section are listed below:

| Section a | Integrator input selector <br> Clamp level shift and routing <br> Section b | switch disconnect |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Section c | Trigger source selector |  |
| Section d | Line trigger routing, and <br> hysteresis switch hold |  |
| Section e | Not used |  |

Circuit operation as modified by the switch positions may be understood by considering the MANUAL, VARIABLE RATE, and LINE positions one at a time. (Refer to FO-I.)

## MANUAL POSITION

Section a. A feedback resistor R113 is connected from output (pin 8) to input (pin 7) of the M1H Sweep Rate module converting it to an inverting dc amplifier. Resistor R114 shifts the amplifier output dc level to -8 volts for zero input voltage to $R$ 104. When the SWEEP TIME vernier control R102 is fully clockwise, the negative input voltage to R 104 is sufficient to shift the output voltage to +8 volts dc.

Section b. The clamp is disabled in this position by applying +18 V to pin 1 , causing the hysteresis switch input to be disconnected from any internal source of triggers by opening
the routing switch Q14 (since Q8 is turned off). The shift bias is disconnected when Q14 is open.

Section c. The trigger input point pin 4 is grounded.
Section d. The hysteresis switch is held in one state by applying -18 volts to its input through a 33 kohm resistor. This causes the output to be negative (this bistable circuit is a positive feedback amplifier) providing the proper polarity to R 102 and preventing blanking of the RF output.

VARIABLE RATE POSITIONS (100-10, 10-1, 1-.1, .1-.01) Section a. Proper integrator input resistors are selected in decade increments in these positions, R 105-R108.

Section b. The clamp is disabled and triggers are held off unless the "pull trigger" switch is opened, removing +18 volts.

Section c. Two trigger sources are connected to pin 4; an external trigger from REMOTE jack J101-7 and triggers from the front-panel monentary TRIG switch S103.

Section d. No connection is made to pin 6 in any of the four variable rate positions.

## LINE POSITION

Section a. The proper value integrating resistor is selected, by-passing the SWEEP TIME vernier, to produce equal sweep and retrace perios.

Section b. Clamping works in this position independently of the "pull trig" switch.

Section c. The line rate square wave from the power supply is connected to the trigger input.

Section d. Amplified triggers are routed into the hystersis switch independently of the internal routing transistor, providing additional (redundant) line rate reliability.

### 4.5 SWEEP DRIVE (MODULE M2H) (F04)

The M 2 H module provides the correct sweep drive voltage required by each oscillator as programmed by the front-panel tuning controls, SWEEP WIDTH controls, and the MODE switch.

These programs are summed to a standard voltage level and then fed to shaping cirucuits for each band which are enabled by the B-1 and B-2 voltages and by a synthezied B-3 voltage.

The shaping diodes (CR3-CR17) conduct at levels determined by a resistor network (R35-R38) driven by a constant current source, Q7. As each diode conducts, an additional current is fed into the summing junction of the
output amplifier consisting of Q12, Q13, and Q14.

The output waveform amplitude is controlled by R72, R76, and R80 which are connected by switch transistors Q15, Q16, and Q17 into the feedback path to the summing junction.

This module also provides two regulated voltages for use primarily as programming voltages and an inverting amplifier to furnish an inverted triangle wave for use in the start/ stop mode of programming.

### 4.6 SWEEP OSCILLATOR, BAND 1 (MODULE M9H) (F06)

The RF sweep signal for band 1 is developed by the hetrodyne method which utilizes two UHF sweep oscillators, a diode mixer, and a wide-band RF preamplifier.

Sweep oscillator, Q2, sweeps from approximately 1.4 to 1.65 GHz . The average frequency is adjusted by R2 which controls the average bias on the varactor diodes, CR1, CR2, and CR3. The sweep drive voltage from pin 9 of the module is connected to the opposite side of these diodes causing the frequency to vary above and below this average frequency in a low-to-high frequency direction.

Sweep oscillator, Q5, is similar to the Q2 circuit, however, the varactor diodes have been reversed, and the polarity of the bias voltage supplied by R12 and R13 has been changed. These changes cause the oscillator frequency to vary from a high to low frequency. The approximate output frequency is 1.4 and 1.15 GHz . This out of phase sweep technique has several advantages. Firstlarger sweep widths are obtainable and second, the nonlinearity (frequency verses time) of one oscillator is cancelled by the nonlinearity of the second oscillator. R9, which is a linearity adjustment, optimizes this canceling process by controlling the sweep drive ratio between the oscillators.

The two sweep signals are combined in a single balance diode mixer comprised of L4, L5, CR8 and CR9. The resultant, difference frequency, of 0 to 500 MHz , is then amplified in the wide band amplifier consisting of transistor stages Q11, Q12, and Q13.

Transistor stages Q6 and Q7 supply the blanking voltage to the wide band amplifier and causes it to be shut off during the sweep retrace time, The output from the wide band amplifier is connected to J 1 , which in turn is connected to the output wide band amplifier located In module M10H. A second output is also obtained from this amplifier and is coupled, via R45, to a similar wide band amplifier consisting of transistor stages Q14, Q15, and Q16. The output from this amplifier is connected to J 2 which in turn is connected to the marker generating circuits

Transistors Q8, Q9, and Q10 provide a - 15 volt supply to operate the sweep oscillators. This improves stability and provides isolation between the oscillators and the -18 volt supply.

### 4.7 OUTPUT AMPLIFIER, BAND 1 (MODULE M10H) (F07)

The M 10 H module contains a wide band amplifier, an electronic attenuator, and a leveler amplifier.

## WI DE BAND AMPLIFIER

This amplifier provides 2 stages of RF amplification to increase the RF input level present at Q1 by about 40 dB .

The frequency responce of this amplifier is reduced for frequencies near 0.5 MHz or lower and above 500 MHz

The input amplifier stage consisting of Q1, Q2, and Q3 is enabled by the $B+1$ switching voltage, and the output stage, consisting of Q4, Q5, and Q6 by the 20 voltage, when the front-panel BAND switch is in the band 1 position. The -20 voltage also provides current through R30 and the RF out-
put cable to turn on a pin diode, located in the M 19 H module, which couples the band 1 RF output into the RF output system.

## ELECTRONIC ATTENUATOR

Ahead of the first amplifier stage is an electronic attenuator consisting of PIN diodes, CR1, CR2, and CR3 which provides variable RF conductance proportional to the positive current supplied through the switching transistor Q7.

LEVELER OUTPUT (PIN 6)

The leveler amplifier (Q9, Q10, and 011) provides leveling of the RF output for Bands 1, 2 and 3 by supplying a positive current to the electronic attenuator system for each band as directed by the band switching voltages (B-1, B-2, and $\mathrm{B}-3$ ) which turn on the correct switching transistor for that band (in the M 10 H module or the M 19 H module).

A positively increasing output voltage from the leveler amplifier will increase the RF output level. RF blanking is effected by a positive input voltage (pin 4) to switching transistor Q8 which causes the leveler output (pin 6) to go negative during sweep retrace time shutting off the electronic attenuator.

## LEVELER INPUTS (Pin 5 and Pin 7)

A monitor diode, located external to the MI OH , provides a negative DC voltage related to the RF output level present in the output system. The output system and monitor diode is located in the M 19 H module or in an external monitor circuit. This negative voltage is connected to one input of the operational amplifier, consisting of Q9, Q10, and Q11.

Since an increasingly negative voltage at the input will reduce the positive current supplied to each electronic attenuator, the RF output level is held constant, by negative feedback, at a level determined by a reference voltage. This reference voltage varies under control of the LEVEL PROGRAM input voltage at pin 7 of the M 10 H module. The magnitude of this negative voltage is determined by the MAX pot which sets the maximum RF level when the program voltage is maximum ( -18 volts). The MIN pot provides a small negative reference voltage which determines the minimum RF level when the level program voltage at pin 7 is zero.

### 4.8 SWEEP OSCILLATOR, BANDS $2 \& 3$ (MODULE M19H) (F08)

This module contains two separate sweep oscillators, each with itsvoltage variable attenuator and the necessary switching circuitry to connect either band 1 , band 2 , or band 3 to the common monitor and RF output connector.

Band 1 is connected to the RF output circuit by PIN diode CR9. The control current for switching this diode is contained in the M 10 H module.

Band 2 oscillator, consisting of Q6 and its associated circuitry, is a common base oscillator varactor-tuned by CR2, CR3, CR4 and CR5. Biasing of the varactor diodes is provided by Q1 and Q2. Q3 is a switching transistor which disconnects the bias voltage from the varactors when the unit is operated on band 1 or band 3 . The B- voltage for the oscillator is modulated by the blanking signal, from pin 4, in transistor stages Q4 and Q5. This modulation causes the oscillator to be cut off during the sweep retrace period, thereby providing a zero RF output level during the retrace time. The RF signal is coupled fram the oscillator, by L9, to a voltage variable attenuator consisting of CR6, CR7 and CR8. This attenuator is part of the closed loop leveling system consisting of the monitor diode CR20, the leveler amplifier, (located in the M 10 H module) and the voltage variable attenuator. The operation of this circuit maintains a constant amplitude RF signal at the monitor point and also allows adjustment of this signal over a 20 dB range. Since the effective impedance at the monitor point is zero ohms, R46 establishes the output impedance at approximately 50 ohms.

Band 3 oscillator is almost identical to band 2. The os cillator tank inductance has been decreased and the oscillator transistor, Q14, is operated at a slightly higher current. The varactor bias is provided by Q9 and Q10 and the Bblanking is provided by Q11 and Q12. Current during the sweep retrace time is not completely remaved but is steered by Q13 through CR 12. This current will not cause oscillation since L 15 has been bypassed. It does, however, provide better frequency stability in the oscillator, The RF signal is coupled from the oscillator, by L20, through the voltage variable attenuator consisting of CR 17, CR18 and CR19 and to the RF output.

Q7 and Q8 help provide the proper bias to the shunt diades in the voltage variable attenuators, in arder to maintain a constant load for the oscillator, thus minimizing the frequency pulling effects of the attenuator.

Transistors Q15 and Q16 are switching transistors which connect the output of the leveling amplifier to the voltage variable attenuator associated with the operating band.

### 4.9 MARKER ADDER (MODULE M5H) (FO5)

The main funciton of this module is adding together and amplifing the Individual marker signals from the M6 marker modules. It also contains the external marker mixer circuit and the sweep sample selection and leveling circuits.

The desired sweep sample signal (band 1 or band 2 and band 3) is selected by the PIN diode switch CR4 and CR5. The sweep sample signal is then leveled in the same manner as the main RF output signal. The voltage from the monitor, CR7, and the reference voltage from R46 is fed to the leveling amplifier consisting of transistor stages Q12 and Q13. Q11 provides blanking of the leveling amplifier. Any error between the two input signals is amplifier and fed to the voltage variable attenuator CR6. The operation of this circuit produces a constant amplitude signal at the momtor point.

The leveled sweep sample signals is connected to the external marker mixer, CR1 and CR2, and to the sweep sample output connector, J4. A 47 ohm resistor which is connected between J4 and the monitor point, establishes the source Impedance at approximately 50 ohm. The signals is then routed to each M6 marker module.

The marker output signals from the individual M6 marker modules are connected to the input pins 1, 2, 3, and 4 of the M5H module. One or two M6 outputs are connected to each input. The signals are then amplified in the input stages (Q2, Q3, Q4, and Q5) and combined in the common collector load. The collector load is an external 10 mH choke when the Front Panel MARKER WIDTH Selector is set to "WIDE", or a 3.3 k ohm resistor, R21, when the Width Selector is set to "NARROW." The combined marker signals are then amplified in transistor stages Q6, Q7 and Q8. The Front Panel Marker WIDTH Selecter also varies the high frequency gain of the amplifier by connecting capacitance across R27, the feedback resistor. The amplified signal is then fed to the complimentary output stage, Q9 and Q10, which is baised so that input signals less than 0.5 volts are not amplified. This eliminates most spurious markers and noise from the output. The output is then connected to the Front Panel MARKER SIZE Control and finally to the Front Panel SCOPE VERT. connector.

### 4.10 MARKERS (MODULE M6's) (F09, F010)

Each marker module Contains a crystal oscillator, a tuned or untuned mixer and birdy amplifier. Harmonic generator mdrker modules also includes one or more harmonic generating stages.

Several types of marker modules are required to cover the wide frequency range and to produce both single frequency and harmonic type rmarkers A single frequency marker generator produces a marker at a single frequency while the harmonic marker generator produces markers at harmonically related frequencies of the crystal oscillator.

The model number for single frequency markers is M G S followed by the marker frequency. The model number for harmonic markers is M 6 H followed by the harmonic marker frequency.

The Crystal Oscillator operates between the frequencies of 100 kHz dnd 55 MHz . Several different types of oscillators are required to cover this range of frequencies. The 100 kHz oscillators use a tuned oscillator with the crystal operating at its fundamental frequency in a serious resonant mode. The 1 to 17 MHz crystal oscillators are either tuned series resonant mode oscillators or untuned pierce type oscillators The 17 to 55 MHz oscillators use a tuned Colpits oscillator with the crystal operating at its third overtone frequency in a series resonant mode. The tuning supresses the crystal fundamental and higher order resonant frequencies. The crystal and marker frequency are the same for frequencies between 100 kHz dnd 55 MHz . The markers above 55 MHz use harmonic generating techniques.

The output from the crystal oscillator (or harmonic generator) is combined with the sweep sample in the mixer stage. In the case of single frequency markers, the mixer includes a tuned circuit which selects the desired crystal or crystalharmomc frequency and the sweep sample frequency. In the case of a harmonic marker, the mixer is untuned The mixer circuit is generally a diode mixer, although transistor mixers are sometimes used. The fundamental and product signals are filtered from the mixer output, leaving the "difference signal" which is applied to the marker amplifier stage.

The marker amplifier is a single stage amplifier having a frequency response of several kHz to approximately 500 kHz . The output of the marker amplifier is connected through the SIZE Control to the output pin of the module.

## SECTION 5

## MAINTENANCE

### 5.1 INTRODUCTION

This section provides information for testing, aligning, and trouble shooting the instrument. The performance test is designed for incoming inspection and periodic evaluation. If performance is not to specifications, refer to the calibration and trouble shooting sections.

### 5.2 SERVICE INFORMATION

### 5.2.1 DISASSEMBLY INFORMATION



Figure 5-1. Disassembly

REMOVAL OF BOTTOM COVER - Remove the two rear feet (A) and lift cover off with a slight rear movement.

REMOVAL OF TOP COVER - Remove the single screw (B) from the top and lift off cover with a slight rear movement.

REMOVAL OF SIDE PANEL - Either side panel can be removed to provide better access by removing the four screws holding the side panel to the instrument. The Front Panel/Module Section can be removed from the power supply section by removing two screws holding the sections together and by disconnecting the electrical connectors between the two sections. NOTE: The separation of the two sections performs no useful purpose during normal
service procedures.

### 5.2.2 MODULE SERVICING

SERVICE KIT K102 - This service kit contains a module extender and RF extension cables which enables the module to be electrically operated while physically located above the rest of the modules, thereby making all parts easily accessible.

REMOVAL OF MODULE - Modules may be removed by removing any cables attached to the top of the module and removing the hold-down screw (C) from the bottom.

REMOVAL OF MODULE COVER - Remove all nuts and screws from the top of the module and slide the cover off.

REINSTALLING MODULE - Before reinstalling the module, check the module pins for proper alignment, then carefully seat the module pins into the chassis socket and replace the hold-down screw (C) to insure a good ground connection between module and chassis.

MODULE PIN NUMBERING SYSTEM - The module pins are numbered as shown in Figure 5-2 The index studs for the circuit modules are located off center to prevent the module's being plugged in backwards. This off-center stud location also provides a method for locating pin \#I.


Figure 5-2. Module Pin Numbering System


Figure 5-3. Transistor Lead Configuration

TABLE 5-1. TEST EQUIPMENT

| NAME OR NOMENCLATURE | NSN |
| :---: | :---: |
| Oscilloscope AN/USM281C TEK 7603 N opt 11 s | 6625-00-106-9622 |
| Digital Multimeter AN/USM 451 Ballantine 9632M |  |
| Power Meter AN/USM 260A HP 432A | 6625-00-917-3099 |
| Spectrum Analyzer IP 1216 <br> Main Frame HP 141T | 6626-004244370 |
| Spectrum Analyzer PL 1400 <br> Tuning Unit <br> Plug-In HP 8555A | 6626-004224314 |
| Spectrum Analyzer PL 1388 IF Section Plug-In HP 8552B | 6625-00431-9339 |
| Signal Generator SG-1112 (1)/U HP 8640B opt 001 | 6625-00-500-6525 |
| ```Signal Generator AN/USM-213 HP 8614A``` | 6626-00-872-3215 |
| Attenuator Pads $10,20,40 \mathrm{~dB}$ Wienchel 50-10, 50-20, 5040 |  |

### 5.3 PERFORMANCE CHECKS

The following procedure is intended to ensure that the instrument meets its published specifications. For a list of recommended test equipment, refer to Table 5-1.

### 5.3.1 PRELIMINARY CHECK

Rotate both START and STOP thumb wheels to their lowest frequency position (turn full left). Both frequency indicators must read $\mathrm{OMHz}, \pm 2 \mathrm{MHz}$ when read on the SWEEP WIDTH frequency scale. (Interpolation on the SWEEP WIDTH scale between O and 10 MHz is necessary to locate +2 MHz .)

Preset controls as follows: BAND to 1 ; SWEEP TIME Sec to LINE: OUTPUT to +10 dBm ; MARKERS WIDTH to WIDE; MODE to CW; the four paddle switches to their extreme down position; 50 MHz HAR markers on (push-button in), and the remaining markers off. Set the CENT FREQ (left thumb wheel) to 250 MHz and connect the power meter to the RF OUT connector. (Ensure the power meter is set to the +10 dBm scale.)
urn AC power on and allow the instrument to stabilize for 5 minutes. The power meter shall read between +9.5 and +10.5 dBm . The alignment procedure calls
for +10 dBm adjustment at 300 MHz . However, some error must be allowed for changes due to ambient operating temperature and variations between power meters.

### 5.3.2 FREQUENCY CHECKS

Connect the instrument to the RF detector and scope as shown in typical setup Figure 5-4. Set the SWEEP WIDTH control (right thumb wheel) to 520 MHz and the MODE switch to F. Leave the rest of the controls as previously set in step 5.3.1. Adjust the MARKERS SIZE, the scope vertical, and scope horizontal controls to obtain a pattern as shown in Figure 5-5. Use DC coupling on both the vertical and horizontal scope inputs. The output voltage from the detector will be approximately 0.8 volts. A detected output less than 0.7 volts indicates a defective detector or an uncalibrated scope. Each 50 MHz marker must fall within 0.2 cm of its line on the scope graticule. This is equivalent to a display linearity of $2 \%$. This $2 \%$ specification is extremely important since all dial accuracy specification are directly related to it. Repeat check on BANDS 2 and 3. In order to identify absolute frequencies on bands 2 and 3, an external CW signal can be connected to the MARKER IN connector to identify one of the 50 MHz harmonic markers. This also verifies the operation of the external marker circuit.


Figure 5-4. Typical Set-Up


Figure 5-5. RF Detector Display
To check the minimum frequency band 1 , set BAND to 1 and frequency dials (use either $\mathrm{S} / \mathrm{S}$ or a F MODE) to sweep approximately O to 10 MHz . Turn on the 10 MHz harmonic marker and locate the first marker on the right of zero lock-in point. Turn on the 1 MHz harmonic marker and count down to 1 MHz . The detected output must be leveled down to the 1 MHz marker at all settings of the OUTPUT vernier.

### 5.3.3 MINIMUM SWEEP WIDTH CHECK

Set MODE TO a F and adjust SWEEP WIDTH to exactly 1 MHz (use 1 MHz markers). Adjust the MARKERS WIDTH to produce a marker approximately 200 kHz wide. Next, adjust the SWEEP WIDTH to minimum. The 200 kHz wide marker should cover the entire scope display. Repeat the above check for bands 2 and 3, readjusting sweep width and center frequency as required. The minimum sweep width is less than 200 kHz on all bands.

### 5.3.4 RESIDUAL FM CHECK

Readjust SWEEP WIDTH to produce a calibrated frequency display of exactly 1 MHz full scale. Adjust CENT FREQ control to center one of the 1 MHz harmonic markers on the scope display. Residual FM can be read directly on the scope display by noting the
amount of jitter of the marker. (A jitter of 0.2 cm would be equal to 20 kHz ).

Change SWEEP TIME selector from LINE to the 0.1-0,01 position and again read the marker jitter. The additional jitter in this position represents the line related residual. Maximum allowable jitter is 15 kHz Alternate Method to read residual FM is with a spectrum analyzer,

### 5.3.5 FREQUENCY DRIFT

Return SWEEP TIME selector to LINE and again calibrate the display's sweep width to 1 MHz . Position the marker to the exact center of the oscilloscope display and read frequency drift directly from the scope display by noting the change in the marker position with time. Each centimeter represents 100 kHz . When reading drift over long periods of time, calibrate the display sweep width to 5 MHz , using the 1 MHz harmonic marker. Next turn off the 1 MHz marker and turn on the 50 or 10 MHz harmonic markers. Center a marker on the scope display and read drift as before, except each centimeter now represents 500 kHz .

Maximum allowable drift is 100 kHz per 5 minutes or 2 MHz per 8 hours, after a one hour warm-up at a constant ambient temperature, and allowing a 5 minute stabilizing period after a frequency change.

### 5.3.6 DIAL ACCURACY CHECK

Af Mode: Set MODE to A F; BAND to 1; MARKERS WIDTH to wide. Turn on the 1 and 50 MHz harmonic markers ( 10 MHz marker off). Set SWEEP WIDTH to approximately 1 to 2 MHz and adjust CENT FREQ control until the zero frequency lock-in point is exactly centered on the scope display. Turn off the 1 MHz harmonic marker. Read the error on the FREQUENCY scale. Repeat at each 50 MHz harmonic interval across the band. The allowable error is $\pm 10 \mathrm{MHz}$.

Repeat check on bands 2 and 3. An additional frequency error is produced by the pulling effect of the OUTPUT vernier on bands 2 and 3, therefore, rotate the OUTPUT vernier thru its entire range at each 50 MHz check point. Increasing the SWEEP WIDTH to approximately 5 MHz will simplify reading. The allowable error on band 2 and 3 is 2070 of the indicated frequency.

The accuracy of the SWEEP WIDTH scale can be checked with the 50 MHz harmonic marker in a similar manner. Set the actual sweep width to 50, 100, 150, etc., and read the error on the SWEEP WIDTH scale. Accuracy on band 1 is $\pm 10 \mathrm{MHz}$, and on band 2 and 3

20 MHz . Again, accuracy on band 2 and 3 is affected by the OUTPUT vernier control.

Start/Stop Mode: Set the BAND switch to 1 and the MODE switch to S/S (Start/Stop). Set START to -10 Hz and STOP to 510 MHz . A pattern similar to figure 5-5 bhould be present on the scope display. Reduce STOP control until the 500 MHz marker just disappears from the right side of the scope display. Read the error of the STOP frequency indicator (red). Repeat at each 50 MHz interval.

Return STOP dial to 510 MHz and adjust START control until the zero lock-in point just disappear from the left side of the scope display; read error of the START frequency indicator (green), repeat at each 50 MHz interval. Allowable error is the same as band 1 in the a f mode, $\pm 10 \mathrm{MHz}$.

Recheck for bands 2 and 3, vary OUTPUT vernier at each 50 MHz check point. Allowable error is $2 \%$ of indicated frequency.

### 5.3.7 CW MODE CHECK

Set the MODE switch to CW and the CENT FREQ to 10 MHz . The scope pattern will be a negative voltage
ral in magnitude to that in the A F and S/S mode
recks. Slowly adjust the CENT FREQ toward 50 MHz . As the instrument center frequency approaches to MHz , the scope pattern will widen, then narrow to a line again (this is the center of the 50 MHz marker). Check the dial accuracy at the narrow-pattern point. Repeat for all multiples of 50 MHz up to 1400 MHz . Allowable error is $\pm 10 \mathrm{MHz}$ for band $1, \pm 2 \%$ for bands 2 and 3 of the selected frequency.

Checking for spurious signal content is not normally required for periodic calibration, only for initial incoming inspection. The only practical way to measure the spurious signal content is with a high quality spectrum analyzer covering the frequency range of 10 MHz to 3 GHz . The spurious check is made in accordance to the instructions furnished with the particular spectrum analyzer.

The main spurious signals on all three bands are the second and third harmonics of the output signal. These could be at least -26 dBc from 10 to 1400 MHz , and -20 Be from 1 to 10 MHz . NOTE: An increase of the second harmonic to approximately -22 dBc in the 450 to 500 MHz area of band 2 is normal.
. addition to the harmonically related spurious signals,
non-harmonics will also appear on band 1. These nonharmonics are typically- 40 dBc from 10 to 400 MHz and at least -26 dBc over the entire band.

### 5.3.9 RF OUTPUT FLATNESS (Amplitude/Frequency)

Flatness can be checked with a negative-polarity RF detector (Wavetek Model D151A, included with instrument). A 0.5 dB detector flatness is typical.

To check flatness, set the BAND switch to 1 ; the MODE switch to $\mathrm{S} / \mathrm{S}$; the START to OMHz , the STOP to 500 MHz , the OUTPUT controls for +10 dBm . Connect the equipment as shown in Figure 5-4, and adjust the oscilloscope controls for a detected display approximately 8 divisions below the baseline. Check bands 1,2 , and 3 , and adjust the oscilloscope controls such that the point of greatest output is exactly 8 divisions below the baseline.

Check bands 1,2 , and 3 again, this time noting the point of minimum output. This point shall be at least 7 divisions below the baseline.

### 5.3.10 RF OUTPUT LEVEL

The maximum RF output level is set to exactly +10 dBm at 300 MHz . This produces minimum error over the greatest frequency range. Check this with a power meter while the instrument is operating in CW mode.

### 5.3.11 ATTENUATORS

20 dB Vernier: The accuracy of the 20 dB vernier can be checked using the power meter while operating the instrument in the CW mode. The vernier dial is calibrated at 300 MHz . Dial accuracy is $\pm 0.5 \mathrm{~dB}$ to 500 $\mathrm{MHz}, \pm \mathrm{ldB}$ to 1000 MHz , and $\pm 2 \mathrm{~dB}$ to 1400 MHz . This error is contributed by the vernier and does not include the basic flatness error at +10 dBm .

70dB Attenuator: The accuracy of the step attenuator can be measured by using a suitable Attenuation Test Set or by directly substituting precision RF attenuator pads for each 10 dB step of the attenuator. The difference between the two outputs represents the attenuator error. An RF detector can be used to recover the signal at levels down to approximately -40 dBm . Below this level an RF amplifier or sensitive receiver (spectrum analyzer) must be used. Allowability error is $\pm 0.5 \mathrm{~dB}$ to $500 \mathrm{MHz},+$ ldb to 1000 MHz , and +2 dB to 1400 MHz . This error is that produced by the step attenuator alone and does not include the basic flatness or the vernier attenuator error.

### 5.3.12 SWEEP TIME CHECK (Horizontal Output Check)

Connect the HORIZ SCOPE OUT of the instrument to the oscilloscope vertical input. Adjust the oscilloscope controls for an internally generated, automatic, linetriggered sweep of $2 \mathrm{ins} / \mathrm{cm}$ and a vertical sensitivity of $2 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{cm}$. Adjust the instrument SWEEP TIME selector to LINE lock and ensure that the TRIG/RECUR switch is in the RECUR position. Adjust the oscilloscope vertical position, horizontal position, and trigger level to obtain the wave-form shown in Figure 5-6.


Figure 5-6. Scope Horizontal Output

Adjust the instrument SWEEP TIME selector to the .1-. 01 position. Ensure that the VAR/MANUAL control is fully clockwise. The wait time should disappear and the sweep time should be less than 10 ms with approximately equal sweep time and retrace time periods. Adjust the oscilloscope time base to $20 \mathrm{ins} / \mathrm{cm}$. Adjust the instrument VAR/MANUAL control fully counterclockwise. The sweep time should be more than 100 ms with approximately a 10:1 ratio between the sweep and retrace time periods.

NOTE: The retrace time period remains constant within any one SWEEP TIME range setting, and the

VAR/MANUAL control varies the sweep time period With the VAR/MANUAL control fully clockwise, the sweep and retrace times are both approximately 0.01 seconds. With the control fully counterclockwise, the sweep time becomes approximately 0.1 seconds and th retrace time remains 0.01 seconds. On the next lows range ( $1-.1$ ), the retrace time would remain 0.1 sec and the sweep time would vary from 0.1 to 1 second.

Repeat these checks for the $1-.1,10-1$, and $100-10$ sec positions of SWEEP TIME selector switch. Adjust oscilloscope time base as necessary to ensure that the VAR/MANUAL control will adjust the sweep time from faster than the maximum to slower than the minimum specifications for each range.

Adjust the SWEEP TIME selector to MANUAL and adjust the VAR/MANUAL throughout its range. A DC voltage should be present that is variable from less than O V with the control fully counterclockwise, to more than 10 V with the control fully clockwise.

NOTE: The triggered mode of operation is only possible in the variable rate positions and will not operate in the LINE iock position of the SWEEP TIME selector.

### 5.3.13 MARKER SYSTEM CHECK

Connect the equipment as shown in Figure 5-4. Adjust the instrument and oscilloscope controls to obtain the display shown in Figure 5-5. The actual control settings would be the same as in Section 5.3.2.

NOTE: The following performance check is for a 50 MHz harmonic marker. Specifications, with the exception of spurious markers, are the same for either single frequency or harmonic type markers and the procedure for verification of performance does not differ.

Single frequency markers should have no spurious markers throughout the swept range. Harmonic type markers may or may not have small spurious markers at one half or one third the specified marker interval.

## MARKER SIZE

Observe the markers and ensure they are of equal amplitude throughout the range. Repeat this check for bands 2 and 3 .

## 5-6 Change 1

Set the oscilloscope vertical gain to $5 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{cm}$ and adjust the MARKERS SIZE control fully clockwise. The markers should be approximately 12 V peak-to-peak in amplitude. Set the MARKERS SIZE switch to mid-position and adjust the oscilloscope vertical gain to $50 \mathrm{mV} / \mathrm{cm}$. The markers should be approximately 50 mV peak-to-peak in amplitude. Adjust the MARKERS SIZE control fully counterclockwise and set the oscilloscope vertical gain to $500 \mathrm{uV} / \mathrm{cm}$. The markers should be less than 100 UV peak-to-peak in amplitude. Set the MAR KERS SIZE switch to the down position and adjust the oscilloscope vertical gain to 50 $\mathrm{mV} / \mathrm{cm}$. The markers should be approximately 15 mV peak-to-peak in amplitude. Set the MARKERS SIZE switch to the up position. Positive rectified markers should be present for use with X-Y recording instruments. The ampli-tude will be dependent on the output impedance of the RF detector being used. The amplitude should be adjustable from approximately 6 V maximum to 1 mV minimum with a detector impedance of 1 megohm, or from 0.5 V to 1 mV with a detector impedance of 0 ohms. NOTE: The sweep width must be decreased or the sweep time increased to observe the rectified marker.

## MARKER TILT

Set the MARKERS SIZE switch to the down position and and the MARKERS TILT switch to the up position.

While adjusting the MARKER SIZE control throughout its range, note that the birdy marker is adjustable from a 12 V peak-to-peak vertical marker to a horizontal marker approxi mately equal to $10 \%$ of the horizontal deflections ( 1 cm on a 10 cm deflection).

## MARKER WIDTH

Return the MARKER TILT switch to the down position. Turn on the 1 MHz markers and adjust the MARKER SIZE control for approximately a 4 cm marker. Adjust the CENT FREQ and SWEEP WIDTH controls to calibrate the oscilloscope for a 1 MHz sweep width.

Adjust the CENTER FREQUENCY to center the birdy zero beat on the oscilloscope center graticule line and note that the marker width is approximately 400 KHz wide (each cm equals 100 kHz ). Decrease the MARKER WIDTH switch one position and note that the marker is approximately 200 kHz wide. Decrease the MARKER WIDTH switch one position and note that the marker is approximately 100 kHz wide. Decrease the MARKER WIDTH switch to the most narrow position. The marker is now approximately 15 kHz wide.

## MARKER ACCURACY

NOTE: Test equipment for the marker accuracy check is not listed in the recommended test equipment chart since the requirements vary with the method and the specific markers installed in the unit. Also, the inheritent stability of the quartz crystal makes a marker accuracy check unnecessary in all but the most critical applications.

Marker accuracy may be verified by one of several methods. The first method requires a signal generator and a frequency counter covering the desired marker frequency. First, adjust the sweep generator's center frequency to the marker's frequency and the sweep width to approximately 2 MHz . Connect the output from the signal generator to the MARKER IN jack, located on the front panel, and carefully adjust the signal generator for a zero beat with the internally generated birdy marker. Next, connect the signal generator's output to the counter and read the signal generator frequency which is now identical to the internal marker's frequency. Allowable error is $0.005 \%$ of the marker frequency. The second method uses the counter only, but requires the removal of the instrument and marker module covers. Probe the marker box with the input lead from the counter until sufficient signal is picked up to provide a counter reading. The highest crystal frequency used is 50 MHz . Markers above this frequency use harmonics of the crystal frequency. Again, the allowable error is $0.005 \%$ of the crystal frequency.

### 5.3.14 EXTERNAL PROGRAMMING

External programming inputs are not normally checked on incoming inspection unless these special functions are to be used in a particular application. The program input signals, external controls necessary, and input pin connectors are covered in Section 3 under Operating Instructions. If it is necessary to check these functions at incoming inspection, reference can be made to that section of the manual for complete set-up instructions.

Section 5.4 is deleted.


Figure 5-8. Power Supply

### 5.5 ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

Remove top cover, bottom cover, left side panel, M1H and M 2 H module covers. Allow a 15 minute warm-up period
before aligning. Ingeneral, alignment must be performed in the sequence given. Refer 0 Fiqures 5-7, 5-8, 5-9, and 5-17 for adjustment and test point location.

### 5.5.1 +18 VOLT ADJUSTMENT

Connect the digital voltmeter to the +18 volt supply, pin 6 on the power plug and adjust R9 to produce $+18 \mathrm{~V} \pm 10 \mathrm{mV}$. (Se Figure 5-8).

### 5.5.2 -18 VOLT CHECK

Connect the digital voltmeter to the -18 volt supply, pin 4 on power plug. The reading must be -18 volts $\pm 50 \mathrm{mV}$.

### 5.5.3 -20 VOLT CHECK

Connect the digital voltmeter to the 20 volt supply, pin 5 on the power plug. The reading must be -20 volts $\pm 0.3 \mathrm{~V}$.

### 5.5.4 -16 VOLT CHECK

CAUTION: The + and - 16 volt supplies are not short circuit protected.

Connect the digital voltmeter to the -16 volt supply. pin 3 of the REMOTE jack. It must read -16 volts $\pm 0.1$ volt. (Record reading.)


Figure 5-9. M2H Module

### 5.5.5 + 16 VOLT ADJUSTMENT

Connect the digital voltmeter to the +16 volt supply, pin 2 of the REMOTE jack. Remove M2H module cover and adjust R95 (se Figure 5-9) to obtain exactly the same voltage, but opposite polarity, as recorded for the -16 volt supply in Section 5.5.4.

Se Figure 5-17 for location of M1H module and adjustment. Set front-panel controls as follows: TRIG/RECUR switch to RECUR, SWEEP TIME switch to .1-.01 see, and VAR/MANUAL control completely cockwise. Connect the scope vertical input to the output of Sweep Rate module MI H , pin 10 of the REMOTE jack, and adjust the scope vertical and horizontal time base controls to produce a stable pattern similar to Figure 5-10 Adjust MI H Cent control to obtain an output symmetrical about zero volts and the Ml H Size control to obtain the 32 volt peak-to-peak amplitude. This is a preliminary adjustment, final adjustment will be covered in Section 5.5.7.


Figure 5-10. Sweep Ramp (MIH Output)
Next set the front-panel VAR/MANUAL control fully CCW and adjust the M1H INT/BAL to produce a sweep time of 0.12 seconds. Se Figure 5-11

Then set the front-panel SWEEP TIME to LINE and adjust the M1H CLAMP control to clamp the negative going peak of the M1H output to -16 volts. Se Figure 5-12

Finally adjust the WAIT control mounted on rear of the SWEEP TIME switch assembly, se Figure 5-17, until the wait time as showr in Figure $\overline{5}$-12 is approximately 1 millisecond.


Figure 5-11. M1H Bal Adjustment


Figure 5-12. Sweep Ramp

### 5.5.7 SWEEP RAMP ADJUSTMENTS

NOTE: This step is possibly the most critical to the overall performance of the instrument.

Before making the adjustments, a zero suppressing probe must be constructed. This probe is simply two 12 V Zener diodes connected as shown in Figure 5-14. This probe is then connected between the oscilloscope vertical lead and the circuit point being measured.


Figure 5-13. Relationship Between Sources


Figure 5-14. Zero Suppressing Probe
.epeat the Sweep Rate Adjustment procedure outlined in Section 5.5 .6 with the zero suppressing probe. However, this time set the scope vertical sensitivity to 1 $\cdot$ olt/cm. The waveform shown in Figure 5-15 should be esent.


Figure 5-15. Sweep Ramp (Probe)

Adjust the display by connecting the probe to +16
Its, and then to -16 volts. Mark these points on the
spe face or record the exact amplitude of the 16 volt
. eferences. Next, connect the probe to the sweep ramp,
REMOTE plug pin 10, and adjust the M1H CENT and SIZE controls until the positive and negative peaks agree precisely with the + and -16 volt calibration points. Repeat the adjustment to check for scope drift while the adjustments were being made.

Next, adjust the inverted sweep ramp in the same

manner by comecting the probe to REMOTE Plug, pin 15, and adjusting M2H, R9 (SIZE), and M2H, R13 (CENT). Se Figure 5-9.

### 5.5.8 SWEEP DRIVE ADJUSTMENT-MODULE M2H

Connect the scope vertical input (straight connection, do not use the zero suppressing probe) to test point 1 (R29 or R30) in the M2H module (see Figure 5-g). Set the front-panel MODE switch to $\triangle$ F, SWEEP WIDTH control for minimum, and the CENT FREQ control to indicate a dial frequency of 250 MHz on band 1, then adjust M2H, R17 for zero volts at TP1.

Next, adjust the front-panel SWEEP WIDTH control to MAXIMUM sweep width. Do not move the frontpanel CENT FREQ control. Adjust M2H, R26, for a 28 volt peak-to-peak signal at test point 1 .

Without disturbing the front panel CENT FREQ or SWEEP WIDTH adjustment, return the scope to an X-Y operating mode with the HORIZ OUTPUT of the instrument driving the scope X input. Set the SWEEP TIME to. 1-. 01 sec and adjust the scope display width to 10 divisions (se Figure 5-1 a).

Connect the scope Y input to M2H TP2, which is the top side of any of the three diodes adjacent to Q7. (Linearity correcting resistors may or may not be connected to the diodes, depending on the inherent linearity of the sweep oscillator.) Adjust M2H, R31, to position the "knee" to 9 cm , as shown in Figure 5-16b.


Figure 5-16. M2H Linearity Ref Adj

### 5.5.9 OUTPUT LEVEL MIN AND MAX ADJUSTMENT - MODULE M1OH

Preset the front-panel controls as follows: BAND Switch
MODE Switch CW
CENT FREQ Control 300 MHz
OUTPUT Control +10 dBm
ALC Switch

Set the power meter to read +10 dBm and connect the thermistor mount to the instrument RF OUT connector. Adjust the M10H Level Max control to produce a power meter reading of exactly +10 dBm . Turn the front-panel vernier OUTPUT control to -10 dBm (completely counterclockwise), change the power meter scale to read -10 dBm , and adjust the M 10 H Level Min control to produce a power meter reading of exactly -10 dBm . Some interaction exists between the Level Min and Level Max controls, so repeat the adjustment until both the +10 and -10 dBm readings are obtained.

### 5.5.10 CENTER FREQUENCY AND SWEEP WIDTH

 ADJUST - Bands 1, 2 and 3Connect equipment as shown in Typical Set-Up Figure 5-4. Set:

| BAND Switch | 1 |
| :--- | :--- |
| MODE Switch | AF |
| CENTER FREQ Control | 250 MHz |
| SWEEP WIDTH Control | 520 MHz |
| OUTPUT Control | +10 dBm |
| SWEEP TIME Switch | $1-.01 \mathrm{sec}$ |
| Four Paddle Switches | down |
| 50 HAR MARKER Switch | on |
| MARKERS WIDTH Switch | WIDE |
| MARKERS SIZE | for display |
|  | similar to |
|  | Figure 5.5. |

NOTE: The instrument should be thoroughly stabilized by operating approximately one hour.

Adjust the scope for display as shown in Figure 5-5 Adjust the M9H Cent Band 1 control to position the 250 MHz marker at the exact center of the scope display. Adjust the M2H Sweep Width 1 control to position the 0 and 500 MHz markers as shown ir Figure 5-5

Set BAND switch to 2, wait 5 minutes, then adjust the M19H Cent Band 2, to position the 700 MHz marker * the exact center of the display. Adjust the M2H Swe Width 2 to position the 450 and 950 MHz markers $\mathrm{a}^{2}$ shown in Figure 5-5.

Set BAND switch to 3, wait 5 minutes, then adjust the M19H Cent Band 3 to position the 1150 MHz marker to the exact center of the display. Adjust the M2H Sweep Width 3 to position the 900 and 1400 MHz markers as shown in Figure 5-5.

### 5.5.11 FINAL ADJUSTMENT OF MIH CLAMP

While operating the sweep generator as set up in paragraph 5.5.10. carefully note the extreme left side of the scope display. The trace should extend 0.2 cm beyond the first graticule line, as shown in Figure 5-5.

Switch SWEEP TIME from .1-. 01 sec to LINE, and adjust the M1H CLAMP for the identical display width.

### 5.5.12 SWEEP SAMPLE ADJUSTMENT M5H

Connect the RF detector to the SWEEP SAMPLE OL Jack of the M5H module, using the adapter cable supplied in the service kit, and adjust the M5H SWEEP SAMPLE ADJ. to produce a detected output of 35 millivolts when the front-panel BAND switch is set to band 1 .

### 5.5.13 MARKER SIZE ADJUSTMENT

Each marker module has a Size control accessible from the under side of the instrument chassis (see Figure 5-4). To adjust the marker size, center the desired marker in the oscilloscope display (use the setup of Figure 5-4), and reduce the sweep width until the marker birdy fills approximately half the scope display. Turn the marker module Size control full cCW. The marker will disappear. Gradually turn the marker module Size control cw until a further increase in the Size control setting ceases to increase the marker amplitude on the scope display. Increasing the Size control setting beyond this point will result in spurious markers heir produced.

### 5.6 TROUBLESHOOTING

Trouble shooting is generally a systematic procedure of "divide and conquer." A thorough understanding of the block diagram and circuit description located in Section 4 of this manual will enable the trouble symptom to be associated with a particular module. Once this has been accomplished the module can be replaced. A problem in a power supply often causes many symptcms pointing to other areas and should be checked when the symptom does not clearly indicate a specific problem. The $+18,-18$, and -20 V supplies are located on the rear chassis printed circuit board and the +16 and -16 reference voltage supplies are located in the M2H module. Performance of these supplies are indicated in the alignment procedure.

### 5.6.1 TROUBLE SHOOTING SYMPTOMS

The following is a list of several typical symptoms followed by the probable cause or a trouble shooting procedure.

INTERMITTENT OPERATION OF ANY TYPE - Defective module pin sockets or loose RF cables.

## NO RF OUTPUT

ALL THREE BANDS - Defective attenuator or RF cables connecting to the input or output of the attenuator.

SINGLE BAND ONLY - Check for the presence of the band switching voltages $\mathrm{B}-1, \mathrm{~B}-2$, and $\mathrm{B}-3$ at module M9H, M 10 H , and M 19 H as shown on the Module Wiring Diagram.

RF OUTPUT NOT FLAT - Most common cause is the external RF detector being defective. Another is the monitor diode located in the M19H module. This is a point contact diode and can be damaged if the RF output is momentarily connected to a B+ voltage. A good monitor diode will produce a negative detected voltage (pin 8 of M19H) approximately twice the amplitude of the external detector. For example, at an RF output of +10 d Bm an external RF detector will read approximately 0.8 V . The internal monitor, pin 8 of M 19 H , will read approximately -1.6 V .

FREQUENCY UNSTABLE (JITTER) - Check all modules for loose hold-down screws, especially module M 2 H . Check the + and -16V reference supplies. Operating the unit in a strong magnetic field, such as setting on top of or adjacent to another instrument containing a large power transformer, can produce 60 Hz HUM modulation.

SWEEP RATE PROBLEM - Probable cause is a defective MIH module or wiring to the Front Panel SWEEP TIME selector switch. See the alignment procedure for verifying proper operation.

NO RF SWEEP - First check pin 12 of the M1H module for the presence of a 32 V ramp. This ramp indicates proper operation of the M1H. Next check for the ramp at the input of the M2H pin 7 (AF mode). Finally check the output of the M2H at pin 9. It should be similar to the input except it will be lower in amplitude, approximately 12 V peak-to-peak, and will have an average value of OV when the Front Panel center frequency control is set to mid-band. If the M 2 H output is correct the trouble would probably be in the M9H or M19H sweep oscillator module.

## MARKER PROBLEMS

To isolate the cause of a marker problem when the symptom does not clearly indicate a specific circuit or component, first check the sweep sample output at the M5H Sweep Sample Out connector. It should be a detected signal between 30 to 50 mV . If the proper sweep sample signal is not present it indicates that the trouble is in the sweep oscillator module or connecting sweep sample cables. Next connect the detector in place of the terminating plug P102.

A signal at this point indicates all jumper cables and RF jacks on the M6 modules are intact. Then check for the birdy output at pin 3 of the marker module. A 10 to 15 mV peak-to-peak birdy is sufficient to drive the M5H module and indicates the M6 module is operating properly. With the 15 mV peak-to-peak birdy present at the input of the M 5 H , pins 1,2 , 3 , or 4 , a 32 V peak-to-peak signal will be produced at the output pin 7. This indicates proper operation of the M5H, This output signal at pin 7 is controllable in width by the Front Panel MARKER WIDTH control. The signal is now routed through the Front Panel MARKER SIZE control and to the Front Panel SCOPE VERTICAL connector. A 12 V peak-to-peak signal is normally at this point when the Front Panel SIZE control is set to maximum. A common marker problem is that caused by one of the interconnecting cables between the M6 modules being loose, This causes a notch in the sweep sample input to the module causing uneven harmonics or weak output.


Figure 5-17. SG-677A/U Top View

## SECTION 6 <br> SCHEMATICS

## 6. 1 I NIRODUCTI ON

This section contains all schematics for the instrument.

## 6. 2 SCHEMATIC NOTES

The following notes and abbreviations pertain to all schematics. Additional notes pertaining to specific schematics
are included on each schematic if require.
All values are shown in the following
units unless otherwise specified.

| Components | Units |
| :--- | :--- |
|  |  |
| Resistor | ohms |
| Capacitor | picofarads |
| Inductor | microhenries |

Denotes DC voltage reading in $\because \quad$ volts un ens otherwi se specifiled.

Denotes hi gh impedance crystal
$\dot{2}$ d detector reading in volts unless ot herwi se specified.


Denotes 50 ohm crystal detertor reading in volts unless otherwi se specified.
$\longrightarrow$ Si gal or voltage source.

## (E)

Connects to i nodi cated si gnal or voltage source.


Arrow i nodi cate clockwi se robtalion of wi per.


Q Coaxi al cable

* Factory adjusted part.
L. $\mathrm{C}, 1 \mathrm{y}$ EL Denotes a front-panel devi ce.
!.EVE: Denotes a rear-panel devi ce.
Even Denotes a PC board adjustment or accessible module adj us rent.
( LEvEL.) Denotes an internal modul adjustment not accessidle without removing nodule cover.


### 6.3 ABBREVIATION CODE

| A | Assembly | IF | intermediate | frequency | $\Omega$ | ohm |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | ampere | J | jack |  | OC | opto coupler |
| AC | alternating current | K | relay |  | P | plug |
| C | capacitor | kHz | kilohertz |  | P-P | peak-to-peak |
| CR | diode | $k \Omega$ | kilohm |  | pF | picofarad |
| CW | continuous wave | kV | kilovolt |  | Q | transistor |
| CW | clockwise | kW | kilowatt |  | R | resistor |
| dB | decibel | L | inductor |  | RF | radio frequency |
| dBc | dB referred to carrier | MHz | megahertz |  | RMS | root-mean-square |
| dBm | dB referred to 1 mW | $\mathrm{M} \Omega$ | megohm |  | R.P. | rear panel |
| DC | direct current | $\mu \mathrm{F}$ | microfarad |  | S | switch |
| DS | indicating device, lamp | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ | microampere |  | T | transformer |
| F | farad | $\mu \mathrm{H}$ | microhenry |  | T.P. | test point |
| F.P. | front panel | M | meter |  | V | volt |
| H | henry | mA | milliampere |  | VA | voltampere |
| Har | harmonic | mH | millihenry |  | W | watt |
| Hz | hertz | mV | millivolt |  | X | crystal |
| IC | integrated circuit | mW | milliwatt |  |  |  |

DA PAM 310-4

DA PAM 310-7

SB 38-100

TB 43-180

TB 43-0118

TM 37-750

TM 11-6625-1577-15

TM 11-6625-2658-14

TM 11-6625-2781-14+P

TM 11-6625-2781-14-1

TM 11-6625-2953-14

Index of Technical Manuals, Technical Bulletins, Supply Manuals (types 7, 8, and 9), Supply Bulletins and Lubrication Orders.

US Army Equipment Index of Modification Work Orders.

Preservation, Packaging, Packing and Marking Materials.

Calibration Requirements for the Maintenance of Army Material.

Field Instructions for Painting and Preserving Electronics Command Equipment Including Camouflage Pattern Painting of Electrical Equipment Shelters.

The Army Maintenance Management System (TAMIS).

Operators, Organizational, DS, GS and Depot Maintenance: Signal Generator AN/USM-213 (Hewlett-Packard Model 8614A).

Operators, Organizational, Direct Support and General Support Maintenance Manual for Oscilloscope AN/USM-281C.

Operators, Organizational, Direct Support and General Support Maintenance Manual for Spectrum Analyzer IP-1216(P)/GR (Hewlett-Packard 141T).

Operators, Oganizational, Direct Support and General Support Maintenance Manual for Plug-In Unit Electronic Test Equipment PL-1388/U (Hewlett-Packard Model 8552B).

Operators, Organizational, Direct Support and General Support Maintenance Manual for Multimeter AN/USM451.

## APPENDIX B

## COMPONENTS OF END ITEM LIST

## Section 1. INTRODUCTION

## B-1. Scope

This appendix lists integral components of and basic issue items for the SG677A/U to help you inventory items required for safe and efficient operation.

## B-2. General

This Components of End Item List is divided into the following sections:
a. Section II. Integral Components of the End Item. These items, when assembled, comprise the SG677A/U and must accompany it whenever it is transferred or turned in. The illustrations will help you identify these items.
b. Section III. Basic Issue Items.

Not applicable

## B-3. Explanation of Columns

a. Illustration. This column is divided as follows:
(1) Figure number. Indicates the figure number of the illustration on which the item is shown.
(2) Item number. The number used to identify item called out in the illustration.
b. National Stock Number. Indicates the National stock number assigned to the item and which will be used for
requisitioning.
c. Description. Indicates the Federal item name and, if required, a minimum description to identify the item. The part number (when applicable) indicates the primary number used by the manufacturer, which controls the design and characteristics of the item by means of its engineering drawings, specifications, standards, and inspection requirements to identify an item or range of items. Following the part number, the Federal Supply Code for Manufacturers (FSCM) (as applicable) is shown in parentheses.
d. Location. The physical location of each item listed is given in this column. The lists are designed to inventory all items in one area of the major item before moving on to an adjacent area.
e. Usable on Code. "USABLE ON" codes are included to help you identify which component items are used on the different models. Identification of the codes used in these lists are:

## Not applicable

f. Quantity Required (Qty Reqd). This column lists the quantity of each item required for a complete major item. g. Quantity. This column is left blank for use during an inventory. Under the Rcvd column, list the quantity you actually received on your major item. The Date columns are for your use when you inventory the major item.

## TM11-6625-2955-14\&P

SECTION II INTEGRAL COMPONENTS OF END ITEM
SECTION III BASIC ISSUE ITEMS (NOT APPLICABLE)

| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) | (8) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ILLUSTRATION | NATIONAL | DESCRIPTION | LOCATION | USABLE | QTY | QUANTITY |  |
| (A) (B) | STOCK |  |  | ON | REQD |  |  |
| FIG ITEM | NUMBER |  |  | CODE |  | RECD | DATE |
| NO. NO. |  | PART NUMBER (FSCM) |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | 6625-01-074-4337 | SWEEP GENERATOR SG-677A/U, WAVETEK 2001 |  |  | 1 |  |  |
| 2 |  | RF DETECTOR <br> WAVETEK, D151 |  |  | 1 |  |  |

## APPENDIX C

## ADDITIONAL AUTHORIZATION LIST

## Section 1. INTRODUCTION

## APPENDIX D

## MAINTENANCE ALLOCATION

## Section 1. INTRODUCTION

## D-1. General

This appendix provides a summary of the maintenance operations for Sweep Generator SG677A/V. It authorizes categories of maintenance for specific maintenance functions or repairable items and components and the tools and equipment required to perform each function. This appendix may be used as as aid in planning maintenance operations.

## D-2. Maintenance Function.

Maintenance functions will be limited to and defined as follows:
a Inspect. To determine the serviceability of an item by comparing its physical, mechanical, and/or electrical characteristics with established standards through examination.
b. Test. To verify serviceability and to detect incipient failure by measuring the mechanical or electrical characteristics of an item and comparing those characteristics with
c. Service. Operations required periodically to keep an item in proper operating condition, i.e., to clean (decontaminate), to preserve, to drain, to paint, or to replenish fuel, lubricants, hydraulic fluid, or compressed air supplies.
d. Adjust. To maintain, within prescribed limits, by bringing into proper or exact position, or by setting the operating characteristics to the specified parameters.
e. Align. To adjust specified variable elements of an item to bring about optimum or desired performance.
f. Calibrate. To determine and cause corrections to be made or to be adjusted on instruments or test measuring and diagnostic equipments used in precision measurement. Consists of comparisons of two instruments, one of which is a certified standard of known accuracy, to detect and adjust any discrepancy in the accuracy of the instrument being compared.
g. Install. The act of emplacing, seating, or fixing into position an item, part, module (component or assembly) in a manner to allow the proper functioning of the equipment or system.
h. Replace. The act of substituting a serviceable like type part, subassembly, or module (component or assembly) for an unserviceable counterpart.
i. Repair. The application of maintenance services (inspect, test, service, adjust, align, calibrate, replace) or other maintenance actions (welding, grinding, riveting, straightening, facing, remachining, or resurfacing) to restore serviceability to an item by correcting specific damage, fault, malfunction, or failure in a part, subassembly, module (component or assembly), end item, or system.
$j$. Overhaul. That maintenance effort (service/action) necessary to restore an item to a completely serviceable/operational condition as prescribed by maintenance standards (i.e., DMWR) in appropriate technical publications. Overhall is normally the highest degree of maintenance performed by the Army. Overhall does not normally return an item to like new condition.
k. Rebuild. Consists of those services/actions necessary for the restoration of unserviceable equipment to a like new condition in accordance with original manufacturing standards. Rebuild is the highest degree of materiel applied to Army equipment. The rebuild operation includes the act of returning to zero those age measurements (hours, miles, etc. ) considered in classifying Army components.

## D-3. Column Entries.

a. Column 1, Group Number. Column 1 lists group numbers, the purpose of which is to identify components, assemblies, subassemblies, and modules with the next higher assembly.
b. Column 2, Component/Assembly. Column 2 contains the noun names of components, assemblies, subassemblies, and modules for which maintenance is authorized.
c. Column 3, Maintenance Functions. Column 3 lists the fuctions to be performed on the item listed in column 2. When items are listed without maintenance functions, it is solely for purpose of having the group nunbers in the MAC and RPSTL coincide.
d. Column 4, Maintenance Category. Column 4 specifies, by the listing of a "work time" figure in the appropriate subcolumn (s), the lowest level of maintenance authorized to perform the function listed in column 3. This figure represents the active time required to perform that maintenance function at the indicated category of maintenance. If the number or complexity of the tasks within the listed maintenance function vary at different maintenance categories, appropriate "work time" figures will be shown
for each category. The number of task-hours specified by the "work time" figure represents the average time required to restore an item (assembly, subassembly, component, module, end item or system) to a serviceable condition under typical field operating conditions. This time includes preparation time, troubleshooting time, and quality assurance/quality control time in addition to the time required to perform the specific tasks identified for the maintenance functions authorized in the maintenance allocation chart. Subcolumns of column 4 are as follows:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { C - Operator/Crew } \\
& \text { O - Organizational } \\
& \text { F - Direct Support } \\
& \text { H - General Support } \\
& \text { D - Depot }
\end{aligned}
$$

e. Column 5, Tools and Equipment. Column 5 specifies by code, those common tools sets (not individual tools) and special tools, test, and support equipment required to perform the designated fuctions.
f. Column 6, Remarks. Column 6 contains an alphabetic code which leads to the remark in section IV, Remarks, which is pertinent to the item opposite the particular code.

## D-4. Tool and Test Equipment Requirements (Sect.III).

a. Tool or Test Equipment Reference Code. The numbers in this column coincide with the numbers used in the tools and equipment column of the MAC. The numbers indicate the applicable tool or test equipment for the maintenance functions.
b. Maintenance Category. The codes in this column indicate the maintenance category allocated the tool or test equipment.
c. Nomenclature. This column lists the noun name and nomenclature of the tools and test equipment required to perform the maintenance functions.
d. National/NATO Stock Number. This column lists the National/NATO stock number of the specific tool or test equipment.
e. Tool Number. This column lists the manufacturer's part number of the tool followed by the Federal Supply Code for manufacturers (5-digit) in parentheses.

## D-5. Remarks (Sect. IV).

a. Reference Code. This code refers to the appropriate item in Section II, columm 6.
b. Remarks. This column provides the required explanatory information to clarify items appearing in section II.

SWEEP GENERATOR SG 677A U



| REFERENCE <br> CODE |  |
| :---: | :--- |
| A REMARKS |  |
| REPLACE KNOBS, FUSES AND BULBS. |  |

## APPENDIX E

## Section 1. INTRODUCTION

## F. 1 I NTRODUCTI ON

Thi s section contain lists of all repl aceable parts for the instrument.
For an assembly y contai ni ng one or nore subassenbl ies, the assenbly list appears first, and is followed by the subassentoly list.

The lists appear in the following order.

PARTS LI ST
1010-00-0011 1111-00-0007 1112-00-0008 1112-00-0005 1118-00-0001 1219-00-0005 1115-00-0001 1218-00-0012 1114-00-0002 1114-00-0029 1114-00-0027 1114-00-0003 1114-00-0004 1114-00-0005 1114-00-0050 1114-00-0099 1114-00-0100 1114-00-0045 1114-00-0150

ASSEMBLY
2001
SUEEP - 2001
SWEEP TI ME - 2001
MKR SHPR/SZ - 2001
REMDTE PLUG - 2001
HARNESS - 2001
PS6
PC - PS6
MLH
MRH
MБH
MOH
MLOH
$\mathrm{ML9H}$
M6H-1
M6H-10
MEH- 50
M6S- 3
M6Z- 1
F. 2 MANUFACTURERS CODE

The following code is used on the parts lists to identify the manufacturer.

| ABBRV | NAME | CITY | ST |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $A-B$ | ALLEN-BRADLEY | MILNAUKEE | N1 |
| $A=0$ | ANALOC DEVICES | CAMBKIOJE | $\cdots 4$ |
| $A=H$ | AFRUW HART, INC. | KFTTERIVG | i] |
| $A=I$ | ALAN INOUSTRIES | COLUMBUS | Liv |
| $A=M$ | AMEHICAN MAGNETICS | CARTERVILLE | 16 |
| $A=P$ | AMERICAN PLASTICRAFT CO. | CHICAGO | IL |
| $\triangle B A C$ | AHACUS PACKAGIVG; CO. | CHICABJ | IL |
| $A C I$ | AUVANCE CUMPONENTS, INC. | CEVTERSROUK | Cr |
| AER | AVX CERAMICS | MYRILE SEACH | Sc |
| AERTK | AERTECH INUUSTRIES | SUNiNYVALE | じ |
| AHAM | AHAM COMPANY | AZUSA | CA |
| $\triangle I N$ | ALPHA INDUSTRIES, IVC. | NOSURN | HA |
| ALC | ALCG ELECTRUNICS PRUUUCTS | NUPTH AntuVEh | int |
| ALLPL | ALL PLASTICS, INC. | INUIANAPOLIS | 1 N |
| $A M P$ | AMP, INC. | HARRISBURG | PA |
| $A P L$ | AMPHENOL CONNELTUK SYSTEMS | BROADVIEN | 1 L |
| $A P X$ | AMPEREX ELECTRONIC CORP. | SLATEKSVILLE | < I |
| ARC | AHCO ELECTRIC PRUOUCTS | SMELAYVILLE | IN |
| ASC | ASSOCIATES SPKING | GRISTUL | LT |
| ASE | AIHCU SPEER ELECTRUNICS | ST. MARYS | P |
| AT/IN | a Tlantic India rubrek cumpany | CHICAGO | 1 L |
| ATC | AMERICAN TECHNICAL CERAMICS | HUNTINGTOV STATIU | ivy |
| ATR | ATR COIL CO. | 8LOMMINGTUN | 1 N |
| AUGAT | AUGAT, INC. | ATTLESURU | HA |
| $A \vee T$ | AVANTEK, INC. | SANTA CLAKA | Ca |
| AWC | ALPHA WIRE | ELIZABETH | iv. |
| $B-T$ | BEK-TEK, INC. | READING | PA |
| BEK | BECKMAN INSTRUMENTS, INC. | Fullertun | CA |
| BEL | BELDEN CORP. | GENEVA | IL |
| BER | UERG ELECTRONICS | NEW CUMBERLAVD | Pa |
| BGH | BEECH GROVE HARDWATE | BEECH GKIVE | IN |
| BOU | BUUKNS, INC. | YIVERSIUE | CA |
| BREZ | BREEZE CUKPORATIUNS, INC. | UNION | vJ |
| BUCK | BUCKEYE STAMPING CU. | COLUMBUS | UH |
| BUD | BUU RAOIU. INC. | WILLOUGHBy | i) H |
| BURND | BURNDY COKP. | NURWALK | Cr |
| BUS | BUSSMAN MFG. | ST. LOUIS | MO |
| $C-0$ | CORNELL OUBILIER ELECT. JIV. | NENARK | NJ |
| $C-E$ | CLINTON ELECTRUNICS | ROCKFURD | IL |
| COH | CUTLER-HAMMER, INC. | MILNAUKEE | W I |
| $C-I$ | COMPONENTS, INC. | BIDOEFORU | ME |
| C-J | TRW/CINCH | ELK GRDVE VILLAGE | 16 |
| C-K | $C$ K COMPONENTS, INC. | NATERTONN | HA |
| $C-L$ | CENTRALAE DIV. | MILNAUKEE | WI |
| $C-W$ | C-W INOUSTRIES | WARMINSTER | PA |
| CAM | CAMBIUN | CAMBRIUGE | MA |
| CAR | CARLING ELECTRIC, INC. | WEST HARIFORD | CT |
| CDC | COMPONENT DEVELOPMENT COMP. | CARSON | CA |
| CECO | CEINTRAL COIL CO. | BRALIL | IN |
| CGW | CORNING GLASS WORKS | CORNING | NY |
| CHE | CHERRY ELECTRICAL PRODUCTS | NAUKEGAN | IL |
| CIMCO | CIMCO WIRE ANO CABLE INC. | ALLENOALE | NJ |
| CKI | CTS KNIGHTS, INC. | SANOWICH | IL |
| CLA | CLAIREX CORP. | MT. VERNON | NY |
| CLAR | CLAROSTAT MFG. CO | OUVER | NH |


| ABBRV | NAME | CITY | ST |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CLFX | COLE-FLEX COKP. | BAHYLON | NY |
| CPKG | CREATIVE PACKAGING DIV. | lnolanapulis | IN |
| CTS | CHICAGO TELEPHuNt SYSTEMS | CHICAGU | IL |
| CTSAE | CTS gF flkhart | ELKHAKI | IN |
| CTSBR | CTS OF GERNE | HERNE | IN |
| CTSBV | CTS UF HROKNSVILLE | RRUWNSVILLE* | $1 \times$ |
| DAL | DALE TECHNULOGY 「URP. | HAKTSDALE | NY |
| DAV | Hakky davits muloing cu. | Chicago | لL |
| DEL | DEEEVAN OIV. | EASI AURORA | ivy |
| DEN | DEWIRE FASKICATING COKP. | LOWELL | MA |
| DIU | UIUDES. INC. | CHATSNURTH | CA |
| DRA | ORAKE MANUFACTURING CU. | HARNOUD HEIGHTS | 1 L |
| $E-C$ | ELECTKONJC CKYSTALS | KAVSAS CITY | 190 |
| E-M | ELECIRA/AIDLAND LORP. | MINERAL WELLS | TX |
| ELCU | ELCU INUUSTRIES | ROCKFORO | IL |
| ELFX | ELECTRO-FLEX HEAT INC. | BLOOMFIELD | C T |
| EPITK | EHLTEK ELECTKUNICS | MANATA, JVT., EAN. | * * |
| ETH | ERIE TECHNOLOGICAL PRUOUCTS | EKIE | PA |
| EXAR | EXAR INTEGRATEO SYSTEMS | Sunivyvale | CA |
| $F=K$ | F゙RUST-KING | **** | C I |
| $F=S$ | FtUERAL SCKEW | CHICAGU | 1 L |
| FAN | FANCUUKT $\times$ CO. | GREENSSUKO | NC |
| FCO | FAIRCHILU | MOUNTAIN VIEN | CA |
| FRTE | FAIK KITE PROUUCTS COKP. | *ALLKILL | vy |
| FRXC | FERWOXCURE OIVISIUN | SAUGEHIIES | NY |
| $G-E$ | GENEKAL ELECTRIC | INDIANAPULIS | IN |
| G-H | GRAYHILL, INC. | LA GRANGE | IL |
| G-I | GEN'L INSTRUMENT SEMICUNDUCTOK | HICKSVILLE | NY |
| GAL | GALILEO ELECTRU-UPTICS | CARMEL | IN |
| GRIES | GHIES REPRUDUCER | MEN ROCHELLE | NY |
| GRIP | GRIPMASTER CO. | MAKLHURO | NJ |
| GUDL | GUOEBRUO BKOS. SILK CO. | CHICAGO | 1 L |
| H-P | HEWLETT-PACKARU | INDIANADILIS | If |
| HEL | HELIPOT | ANAHEIM | CA |
| HEY | HEYMAN MFG. COU. | NAUKESHA | w |
| HHS | HERMAN H. SMITH, INC. | GROOKLYN | vY |
| HIT | HITACHI AMERICA, LTD. | SAN FRANCISCO | C4 |
| HOLUH | HOLUH OISIRIBUTING CO. | NEAPORT | KY |
| HUD <br> HY/PL | HUDSUN TUOL $X$ OIt CO. HYDKO PLASTICS INC. | NFWAKK GEORGETONN | NJ |
| HYT | HYTRUNICS | PINFLLAS PARK | FL |
| INT | INIERSIL. INC. | CUPERIINO | CA |
| IRC | INTERNATIONAL RESISTANCE CO. | Philauelphia | HA |
| ITT | INT'L TELEPHONE \& TELEGRAPH | N. PALM BEACH | FL |
| JAN | JAN HAROWARE MFG. CO. | LONG ISLAND CITY | NY |
| JEF | JEFFERS | UUBOIS | PA |
| JEFWC | JEFFERSON WIRE AND CABLE | WORCHESTER | MA |
| JEW | JEWELL ELECTRICAL INSTKUMENTS | MANCHESTER | NH |
| JHSN | JOHANSON MANUFACTUKING CORP. | BOONTON | NJ |
| JON | E.F. JUHNSUN CO. | WASECA | MN |
| $K=L$ | KERKIGAN LEWIS MFG. | CHICAGO | IL |
| $K-S$ | $K \times$ S ENGINEERING CO. | CHICAGU | IL |
| KEENE | KEENE CORP. | NEWARK | DE |
| KEM | KEMTRON ELECTRON PRODUCTS | NEWBURYPORT | MA |


| ABBRV | NAME | CITY | ST |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| KEY | KEYSTUNF ELECTRUNIC CURP. | WEN YUKK | NY |
| KID | KIOCO, INC. | MEDFOHD | iNJ |
| KIN | K】NGS ELYCTKUMICS | Tuckatuf | iv |
| KSTR | KESTEK SOLOER OIV. | CHICAGO | IL |
| KSW | KSN ELECTRONICS | INOIANANOLIS | IN |
| LEYSE. | LFYSE ALUMINUM CU. | KEwavet | NI |
| LIT | LITIELFUSE, INC. | OFS PLAINES | 1 L |
| LRC | LKC ELECTRONICS, INC. | HORNELL | NY |
| $M=A$ | machonave assuciales | BURLINGTUN | MA |
| $M=0$ | MILLER DIAL $x$ NamtPlatt CU. | EL MUNTE | CA |
| $M-E$ | MFHCU ELECTKA, INC. | MORRISTUWN | id J |
| $M=0$ | ILLUMINATED PKUOHCTS INL. | SANIA ANA | CA |
| MAL | Mallory Coniruls Cu. | FRANKFUKT | 1 l |
| MAND | MANDEX | CHICAGO | IL |
| MDC | MAIUA OEVELOPMENI CO. | HAMPTUN | $\checkmark$ V |
| MILN | millen mfg. CO. | NEN YURK | ivy |
| MMM | SM COMPANY | ST. PAUL. | M, |
| MOL | mulex frouucts | LISLE | IL |
| MOT | muturula Semi. prud. Div. | INOIANAPHLIS | 1 is |
| MSP | MICRO SEMICOFOUCTUK CURP. | SANTA ANA | CA |
| MYERS | MYERS SPRING CO. | LOGANSPUR1 | 1-1 |
| $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{T}$ | matiunal tel-trunics | LAREOO | TX |
| NAT | NATJONAL SEMICUNDUCTOR CURP. | SANTA CLARA | CA |
| NEC | NIPRON ELECTKIC LO. | lukyu, Japan | * * |
| NEW | NEWAKK ELECTKONICS | LNDIANAPULIS | 1 v |
| NYLU | NYLOMATIC | MORKISVILLE | PA |
| O-G | OPTI-GAGE INC. | i) AYTUN | OH |
| O-S | OMNI SPECTRA INC. | FARMINGIUV | 141 |
| OAK | UAK INOUSIHIKS INC. | CRYSTAL LAKE | IL |
| OHM | UHMITE MFG. CO. | SKOKIE | IL |
| OMEGA | UMEGA WIRE $\times$ Cablt | HARLEYSVILLE | PA |
| OPTKN | OPTRUN INC. | CARROLLTUN | IX |
| $P-B$ | POTTER ANU HRUMFIELD | PRINCETUN | [ N |
| $P=C$ | Puwter Cumponents | WOODLANI) HILLS | CA |
| $P=K$ | PARKEK KALUN COKP. | CLIFTON | +J |
| $P=1$ | PENN TUBE PLASTICS CO. | CLIFIUN HE, 1GHTS | P4 |
| PAND | PANDUIT COKP. | IINLEY PAKK | IL |
| PARA | pakametkil industries | NORTHFIELO | IL |
| PEC | PACIFIC ELECTRICOKD CO. | GARDENA | CA |
| PEC | PACIFIC ELECTRICORD CO. | GARDENA | CA |
| PHC | Philadtuphia handile co. | CAMUEN | iv |
| PLSSY | Plessey tig. | SCHILLER PARK | I L |
| POM | POMUNA ELECTRUNJCS CO., INC. | POMOVA | CA |
| PRMD | PYRAMID INDUSTKItS, INC. | PHOENIX | AZ |
| PRSN | PRECISION IUBE CO., INC | NORTH WALES | $P A$ |
| PTN | PENNTKAN CORP. | bellefoivt | PA |
| PYRO | PYROFILM CORP. | WHIPPANY | NY |
| PYTT | PYTTRONICS INDUSTKIES, INC. | MONTGOMERYVILLE | PA |
| $\mathrm{Q}-\mathrm{C}$ | WUALITY COMPUNENTS | ST. MAKYS | PA |
| RAY | RAYIHEON | INDIANAPOLIS | IN |
| RCA | HCA | CAMDEN | NJ |
| REL | RELIANCE MICA CO. | BYUOKLYN | :V |
| RICH | RICHCU PLASTIC CO. | CHICAGO | IL |
| RMC | RADIO MATERIALS CURP. | CHICAGO | IL |
| ROGAN | ROGAN CORP. | NORTHBROOK | IL |


| ABBRV | NAME | CITY | ST |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| S-C | SPECIALTY COINNECIUR | J NDIANAPOLIS | I N |
| S-G | Standakn grigshy | AURURA | IL |
| $S=1$ | SNITCHCRAFI, INC. | CHICAGO | IL |
| S-S | StKVICE SUPPLY | INi) I $A$ NAPULIS | IN |
| S-I | SAKKES TAKZIAN | BLOMMINGTid | [ N |
| Sche | SCANAE DIVISIUN | FL MuNTE | CA |
| SCC | Stackpule carkin cu. | ST. MARYS | PA |
| SEAST | Stastrom mitiolu. | GLENDALE | CA |
| SEL | SEALECTKU CORP. | MAMAROVECK | NY |
| SEM | SEMTECH | NEWHIJY PARK | CA |
| SGM | STGMA INSTHUMENIS | BRAINTKEE | MA |
| SHAM | SHAMROCK HLASTICS $x$ KUnBEK | Cu. indlanapuljs | IN |
| SIF.M | SIEMETS | LSELIN | NJ |
| SIG | SIGNETICS CORPORATIUN | SUNNYYALE | CA |
| SOUTH | SUUTHCO FASTENEHS | LESTEK | +A |
| SPE | SPECTKOL | DAYTON | UH |
| SPEC | SPECTRUM CUNTHOL. INC. | FAIRVIFN | - A |
| SPR | SPRAGUE ELECTRIC CO. | INIIANAPULIS | IN |
| SSS | SOLID STAIE SCIFNIIFIC | MUNTGUMERYVILLE | PA |
| STi | STETTNEK TRUSM CU. | CALENOV」A | NY |
| STSA | STEEL SALES | INDIANAPOLIS | IN |
| SYL | GTE SYLVANIA | WALTHAM | MA |
| SYS | SYSCON INTERNATIUNAL, INC. | SUUTH StNU | IN |
| T-I | TtXAS INSTRUMENTS | DALLAS | IX |
| TCPL | TACUNIC PLASTIC | PEIEKSRJTG | NY |
| TEK | TEKTRUNIX | INDIANAPULIS | Lis |
| TELE | TELETYPE CUKP. | ELK GROVE VILLAGI. | IL |
| THK | thermalluy cu. | UALLAS | TX |
| TIMES | TIMES WIHE AND CABLE | CINCINNAI | OH |
| IIN | IINNEKMAN PROUUCTS, INC. | CLEVELAND | OH |
| TKN | TECHINICAL WIRE | CRAWFOKO | NJ |
| TLNC | TELONIC ALTAIR | LAGUNA DEACH | CA |
| TORCO | IOK COKP. | VATN NUYS | CA |
| TRU | WALUES IHUAKC | LONG ISLAND ĊITY | ivy |
| TRW | IKW CAPACITUR DIV. | OGALLALA | NH |
| U-C | UNVIVERSAL COMPONENIS | LOS ANGELES | CA |
| UNIC | UNICURP | URANGE | N.J |
| UNI 1 | UNITK(I)F CURP. | A ATERTUNIN | HA |
| USECO | USECO OIV. | VAN NuYS | CA |
| VAC | VACIEC IINC. | MARYLAVD HEIGHTS | MO |
| VAR | VARADYNE CAPACITUK DIV. | SANTA MONICA | CA |
| VARIL | VARI-L CU. | DENVER | co |
| VLIER | VI.IER ENGINEERING CORP. | MURBANK | CA |
| VONG 1 | VONNEGUT HARDWAKE | INDIANAHOLIS | IN |
| $w-E$ | WELLS ELECTRUNICS | SOUTH SENI | IN |
| $W=I$ | WAVETEK INDIANA, INC. | BEECH GRUVE | IN |
| WAG | WAGNEK ELECTRIC CURP. | ST. LOUIS | M0 |
| WECK | WECKESSERCO.. INC. | CHICAGO | I L |
| WKFLO | WAKEFIELD ENGINEEKING | NAKEFIELU | MA |
| WSD | WAVETEK | SAN DIEGO | CA |
| WSR | WAVETEK | SANTA RUSA | CA |
| ZEN | ZENITH KAOIO CURP. | CHICAGO | IL |
| ZERO | ZERU MANUFACTURING CO. | BURBANK | CA |
| ZPT | ZIPPERTUBING, CO. | LOS ANGELES | CA |


| REFERENCE DESIGNATORS | PART DESCRIPTION | ORIG-MFGR-PART-NO | MFGR | WAVETEK NO. | QTY |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | ATTEN, 5070-01 | 5070-01 | W-I | 1113-30-0024 | 1 |
| 2 | MKR SHPR/SZ ASSY B500-224 | B500-224 | W-I | 1112-00-0005 | 1 |
| 3 | SWEEP TIME SW ASSY B500-225 | 8500-225 | W-I | 1112-00-0008 | 1 |
| 4 | REMOTE JUMPER PLUG A500-223 | A500-233 | W-I | 1118-00-0001 | 1 |
| 5 | POWER SUPPLY, PS6 | PS6 | W-I | 1115-00-0001 | 1 |
| 12 | SWP RATE, M1H | M1 H | W-I | 1114-00-0002 | 1 |
| 7 | SWP DRIVE, M2H | M2H | W-I | 1114-00-0029 | 1 |
| 10 | MKR ADDER, M5H | M5H | W-I | 1114-00-0027 | 1 |
| 9 | SWP OSC, M9H | M9H | W-I | 1114-00-0003 | 1 |
| 8 | OUTPUT AMP, M10H | M10H | W-I | 1114-00-0004 | 1 |
| 11 | SWP OSC, M19H | M19H | W-I | 1114-00-0005 | 1 |
| A1 | CABLE ASSY, 2-1/4 IN | WX2000-A1 | W-I | 1217-00-0022 | 1 |
| A2 | CABLE ASSY, 3-1/4 IN | WX3001-W7 | W-I | 1217-00-0032 | 1 |
| A3 | CABLE ASSY, 3-1/2 IN | WX2001-A3 | W-I | 1217-80-0008 | 1 |
| A4 | CABLE ASSY, 10-1/2 IN | WX2001-A4 | W-I | 1217-80-0009 | 1 |
| WAVETEK | TITLE | ASSEMBLY NO. |  |  | REV |
| PARTS LIST | SWP GEN, 2001 | 1010-00-0011 |  |  |  |
|  |  | PAGE: 1 |  |  |  |
| REFERENCE DESIGNATORS | PART DESCRIPTION | ORIG-MFGR-PART-NO | MFGR | WAVETEK NO. | QTY |
| A5 | CABLE ASSY, 3-3/4 IN | WX2000-A5 | W-I | 1217-00-0036 | 1 |
| A6 | CABLE ASSY, 5 IN | WX3000-200-W18 | W-I | 1217-00-0050 | 1 |
| A7 | CABLE ASSY, 2-3/4 IN | WX2001-A7 | W-I | 1217-02-0026 | 1 |
| A8 | CABLE ASSY, 8-1/2 IN | WX2001-A8 | W-I | 1217-80-0010 | 1 |
| P102 | SMC TERM, 50 A500-267 | A500-267 | W-I | 1118-00-0007 | 1 |
| 13 | HARNESS ASSY | WY2001 | W-I | 1219-00-0005 | 1 |
| WAVETEK | TITLE | ASSEMBLY NO. |  |  | REV |
| PARTS LIST | SWP GEN, 2001 | 1010-00-0011 |  |  | A |
|  |  | PAGE: 2 |  |  |  |


| REFERENCE DESIGNATORS | PART DESCRIPTION | ORIG-MFGR-PART-NO | MFGR | WAVETEK NO. | QTY |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| C105 | CAP, CER, 120PF, 1 KV CD102-112 | 60U121M | MDC | 1510-10-1121 | 1 |
| C106 | CAP, CER, 20PF, 1KV CD101-020 | 60C0G200J | MDC | 1510-10-0200 | 1 |
| C108 | CAP, CER, 360PF, 1KV CD102-136 | 60U361M | MDC | 1510-10-1361 | 1 |
| CR102 | DIODE DG100-341 | 1N34A | HIT | 4807-01-0034 | 1 |
| J103 J105 J106 J107 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CONN, UG911A/U } \\ & \text { JB109-111 } \end{aligned}$ | KC79-146 | KIN | 2110-01-1013 | 4 |
| L103 L104 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CHOKE, 10,OMH,10\% } \\ & \text { LAOO5-010 } \end{aligned}$ | 08N100K | ASE | 1810-03-0100 | 2 |
| R101 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, } 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} / 5 \%, 68 \mathrm{~K} \\ & \text { RC103-368 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-68K | ASE | 4700-15-6802 | 1 |
| R115 R116 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { POT, CONT,10K } \\ & \text { RV103-310 } \end{aligned}$ | 534 | SPE | 4610-20-1103 | 2 |
| R122 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, } 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, 5 \%, 47 \mathrm{~K} \\ & \text { RC103-347 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-47K | ASE | 4700-15-4702 | 1 |
| R123 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, 1/4W, 5\%, 1M } \\ & \text { RC103-510 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-1M | ASE | 4700-15-1004 | 1 |
| S101 | SWITCH,PILOT LIGHT SZOOO-003 | 616-6-1-A1H | M-O | 5102-00-0001 | 1 |
| S103 | SWITCH,TOGGLE ST002-006 | 7107PN-BLK | C-K | 5106-00-0011 | 1 |
| WAVETEK <br> PARTS LIST | TITLE <br> SWEEP, A500-222 | ASSEMBLY NO. 1111-00-0007 <br> PAGE: 1 |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { REV } \\ & \mathrm{G} \end{aligned}$ |
| REFERENCE DESIGNATORS | PART DESCRIPTION | ORIG-MFGR-PART-NO | MFGR | WAVETEK NO. | QTY |
| S106 S110 | SWITCH,TOG,BLK ANOD. ST001-006 | 7101PN | C-K | 5106-00-0009 | 2 |
| S107 | SWITCH, PB, SZ001-004 | 2KCB070000-304BL | C-L | 5110-00-0006 | 1 |
| S109 | SWITCH, TOGGLE ST000-006 | 7103PN-BLK | C-K | 5106-00-0004 | 1 |
| WAVETEK <br> PARTS LIST | TITLE SWEEP, A500-222 | ASSEMBLY NO. 1111-00-0007 PAGE: 2 |  |  | REV G |


| REFERENCE DESIGNATORS | PART DESCRIPTION | ORIG-MFGR-PART-NO | MFGR | WAVETEK NO. | QTY |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CR101 | DIODE DR000-001 | 1N4004 | P-C | 4806-01-4004 | 1 |
| R103 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, } 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, 5 \%, 470 \\ & \text { RC103-147 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-470 | ASE | 4700-15-4700 | 1 |
| R104 R111 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, } 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, 5 \%, 33 \mathrm{~K} \\ & \text { RC103-333 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-33K | ASE | 4700-15-3302 | 2 |
| R105 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, } 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, 5 \%, 47 \mathrm{M} \\ & \text { RC103-647 } \end{aligned}$ | CB4765 | A-B | 4700-15-4705 | 1 |
| R106 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, 1/4W,5\%, 4, 7W } \\ & \text { RC103-547 } \end{aligned}$ | CB4755 | A-B | 4700-15-4704 | 1 |
| R107 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, 1/4W, 5\% }, 470 \mathrm{~K} \\ & \text { RC103-447 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-470K | ASE | 4700-15-4703 | 1 |
| R108 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, MF, 1/8W, 1\%, 47, 5K } \\ & \text { RF213-475 } \end{aligned}$ | MF 55K-47.5K | ASE | 4701-03-4752 | 1 |
| R109 | POT, 50K,RP129-350 | 360S503B | CTS | 4610-00-1503 | 1 |
| R110 R113 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, } 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, 5 \%, 39 \mathrm{~K} \\ & \text { RC103-339 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-39K | ASE | 4700-15-3902 | 2 |
| R112 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, } 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, 5 \%, 47 \mathrm{~K} \\ & \text { RC103-347 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-47K | ASE | 4700-15-4702 | 1 |
| R114 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES,C,1/4W, } 5 \%, 75 \mathrm{~K} \\ & \text { RC103-375 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-75K | ASE | 4700-15-7502 | 1 |
| S102 | SWITCH ASS, ROTARY SR000-017 | SR000-017 | W-I | 5104-00-0005 | 1 |
| WAVETEK | TITLE | ASSEMBLY NO. |  |  | REV |
| PARTS LIST | SWEEP TIME SW ASSY B500-225 | 1112-00-0008 |  |  | A |
|  |  | PAGE: 1 |  |  |  |
| REFERENCE DESIGNATORS | PART DESCRIPTION | ORIG-MFGR-PART-NO | MFGR | WAVETEK NO. | QTY |
| C101 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CAP, CER, } 002 \mathrm{MF}, 1 \mathrm{KV} \\ & \text { CD102-220 } \end{aligned}$ | 5GAD20 | SPR | 1510-10-1202 | 1 |
| C102 | CAP, CER, 02UF, 50V | TG-S20 | SPR | 1510-10-2203 | 1 |
| C103 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CAP, CER, } 68 \mathrm{PF}, 1 \mathrm{KV} \\ & \text { CD104-068 } \end{aligned}$ | 68U2J680J | MDC | 1510-10-3680 | 1 |
| C104 | CAP, CER, 150PF, 1 KV CD102-115 | 60U151M | MDC | 1510-10-1151 | 1 |
| C107 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CAP , CER, 10PF, } 1 \mathrm{KV} \\ & \text { CD101-010 } \end{aligned}$ | 10TCC-Q10 | SPR | 1510-10-0100 | 1 |
| L101 L102 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CHOKE, } 10 \mathrm{MILH}, 10 \% \\ & \text { LAOO4-310 } \end{aligned}$ | 15S103K | ASE | 1810-02-1001 | 2 |
| R118 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, 1/4W, 5\%, } 2.2 \mathrm{~K} \\ & \text { RC103-222 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-2.2K | ASE | 4700-15-2201 | 1 |
| R120 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, } 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, 5 \%, 33 \mathrm{~K} \\ & \text { RC103-333 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-33K | ASE | 4700-15-3302 | 1 |
| R121 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, } 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, 5 \%, 2.7 \mathrm{~K} \\ & \text { RC103-227 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-2.7K | ASE | 4700-15-2701 | 1 |
| S108 | SWITCH ASSY, ROTARY SR000-016 | SR000-016 | W-I | 5104-00-0004 | 1 |
| WAVETEK | TITLE | ASSEMBLY NO. |  |  | REV |
| PARTS LIST | MKR SHPR/SZ ASSY B500-224 | 1112-00-0005 |  |  |  |
|  |  | PAGE: 1 |  |  |  |


| REFERENCE DESIGNATORS | PART DESCRIPTION | ORIG-MFGR-PART-NO | MFGR | WAVETEK NO. | QTY |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| J101 | PLUG, MC000-017 | 03-06-2151 | MOL | 2113-04-0001 | 1 |
| 2 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { TERMINAL, MALE } \\ & \text { MC000-019 } \end{aligned}$ | 1854 | MOL | 2113-05-0002 | 8 |
| WAVETEK <br> PARTS LIST | TITLE <br> REMOTE JUMPER PLUG A500-223 | ASSEMBLY NO. 1118-00-0001 |  |  | REV |
| REFERENCE DESIGNATORS | PART DESCRIPTION | $\begin{aligned} & \text { PAGE: } \quad 1 \\ & \text { ORIG-MFGR-PART-NO } \end{aligned}$ | MFGR | WAVETEK NO. | QTY |
| 1 | PLUG MC000-035 | 03-06-2042 | MOL | 2113-04-0002 | 1 |
| 2 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { TERMINAL, MALE } \\ & \text { MC000-019 } \end{aligned}$ | 1854 | MOL | 2113-05-0002 | 4 |
| 3 | RECEPTACLE, MCOOO-030 | 03-09-1121 | MOL | 2113-08-0001 | 1 |
| 4 | TERM, MALE MC000-033 | 02-09-2143 | MOL | 2113-09-0002 | 1 |
| 5 | TERMINAL, FEMALE MCOOO-032 | 02-09-1143 | MOL | 2113-09-0001 | 6 |
| 6 | RECEPTACLE, MC000-016 | 03-06-1151 | MOL | 2113-03-0001 | 1 |
| 7 | TERMINAL, FEMALE MC000-018 | 1855 | MOL | 2113-05-0001 | 13 |
| WAVETEK PARTS LIST | TITLE <br> HARNESS ASSY | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ASSEMBLY NO. } \\ & \text { 1219-00-0005 } \\ & \text { PAGE: } 1 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | REV |


| REFERENCE DESIGNATORS | PART DESCRIPTION | ORIG-MFGR-PART-NO | MFGR | WAVETEK NO. | QTY |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| F1 | FUSE,S.B.,. 5 AMP MF000-007 | MDL 1/2 | BUS | 2410-05-0004 | 1 |
| J1 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RECEPTACLE } \\ & \text { MC000-034 } \end{aligned}$ | 03-06-1041 | MOL | 2113-03-0002 | 1 |
| J4 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CONN, UG911A/U } \\ & \text { JB109-111 } \end{aligned}$ | KC79-146 | KIN | 2110-01-1013 | 1 |
| P3 | POWER CORD,WL002-088 | 17237 SVT | BEL | 6011-80-0001 | 1 |
| Q2 Q3 Q8 | TRANS QA052-940 | 2N5294 | RCA | 4901-05-2940 | 3 |
| S1 | SWITCH,DPDT, LOCKING SSOOO-003 | 46256 LFE | S-I | 5105-00-0003 | 1 |
| T1 | XFMR, PWR, TT000-022 | TT000-022 | W-I | 5610-00-0006 | 1 |
| 13 | TERMINAL, FEMALE MC000-018 | 1855 | MOL | 2113-05-0001 | 3 |
| 17 | TERM, FEMALE MC000-042 | 02-06-1103 | MOL | 2113-05-0004 | 1 |
| 19 | POWER SUPPLY BOARD | PS6 CARD | W-I | 1218-00-0012 | 1 |
| WAVETEK | TITLE | ASSEMBLY NO. |  |  | REV |
| PARTS LIST | POWER SUPPLY, PS6 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1115-00-0001 } \\ & \text { PAGE: } \quad 1 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| REFERENCE DESIGNATORS | PART DESCRIPTION | ORIG-MFGR-PART-NO | MFGR | WAVETEK NO. | QTY |
| C01 C07 | CAP, ELECT, 1250MF, 50V CE114-212 | 1510-20-7122 | MAL | 1510-20-7122 | 2 |
| C02 | CAP, ELECT, 50MF,50V CE107-050 | TE1307 | SPR | 1510-20-5500 | 1 |
| C03 C06 C10 C11 | CAP, ELECT, 100MF, 25V CE105-110 | TE1211 | SPR | 1510-20-4101 | 4 |
| C04 C12 | $\text { CAP , CER, } 100 \mathrm{PF}, 1 \mathrm{KV}$ CD102-110 | 60U101M | MDC | 1510-10-1101 | 2 |
| C05 | $\text { CAP , CER }, .005 \mathrm{MF}, 1 \mathrm{KV}$ CD103-250 | TG-D50 | SPR | 1510-10-2502 | 1 |
| C08 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CAP, CER, 120PF, 1KV } \\ & \text { CD102-112 } \end{aligned}$ | 60U121M | MDC | 1510-10-1121 | 1 |
| C09 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CAP, TANT, 10MF, } 25 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \text { CE120-010 } \end{aligned}$ | 162D106X0025DD2 | SPR | 1510-21-7100 | 1 |
| CR01 CR02 CR03 CR04 <br> CR05 CR06 CR07 CR08 <br> CR09 CR10 CR11 CR12 <br> CR13 CR14 CR15 CR16 CR17 | DIODE DR000-001 | 1N4004 | P-C | 4806-01-4004 | 17 |
| IC01 | IC,IC000-001 | LM723CH | NAT | 7000-17-2300 | 1 |
| IC02 | IC, ICOOO-002 | N5741CV | SIG | 7000-57-4100 | 1 |
| P02 | WAFERCON, MC000-031 | 1840-12-2 | MOL | 2112-09-0001 | 1 |
| WAVETEK <br> PARTS LIST | TITLE POWER SUPPLY BOARD | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ASSEMBLY NO. } \\ & \text { 1218-00-0012 } \\ & \text { PAGE: } 1 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | REV F |


| REFERENCE DESIGNATORS | PART DESCRIPTION | ORIG-MFGR-PART-NO | MFGR | WAVETEK NO. | QTY |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Q01 Q04 Q05 Q09 Q10 | TRANS QA036-440 | 2N3644 | FCD | 4901-03-6440 | 5 |
| Q06 Q07 Q11 Q12 | TRANS QA038-541 | 2N3854A | G-E | 4901-03-8541 | 4 |
| R01 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, } 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, 5 \%, 270 \\ & \text { RC103-127 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-270 | ASE | 4700-15-2700 | 1 |
| R02 | $\text { RES, C, } 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, 5 \%, 1.8 \mathrm{~K}$ RC103-218 | CF1/4-1.8K | ASE | 4700-15-1801 | 1 |
| R03 R11 R22 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, } 1 / 2 \mathrm{~W}, 1 \%, 5 \\ & \text { RD01R-050 } \end{aligned}$ | K20-5 | KID | 4701-23-0050 | 3 |
| R04 R14 R21 | RES, MF, 1/8W, 1\%, 1K <br> RF212-100 | MF $55 \mathrm{~K}-1 \mathrm{~K}$ | ASE | 4701-03-1001 | 3 |
| R05 | RES, MF, $1 / 8 \mathrm{~W}, 1 \%, 12.1 \mathrm{~K}$ RF213-121 | MF55K-12.1K | ASE | 4701-03-1212 | 1 |
| R06 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, 1/4W,5\%,1.5K } \\ & \text { RC103-215 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-1.5K | ASE | 4700-15-1501 | 1 |
| R07 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES,C,1/4W,5\%,220 } \\ & \text { RC103-122 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-220 | ASE | 4700-15-2200 | 1 |
| R08 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, 1/ 4W, 5\%, } 3.9 \mathrm{~K} \\ & \text { RC103-239 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/43.9K | ASE | 4700-15-3901 | 1 |
| R09 | POT, 1K, RP 131-210 | 360T102B | CTS | 4610-00-3102 | 1 |
| R10 | $\text { RES, C, } 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, 5 \%, 2.7 \mathrm{~K}$ RC103-227 | CF1/4-2.7K | ASE | 4700-15-2701 | 1 |
| WAVETEK | TITLE | ASSEMBLY NO. |  |  | REV |
| PARTS LIST | POWER SUPPLY BOARD | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1218-00-0012 } \\ & \text { PAGE: } 2 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | F |
| REFERENCE DESIGNATORS | PART DESCRIPTION | ORIG-MFGR-PART-NO | MFGR | WAVETEK NO. | QTY |
| R12 R25 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES,C,1/4W,5\%,470 } \\ & \text { RC103-147 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-470 | ASE | 4700-15-4700 | 2 |
| R13 | RES, C, 1/2W, 5\%, 2.7K RC105-227 | CF1/2-2.7K | ASE | 4700-25-2701 | 1 |
| R15 R24 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, MF, } 1 / 8 \mathrm{~W}, 1 \%, 15 \mathrm{~K} \\ & \text { RF213-150 } \end{aligned}$ | MF $55 \mathrm{~K}-15 \mathrm{~K}$ | ASE | 4701-03-1502 | 2 |
| R16 R17 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES2C, } 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, 5 \%, 1 \mathrm{~K} \\ & \text { RC103-210 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-1K | ASE | 4700-15-1001 | 2 |
| R18 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, 1/4W,5\%, } 4.7 \mathrm{~K} \\ & \text { RC103-247 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-4.7K | ASE | 4700-15-4701 | 1 |
| R19 R20 | RES, SET, 2-10K, 1/8W QTY:2:4701-03-1002 | RXO00-003 | W-I | 4789-00-0004 | 1 |
| R23 R29 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, 1/4W, 5\%, 10K } \\ & \text { RC103-310 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-10K | ASE | 4700-15-1002 | 2 |
| R26 | $\text { RES, C, } 1 / 2 \mathrm{~W}, 5 \%, 2.2 \mathrm{~K}$ RC105-222 | CF1/2-2.2K | ASE | 4700-25-2201 | 1 |
| R27 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, MF, 1/ } 8 \mathrm{~W}, 1 \%, 825 \\ & \text { RF211-825 } \end{aligned}$ | MF 55K-825 | ASE | 4701-03-8250 | 1 |
| R28 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, MF, } 1 / 8 \mathrm{~W}, 1 \%, 6.81 \mathrm{~K} \\ & \text { RF212-681 } \end{aligned}$ | MF55K-6.81K | ASE | 4701-03-6811 | 1 |
| R30 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES,C,1/2W,5\%,470 } \\ & \text { RC105-147 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/2-470 | ASE | 4700-25-4700 | 1 |
| R31 | RES, C, 1/2W, 5\%, 220 | CF1/2-220 | ASE | 4700-25-2200 | 1 |
| WAVETEK <br> PARTS LIST | TITLE POWER SUPPLY BOARD | ASSEMBLY NO. 1218-00-0012 <br> PAGE: 3 |  |  | $\underset{\mathrm{F}}{\mathrm{REV}}$ |



| REFERENCE DESIGNATORS | PART DESCRIPTION | ORIG-MFGR-PART-NO | MFGR | WAVETEK NO. | QTY |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| R17 R30 R31 R48 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, } 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, 10 \%, 10 \mathrm{~K} \\ & \text { RC104-310AB } \end{aligned}$ | CB1031 | A-B | 4705-16-1002 | 4 |
| R19 R24 R28 R29 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, 1/4W, } 5 \%, 100 \mathrm{~K} \\ & \text { RC103-410 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-100K | ASE | 4700-15-1003 | 4 |
| R21 | RES, C, 1/4W, 5\%, 18K RC103-318 | CF1/4-18K | ASE | 4700-15-1802 | 1 |
| R22 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, } 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, 5 \%, 62 \mathrm{~K} \\ & \text { RC103-362 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-62K | ASE | 4700-15-6202 | 1 |
| R23 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, } 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, 5 \%, 560 \mathrm{~K} \\ & \text { RC103-456 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-560K | ASE | 4700-15-5603 | 1 |
| R25 | $\begin{aligned} & \operatorname{RES}, \mathrm{C}, 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, 5 \%, 1 \mathrm{M} \\ & \mathrm{RC} 103-510 \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-1M | ASE | 4700-15-1004 | 1 |
| R32 | RES, C, $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, 5 \%, 1 \mathrm{~K}$ RC103-210 | CF1/4-1K | ASE | 4700-15-1001 | 1 |
| R34 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, 1/4W, 10\%, 10M } \\ & \text { RC104-610 } \end{aligned}$ | CB1061 | A-B | 4700-16-1005 | 1 |
| R35 R43 R52 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, } 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, 5 \%, 100 \\ & \text { RC103-110 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-100 | ASE | 4700-15-1000 | 3 |
| R40 R47 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C1/4W, } 5 \%, 220 \mathrm{~K} \\ & \text { RC103-422 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4220K | ASE | 4700-15-2203 | 2 |
| R42 R55 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, } 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, 5 \%, 6.8 \mathrm{~K} \\ & \text { RC103-268 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-6.8K | ASE | 4700-15-6801 | 2 |
| WAVETEK | TITLE | ASSEMBLY NO. |  |  | REV |
| PARTS LIST | SWP RATE, M1H | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1114-00-0002 } \\ & \text { PAGE: } \quad 3 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | B |
| REFERENCE DESIGNATORS | PART DESCRIPTION | ORIG-MFGR-PART-NO | MFGR | WAVETEK NO. | QTY |
| R44 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, } \mathrm{C}, 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, 5 \%, 12 \mathrm{~K} \\ & \text { RC103-312 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-12K | ASE | 4700-15-1202 | 1 |
| R46 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, } 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, 5 \%, 39 \mathrm{~K} \\ & \text { RC103-339 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-39K | ASE | 4700-15-3902 | 1 |
| R49 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, } 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, 5 \%, 470 \\ & \text { RC103-147 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-470 | ASE | 4700-15-4700 | 1 |
| R50 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, } \mathrm{C}, 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, 5 \%, 15 \mathrm{~K} \\ & \text { RC103- } 315 \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-15K | ASE | 4700-15-1502 | 1 |
| R54 R56 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, 1/4W, } 5 \%, 27 \mathrm{~K} \\ & \text { RC103-327 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-27K | ASE | 4700-15-2702 | 2 |
| WAVETEK | TITLE | ASSEMBLY NO. |  |  | REV |
| PARTS LIST | SWP RATE, M1H | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1114-00-0002 } \\ & \text { PAGE: } \quad 4 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | B |


| REFERENCE DESIGNATORS | PART DESCRIPTION | ORIG-MFGR-PART-NO | MFGR | WAVETEK NO. | QTY |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| C01 C04 C05 C06 C07 | CAP,F.T., 6.8PF | FA5C-6892 | A-B | 1510-30-1689 | 6 |
| C14 | CF102-R68 |  |  |  |  |
| C 02 | CAP, CER, 120PF, 1 KV CD102-112 | 60U121M | WDC | 1510-10-1121 | 1 |
| CO 3 | CAP, CER, 10PF, 1 KV CD101-010 | 10TCC-Q10 | SPR | 1510-10-0100 | 1 |
| C08 | CAP, CER, 15PF, 1KV CD101-015 | 10TCC-Q15 | SPR | 1510-10-0150 | 1 |
| C09 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CAP, Q-C, } 2.4 \mathrm{PF}, 10 \% \\ & \text { CG101-224 } \end{aligned}$ | QC-2.4PF | Q-C | 1510-40-0249 | 1 |
| C10 C22 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CAP,F.T., } 470 \mathrm{FF} \\ & \text { CF101-147 } \end{aligned}$ | FASC-4712 | A-B | 1510-30-0471 | 6 |
| C12 | CAP, CER, 25PF, 1KV CD101-025 | 60C0G250J | MDC | 1510-10-0250 | 1 |
| C13 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CAP, Q-C, 10PF, 10\%, } \\ & \text { CG101-310 } \end{aligned}$ | QC-10PF | Q-C | 1510-40-0100 | 1 |
| C16 C20 | CAP, TANT, 10MF, 25V CE120-010 | 162D106X0025DD2 | SPR | 1510-21-7100 | 2 |
| C17 C21 | CAP, CER, 470PF, 1KV CD102-147 | 60U471M | MDC | 1510-10-1471 | 2 |
| C23 C24 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CAP, CER,.01MF, 100V } \\ & \text { CD103-310 } \end{aligned}$ | 68U103M | MDC | 1510-10-2103 | 2 |
| WAVETEK | TITLE | ASSEMBLY NO. |  |  | REV |
| PARTS LIST | SWP DRIVE, M2H | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1114-00-0029 } \\ & \text { PAGE: } 1 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| REFERENCE DESIGNATORS | PART DESCRIPTION | ORIG-MFGR-PART-NO | MFGR | WAVETEK NO. | QTY |
| C25 C26 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CAP Q.C., 3.9PF } \\ & \text { CG101-239 } \end{aligned}$ | QC-3.9PF | Q-C | 1510-40-0399 | 2 |
| C27 C28 | CAP, ELECT, 1MF, 25V CE120-001 | 162D105X9025BC2 | SPR | 1510-21-7010 | 2 |
| CR01 CR02 CR03 CR0 4 | DIODE DR000-001 | 1N4004 | P-C | 4806-01-4004 | 18 |
| CR06 CR07 CR09 CR10 |  |  |  |  |  |
| CR13 CR14 CR15 CR16 |  |  |  |  |  |
| CR17 CR18 CR19 CR20 |  |  |  |  |  |
| CR21 CR22 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Q01 Q04 Q18 | TRANS QR000-010 | TD101 | SPR | 4902-00-1010 | 3 |
| Q02 Q03 Q05 Q06 Q07 | TRANS-QA042-500 | 2N4250 | FCD | 4901-04-2500 | 6 |
| Q19 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Q08 | TRANS QA036-440 | 2N3644 | FCD | 4901-03-6440 | 1 |
| Q09 Q10 Q11 Q15 Q16 Q17 | TRANS QA054-610 | 2N5461 | MOT | 4901-05-4610 | 6 |
| Q12 Q21 | TRANS OB000-011 | TD 401 | SPR | 4902-00-4010 | 2 |
| Q13 Q14 Q20 Q22 | TRANS QA050-880 | 2N5088 | MOT | 4901-05-0880 | 4 |
| Q23 | TRANS QB000-009 | MPS3702 | MOT | 4902-03-7020 | 1 |
| R01 R29 R54 R55 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, } 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, 5 \%, 100 \mathrm{~K} \\ & \text { RC103-410 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-100K | ASE | 4700-15-1003 | 4 |
| R02 R19 R32 R33 R34 | RES, C, 1/4W, 5\%, 4.7 K | CF1/4-4.7K | ASE | 4700-15-4701 | 9 |
| R62 R71 R75 R79 | RC103-247 |  |  |  |  |
| WAVETEK | TITLE | ASSEMBLY NO. |  |  | REV |
| PARTS LIST | SWP DRIVE, M2H | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1114-00-0029 } \\ & \text { PAGE: } \quad 2 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | H |



| REFERENCE DESIGNATORS | PART DESCRIPTION | ORIG-MFGR-PART-NO | MFGR | WAVETEK NO. | QTY |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| R90 | RES, MF, 1/8W, 1\%, 21.5 K PART OF 4789-00-0003 QTY:1:4701-03-2152 | 4799-00-0002 | W-I | 4799-00-0002 |  |
| R93 R94 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, 1/4W, 5\%, 15R } \\ & \text { RC103-315 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-15K | ASE | 4700-15-1502 | 2 |
| R96 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, 1/4W,5\%,1.2M } \\ & \text { RC103-512 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-1.2M | ASE | 4700-15-1204 | 1 |
| WAVETEK | TITLE | ASSEMBLY NO. |  |  | REV |
| PARTS LIST | SWP DRIVE, M2H | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1114-00-0029 } \\ & \text { PAGE: } 5 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | H |


| REFERENCE DESIGNATORS | PART DESCRIPTION | ORIG-MFGR-PART-NO | MFGR | WAVETEK NO. | QTY |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| C01 C21 C22 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CAP,FT, 500PF, 20\% } 250 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \text { CF104-150 } \end{aligned}$ | 4420-500PF | AER | 1510-30-3501 | 3 |
| C02 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CAP, CER, .025MF,50V } \\ & \text { CD103-325 } \end{aligned}$ | TG-S25 | SPR | 1510-10-2253 | 1 |
| C03 C04 C05 C06 C09 | CAP,F.T., 6.8PF | FA5C-6892 | A-B | 1510-30-1689 | 9 |
| C10 C11 C13 C18 | CF102-R68 |  |  |  |  |
| C07 | $\text { CAP, TANT, } 10 \mathrm{MF}, 25 \mathrm{~V}$ CE120-010 | 162D106X0025DD2 | SPR | 1510-21-7100 | 1 |
| C08 C14 C15 C19 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CAP, CER, .05MF, 100V } \\ & \text { CD103-350 } \end{aligned}$ | TG-S50 | SPR | 1510-10-2503 | 4 |
| C12 C24 C26 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CAP,F.T., 470PF } \\ & \text { CF101-147 } \end{aligned}$ | FA5C-4712 | A-B | 1510-30-0471 | 3 |
| C16 C17 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CAP, ELECT, } 100 \mathrm{MF}, 25 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \text { CE105-110 } \end{aligned}$ | TE1211 | SPR | 1510-20-4101 | 2 |
| C20 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CAP, CER, } .005 \mathrm{MF}, 1 \mathrm{KV} \\ & \text { CD103-250 } \end{aligned}$ | TG-D50 | SPR | 1510-10-2502 | 1 |
| C23 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CAP, CER, 470PF, 1KV } \\ & \text { CD102-147 } \end{aligned}$ | 60U471M | MDC | 1510-10-1471 | 1 |
| C25 | CAP, CER, 120PF, 1KV CD102-112 | 60U121M | MDC | 1510-10-1121 | 1 |
| CR02 CR07 | DIODE DG100-821 | 1N82AG | G-I | 4807-01-0082 | 2 |
| CR03 | DIODE DR000-001 | 1N4004 | P-C | 4806-01-4004 | 1 |
| WAVETEK | TITLE | ASSEMBLY NO. |  |  | REV |
| PARTS LIST | MKR ADDER, M5H | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1114-00-0027 } \\ & \text { PAGE: } \quad 1 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | E |
| REFERENCE DESIGNATORS | PART DESCRIPTION | ORIG-MFGR-PART-NO | MFGR | WAVETEK NO. | QTY |
| CR04 CR05 CR06 | DIODE DP000-040 | MA47980 | M-A- | 4805-02-0001 | 3 |
| Q01 Q02 Q03 Q04 Q05 | TRANS QA050-880 | 2N5088 | MOT | 4901-05-0880 | 5 |
| Q06 Q12 | TRANS Q8000-010 | TD101 | SPR | 4902-00-1010 | 2 |
| Q07 Q08 Q09 Q13 | TRANS Q8000-009 | MPS3702 | MOT | 4902-03-7020 | 4 |
| Q10 | TRANS QA038-541 | 2N3854A | G-E | 4901-03-8541 | 1 |
| Q11 | TRANS QA054-580 | 2N5458 | MOT | 4901-05-4580 | 1 |
| R01 R32 R33 R48 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, } 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, 5 \%, 1 \mathrm{~K} \\ & \text { RC103-210 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-1K | ASE | 4700-15-1001 | 4 |
| R02 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, 1/4W, 5\%, } 180 \\ & \text { RC103-118 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-180 | ASE | 4700-15-1800 | 1 |
| R03 R35 R36 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, 1/4W, 5\%, } 680 \\ & \text { RC103-168 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-680 | ASE | 4700-15-6800 | 3 |
| R04 R05 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, 1/4W,5\%, } 56 \\ & \text { RC103-056 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-56 | ASE | 4700-15-5609 | 2 |
| R06 R08 R10 R13 R16 R19 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, } 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, 5 \%, 22 \mathrm{~K} \\ & \text { RC103-322 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/422K | ASE | 4700-15-2202 | 6 |
| R07 R11 R14 R17 R20 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, 14W, 5\%, } 270 \\ & \text { RC103-127 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-270 | ASE | 4700-15-2700 | 5 |
| R09 R12 R15 R18 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, } \mathrm{C}, 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, 5 \%, 5.6 \mathrm{~K} \\ & \text { RC103-256 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-5.6K | ASE | 4700-15-5601 | 4 |
| WAVETEK <br> PARTS LIST | TITLE MKR ADDER, M5H | ASSEMBLY NO. 1114-00-0027 PAGE: 2 |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { REV } \\ & \text { E } \end{aligned}$ |


| REFERENCE DESIGNATORS | PART DESCRIPTION | ORIG-MFGR-PART-NO | MFGR | WAVETEK NO. | QTY |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| R21 R29 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, } 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, 5 \%, 3.3 \mathrm{~K} \\ & \text { RC103-233 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-3.3K | ASE | 4700-15-3301 | 2 |
| R22 R23 R28 R31 R34 | RES, C, 1/4W, 5\%, 10K | CF1/4-10K | ASE | 4700-15-1002 | 7 |
| R51 R52 | RC103-310 |  |  |  |  |
| R24 R38 R50 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, } 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, 5 \%, 4.7 \mathrm{~K} \\ & \text { RC103-247 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-4.7K | ASE | 4700-15-4701 | 3 |
| R25 R54 R55 R56 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, 1/4W, 5\%, 47K } \\ & \text { RC103-347 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-47K | ASE | 4700-15-4702 | 4 |
| R26 R40 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, } 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, 5 \%, 2.2 \mathrm{~K} \\ & \text { RC103-222 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-2.2K | ASE | 4700-15-2201 | 2 |
| R27 | RES, C, 1/4W, 5\%, 220K RC103-422 | CF1/4220K | ASE | 4700-15-2203 | 1 |
| R30 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, } 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, 5 \%, 1.8 \mathrm{~K} \\ & \text { RC103-218 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-1.8K | ASE | 4700-15-1801 | 1 |
| R37 R39 R49 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, 1/4W, 5\%.2.7K } \\ & \text { RC103-227 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-2.7K | ASE | 4700-15-2701 | 3 |
| R42 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, 1/2W, } 5 \%, 47 \\ & \text { RC105-047 } \end{aligned}$ | EB4705 | A-B | 4705-25-4709 | 1 |
| R43 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, 1/ 4W, 5\%, } 47 \\ & \text { RC103-047 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-47 | ASE | 4700-15-4709 | 1 |
| R44 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, } 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, 5 \%, 1 \mathrm{M} \\ & \text { RC103-510 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-1M | ASE | 4700-15-1004 | 1 |
| WAVETEK | TITLE | ASSEMBLY NO. |  |  | REV |
| PARTS LIST | MKR ADDER, M5H | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1114-00-0027 } \\ & \text { PAGE: } 3 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | E |
| REFERENCE DESIGNATORS | PART DESCRIPTION | ORIG-MFGR-PART-NO | MFGR | WAVETEK NO. | QTY |
| R45 | RES, C, 1/4W, 10\%, 2.2M RC104-522AB | CB2251 | A-B | 4705-16-2204 | 1 |
| R46 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { POT, } 20 \mathrm{~K} \\ & \text { RP124-320 } \end{aligned}$ | WA2G032S-203MA | A-B | 4610-10-7203 | 1 |
| R47 | RES, C, 1/4W, 5\% , 470K RC103-447 | CF1/4-470K | ASE | 4700-15-4703 | 1 |
| R53 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, } 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, 5 \%, 220 \\ & \text { RC103-122 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-220 | ASE | 4700-15-2200 | 1 |
| 41 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, 1/4W, } 5 \%, 100 \\ & \text { RC103-110 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-100 | ASE | 4700-15-1000 | 1 |
| WAVETEK | TITLE | ASSEMBLY NO. |  |  | REV |
| PARTS LIST | MKR ADDER, M5H | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1114-00-0027 } \\ & \text { PAGE: } 4 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | E |


| REFERENCE DESIGNATORS | PART DESCRIPTION | ORIG-MFGR-PART-NO | MFGR | WAVETEK NO. | QTY |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| C01 C03 C07 C08 C09 | CAP, FT, 500PF, 20\%250V | 4420-500PF | AER | 1510-30-3501 | 11 |
| C11 C14 C18 C19 C25 | CF104-150 |  |  |  |  |
| C27 |  |  |  |  |  |
| C02 C10 | CAP, CER , 100PF, 1 KV CD108-110 | CN1500 | RMC | 1510-10-5101 | 2 |
| C04 C05 C12 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CAP,FT, CER, 100PF, } 20 \% \\ & \text { CF104-110 } \end{aligned}$ | 4420-100PF | AER | 1510-30-3101 | 3 |
| C06 C13 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CAP,F.T., } 6.8 \mathrm{PF} \\ & \text { CF102-R68 } \end{aligned}$ | FA5C-6892 | A-B | 1510-30-1689 | 2 |
| C15 C28 C29 C30 | CAP,F.T., 470PF CF101-147 | FA5C-4712 | A-B | 1510-30-0471 | 4 |
| C16 | CAP, CER, 120PF, 1 KV CD102-112 | 60U121M | MDC | 1510-10-1121 | 1 |
| C17 C33 C34 | CAP, TANT, 47MF, 50V CE113-447 | 935 | TRW | 1510-21-9470 | 3 |
| C20 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CAP,Q.C.,. } 75 \mathrm{PF} \\ & \text { CG101-175 } \end{aligned}$ | QC-. 75 PF | Q-C | 1510-40-0758 | 1 |
| C21 C24 | CAP,VALUE DETERMINED IN CALIBRATION | CAP, TRIM | W-I | 1519-99-9999 | 2 |
| C22 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CAP,Q-C, } 2.4 \mathrm{PF}, 10 \% \\ & \text { CG101-224 } \end{aligned}$ | QC-2.4PF | Q-C | 1510-40-0249 | 1 |
| C23 C26 | CAP, CER, . $01 \mathrm{MF}, 100 \mathrm{~V}$ CD103-310 | 68U103M | MDC | 1510-10-2103 | 2 |
| WAVETEK | TITLE | ASSEMBLY NO. |  |  | REV |
| PARTS LIST | SWP OSC,M9H | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1114-00-0003 } \\ & \text { PAGE: } \quad 1 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | I |
| REFERENCE DESIGNATORS | PART DESCRIPTION | ORIG-MFGR-PART-NO | MFGR | WAVETEK NO. | QTY |
| C31 | CAP, TANT, 10MF, 25V CE120-010 | 162D106X0025DD2 | SPR | 1510-21-7100 | 1 |
| C32 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CAP, CER, } 05 \mathrm{MF}, 100 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \text { CD103- } 350 \end{aligned}$ | TG-S50 | SPR | 1510-10-2503 | 1 |
| C35 | CAP, CER, .001MFD, 1KV CD102-210 | 5GAD10 | SPR | 1510-10-1102 | 1 |
| C36 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CAP,Q.C., 3.9PF } \\ & \text { CG101-239 } \end{aligned}$ | QC-3.9PF | Q-C | 1510-40-0399 | 1 |
| 21 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CAP,M.C., } .47 \mathrm{PF} \\ & \text { CG102-147 } \end{aligned}$ | MC-. 47 PF | Q-C | 1510-40-1478 | 1 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { CR01 CR02 CR03 CR04 } \\ & \text { CR05 } \end{aligned}$ | DIODE DC000-005 | BB141A | ITT | 4889-00-0001 | 5 |
| CR08 CR09 | DIODE DG100-823 | 1N82A | S-T | 4807-03-0002 | 2 |
| J01 J02 | CONN JF000-005 | 37JR116-1 | S-C | 2110-03-0002 | 2 |
| L01 L03 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CHOKE, 22MH 10\% } \\ & \text { LA005-R02 } \end{aligned}$ | 08NR22K | ASE | 1810-03-0228 | 2 |
| L02 L04 L05 L07 L08 | RF CHOKE | CHOKE | W-I | 1819-99-9999 | 5 |
| L0 6 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CHOKE, 1MH, } 10 \% \\ & \text { LA005-R10 } \end{aligned}$ | 08N1R0K | ASE | 1810-03-0010 | 1 |
| L09 L10 | FERRITE CHOKE LA009-004 | T1255-1 | HYT | 1810-05-0001 | 2 |
| WAVETEK <br> PARTS LIST | TITLE SWP OSC,M9H | ASSEMBLY NO. 1114-00-0003 PAGE: 2 |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { REV } \\ & \text { I } \end{aligned}$ |


| REFERENCE DESIGNATORS | PART DESCRIPTION | ORIG-MFGR-PART-NO | MFGR | WAVETEK NO. | QTY |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 20 | FERR. BEAD, LC000-009 | K5-001-00/3B | FRXC | 1813-00-0007 | 2 |
| Q01 Q04 Q07 Q09 | TRANS QB000-009 | MPS3702 | MOT | 4902-03-7020 | 4 |
| Q02 | TRANS QBOOO-013 | A430 | APX | 4902-00-4300 | 1 |
| Q03 | TRANS QA050-880 | 2N5088 | MOT | 4901-05-0880 | 1 |
| Q05 Q14 Q16 | TRANS QA051-790 | 2N5179 | RCA | 4901-05-1790 | 3 |
| Q06 Q10 | TRANS QA038-541 | 2N3854A | G-E | 4901-03-8541 | 2 |
| Q08 | TRANS Q8000-011 | TD401 | SPR | 4902-00-4010 | 1 |
| Q11 Q12 Q13 Q15 | TRANS QA050-530 | 2N5053 | APX | 4901-05-0530 | 4 |
| Q17 | TRANS QA054-580 | 2N5458 | MOT | 4901-05-4580 | 1 |
| R01 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, } 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, 5 \%, 22 \mathrm{~K} \\ & \text { RC103-322 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/422K | ASE | 4700-15-2202 | 1 |
| R02 R12 | POT,10K, RP129-310 | 360S103B | CTS | 4610-00-1103 | 2 |
| R03 R14 R17 R24 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, } 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, 5 \%, 10 \mathrm{~K} \\ & \text { RC103-310 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-10K | ASE | 4700-15-1002 | 4 |
| R04 R19 R39 R40 R47 R48 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, 1/4W,5\%, } 470 \\ & \text { RC103-147 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-470 | ASE | 4700-15-4700 | 6 |
| ```R05 R06 R15 R20 R21 R41 R49``` | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C1/4W,5\%,4.7K } \\ & \text { RC103-247 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-4.7K | ASE | 4700-15-4701 | 7 |
| R07 R22 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, 1/4W, 5\%, } 10 \\ & \text { RC103-010 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-10 | ASE | 4700-15-1009 | 2 |
| WAVETEK | TITLE | ASSEMBLY NO. |  |  | REV |
| PARTS LIST | SWP USC,M9H | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1114-00-0003 } \\ & \text { PAGE: } 3 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | I |
| REFERENCE DESIGNATORS | PART DESCRIPTION | ORIG-MFGR-PART-NO | MFGR | WAVETEK NO. | QTY |
| R08 R29 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, } \mathrm{C}, 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, 5 \% .5 .6 \mathrm{~K} \\ & \text { RC103-256 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-5.6K | ASE | 4700-15-5601 | 2 |
| R09 | POT, 20K,RP129-320 | 360S203B | CTS | 4610-00-1203 | 1 |
| R11 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, 1/4W, 5\%, 47K } \\ & \text { RC103-347 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-47K | ASE3 | 4700-15-4702 | 1 |
| R13 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { POT, } 20 \mathrm{~K} \\ & \text { RP124-320 } \end{aligned}$ | WA2G032S-203MA | A-H | 4610-10-7203 | 1 |
| R16 R30 R33 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, 1/4W, 5\%.33K } \\ & \text { RC103-333 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-33K | ASE | 4700-15-3302 | 3 |
| R18 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, 1/4W, } 5 \%, 2.2 \mathrm{~K} \\ & \text { RC103-222 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-2.2K | ASE | 4700-15-2201 | 1 |
| R25 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, } 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, 5 \%, 1.5 \mathrm{~K} \\ & \text { RC103-215 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-1.5K | ASE | 4700-15-1501 | 1 |
| R26 R32 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, 1/4W, 5\%, 27K } \\ & \text { RC103-327 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-27K | ASE | 4700-15-2702 | 2 |
| R28 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, } 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, 5 \% .39 \mathrm{~K} \\ & \text { RC103-339 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-39K | ASE | 4700-15-3902 | 1 |
| R31 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, 1/4W, 5\%, 100K } \\ & \text { RC103-410 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-100K | ASE | 4700-15-1003 | 1 |
| R34 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, } 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, 5 \% .12 \mathrm{~K} \\ & \text { RC103-312 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-12K | ASE | 4700-15-1202 | 1 |
| WAVETEK <br> PARTS LIST | TITLE SWP OSC, M9H | ASSEMBLY NO. 1114-00-0003 PAGE: 4 |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { REV } \\ & \mathrm{I} \end{aligned}$ |


| REFERENCE DESIGNATORS | PART DESCRIPTION | ORIG-MFGR-PART-NO | MFGR | WAVETEK NO. | QTY |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| R36 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, 1/4W, } 5 \% .4 .7 \\ & \text { RC103-R47 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-4.7 | ASE | 4700-15-4708 | 1 |
| R37 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, } 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, 5 \%, 390 \\ & \text { RC103-139 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-390 | ASE | 4700-15-3900 | 1 |
| R38 R43 R45 R46 R51 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, } \mathrm{C}, 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, 5 \%, 100 \\ & \text { RC103-110 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-100 | ASE | 4700-15-1000 | 5 |
| R42 R44 R50 | $\begin{aligned} & \operatorname{RES}, \mathrm{C}, 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, 5 \%, 47 \\ & \mathrm{RC} 103-047 \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-47 | ASE | 4700-15-4709 | 3 |
| R52 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES,C,1/4W,5\%,22 } \\ & \text { RC103-022 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-22 | ASE | 4700-15-2209 | 1 |
| R53 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, } 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, 5 \%, 150 \\ & \text { RC103-115 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-150 | ASE | 4700-15-1500 | 1 |
| R54 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, } 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, 10 \%, 10 \mathrm{M} \\ & \text { RC104-610 } \end{aligned}$ | CB1061 | A-B | 4700-16-1005 | 1 |
| 18 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, } 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, 10 \%, 4.7 \mathrm{~K} \\ & \text { RC104-247AB } \end{aligned}$ | CB4721 | A-B | 4705-16-4701 | 2 |
| 22 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, 1/4W, 10\%, 10K } \\ & \text { RC104-310AB } \end{aligned}$ | CB1031 | A-B | 4705-16-1002 | 3 |
| WAVETEK | TITLE | ASSEMBLY NO. |  |  | REV |
| PARTS LIST | SWP OSC,M9H | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1114-00-0003 } \\ & \text { PAGE: } 5 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | I |


| REFERENCE DESIGNATORS | PART DESCRIPTION | ORIG-MFGR-PART-NO | MFGR | WAVETEK NO. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| C01 C17 C28 C30 |  | FA5C-4712 | A-B | $1510-30-0471$ |


| REFERENCE DESIGNATORS | PART DESCRIPTION | ORIG-MFGR-PART-NO | MFGR | WAVETEK NO. | QTY |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| L12 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CHOKE, } 10 \mathrm{MILL}, 10 \% \\ & \text { LAOO4-310 } \end{aligned}$ | 158103K | ASE | 1810-02-1001 | 1 |
| Q01 Q02 | TRANS QA050-530 | 2N5053 | APX | 4901-05-0530 | 2 |
| Q03 Q05 Q06 | TRANS Q8000-018 | SD1006 | SSS | 4902-01-0060 | 3 |
| Q04 | TRANS QB000-013 | A430 | APX | 4902-00-4300 | 1 |
| Q07 Q10 Q11 | TRANS QB000-009 | MPS3702 | MOT | 4902-03-7020 | 3 |
| Q08 | TRANS QA054-580 | 2N5458 | NOT | 4901-05-4580 | 1 |
| Q09 | TRANS QB000-010 | TD101 | SPR | 4902-00-1010 | 1 |
| R01 R05 R26 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, 1/ 4W, 5\%, } 47 \\ & \text { RC103-047 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-47 | ASE | 4700-15-4709 | 3 |
| R02 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, 1/4W,5\%,330 } \\ & \text { RC103-133 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-330 | ASE | 4700-15-3300 | 1 |
| R03 R33 R46 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, } 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, 5 \%, 1 \mathrm{~K} \\ & \text { RC103-210 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-1K | ASE | 4700-15-1001 | 3 |
| R06 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, } \mathrm{C}, 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, 5 \%, 150 \\ & \text { RC103-115 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-150 | ASE | 4700-15-1500 | 1 |
| R07 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, 1/4W, 5\%, } 820 \\ & \text { RC103-182 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-820 | ASE | 4700-15-8200 | 1 |
| R08 R50 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, } 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, 10 \%, 100 \\ & \text { RC104-110AB } \end{aligned}$ | CB1001 | A-B | 4705-16-1000 | 2 |
| WAVETEK | TITLE | ASSEMBLY NO. |  |  | REV |
| PARTS LIST | OUTPUT AMP, M10H | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1114-00-0004 } \\ & \text { PAGE: } 3 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| REFERENCE DESIGNATORS | PART DESCRIPTION | ORIG-MFGR-PART-NO | MFGR | WAVETEK NO. | QTY |
| R09 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, 1/ 4W, 5\%, } 56 \\ & \text { RC103-056 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-56 | ASE | 4700-15-5609 | 1 |
| R10 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES,C,1/4W,5\%,560 } \\ & \text { RC103-156 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-560 | ASE | 4700-15-5600 | 1 |
| R11 R44 R52 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, 1/4W, } 5 \%, 220 \\ & \text { RC103-122 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-220 | ASE | 4700-15-2200 | 3 |
| R12 R21 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES,C,1/4,5\%,27 } \\ & \text { RC103-027 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-27 | ASE | 4700-15-2709 | 2 |
| R13 R30 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES,C,1/4W,5\%,470 } \\ & \text { RC103-147 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-470 | ASE | 4700-15-4700 | 2 |
| R14 R17 R22 R25 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, 1/4W, } 5 \%, 10 \\ & \text { RC103-010 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-10 | ASE | 4700-15-1009 | 4 |
| R15 R19 R20 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, } 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, 5 \%, 82 \\ & \text { RC103-082 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-82 | ASE | 4700-15-8209 | 3 |
| R16 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, 1/4W,5\%,1.5K } \\ & \text { RC103-215 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-1.5K | ASE | 4700-15-1501 | 1 |
| R18 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, 1/ 4W, 5\%, } 22 \\ & \text { RC103-022 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-22 | ASE | 4700-15-2209 | 1 |
| R23 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, 1/2W, 5\%, } 360 \\ & \mathrm{~W}-\mathrm{I} / \mathrm{RC} 105-136 \mathrm{AB} \end{aligned}$ | EB3615 | A-B | 4705-25-3600 | 1 |
| R24 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, 1W, 5\%, } 150 \\ & \text { RC107-115 } \end{aligned}$ | GB1515 | A-B | 4700-35-1500 | 1 |
| WAVETEK <br> PARTS LIST | TITLE OUTPUT AMP, M10H | ASSEMBLY NO. 1114-00-0004 PAGE: 4 |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { REV } \\ & \text { G } \end{aligned}$ |


| REFERENCE DESIGNATORS | PART DESCRIPTION | ORIG-MFGR-PART-NO | MFGR | WAVETEK NO. | QTY |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| R27 R28 R31 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, 1/4W, 5\%, 33K } \\ & \text { RC103-333 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-33K | ASE | 4700-15-3302 | 3 |
| R29 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, 1W, 5\%, } 100 \\ & \text { RC107-110 } \end{aligned}$ | GB1015 | A-B | 4700-35-1000 | 1 |
| R32 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, } 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, 5 \%, 100 \mathrm{~K} \\ & \text { RC103-410 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-100K | ASE | 4700-15-1003 | 1 |
| R34 R47 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, 1/4W, } 5 \%, 10 \mathrm{~K} \\ & \text { RC103-310 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-10K | ASE | 4700-15-1002 | 2 |
| R35 | $\begin{aligned} & \operatorname{RES}, \mathrm{C}, 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, 5 \%, 1 \mathrm{M} \\ & \mathrm{RC} 103-510 \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-1M | ASE | 4700-15-1004 | 1 |
| R36 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, } 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, 10 \%, 2.2 \mathrm{M} \\ & \text { RC104-522AB } \end{aligned}$ | CB2251 | A-B | 4705-16-2204 | 1 |
| R37 R39 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { POT, } 20 \mathrm{~K} \\ & \text { RP124-320 } \end{aligned}$ | WA2G032S-203MA | A-B | 4610-10-7203 | 2 |
| R38 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, } \mathrm{C}, 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, 5 \%, 15 \mathrm{~K} \\ & \mathrm{RC} 103-315 \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-15K | ASE | 4700-15-1502 | 1 |
| R40 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, 1/4W,5\%, 470K } \\ & \text { RC103-447 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-470K | ASE | 4700-15-4703 | 1 |
| R41 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, } 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, 5 \%, 1.2 \mathrm{~K} \\ & \text { RC103-212 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-1.2K | ASE | 4700-15-1201 | 1 |
| R42 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, 1/4W, 5\%, } 680 \mathrm{~K} \\ & \text { RC103-468 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-680K | ASE | 4700-15-6803 | 1 |
| WAVETEK | TITLE | ASSEMBLY NO. |  |  | REV |
| PARTS LIST | OUTPUT AMP, M10H | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1114-00-0004 } \\ & \text { PAGE: } 5 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | G |
| REFERENCE DESIGNATORS | PART DESCRIPTION | ORIG-MFGR-PART-NO | MFGR | WAVETEK NO. | QTY |
| R43 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, 1/4W,5\%, } 2.7 \mathrm{~K} \\ & \text { RC103-227 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-2.7K | ASE | 4700-15-2701 | 1 |
| R45 R51 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, 1/ 4W, 5\%, 4.7K } \\ & \text { RC103-247 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-4.7K | ASE | 4700-15-4701 | 2 |
| R49 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, } 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, 5 \%, 47 \mathrm{~K} \\ & \text { RC103-347 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-47K | ASE | 4700-15-4702 | 1 |
| 20 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, } 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, 5 \%, 100 \\ & \text { RC103-110 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-100 | ASE | 4700-15-1000 | 2 |
| WAVETEK <br> PARTS LIST |  | ASSEMBLY NO. 1114-00-0004 <br> PAGE: 6 |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { REV } \\ & \text { G } \end{aligned}$ |


| REFERENCE DESIGNATORS |  |  |  |  | PART DESCRIPTION | ORIG-MFGR-PART-NO | MFGR | WAVETEK NO. | QTY |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| C01 | C13 | C24 | C25 | C26 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CAP,F.T., } 6.8 \mathrm{PF} \\ & \text { CF102-R68 } \end{aligned}$ | FA5C-6892 | A-B | 1510-30-1689 | 5 |
| C02 | C04 | C 05 | C06 | C10 | CAP, FT, 500PF, 20\%250V | 4420-500PF | AER | 1510-30-3501 | 14 |
| C11 | C12 | C14 | C15 | C16 | CF104-150 |  |  |  |  |
| C17 | C18 | C22 | C23 | C33 |  |  |  |  |  |
| C03 | C08 | C09 | C19 | C20 | CAP, FT, CER, 100PF, 20\% | 4420-100PF | AER | 1510-30-3101 | 6 |
| C21 |  |  |  |  | CF104-110 |  |  |  |  |
| C07 | ML32 |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CAP,Q.C, } 75 \mathrm{PF} \\ & \text { CG101-175 } \end{aligned}$ | QC-. 75 PF | Q-C | 1510-40-0758 | 2 |
| C27 | C28 | C29 | C30 | C31 | CAP,F.T., 470PF CF101-147 | FA5C-4712 | A-B | 1510-30-0471 | 5 |
| C39 |  |  |  |  | CAP,VALUE DETERMINED IN CALIBRATION | CAP, TRIM | W-I | 1519-99-9999 | 1 |
| 33 |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CAP, Q-C, } 2.0 \mathrm{PF}, 10 \% \\ & \text { CG101-220 } \end{aligned}$ | QC-2.0PF | Q-C | 1510-40-0020 | 1 |
| 34 |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CAP,M.C.,.47PF } \\ & \text { CG102-147 } \end{aligned}$ | MC- ${ }^{\text {- }}$ 47PF | Q-C | 1510-40-1478 | 2 |
| CR01 | CR10 | 0 CR | 11 | CR21 | DIODE DR000-001 | 1N4004 | P-C | 4806-01-4004 | 4 |
| CR02 | CR03 | 3 CR | 204 | CR05 | DIODE DC000-008 | BB2 05 | APX | 4803-02-0004 | 8 |
| CR13 | CR14 | 4 CR | 15 | CR16 |  |  |  |  |  |
| CR20 |  |  |  |  | DIODE DG100-821 | 1N82AG | G-I | 4807-01-0082 | 1 |
| J01 | J02 J | J03 |  |  | CONN JF000-005 | 37JR116-1 | S-C | 2110-03-0002 | 3 |
| WAVE | TEK |  |  |  | TITLE | ASSEMBLY NO. |  |  | REV |
| PARTS | LS |  |  |  | SWP OSC, M19H | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1114-00-0005 } \\ & \text { PAGE: } 1 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | J |
| REFER | RENCE | E DE | SIGN | NATORS | PART DESCRIPTION | ORIG-MFGR-PART-NO | MFGR | WAVETEK NO. | QTY |
| L01 | L02 I | L10 | L11 | L12 | FERRITE CHOKE | T1255-1 | HYT | 1810-05-0001 | 8 |
| L13 | L21 I | L22 |  |  | LA009-004 |  |  |  |  |
| L03 | L05 L | L14 |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CHOKE . 22MH 10\% } \\ & \text { LA005-RO2 } \end{aligned}$ | 08NR22K | ASE | 1810-03-0228 | 4 |
| L24 |  |  |  |  | FERRITE CHOKE LA009-010 | T1255-2 | HYT | 1810-05-0002 | 1 |
| L25 | L26 |  |  |  | FERRITE CHOKE, 4 TURN <br> FROM:1813-00-0007 | LA007-004 | W-I | 1210-30-0005 | 2 |
| Q01 | Q04 | Q07 | Q08 | Q09 | TRANS QB000-009 | MPS3702 | MOT | 4902-03-7020 | 8 |
| Q11 | Q15 | Q16 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Q02 | Q05 | Q10 | Q12 | Q13 | TRANS QA038-541 | 2N3854A | G-E | 4901-03-8541 | 5 |
| Q03 |  |  |  |  | TRANS QA054-610 | 2N5461 | MOT | 4901-05-4610 | 1 |
| Q06 |  |  |  |  | TRANS QA051-090 | 2N5109 | SSS | 4901-05-1090 | 1 |
| Q14 |  |  |  |  | TRANS QB000-015 | 2N5947 | MOT | 4901-05-9470 | 1 |
| R01 | R30 |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, 1/ 4W, 5\%, 7.5K } \\ & \text { RC103-275 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-7.5K | ASE | 4700-15-7501 | 2 |
| R02 | R07 R | R31 | R39 | R40 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, 1/4W,5\%, } 4.7 \mathrm{~K} \\ & \text { RC103-247 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-4.7K | ASE | 4700-15-4701 | 5 |
| R03 |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, } 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, 10 \%, 10 \mathrm{M} \\ & \text { RC104-610 } \end{aligned}$ | CB1061 | A-B | 4700-16-1005 | 1 |
| R04 | R22 |  |  |  | RES, VAL DET IN CALIB | RES, TRIM | W-I | 4799-99-9999 | 2 |
| WAVE | TEK |  |  |  | TITLE | ASSEMBLY NO. |  |  | REV |
| PART | LIS |  |  |  | SWP OSC,M19H | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1114-00-0005 } \\ & \text { PAGE: } 2 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | J |


| REFERENCE DESIGNATORS | PART DESCRIPTION | ORIG-MFGR-PART-NO | MFGR | WAVETEK NO. | QTY |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| R05 R19 R24 R28 R33 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, } 1 / \mathrm{W}, 5 \%, 22 \mathrm{~K} \\ & \text { RC103-322 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/422K | ASE | 4700-15-2202 | 5 |
| R06 R23 R34 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, } 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, 5 \%, 68 \mathrm{~K} \\ & \text { RC103-368 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-68K | ASE | 4700-15-6802 | 3 |
| $\begin{array}{lllll} \text { R08 R17 R18 R35 R49 } \\ \text { R50 } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, } \mathrm{C}, 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, 5 \%, 100 \mathrm{~K} \\ & \text { RC103-410 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-100K | ASE | 4700-15-1003 | 6 |
| R09 R10 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, } 1 / 2 \mathrm{~W}, 5 \%, 220 \\ & \text { RC105-122 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/2-220 | ASE | 4700-25-2200 | 2 |
| R11 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, } 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, 5 \%, 390 \\ & \text { RC103-139 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-390 | ASE | 4700-15-3900 | 1 |
| R12 R15 R36 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, } 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, 5 \%, 2.2 \mathrm{~K} \\ & \text { RC103-222 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-2.2K | ASE | 4700-15-2201 | 3 |
| R14 R16 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Pot, CONT, 10K } \\ & \text { RV102-310 } \end{aligned}$ | 3067P-10K | BOU | 4610-20-0103 | 2 |
| R20 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, 1/4W, 5\%, 39K } \\ & \text { RC103-339 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-39K | ASE | 4700-15-3902 | 1 |
| R21 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, 1/4W, 5\%, 91K } \\ & \text { RC103-391 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-91K | ASE | 4700-15-9102 | 1 |
| R25 R29 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, } 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, 5 \%, 47 \mathrm{~K} \\ & \text { RC103-347 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-47K | ASE | 4700-15-4702 | 2 |
| R26 R27 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, } 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, 5 \%, 220 \mathrm{~K} \\ & \text { RC103-422 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4220K | ASE | 4700-15-2203 | 2 |
| WAVETEK | TITLE | ASSEMBLY NO. |  |  | REV |
| PARTS LIST | SWP OSC,M19H | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1114-00-0005 } \\ & \text { PAGE: } 3 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | J |
| REFERENCE DESIGNATORS | PART DESCRIPTION | ORIG-MFGR-PART-NO | MFGR | WAVETEK NO. | QTY |
| R32 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, 1/4W, 5\% , 6.8K } \\ & \text { RC103-268 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-6.8K | ASE | 4700-15-6801 | 1 |
| R37 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, 1W, } 5 \%, 160 \\ & \text { RC107-116 } \end{aligned}$ | GB1615 | A-B | 4700-35-1600 | 1 |
| R38 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, 1/2W, 5\%, } 82 \\ & \text { RC105-082 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/2-82 | ASE | 4700-25-8209 | 1 |
| R41 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, 1W, 10\%, } 470 \\ & \text { RC108-147 } \end{aligned}$ | GB4711 | A-B | 4700-36-4700 | 1 |
| R42 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, } 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, 5 \%, 47 \\ & \text { RC103-047 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-47 | ASE | 4700-15-4709 | 1 |
| R43 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, 1/4W, 5\%, } 330 \\ & \text { RC103-133 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-330 | ASE | 4700-15-3300 | 1 |
| R44 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, } 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, 5 \%, 1 \mathrm{~K} \\ & \text { RC103-210 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-1K | ASE | 4700-15-1001 | 1 |
| R45 R48 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, } 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, 5 \%, 100 \\ & \text { RC103-110 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-100 | ASE | 4700-15-1000 | 2 |
| R46 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, L-A, 1/4W, 1\%, } 49.9 \\ & \text { RF404-990 } \end{aligned}$ | SPS-N-347-49.9 | IRC | 4741-49-9007 | 1 |
| R47 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, } 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, 5 \%, 56 \\ & \text { RC103-056 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-56 | ASE | 4700-15-5609 | 1 |
| 28 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, } 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, 10 \%, 4.7 \mathrm{~K} \\ & \text { RC104-247AB } \end{aligned}$ | CB4721 | A-B | 4705-16-4701 | 8 |
| 30 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, } 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, 10 \%, 2.2 \mathrm{M} \\ & \text { RC104-522AB } \end{aligned}$ | CB2251 | A-B | 4705-16-2204 | 1 |
| WAVETEK <br> PARTS LIST | TITLE <br> SWP OSC,M19H | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ASSEMBLY NO. } \\ & \text { 1114-00-0005 } \\ & \text { PAGE: } 4 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { REV } \\ & \mathrm{J} \end{aligned}$ |



| REFERENCE DESIGNATORS | PART DESCRIPTION | ORIG-MFGR-PART-NO | MFGR | WAVETEK NO. | QTY |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| R02 R05 R12 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, 1/4W,5\%,3.9K } \\ & \text { RC103-239 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/43.9K | ASE | 4700-15-3901 | 3 |
| R03 R04 | RES, C, $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, 5 \%, 2.2 \mathrm{~K}$ RC103-222 | CF1/4-2.2K | ASE | 4700-15-2201 | 2 |
| R06 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, 1/4W, 5\%,27K } \\ & \text { RC103-327 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-27K | ASE | 4700-15-2702 | 1 |
| R07 R09 R13 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, } 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, 5 \%, 470 \\ & \text { RC103-147 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-470 | ASE | 4700-15-4700 | 3 |
| R08 R20 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, } 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, 5 \%, 10 \mathrm{~K} \\ & \text { RC103-310 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-10K | ASE | 4700-15-1002 | 2 |
| R10 R24 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, } 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, 5 \%, 100 \\ & \text { RC103-110 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-100 | ASE | 4700-15-1000 | 2 |
| R11 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, } \mathrm{C}, 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, 5 \%, 75 \\ & \text { RC103-075 } \end{aligned}$ | CB1/4-75 | ASE | 4700-15-7509 | 1 |
| R14 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, 1/4W, 5\%,33K } \\ & \text { RC103-333 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-33K | ASE | 4700-15-3302 | 1 |
| R15 | RES, C, 1/4W, 5\%, K RC103-510 | CF1/4-1M | ASE | 4700-15-1004 | 1 |
| R17 | RES, C, $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, 5 \%, 8.2 \mathrm{~K}$ RC103-282 | CF1/4-8.2K | ASE | 4700-15-8201 | 1 |
| R18 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, } 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, 5 \%, 15 \mathrm{~K} \\ & \text { RC103- } 315 \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-15K | ASF | 4700-15-1502 | 1 |
| R19 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, } 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, 5 \%, 1.5 \mathrm{M} \\ & \text { RC103-515 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-1.5M | ASE | 4700-15-1504 | 1 |
| WAVETEK | TITLE | ASSEMBLY NO. |  |  | REV |
| PARTS LIST | 1 MHZ HARMONIC MARKER, M6H-1 | 1114-00-0050 |  |  | E |
| REFERENCE DESIGNATORS | PART DESCRIPTION | $\begin{aligned} & \text { PAGE: } 3 \\ & \text { ORIG-MFGR-PART-NO } \end{aligned}$ | MFGR | WAVETEK NO. | QTY |
| R21 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { POT, 20K } \\ & \text { RP124-320 } \end{aligned}$ | NA2G032S-203MA | A-B | 4610-10-7203 | 1 |
| R22 R23 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, 1/4W, 5\%, 4.7K } \\ & \text { RC103-247 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-4.7K | ASE | 4700-15-4701 | 2 |
| X1 | CRYSTAL X25W xx000-251 | X25W-00.00000 | W-I | 2310-00-0251 | 1 |
| WAVETEK | TITLE | ASSEMBLY NO. |  |  | REV |
| PARTS LIST | 1 MHZ HARMONIC MARKER, M6H-1 | 1114-00-0050 PAGE: 4 |  |  | E |


| REFERENCE DESIGNATORS | PART DESCRIPTION | ORIG-MFGR-PART-NO | MFGR | WAVETEK NO. | QTY |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| C01 C07 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CAP, CER, 47PF, } 1 \mathrm{KV} \\ & \text { CD104-047 } \end{aligned}$ | 60U2J470J | MDC | 1510-10-3470 | 2 |
| C02 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CAP, CER, 330PF, 1KV } \\ & \text { CD104-133 } \end{aligned}$ | 10TCU-T33 | SPR | 1510-10-3331 | 1 |
| C03 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CAP, CER, 120PF, } 1 \mathrm{KV} \\ & \text { CD104-112 } \end{aligned}$ | 10TCU-T12 | SPR | 1510-10-3121 | 1 |
| C04 | $\text { CAP }, F T, 500 \mathrm{PF}, 20 \% 250 \mathrm{~V}$ CF104-150 | 4420-500PF | AER | 1510-30-3501 | 1 |
| C 05 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CAP,VAR, } 3 \cdot 5-13 P F 250 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \text { CV101-013 } \end{aligned}$ | 7S-TRIKO-02-3.5-13: | STR | 1510-70-0130 | 1 |
| C06 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CAP, CER, 15PF, 1KV } \\ & \text { CD101-015 } \end{aligned}$ | $10 \mathrm{TCC}-$ Q15 | APR | 1510-10-0150 | 1 |
| $\mathrm{C08} \mathrm{C09}$ | $\text { CAP, CER, . 001MFD, } 1 \mathrm{KV}$ CD102-210 | 5GAD10 | SPR | 1510-10-1102 | 2 |
| C10 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CAP, CER, } .01 \mathrm{MF}, 100 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \text { CD103-310 } \end{aligned}$ | 68U103M | MDC | 1510-10-2103 | 1 |
| C11 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CAP,F.T., } 6.8 \text { PF } \\ & \text { CF102-R68 } \end{aligned}$ | FA5C-6892 | A-B | 1510-30-1689 | 1 |
| C12 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CAP,F.T., 470PF } \\ & \text { CF101-147 } \end{aligned}$ | FA5C-4712 | A-B | 1510-30-0471 | 1 |
| C13 | CAP, TANT, $10 \mathrm{MF}, 25 \mathrm{~V}$ CE120-010 | 162D106X0025DD2 | SPR | 1510-21-7100 | 1 |
| CR1 | DIODE DG100-821 | 1N82AG | G-I | 4807-01-0082 | 1 |
| WAVETEK | TITLE | ASSEMBLY NO. |  |  | REV |
| PARTS LIST | 10 MHZ HARMONIC MARKER, M6H-10 | 1114-00-0099 |  |  | C |
| REFERENCE DESIGNATORS | PART DESCRIPTION | $\begin{aligned} & \text { PAGE: } 1 \\ & \text { ORIG-MFGR-PART-NO } \end{aligned}$ | MFGR | WAVETEK NO. | QTY |
| J1 J2 | CONN JFOOO-005 | 37JR116-1 | S-C | 2110-03-0002 | 2 |
| L1 L3 | RF CHOKE | CHOKE | W-I | 1819-99-9999 | 2 |
| L2 | FERRITE CHOKE LA009-010 | T1255-2 | HYT | 1810-05-0002 | 1 |
| L4 | FERRITE CHOKE LA009-004 | T1255-1 | HYT | 1810-05-0001 | 1 |
| Q1 | TRANS QA038-541 | 2N3854A | G-E | 4901-03-8541 | 1 |
| Q2 | TRANS QB000-013 | A430 | APX | 4902-00-4300 | 1 |
| Q3 | TRANS QA054-580 | 2N5458 | MOT | 4901-05-4580 | 1 |
| Q4 | TRANS QA050-880 | 2N5088 | MOT | 4901-05-0880 | 1 |
| R01 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, } 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, 5 \%, 47 \mathrm{~K} \\ & \text { RC103-347 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-47K | ASE | 4700-15-4702 | 1 |
| R02 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, 1/4W,5\%, } 56 \\ & \text { RC103-056 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-56 | ASE | 4700-15-5609 | 1 |
| R03 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, 1/4W, 5\%, 1.5K } \\ & \text { RC103-215 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-1.5K | ASE | 4700-15-1501 | 1 |
| R04 R17 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, 1/4W, 5\%, } 100 \\ & \text { RC103-110 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-100 | ASE | 4700-15-1000 | 2 |
| R05 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, 1/ 4W, 5\%, } 75 \\ & \text { RC103-075 } \end{aligned}$ | CR1/4-75 | ASE | 4700-15-7509 | 1 |
| R06 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, } 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, 5 \%, 3.9 \mathrm{~K} \\ & \text { RC103-239 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/43.9K | ASE | 4700-15-3901 | 1 |
| WAVETEK PARTS LIST | TITLE <br> 10 MHZ HARMONIC <br> MARKER, M6H-10 | ASSEMBLY NO. 1114-00-0099 <br> PAGE: 2 |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{REV} \\ & \mathrm{C} \end{aligned}$ |


| REFERENCE DESIGNATORS | PART DESCRIPTION | ORIG-MFGR-PART-NO | MFGR | WAVETEK NO. | QTY |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| R07 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, } C, 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, 5 \%, 470 \\ & \text { RC103-147 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-470 | ASE | 4700-15-4700 | 1 |
| R08 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, 1/4W, 5\%, 33K } \\ & \text { RC103-333 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-33K | ASE | 4700-15-3302 | 1 |
| R09 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, } \mathrm{C}, 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, 5 \%, 1 \mathrm{M} \\ & \text { RC103-510 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-1M | ASE | 4700-15-1004 | 1 |
| R10 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, 1/ 4W, 5\%, 1K } \\ & \text { RC103-210 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-1K | ASE | 4700-15-1001 | 1 |
| R11 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, 1/4W, } 5 \%, 8.2 \mathrm{~K} \\ & \text { RC103-282 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-8.2K | ASE | 4700-15-8201 | 1 |
| R12 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, } 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, 5 \%, 15 \mathrm{~K} \\ & \text { RC103-315 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-15K | ASE | 4700-15-1502 | 1 |
| R13 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, 1/4W,5\%,1.5M } \\ & \text { RC103-515 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-1.5M | ASE | 4700-15-1504 | 1 |
| R14 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, } 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, 5 \%, 10 \mathrm{~K} \\ & \text { RC103-310 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-10K | ASE | 4700-15-1002 | 1 |
| R15 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { POT, 20K } \\ & \text { RP124-320 } \end{aligned}$ | WA2G032S-203MA | A-B | 4610-10-7203 | 1 |
| R16 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, } 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, 5 \%, 100 \mathrm{~K} \\ & \text { RC103-410 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-100K | ASE | 4700-15-1003 | 1 |
| X1 | CRYSTAL, XX000-321 | X32W-00.00000 | W-I | 2310-00-0321 | 1 |
| WAVETEK | TITLE | ASSEMBLY NO. |  |  | REV |
| PARTS LIST | 10 MHZ HARMONIC MARKER, M6H-10 | 1114-00-0099 |  |  | C |
| REFERENCE DESIGNATORS | PART DESCRIPTION | $\begin{aligned} & \text { PAGE: } 3 \\ & \text { ORIG-MFGR-PART-NO } \end{aligned}$ | MFGR | WAVETEK NO. | QTY |
| C01 | CAP, CER, 20PF,1KV CD101-020 | 60 C 0 G 200 J | MDC | 1510-10-0200 | 1 |
| C 02 | CAP, CER, 120PF, 1KV CD104-112 | 10TCU-T12 | SPR | 1510-10-3121 | 1 |
| C03 C07 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CAP, CER, 47PF, 1KV } \\ & \text { CD104-047 } \end{aligned}$ | 60U2J470J | MDC | 1510-10-3470 | 2 |
| C04 | CAP,FT, 500PF, 20\%250V CF104-150 | 4420-500PF | AER | 1510-30-3501 | 1 |
| C05 | CAP,VAR, 3.5-13PF250V CV101-013 | 7S-TRIKO-02-3.5-13 | STR | 1510-70-0130 | 1 |
| C06 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CAP, CER, 15PF, 1KV } \\ & \text { CD101-015 } \end{aligned}$ | 10TCC-Q15 | SPR | 1510-10-0150 | 1 |
| C08 C09 | CAP, CER, .001MFD, 1KV CD102-210 | SGAD10 | SPR | 1510-10-1102 | 2 |
| C10 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CAP, CER, .01MF, 100V } \\ & \text { CD103-310 } \end{aligned}$ | 68U103M | MDC | 1510-10-2103 | 1 |
| C11 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CAP,F.T., } 6.8 \mathrm{PF} \\ & \text { CF102-R68 } \end{aligned}$ | FA5C-6892 | A-B | 1510-30-1689 | 1 |
| C12 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CAP,F.T., 470PF } \\ & \text { CF101-147 } \end{aligned}$ | FA5C-4712 | A-B | 1510-30-0471 | 1 |
| C13 | CAP, TANT, 10MF, 25V CE120-010 | 162D106X0025DD2 | SPR | 1510-21-7100 | 1 |
| CR1 | DIODE DG100-821 | 1N82AG | G-I | 4807-01-0082 | 1 |
| WAVETEK <br> PARTS LIST | TITLE <br> 50 MHZ HARMONIC <br> MARKER, M6H-50 | ASSEMBLY NO. 1114-00-0100 <br> PAGE: 1 |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { REV } \\ & \mathrm{C} \end{aligned}$ |


| REFERENCE DESIGNATORS | PART DESCRIPTION | ORIG-MFGR-PART-NO | MFGR | WAVETEK NO. | QTY |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| J1 J2 | CONN JFOOO-005 | 37JR116-1 | S-C | 2110-03-0002 | 2 |
| L1 L3 | RF CHOKE | CHOKE | W-I | 1819-99-9999 | 2 |
| L2 | FERRITE CHOKE LA009-010 | T1255-2 | HYT | 1810-05-0002 | 1 |
| L4 | FERRITE CHOKE LA009-004 | T1255-1 | HYT | 1810-05-0001 | 1 |
| R01 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, } 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, 5 \%, 47 \mathrm{~K} \\ & \text { RC103-347 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-47K | ASE | 4700-15-4702 | 1 |
| R02 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, 1/4W,5\%, } 56 \\ & \text { RC103-056 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-56 | ASE | 4700-15-5609 | 1 |
| R03 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, } 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, 5 \%, 1.5 \mathrm{~K} \\ & \text { RC103-215 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-1.5K | ASE | 4700-15-1501 | 1 |
| R04 R17 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, } 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, 5 \%, 100 \\ & \text { RC103-110 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-100 | ASE | 4700-15-1000 | 2 |
| R05 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, 1/4W, } 5 \%, 75 \\ & \text { RC103-075 } \end{aligned}$ | CR1/4-75 | ASE | 4700-15-7509 | 1 |
| R06 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, 1/ } 4 \mathrm{~W}, 5 \%, 3.9 \mathrm{~K} \\ & \text { RC103-239 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/43.9K | ASE | 4700-15-3901 | 1 |
| R07 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, } 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, 5 \%, 470 \\ & \text { RC103-147 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-470 | ASE | 4700-15-4700 | 1 |
| R08 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, 1/4W, 5\%, 33K } \\ & \text { RC103-333 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-33K | ASE | 4700-15-3302 | 1 |
| WAVETEK | TITLE | ASSEMBLY NO. |  |  | REV |
| PARTS LIST | 50 MHZ HARMONIC MARKER, M6H-50 | 1114-00-0100 |  |  | C |
| REFERENCE DESIGNATORS | PART DESCRIPTION | $\begin{aligned} & \text { PAGE: } 2 \\ & \text { ORIG-MFGR-PART-NO } \end{aligned}$ | MFGR | WAVETEK NO. | QTY |
| R09 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, 1/4W, } 5 \%, 1 \mathrm{M} \\ & \text { RC103-510 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-1M | ASE | 4700-15-1004 | 1 |
| R10 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, } 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, 5 \%, 1 \mathrm{~K} \\ & \text { RC103-210 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-1K | ASE | 4700-15-1001 | 1 |
| R11 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, 1/ } 4 \mathrm{~W}, 5 \%, 8.2 \mathrm{~K} \\ & \text { RC103-282 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-8.2K | ASE | 4700-15-8201 | 1 |
| R12 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, } 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, 5 \%, 15 \mathrm{~K} \\ & \text { RC103-315 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-15K | ASE | 4700-15-1502 | 1 |
| R13 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, 1/4W,5\%,1.5M } \\ & \text { RC103-515 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-1.5M | ASE | 4700-15-1504 | 1 |
| R14 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, 1/4W, 5\%, 10K } \\ & \text { RC103-310 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-10K | ASE | 4700-15-1002 | 1 |
| R15 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { POT, } 20 \mathrm{~K} \\ & \text { RP124-320 } \end{aligned}$ | WA2G032S-203MA | A-B | 4610-10-7203 | 1 |
| R16 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, } 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, 5 \%, 100 \mathrm{~K} \\ & \text { RC103-410 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-100K | ASE | 4700-15-1003 | 1 |
| X1 | CRYSTAL, XX000-331 | X33W-00.00000 | W-I | 2310-00-0331 | 1 |
| WAVETEK | TITLE | ASSEMBLY NO. |  |  | REV |
| PARTS LIST | 50 MHZ HARMONIC MARKER, M6H-50 | 1114-00-0100 PAGE: 3 |  |  | C |


| REFERENCE DESIGNATORS | PART DESCRIPTION | ORIG-MFGR-PART-NO | MFGR | WAVETEK NO. | QTY |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| C01 | CAP, CER, 47PF, 1KV CD104-047 | 60U2J470J | MDC | 1510-10-3470 | 1 |
| C02 | CAP, CER, 20PF, 1KV CD101-020 | 60 COG 200 J | MDC | 1510-10-0200 | 1 |
| C 03 | CAP, CER, 120PF, 1KV CD104-112 | 10TCU-T12 | SPR | 1510-10-3121 | 1 |
| C04 C09 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CAP,FT, } 500 \mathrm{PF}, 20 \% 250 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \text { CF104-150 } \end{aligned}$ | 4420-500PF | AER | 1510-30-3501 | 2 |
| C 05 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CAP,F.T., 470PF } \\ & \text { CF101-147 } \end{aligned}$ | FA5C-4712 | A-B | 1510-30-0471 | 1 |
| C08 | CAP,VALUE DETERMINED IN CALIBRATION | CAP, TRIM | W-I | 1519-99-9999 | 1 |
| C10 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CAP, CER, .01MF, 100V } \\ & \text { CD103-310 } \end{aligned}$ | 68U103M | MDC | 1510-10-2103 | 1 |
| C11 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CAP, CER, .05MF, } 100 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \text { CD103-350 } \end{aligned}$ | TG-S50 | SPR | 1510-10-2503 | 1 |
| C12 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CAP,F.T., } 6.8 \mathrm{PF} \\ & \text { CF102-R68 } \end{aligned}$ | FA5C-6892 | A-B | 1510-30-1689 | 1 |
| CR1A | DIODE DG000-007 | 5082-2800 | $\mathrm{H}-\mathrm{P}$ | 4809-02-0001 | 1 |
| CR2 | DIODE DG100-821 | 1N82AG | G-I | 4807-01-0082 | 1 |
| J1 J2 | CONN JF000-005 | 37JR116-1 | S-C | 2110-03-0002 | 2 |
| L2 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CHOKE, } 2.2 \mathrm{MH}, 10 \% \\ & \text { LAOO5-R22 } \end{aligned}$ | 08N2R2K | ASE | 1810-03-0229 | 1 |
| WAVETEK | TITLE | ASSEMBLY NO. |  |  | REV |
| PARTS LIST | SING FREQ MKR M6S-3 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1114-00-0045 } \\ & \text { PAGE: } 1 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | A |
| REFERENCE DESIGNATORS | PART DESCRIPTION | ORIG-MFGR-PART-NO | MFGR | WAVETEK NO. | QTY |
| Q1 Q2 | TRANS QA038-541 | 2N3854A | G-E | 4901-03-8541 | 2 |
| R1 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES,C,1/4W,5\%,47K } \\ & \text { RC103-347 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-47K | ASE | 4700-15-4702 | 1 |
| R2 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, 1/4W, } 5 \%, 56 \\ & \text { RC103-056 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-56 | ASE | 4700-15-5609 | 1 |
| R3 R4 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, } 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, 5 \%, 1.5 \mathrm{~K} \\ & \text { RC103-215 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-1.5K | ASE | 4700-15-1501 | 2 |
| R5 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, } 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, 5 \%, 180 \mathrm{~K} \\ & \text { RC103-418 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-180K | ASE | 4700-15-1803 | 1 |
| R6 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, 1/4W,5\%,470K } \\ & \text { RC103-447 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-470K | ASE | 4700-15-4703 | 1 |
| R7 R9 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, 1/4W, 5\%, 10K } \\ & \text { RC103-310 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-10K | ASE | 4700-15-1002 | 2 |
| R8 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { POT, 20K } \\ & \text { RP124-320 } \end{aligned}$ | WA2G032S-203MA | A-B | 4610-10-7203 | 1 |
| X1 | CRYSTAL, XX000-331 | X33W-00.00000 | W-I | 2310-00-0331 | 1 |
| WAVETEK PARTS LIST | TITLE SING FREQ MKR M6S-3 | ASSEMBLY NO. 1114-00-0045 <br> PAGE: 2 |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { REV } \\ & \text { A } \end{aligned}$ |


| REFERENCE DESIGNATORS | PART DESCRIPTION | ORIG-MFGR-PART-NO | MFGR | WAVETEK NO. | QTY |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| C1 | CAP,FILM, 10KPF,160V CP105-310 | SXM110 | MAL | 1510-60-5103 | 1 |
| C2 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CAP, CER, 10PF, } 1 \mathrm{KV} \\ & \text { CD101-010 } \end{aligned}$ | 10TCC-Q10 | SPR | 1510-10-0100 | 1 |
| C3 | CAP, CER,F.T. 1000PF CF112-210 | 54-794-010-102P | SPEC | 1510-30-8102 | 1 |
| C4 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CAP,F.T., } 6.8 \mathrm{PF} \\ & \text { CF102-R68 } \end{aligned}$ | FA5C-6892 | A-H | 1510-30-1689 | 1 |
| CR1 CR2 CR3 | DIODE DG109-140 | 1N4148 | FCD | 4807-01-0914 | 3 |
| IC1 | IC, 8 PIN, ICOOO-008 | LM301-AN | NAT | 7000-03-0100 | 1 |
| R1 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { POT, 20K } \\ & \text { RP124-320 } \end{aligned}$ | WA2G032S-203MA | A-B | 4610-10-7203 | 1 |
| R2 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, C, } 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, 5 \%, 56 \mathrm{~K} \\ & \text { RC103-356 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-56K | ASE | 4700-15-5602 | 1 |
| R3 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES.C.1/4W, } 5 \% .150 \\ & \text { RC103-115 } \end{aligned}$ | CF1/4-150 | ASE | 4700-15-1500 | 1 |
| R4 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, MF, 1/ } 8 \mathrm{~W}, 1 \%, 47.5 \mathrm{~K} \\ & \text { RF213-475 } \end{aligned}$ | MF55K-47.5K | ASE | 4701-03-4752 | 1 |
| R5 | RES, MF, 1/8W.1\%, 47. 7K RF213-487 | MF $55 \mathrm{~K}-48.7 \mathrm{~K}$ | ASE | 4701-03-4872 | 1 |
| R6 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RES, MF, } 1 / 8 \mathrm{~W}, 1 \%, 46.4 \mathrm{~K} \\ & \text { RF213-464 } \end{aligned}$ | MF 55K-46.4K | ASE | 4701-03-4642 | 1 |
| WAVETEK <br> PARTS LIST | TITLE <br> 1 KHZ SQR WAVE MODULATOR, M6Z-1 | ASSEMBLY NO. 1114-00-0150 |  |  | REV |

PART NUMBER - NATI(TM11-6625-2955-14\&P
CROSS REFERENCE INDEX

| PART |  | NATIONAL STOCK | PART |  | NATIONAL STOCK |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| NUMBER | FSCM | NUMBER | NUMBER | FSCM | NUMBER |
| A430 | 25403 | 5961-00-139-2398 |  |  |  |
| CB1001 | 01121 | 5905-00-107-0656 |  |  |  |
| CB1031 | 01121 | 5905-00-755-2613 |  |  |  |
| CB1061 | 01121 | 5905-00-497-5613 |  |  |  |
| CB2251 | 01121 | 5905-00-004-4164 |  |  |  |
| CB4721 | 01121 | 5905-00-809-8029 |  |  |  |
| CB4755 | 01121 | 5905-00-498-6062 |  |  |  |
| CB4765 | 01121 | 5905-00-905-6631 |  |  |  |
| EB3615 | 01121 | 5905-00-807-7504 |  |  |  |
| K5-001-00/3B | 02114 | 5950-00-813-0567 |  |  |  |
| LM723CH | 27014 | 5962-00-403-4534 |  |  |  |
| 02-06-1103 | 27264 | 5999-00-338-9879 |  |  |  |
| 03-06-1041 | 27264 | 5935-00-026-9402 |  |  |  |
| 03-06-1151 | 27264 | 5935-00-372-0549 |  |  |  |
| 03-06-2042 | 27264 | 5935-00-482-2278 |  |  |  |
| 03-06-2151 | 27264 | 5935-01-017-8170 |  |  |  |
| 2N3644 | 07263 | 5961-00-103-3981 |  |  |  |
| 2N4250 | 07263 | 5961-00-021-7849 |  |  |  |











FIGURE FO-10 HARMONIC MARKER (5-50 MHZ)

## Official:

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## Major General, United States Army

The Adjutant General

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FtGordon(10)
Ft Carson (5)
Army Dep(1)except
LBAD (14)
SAAD (30)
TOAD (14)
SHAD(3)
Ft Gillem (10)
USADep (1)
Sig SecUSA Dep (1)
FtRichardson (CERCOMOfe)(2)
Units org under folTOE:
29-207(2)
29-610(2)
NG: NONE
USAR: NONE
For explanations of abbreviations used see AR 310-50



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Electronics Materiel Readiness CommandATTN: DRSEL-ME-MQ
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```


# THE METRIC SYSTEM AND EQUIVALENTS 

NEAR MEASURE

Centimeter $=10$ Millimeters $=0.01$ Meters $=0.3937$ Inches 1 Meter $=100$ Centimeters $=1000$ Millimeters $=39.37$ Inches 1 Kilometer $=1000$ Meters $=0.621$ Miles

## '/EIGHTS

Gram $=0.001$ Kilograms $=1000$ Milligrams $=0.035$ Ounces $1 \mathrm{Kilogram}=1000$ Grams $=2.2 \mathrm{lb}$.
1 Metric Ton =1000 Kilograms = 1 Megagram =1.1 Short Tons

## LIQUID MEASURE

1 Milliliter $=0.001$ Liters $=0.0338$ Fluid Ounces
1 Liter $=1000$ Milliliters $=33.82$ Fluid Ounces

## SQUARE MEASURE

1 Sq. Centimeter $=100$ Sq. Millimeters $=0.155$ Sq. Inches 1 Sq . Meter $=10,000 \mathrm{Sq}$. Centimeters $=10.76 \mathrm{Sq}$. Feet
1 Sq. Kilometer $=1,000,000 \mathrm{Sq}$. Meters $=0.386 \mathrm{Sq}$. Miles

## CUBIC MEASURE

1 Cu . Centimeter $=1000 \mathrm{Cu}$. Millimeters $=0.06 \mathrm{Cu}$. Inches 1 Cu. Meter $=1,000,000 \mathrm{Cu}$. Centimeters $=35.31 \mathrm{Cu}$. Feet

## TEMPERATURE

$59\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}-32\right)={ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
$212^{\circ}$ Fahrenheit is evuivalent to $100^{\circ}$ Celsius
$90^{\circ}$ Fahrenheit is equivalent to $32.2^{\circ}$ Celsius
$32^{\circ}$ Fahrenheit is equivalent to $0^{\circ} \mathrm{Celsius}$
$9 / 5 \mathrm{C}^{\circ}+32=^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$

## APPROXIMATE CONVERSION FACIORS

| TO CHANGE | TO | MULTIPLY BY |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Inches | Centimeters | 2.540 |
| Feet | Meters | 0.305 |
| Yards | Meters. | 0.914 |
| Miles | Kilometers. | 1.609 |
| Square Inches | Square Centimeters | 6.451 |
| Square Feet . . | Square Meters.... | 0.093 |
| Square Yards | Square Meters | 0.836 |
| Square Miles | Square Kilometers | 2.590 |
| Acres | Square Hectometers | 0.405 |
| Cubic Feet | Cubic Meters ..... | 0.028 |
| Cubic Yards | Cubic Meters | 0.765 |
| Fluid Ounces | Milliliters.. | 29.573 |
| its | Liters. | 0.473 |
| arts. | Liters. | 0.946 |
| , allons | Liters. | 3.785 |
| Ounces | Grams | 28.349 |
| Pounds | Kilograms | 0.454 |
| Short Tons | Metric Tons | 0.907 |
| Pound-Feet | Newton-Meters | 1.356 |
| Pounds per Square Inch | Kilopascals | 6.895 |
| Miles per Gallon........ | Kilometers per Liter | 0.425 |
| Miles per Hour . | Kilometers per Hour | 1.609 |
| TO CHANGE | TO | MULTIPLY BY |
| Centimeters | Inches | 0.394 |
| Meters. | Feet | 3.280 |
| Meters. | Yards | 1.094 |
| Kilometers | Miles | 0.621 |
| Square Centimeters | Square Inches | 0.155 |
| Square Meters..... | Square Feet... | 10.764 |
| Square Meters. | Square Yards | 1.196 |
| Square Kilometers. | Square Miles. | 0.386 |
| Square Hectometers | Acres | 2.471 |
| Cubic Meters | Cubic Feet | 35.315 |
| Cubic Meters | Cubic Yards. | 1.308 |
| Milliliters | Fluid Ounces | 0.034 |
| Liters... | Pints......... | 2.113 |
| Liters. | Quarts. | 1.057 |
| 'ers. | Gallons | 0.264 |
| ms. | Ounces | 0.035 |
| . Ograms | Pounds | 2.205 |
| Metric Tons | Short Tons | 1.102 |
| Newton-Meters | Pounds-Feet | 0.738 |
| Kilopascals | Pounds per Square In | 0.145 |
| ${ }^{-1}$ ometers per Liter | Miles per Gallon.... | 2.354 |
| meters per Hour. | Miles per Hour. . | 0.621 |

PIN: 044436-000

