TECHNICAL MANUAL

OPERATOR'S, ORGANIZATIONAL, DIRECT SUPPORT AND GENERAL SUPPORT MAINTENANCE MANUAL<br>INCLUDING REPAIR PARTS AND SPECIAL TOOLS LISTS<br>FOR<br>GENERATOR, SIGNAL SG-1122/U<br>(HEWLETT-PACKARD MODEL 8443A and 8443B) (NSN 6625-00-155-5990)

This copy is a reprint which includes current pages from Changes 1 through 3.

WARNING
Remove the power cord from the Model 8443A/B before removing the board. Voltages are still present when the instrument is placed in standby. Voltages are present in this instrument, when energized, which can cause death on contact.

NOTE

Users of this manual are advised to consult Section VII and Appendix B which contains errors and changes in text and illustrations. The user should correct the errors and perform the changes as indicated and needed.


## OPERATOR'S, ORGANIZATIONAL, DIRECT SUPPORT, AND GENERAL SUPPORT MAINTENANCE MANUAL SIGNAL GENERATOR SG-1 122/U (NSN 6625-00-155-5990)

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No. 2
Washington, DC, 1 June 1987

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## $+$

SAFETY STEPS TO FOLLOW IF SOMEONE IS THE VICTIM OF ELECTRICAL SHOCK

## 2

IF POSSIBLE, TURN OFF THE ELECTRICAL POWER


IF YOU CANNOT TURN OFF THE ELECTRICAL POWER, PULL, PUSH OR LIFT THE PERSON TO SAFETY USING A DRY WOODEN POLE OR A DRY ROPE OR SOME OTHER INSULATING MATERIAL
4 SEND FOR HELP AS SOON AS POSSIBLE

AFTER THE INJURED PERSON IS FREE OF CONTACT WITH THE SOURCE OF ELECTRICAL SHOCK, MOVE THE PERSON A SHORT DISTANCE AWAY AND IMMEDIATELY START ARTIFICIAL RESUSCITATION

## TRACKING GENERATOR/COUNTER 8443A

Serial Numbers Prefixed: 955-, 964-, 1049A, 1145A, 1217A

This manual applies directly to HP Model 8443A Tracking Generator/Counters having the serial number prefixes listed above.

## NOTE

For Tracking Generator/Counters having serial number prefix 1145A and below, see Section VII, Manual Changes.

## NOTE

For Tracking Generator/Counters having serial number prefix 1217 A 00786 and above, see Appendix B, Difference Data Sheets.

TRACKING GENERATOR 8443B
Serial Numbers Prefixed: 0973A, 1142A, 1228A

This manual applies directly to HP Model 8443B Tracking Generators having the serial number prefixes listed above.

## NOTE

For Tracking Generators having serial number prefix 1142A and below, see Section VII, Manual Changes.

## NOTE

For Tracking Generators having serial number prefix 1228A00151 and above, see Appendix B, Difference Data Sheets.

## CERTIFICATION

The Hewlett-Packars Company certifies that this instrument was thoroughly tested and inspected and found to meet its published specifications when it was shipped from the factory. The Hewlett-Packard Company further certifies that its calibration measurements are traceable to the U.S. National Bureau of Standards to the extent allowed by the Bureau's calibration facilities, or to the calibration facilities of other International Standards Organization members.

## WARRANTY AND ASSISTANCE

This Hewlett-Packard product is warranted against defects in materials and workmanship. This warranty applies for one year from the date of delivery. HewlettPackard will repair or replace products which prove to be defective during the warranty period provided they are returned to Hewlett-Packard. No other warranty is expressed or implied. We are not liable for consequential damages. Service contracts or customer assistance agreements are available for Hewlett-Packard products that require maintenance and repair on-site. For any assistance, contact your nearest HewlettPackard Sales and Service Office. Addresses are provided at the back of this manual.

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Technical Manual
HEADQUARTERS
DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
No. 11-6625-2858-14\&P
Washington, DC, 16 October 1981

## OPERATOR'S, ORGANIZATIONAL, DIRECT SUPPORT, AND GENERAL SUPPORT <br> MAINTENANCE MANUAL <br> FOR <br> SIGNAL GENERATOR SG-1122/U <br> (NSN-6625-00-155-5990)

## REPORTING OF ERRORS AND RECOMMENDING IMPROVEMENTS

You can help improve this manual. If you find any mistakes or if you know of a way to improve the procedures, please let us know. Mail your letter, DA Form 2028 (Recommended Changes to Publications and Blank Forms), or DA Form 2028-2 located in the back of this manual direct to: Commander, US Army Communications-Electronics Command and Fort Monmouth, ATTN: AMSEL-ME-MP, Fort Monmouth, NJ 07703-5000.
A reply will be furnished you.

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This manual is an authentication of the manufacturer's commercial literature which, through usage, has been found to cover the data required to operate and maintain this equipment. Since the manual was not prepared in accordance with military specifications and AR 310-3, the format has not been structured to consider levels of maintenance.

## Change 1 i

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## Section 0

## INTRODUCTION

## 0-1. Scope.

This manual contains instructions for the operator, organizational, direct support and general support maintenance manuals for the SG-1122/U Generator, Signal. Throughout this manual the SG-1122/U is referred to as the 8443A and 8443B.

## 0-2. Consolidated Index of Army Publications and Blank Forms.

Refer to the latest issue of DA Pam 310-1 to determine whether there are new editions, changes, or additional publications pertaining to the equipment.

## 0-3. Maintenance Forms, Records, and Reports.

a. Report of Maintenance and Unsatisfactory Equipment. Department of the Army forms and procedures used for equipment maintenance will be those prescribed by DA PAM 738-750 as contained in Maintenance Management Update.
b. Report of Packaging and Handling Deficiencies. Fill out and forward SF 364 (Report of Discrepancy (ROD)) as prescribed in AR 735-11-2/DLAR 4140.55/NAVMATINST 4355.73B/AFR $400-54 / \mathrm{MCO}$ 4430.3H
c. Discrepancy in Shipment Report (DISREP) (SF 361). Fill out and forward Discrepancy in Shipment Report (SF 361) as prescribed in AR 55-38/ NAVSUPINST 4610.33C/ AFR 75-18/ MCO P4610.19D/ DLAR 4500.15.

0-4. Reporting Equipment Improvement Recommendations (EIR).

If your Signal Generator needs improvement, let us
know. Send us an EIR. You, the user, are the only one who can tell us what you don't like about the design. Put it on an SF 368 (Quality Deficiency Report). Mail it to Commander, US Army Communications-Electronics Command and Fort Monmouth, ATTN: AMSEL-PA-MAD, Fort Monmouth, New Jersey 07703-5000. We'll send you a reply.

## 0-5. Administrative Storage.

The Generator SG-1122/U can be stored in stockrooms, warehouses or other protected facilities. The equipment should be protected from excessive humidity, sand, dust, and chemical contaminants. Before putting the SG1122/U into administrative storage, make the following preparations:
a. Perform all Operator's Checks given in Figure 33 and assure that the unit is completely operable before storing.
b. If the original packing material is not available, follow the instructions in paragraph 2-23
c. Store the equipment indoors, protected from elements. Maintain the equipment at moderate temperatures and humidity.

## 0-6. Destruction of Army Electronics Material.

Destruction of Army electronics materiel to prevent enemy use shall be in accordance with TM 750-244-2.

## 0-7. Warranty Information.

(See MIL-M-63038B, para 3.2.3.1.8).

Change 1 0-1


8443A TRACKING GENERATOR/COUNTER


B4439 TRACKING GENERATOR


HACK MOUNTING KIT


Figure 1-1. Models 8443A Tracking Generator/ Counter, 8443B Tracking Generator, and Accessories.

## SECTION I <br> GENERAL INFORMATION

## 1-1. INTRODUCTION

1-2. This manual contains all information required to install, operate, test adjust and service the Hewlettpackard Model 8443A Tracking Generator/ Counter and the Model 8443B Tracking Generator. This section covers instrument identification, description, options, accessories, specifications and other basic information.

1-3. Figure 1-1 shows the 8443A and 8443B with the supplied accessories.

1-4. The various sections in this manual provide information as follows:
a. SECTION II. INSTALLATION, provides information relative to incoming inspection, power requirements, mounting, packing and shipping, etc.
b. SECTION III, OPERATION, provides information relative to operating the instrument.
c. SECTION IV PERFORMANCE TESTS, provides information required to ascertain that the instrument is performing in accordance with published specificaitons.
d. SECTION V , ADJUSTMENTS, provides information required to properly adjust and align the instrument after repairs are made.
e. SECTION VI.S PARTS LISTS, provides ordering information for all replaceable parts and assemblies.
f. SECTION VII, MANUAL CHANGES, provides manual back-dating information.
g. SECTION VIII. SERVICE, includes all information required to service the instrument.

## 1-5. INSTRUMENTS COVERED BY MANUAL

1-6. Hewlett-Packard instruments carry a ten digit serial number (see Figure 1-2) on the back panel. When the prefix on the serial number plate of your instrument is the same as one of the prefix numbers on the inside title page of this manual, the manual applies directly to the instrument. When the instrument serial number prefix is
not listed on the inside title page of initial issue, manual change sheets and manual up-dating information are provided. Later editions or revisions to the manual will contain the required change information in Section VII.

## 1-7. DESCRIPTION

1-8. The Model 8443A/B was designed to be used in conjunction with the Hewlett-Packard 8553/8552 Spectrum Analyzer. The Tracking Generator provides a CW signal which tracks the frequency tuning of the spectrum analyzer or restores the Spectrum Analyzer input signal.

1-9. As implied by the instrument name, the Model 8443A also includes a counter section. The counter section may be used to count the output frequency of the tracking generator or the frequency of signals generated by external sources (up to better than 120 MHz ). A rear panel connector provides BCD data output from the counter section for use in external equipment such as a recorder.

1-10. The time base for the Model 8443A counter section is a stable oven-contained, crystal-controlled 1 MHz oscillator. Provisions are made to use an external 1 MHz source for the time base if a frequency standard is available. An output from the internal 1 MHz source is also available for use in external equipment if desired.

1-11. The Model 8443A Counter Section may be operated in one of three modes. They are:


Figure 1-2. Instrument Identification

## SPECIFICATIONS

## NOTE

Numbered specifications coincide with numbered performance tests in Section IV

## TRACKING GENERATOR

1. Frequency Range: 100 kHz to 110 MHz . (Output frequency tracks the 8553/8552 Spectrum Analyzer tuning.)
2. Amplitude Range: $<-120 \mathrm{dBm}$ to +10 dBm in 10 and 1 dB steps with a continuous 1.2 dB vernier.
3. Amplitude Accuracy (flatness): $\pm 0.5 \mathrm{~dB}$. Output attenuators 10 dB steps $\pm 0.2 \mathrm{~dB}, 1$ dB steps $\pm 0.1 \mathrm{~dB}$. Absolute: 0 dBm at 30 $\mathrm{MHz} \pm 0.3 \mathrm{~dB}$.
4. Output Impedance: 50 ohms, AC coupled, reflection coefficient <0.09 (1.2 SWR); output $<0 \mathrm{dBm}$.

## *COUNTER

Modes:
Marker: Counter reads frequency at marker position on the Spectrum Analyzer Display. Scan Hold: Scan starts at left edge of display and stops at marker. Counter measures frequency continually. External: Counter measures frequency of signal at counter input.
5. Measurement Range: 100 kHz to 110 MHz . Display; 7 digits with 1 digit overrange.
6. Resolution (gate time): $1 \mathrm{kHz}(1 \mathrm{mS}), 100$ $\mathrm{Hz}(10 \mathrm{mS})$ and $10 \mathrm{~Hz}(100 \mathrm{mS})$.
7. Accuracy: $\pm 1$ count $\pm$ time base accuracy.
8. Time Base Aging Rate: $<3 \times 10-9$ per day. ( $0.3 \mathrm{~Hz} /$ day ) after warmup.
9. Time Base Temperature Drift: $<3 \times 10-8$ $(3 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ) variation, 0 to 55 C .

## Function:

Restore Signal: Counter reads frequency of an unknown signal to counter accuracy when marker is placed anywhere on signal response. Typically 15 dB signal-to-noise ratio required for restored operation.

Track Analyzer: RF OUTPUT tracks spectrum analyzer tunging for swept frequency at marker on spectrum analyzer CRT.

## External Inputs:

10. Counter: 10 kHz to $120 \mathrm{MHz}, 50$ ohms, 10 dBm minimum, +25 dBm maximum.
11. Time Base: $1 \mathrm{MHz}, 40$ ohms, 1 Vrms minimum.

## Auxiliary Outputs:

12. Time Base: $1 \mathrm{MHz}, 1 \mathrm{~V}$ rms nominal.
13. Digital Frequency Output: 8,4,2,1, code positive logic.

## GENERAL

Temperature Range: Operation 0 to 550C, storage, -40 to +750 C . Power: 115 V or 230 V, $48440 \mathrm{~Hz}, 75$ watts. (When the instrument is in standby power consumption is 30 watts.) RFI: Meets or exceeds MIL-I6181D.

DIMENSIONS: $18-3 / 4 \mathrm{~L} \times 16-3 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \times 3-7 / 8 \mathrm{H}$.
WEIGHT: $24 \mathrm{lbs}, 5 \mathrm{oz}$. ( $11,02 \mathrm{~kg}$ )

* 8443A only
a. EXTERNAL. For use in measuring frequency of external signals not related to the Model 8443A or the Spectrum Analyzer.
b. MARKER. In this mode the scan ramp of the Spectrum Analyzer is stopped momentarily at a point determined by the Model 8443A MARKER POSITION control. At the point where the scan is stopped a bright marker appears on the analyzer display CRT. Simultaneously, the RF OUTPUT frequency from the Tracking Generator is counted by the Model 8443A Counter. If the FUNCTION switch is set to TRACK ANALYZER, the counter frequency indicates marker frequency, independent of Spectrum Analyzer input signal frequency. If the FUNCTION switch is set to RESTORE SIGNAL, the counter indicates the Spectrum Analyzer input signal frequency (as long as the marker is placed on the signal response).
c. SCAN HOLD. in this mode operational sequence is similar to the MARKER mode except that when the scan is stopped it will not restart until the operator changes the mode of operation. The counter will count continually in the SCAN HOLD mode. The marker position may be controlled manually by the MARKER POSITION control to measure the frequency at any point on the CRT.

1-12. A three-position RESOLUTION control on the Model 8443A provides counter readouts (in MHz) to accuracies of $10 \mathrm{~Hz}, 100 \mathrm{~Hz}$ and 1 kHz .

1-13. The output of the Model $8443 \mathrm{~A} / \mathrm{B}$ is level $( \pm 0.5 \mathrm{~dB})$ from 100 kHz to 110 MHz . The output level may be adjusted, by means of three front panel controls, to any level between +10 dBm and -123.2 dBm .

1-14. Complete specifications for the Model 8443A/B are provided in Table 1-1.

## 1-15. COMPATIBILITY

## 1-16. Spectrum Analyzer RF Section

1-17. 8553L. The HP Model 8553L that does not have the TG-1 modification installed requires a modification to provide compatibility with the Model 8443B and the Model 8443A. Modification kit part number is 085536065; after modification, the unit is designated 8553L-TG-2.

NOTE
The TG labels should be on the rear panel next to the serial number.

1-18. The HP Model 8553L that has the TG-1 modification installed requires an additional modification
to provide compatibility with the Model 8443A with serial numbers prefix 1217A and above. The modification kit part number is 08553-60142; after modification, the unit is designated $8553 \mathrm{~L}-\mathrm{TG}-2$.

1-19. 8553B. The HP Model 8553B with serial number prefix 1215A and above is fully compatible with the Model 8443A/B. The Model 8553B with serial number prefix 1144 A and below requires a modification to provide compatibility with the Model 8443A with serial number prefix 1217A and above. The modification kit part number is 08553-60142; after modification, the unit is designated 8553B-TG-2.

## 1-20. Spectrum Analyzer IF Section

1-21. 8552A. The HP Model 8552A with serial number prefix 1213A and above is fully compatible with the Model 8443A/B. The Model 8552A with serial number prefix 945and below that does not have the TG-1 modification installed requires a modification to provide compatibility with the Model 8443B and the Model 8443A. The modification kit part number is $08552-6060$; after modification, the unit is designated 8552A-TG-2.

1-22. The HP Model 8552A with serial number prefix 1144A and below that has the TG-1 modification installed requires an additional modification to provide compatibility with the Model 8443A with serial number prefix 1217A and above. The modification kit part number is 08552-60159; after modification, the unit is designated 8552A-TG-2.

1-23. 8552B. The HP Model 8552B with serial number prefix 1210A and above is fully compatible with the Model 8443A/B. The Model 8552B with serial number prefix 1209A and below requires a modification to provide compatibility with the Model 8443A with serial number prefix 1217A and above. The modification kit part number is 08552-60159; after modification, the unit is designated 8552B-TG-2.

## 1-24. Spectrum Analyzer Display Section

1-25. Display section models 140A, 140S, 141A and 141S all require HP modification kit number 0014069504 to provide compatibility with the Model 8443A/B
$1-26$. Display section models 140 T and 141T are compatible with the Model 8443A/B.

## 1-27. ACCESSORIES SUPPLIED

$1-28$. The following accessories are provided with the Model 8443A/B:
a. An interconnecting cable for use between the Spectrum Analyzer and the 8443A/B (HP 08443-60009). (See Figure 3-2.)
b. A power cable (HP 8120-1348).
c. A rack mounting kit (HP 5060-8739).
d. A joining bracket kit (HP 5060-8543).

## 1-29. ACCESSORIES NOT SUPPLIED

1-30. A Service Kit, HP part number 08443-60011 is recommended for maintenance purposes. An HP 562A16C Interface Cable can be used to connect
the 8443A/B BCD output to an HP 5050 Digital Recorder.

## 1-31. WARRANTY

1-32. Certification and Warranty information for the Model 8443A/B appears on the inside front cover of this manual.

## 1-33. TEST EQUIPMENT AND ACCESSORIES REQUIRED

1-34. Table 1-2 lists test equipment and accessories recommended to service the Model 8443A/B.

Table 1-2. Test Equipment and Accessories

| Item | Minimum Specifications | Suggested Model |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Digital Voltmeter | Voltage Accuracy: $\pm 0.2 \%$ <br> Range Selection: Manual or Automatic Voltage Range: 1-1000 Vdc full scale <br> Input Impedance: 10 megohms <br> Polarity: Automatic Indication | HP 3480A Digital Voltmeter with HP 3482A Plug-in |
| Oscilloscope <br> Spectrum Analyzer | Frequency Range: dc to 50 MHz <br> Time Base: 1 us/div to $10 \mathrm{~ms} /$ div <br> Time Base Accuracy: $\pm 3 \%$ <br> Dual Channel, Alternate Operation <br> Ac or dc Coupling <br> External Sweep Mode <br> Voltage Accuracy: $\pm 3 \%$ <br> Sensitivity: $0.020 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{div}$ <br> Frequency Range: 0-100 MHz <br> Scan Width: 10 MHz | ```HP 180A with HP 1804A Vertical Amplifier and HP 1821A Horizontal Ampli- fier HP 10004 10:1 Divider HP 10004 10:1 Divider HP 8443/8552/141S Spec- trum Analyzer``` |
| VHF Signal Generator | Frequency Range: $40-455 \mathrm{MHz}$ Frequency Accuracy: $\pm 1 \%$ Output Amplitude: $>-20 \mathrm{dBm}$ Output Impedance: 50 ohms | HP $608 \mathrm{E} / \mathrm{F}$ VHF Signal Gen- erator |
| Frequency Counter <br> Tunable RF Volt- | Frequency Range. $100 \mathrm{kHz}-300$ MHz <br> Accuracy: $\pm 0.001 \%$ <br> Sensitivity: 100 mVrms <br> Readout Digits: 7 digits <br> Bandwidth 1 kHz | HP-5245L Frequency Counter <br> HP 8405A Vector Voltmeter |
| meter | Frequency Range: 1-1000 MHz Sensitivity: $10 \mathrm{mV}-1 \mathrm{Vrms}$ Input Impedance: $\geq, 0.1$ megohms |  |

Table 1-2. Test Equipment and Accessories (cont'd)

| Item | Minimum Specifications | Suggested Model |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Three-Port Mixer | Frequency Range: 0.2-500 MHz Impedance: 50 ohms | HP 10514A Mixer (2) |
| Power Supply | Connectors: Female BNC on all ports Input Power: 5 mW nominal <br> Output Voltage: Variable, 0-30 Vdc | HP 6217A Power Supply |
|  | Output Current: $0--400 \mathrm{~mA}$ Meter Resolution: $<5 \mathrm{mV}$ |  |
| Spectrum Anatyzer <br> Digital to Analog Converter/Recorder | Accuracy: 5\% of full scale <br> Command Pulse: $\pm 20 \mu \mathrm{sec}$ or greater, 6 to 20 volts <br> Recorder: Response time < $1 / 2$ second or less | HP-8554/8552/140 Spectrum <br> Analyzer <br> HP 581A Option 01 with HP 680A |
| Recorder | Accuracy: Better than 0.2\% full scale Std. 5" roll chart: 50 minor | HP 9270-1012 |
| Paper <br> Amplifier | divisions <br> Frequency Range: dc to 1 MHz Accuracy: $\pm 0.3 \%$ from dc to 10 kHz | HP 467A |
| Quartz Oscillator | Distortion: <0.01\% below 1 kHz <br> Output Frequencies: $5 \mathrm{MHz}, 1 \mathrm{MHz}$, 100 kHz | HP 105B |
| Frequency Synthesizer | Stability: <5 X $10^{-10}$ per day <br> Output Frequency: 100 kHz to 500 MHz <br> Digital Frequency Selection: 0.1 Hz through 100 MHz per step, $20 \mu \mathrm{sec}$ selection time | HP 5101A/5110B |
| Attenuator Standard RF Amplifier | Range: 120 dB in 10 dB steps <br> Accuracy: $\pm 0.01 \mathrm{~dB}$ <br> 20 dB or 40 dB gain -1 kHz to 150 | HP H38-355D <br> HP 461A |
| RF Crystal Detector | 0.1 MHz to 110 MHz , 50 ohms | HP 8471A |
| Temperature Controlled Oven | Adjustable from $0^{\circ}$ to $+55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |
| Test Oscillator | 10 Hz to $10 \mathrm{MHz}, 3.16 \mathrm{~V}$ max into $50 \Omega$ | HP 651B |
| Digital Recorder | 8-4-2-1 input positive logic Eight column printout | HP 5050B |
| AC Voltmeter | 0.5 V to 300 full scale Frequency Range: 20 Hz to 4 MHz | HP 400D/E/F/H |

Table 1-2. Test Equipment and Accessories (cont'd)

| Item | Minimum Specifications | Suggested Model |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Service Kit | Contents: <br> 12 Pin extender board (HP 5060-5915) <br> 6 Pin extender board (HP 5060-5914) <br> 22 Pin extender board (HP 5060-0630) <br> Coax Adapter, Selectro plug to BNC jack (HP 1250-1236) <br> Coax Adapter, Selectro jack to BNC jack (HP 1250-1237 <br> Oscilloscope probe Adapters (4 each) (HP 10035-53202) <br> Alignment Screwdriver (HP | HP 08443-60011 Service Kit |
| Variable Voltage Transformer | Range: 102-127 Vac <br> Voltmeter Range: 103-127 Vac +1 volt | General Radio W5NMT3A or Superior Electric UC1M |
| Cable Assembly (4) | Male BNC Connectors, 48 inches long | HP 10503A |
| Soldering Iron | 47-1/2 watt | Ungar \#776 with p4037 Heating Unit |
| X-Y Recorder | $1,10,100 \mathrm{mV} / \mathrm{in}$; 1 and $10 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{in}$ continuous vernier between range | HP 7035B |
| Attenuator Standard | Range: 1.2 dB in 0.1 dB steps Accuracy: 0.01 dB | HP H38-355C |

## SERVICE KIT



Figure 1-3. Service Kit Required for Maintenance

## SECTION II INSTALLATION

## 2-1. INITIAL INSPECTION

## 2-2. Mechanical Check

$2-3$. Check the shipping carton for evidence of damage immediately after receipt. If there is any visible damage to the carton, request the carrier's agent to be present when the instrument is unpacked. Inspect the Model 8443A/B for physical damage such as bent or broken parts and dents or scratches. If damage is found refer to paragraph $2-6$ for recommended claim procedures. If the Model 8443A/B appears undamaged, perform the electrical check (see paragraph 2-4) The packaging material should be retained for possible future use.

## 2-4. Electrical Check

2-5. The electrical performance check consists of following the procedures listed in paragraphs 4-10 to 422. These procedures allow the operator to determine that the instrument is, or is not, operating within the specifications listed inTable 1-1. The initial performance and accuracy of the instrument are certified as stated on the inside front cover of this manual. If the Model 8443A/B does not operate as specified, refer to paragraph 2-6 for the recommended claim procedure.

## 2-6. DELETED.

## 2-7. DELETED.

## 2-8. DELETED.

## 2-9. PREPARATION FOR USE CAUTION

Before applying power check the rear panel slide switch for proper position (115 or 230 volts).

## 2-10. Power Requirements

2-11. The model 8443A/B may be operated on 115 or 230 volts ac $+10 \%$ at 48 to 440 cycles, single phase Power required is 75 watts. The $115 / 230$ volt slide switch on the rear of the instrument must be in the correct position to avoid damage to the instrument. When shipped, the instrument is set for 115 volt ac operation.

## 2-12. Power Cable

2-13. To protect operating personnel, the National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA) recommends that the instrument panel and cabinet be grounded. This instrument is equipped with a detachable three-conductor power cable which, when plugged into an appropriate receptacle, grounds the instrument. The offset pin on the power cable threeprong connector is the ground connection. When using a three-prong to two-prong adapter the ground lead on the adapter should be grounded to retain the safety feature.

## 2-14. Operating Environment

2-15. The Model 8443B does not require forced air cooling when operating at temperatures form 0 to 550C ( 32 to $131^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ ). Normal air circulation will maintain a reasonable temperature within the instrument. The 8443 A is equipped with a fan which is capable of keeping the instrument ambient temperature within reasonable limits when the instrument is operated at temperatures between $0^{\circ}$ to $550 \mathrm{C}\left(32^{\circ}\right.$ to 1310 F )

## 2-16. Bench Operation

2-17. The Model 8443A/B cabinet has plastic feet and a foldaway tilt stand for convenience in bench operation. The tilt stand permits inclining the instrument for ease in viewing the frequency readout. The plastic feet are shaped to provide clearance for air circulation and to make modular cabinet width instruments self-aligning when stacked. The instrument may also be rack mounted. A joining bracket kit is provided to assure a common ground between the Model 8443A/B and the Spectrum Analyzer.

2-18. DELETED.

## 2-19. DELETED.

## 2-20. DELETED.

## 2-21. DELETED.

2-22. In any correspondence refer to the instrument by model number and full serial number.

## $\mathbf{2 - 2 3}$. Other Packaging Materials

$2-24$. The following general instructions should be used for repackaging with commercially available materials.
a. Wrap the instrument in heavy paper or plastic. (If shipping to a Hewlett-Packard Service Office or center, attach a tag indicating the type of service required, return address, model number and full serial number.)
b. Use a strong shipping container. A double-wall carton made of 350 pound test material is adequate.
c. Use enough shock-absorbing material (three to four inch layer) around all sides of the instrument to provide firm cushion and prevent movement inside the container. Protect the control panel with cardboard.
d. Seal the shipping container securely.
e. Mark the shipping container FRAGILE to assure careful handling.

## 3-1. INTRODUCTION

3-2. This section provides operating instructions for the HP Model 8443A Tracking Generator/ Counter and the Model 8443B Tracking Generator.

3-3. Operating instructions for the HP Model 8553/8552 Spectrum Analyzer, which must be interconnected with the Model 8443A/B, are not included in this manual except as required in initial setup and operation. The operator should be thoroughly familiar with operation of the Spectrum Analyzer or have the appropriate manual on hand.

## 3-4. PANEL FEATURES

3-5. Front and rear panel controls, indicators and connectors are identified and described in Figures 3-1 and 3-2. For the 8443B, disregard references to the Counter controls; the Tracking Generator controls are the same in both instruments.

## 3-6. OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

3-7. In view of the simplicity of operation of the Model 8443A/B, the Operator's Checks provide adequate information to assure proper operation of the instrument. However, the operator should experiment with the instrument in order to become more familiar with its operation. It should be noted that the output of any device (within the frequency and amplitude range of the analyzer) may be connected to the RF Section RF INPUT and the frequency at any point of the response counted by the Model 8443A. The input to the device under test may be provided by an external signal generator, or by the output of the Tracking Generator itself.

## 3-8. OPERATOR'S CHECKS

3-9. Use the operator's checks in Figure 3-3 to verify proper operation of the instrument's main functions.

## 3-10. SPECIAL FEATURES

3-11. The output of the internal 1 MHz time base reference oscillator is available for use in external equipment at J 4 on the rear of the 8443A.

3-12. An external time base reference signal may be applied to J3 on the rear panel of the Model 8443A. When an external reference signal is used,
the switch located on the top of the A4 Time Base Assembly must be placed in the EXT position.

## 3-13. OPERATOR'S MAINTENANCE

3-14. Operator's maintenance on the Model $8443 \mathrm{~A} / \mathrm{B}$ is limited to fuse replacement and adjustment of the controls indicated in the checkout procedure.

## NOTE

## If maintaining an 8443B, disregard references to the Counter section.

3-15. Adjustment of A7RII on the marker control board should be made only if the condition described in step j of Figure 3-3 exists. To properly adjust A7RII first turn the MARKER POSITION control fully clockwise. Adjust the CTR ADJ control so that the marker appears approximately one minor division from the far right CRT graticule line. Turn the MARKER POSITION control fully counterclockwise. The marker should be two minor division or less from the far left graticule line. Now pull the MARKER POSITION control away from the panel and adjust A7RII to center the marker on the center CRT graticule line.

3-16. Fuse replacement information is provided in Table 3-1.

Table 3-1. Fuse Information

| Designation | Purpose |  | Rating |  |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| F1 | Line Fuse | 2 | amperes |  |
| A15F1 | +175 | Volt Supply | 0.25 | ampere |
| A15F2 | +24 | Volt Supply | 1 | ampere |
| A15F3 | +5.8 | Volt Supply | 2 | amperes |
| A15F4 | +20 | Volt Supply | 1 | ampere |
| A15F5 | -12 | Volt Supply | 1 | ampere |

## 3-17. TRACKING GENERATOR OPERATION

3-18. The Tracking Generator section of the 8443A and the 8443 B is a leveled signal source whose output frequency precisely tracks the Spectrum Analyzer tuning frequency. This output can be used as a source to measure the frequency response of passive and active devices operating within its frequency range.


Figure 3-1. Front Panel Controls, Indicators, and Connectors (1 of 2)
(1) MARKER INTENSITY: adjusts the intensity of the marker that appears on the Spectrum Analyzer's CRT display.
(2) FREQUENCY MHz: display indicates reading of Counter.
(3) MARKER POSITION: when in, sets position of marker on CRT. When out, marker automatically goes to center of CRT display.
(4) CTR ADJ: adjusts position of marker when MARKER POSITION knob is out.
(5) FUNCTION*: controls function of Tracking Generator and Counter.

TRACK ANALYZER: the signal at RF OUTPUT tracks the Spectrum Analyzer's

* Function control not installed on units with serial number prefix 1049A and below. See backdating information in Section VII.
tuning frequency. The Counter reads the frequency at the marker (if MODE is set to MARKER or SCAN HOLD). (This mode is used for frequency response measurements.)

RESTORE SIGNAL: if the marker is placed anywhere on a signal response that appears on the CRT, a restored version of that signal appears at RF OUTPUT (i.e., frequency characteristics are the same, and the amplitude depends upon RF OUTPUT LEVEL controls); also, the COUNTER reads that signal's frequency (if MODE is set to MARKER or SCAN HOLD). If the marker is not placed on a signal response, little or no output appears at RF OUTPUT and any COUNTER reading should be disregarded. (This mode is used to precisely measure the frequency of unknown signals.)

## FRONT PANEL FEATURES

(6) RESOLUTION: sets frequency resolution of Counter
(7) MODE: controls mode of Counter.

EXTERNAL: Counter reads frequency of signal at COUNTER INPUT jack (up to 110 MHz ).

MARKER: Counter reads frequency at marker.

SCAN HOLD: analyzer stops scanning: tuning frequency follows marker, controlled by MARKER POSITION. Counter reads frequency at marker.
(8) COUNTER INPUT: external input to frequency counter. Signal level should be >10 dBm and <+15 dBm. BNC 50 ohm jack.
(9) TRACKING ADJUST: centers tracking signal in IF pass-band of Spectrum Analyzer
(when FUNCTION is set to TRACK ANALYZER).
(10) RF OUTPUT LEVEL dBm: controls set the signal level at the RF OUTPUT jack.

TENS: 10 dB steps from +10 to -110 dB .
UNITS: 1 dB steps from 0 to -12 dB .
TENTHS: 0 to -1.2 dB vernier, calibrated at tenth-dB points.
(11) RF OUTPUT $50 \Omega$ : output for tracking signal. BNC 50 ohm jack.
(12) POWER: when in ON position, it applies power to the circuitry (while lamp lights). When in STBY, it removes power from the circuitry (blue lamp lights), however, power is still applied to Counter reference oscillator heater (8443A only).

Figure 3-1. Front Panel Controls, Indicators, and Connectors (2 of 2)

(1) LINE Power Jack: connection for line power cable.
(2) LINE SELECTOR: used to select 115 of 230 VAC operation.
(3) LINE FUSE: houses line power fuse (fuse value is the same for both voltages).
(4) $\mathbf{1 ~ M H z ~ O U T : ~ o u t p u t ~ f o r ~ i n t e r n a l ~ t i m e ~}$ base signal, 1 Vrms (8443A).
(5) EXT TIME BASE IN: input for external time base signal, $1 \mathrm{MHz},>1 \mathrm{Vrms}$ (8443A).
(6) Interconnection Jack: connects to Spectrum Analyzer Display Section AUX A jack through interconnection cable.
(7) Interconnection Cable: connects to Tracking \Generator/Counter interconnection jack and to Display Section AUX A jack.
(8) DIGITAL OUTPUT: BCD output of Counter indication (8443A).
(9) UNBLANKED/BLANKED: in UNBLANKED position, all seven digits are always lit. In BLANKED position, insignificant zeros to the left of the decimal point are blanked (8443A).

Figure 3-2. Rear Panel Controls and Connectors

## OPERATOR'S CHECKS


a. Set the LINE SELECTOR on the rear panel (see Figure 3-2) to be compatible with the available line voltage.
b. Connect line power cable to LINE power jack on rear panel (see Figure 3-2); plug power cable into line power outlet. The blue STBY lamp (10) should light.

## NOTE

The Model 8443A should remain connected to line power when not in use. This will maintain a constant temperature in the time base reference oscillator oven.
c. Connect the interconnection cable to the interconnection jack and to the analyzer's AUX A jack (see Figure 3-2).
d. Set POWER switch (10) to ON. The
white ON lamp should light.
e. Apply power to the Spectrum Analyzer and adjust the Display Section controls. Set the analyzer as follows:

| BANDWIDTH ........................... 300 kHz (IVISION |
| :---: |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |

f. Set the FUNCTION switch (8) to TRACK ANALYZER. Set MODE switch (3) to

Figure 3-3. Operator's Checks (1 of 2)

## OPERATOR'S CHECKS

MARKER, the RESOLUTION switch (5) to 100 Hz , and RF OUTPUT LEVEL controls (11) to 0 dBm .

NOTE
If checking an 8443B, disregard references to the Counter controls.
g. Connect RF OUTPUT (12) to the analyzer RF INPUT with a BNC to BNC cable assembly. The trace on the analyzer's CRT display should rise from the baseline to the top graticule line.
h. Set RF OUTPUT LEVEL (11) to -30
dBm . Set the Spectrum Analyzer SCAN WIDTH to ZERO, BANDWIDTH to the narrowest bandwidth, LOG/LINEAR to LINEAR and LINEAR SENSITIVITY to $1 \mathrm{mV} /$ Div. Adjust TRACKING ADJUST (9) for maximum vertical deflection on the CRT. (This assures that the Tracking Generator is accurately tracking the Spectrum Analyzer's tuning frequency.) Re-set the analyzer as set in step e.
i. Change the RF OUTPUT LEVEL controls (11); the trace on the CRT should change as indicated by the controls. (At low output levels it will be necessary to change the analyzer LOG REF LEVEL control to keep the signal above the baseline.)

## NOTE

This concludes the checks that apply to. the 8443B
j. Adjust MARKER INTENSITY (2) for the desired marker intensity. The marker is a bright spot on the trace on the CRT. If it is not visible, check that the MARKER POSITION knob (6) is in (push toward the panel) and turn the knob to position the marker on-screen. (If the marker cannot be positioned on-screen, follow the procedures specified in Paragraph 3-15.
k. Rotate MARKER POSITION (6) to position the marker to various points on the CRT. The Counter should display whatever frequency is represented by the position of the marker.
I. Pull the MARKER POSITION knob (6) away from the panel; the marker should be near the center vertical graticule line on the CRT. Adjust CRT ADJ (7) to position the marker on the line.
m. Tune the analyzer FREQUENCY control through its range. The Counter should again display whatever frequency is represented by the position of the marker.
n. Set the analyzer to a narrow scan width ( 20 kHz PER DIVISION or less), and set TUNING STABILIZER to on. Set RESOLUTION (5) to 10 Hz and then to 1 kHz . The Counter's readout (4) should have 10 Hz and then 1 kHz resolution.
o. Push the MARKER POSITION knob (6) in, and set MODE (3) to EXTERNAL. Set RF OUTPUT LEVEL (11) to 0 dBm and connect RF OUTPUT (12) to COUNTER INPUT (1). Set analyzer SCAN WIDTH to ZERO. The Counter should display the frequency the analyzer is tuned to; the marker should not be visible.
p. Set MODE (3) to SCAN HOLD. The analzyer's scan should stop at the marker, and the Counter should display the frequency represented by the position of the marker. The marker (the point at which the scan is stopped) can be positioned at any point on the CRT by the MARKER POSITION control (6).
q. Set MODE (3) to MARKER, RESOLUTION (5) to 1 kHz , and tune the analyzer to a frequency below 10 MHz . Set MARKER POSITION (6) ccw and set the rear panel UNBLANKED/ BLANKED switch (see Figure 3-2) to UNBLANKED. The digits to the left of any significant digits that are left of the decimal point should display zeros. Set UNBLANKED/BLANKED to blanked; the zeros should blank (i.e., disappear).
r. Set the analyzer as set in step e. Connect analyzer CAL OUTPUT to RF INPUT. Set FUNCTION (8) to RESTORE SIGNAL. Using MARKER POSITION (6) set marker on skirt of 30 MHz signal; the Counter should indicate approximately 30 MHz . Set marker off signal into baseline noise; the Counter should indicate 0 MHz or random frequencies.

Figure 3-3. Operator's Checks (2 of 2)

3-19. The signal output of the 8443A/B has absolute amplitude calibration. It can be set, in one dB steps, from +10 dBm to -122 dBm . There is also a vernier, calibrated in tenth dB steps, that allows continuously adjustable attenuation over a 1.2 dB range.

## 3-20. Measuring Passive Devices

$3-21$. To quickly measure the frequency response of a passive device, set the Spectrum Analyzer to display the desired frequency range. Set the RF OUTPUT LEVEL control settings so that:
a. The signal level at the analyzer's input mixer does not exceed -10 dBm (Signal level at input mixer $=$ Signal level at RF INPUT INPUT ATTENUATION).
b. The signal level out of the 8443A/B will not damage or over-drive the device to be measured.

3-22. Set the analyzer LOG REF LEVEL controls to the same settings as RF OUTPUT LEVEL. Connect the device between the 8443A/B RF OUTPUT and the analyzer RF INPUT. The frequency response of the device will be displayed directly on the CRT. Insertion loss can be read directly from the graticule lines.

## 3-23. Measuring Active Devices

3-24. When measuring active devices, some provision should be made for the gain of the device to prevent damage to the Spectrum Analyzer or to the device. This is readily accomplished using the 8443A/B RF OUTPUT LEVEL controls.

3-25. Set the Tracking Generator and the Spectrum Analyzer using the procedure described for measuring passive devices. However, before connecting the active device between the 8443A/B and the analyzer, decrease the signal level out of the 8443A/B by an amount greater than the gain of the device. The gain of the device will
be the sum of the decrease and the dB reading from the CRT graticule. (Remember, this is a negative number on the graticule).

3-26. For example, the Spectrum Analyzer is calibrated for a reference at the top graticule line of the CRT. Then the setting of the RF OUTPUT LEVEL TENS control is decreased 40 dB , and the device is connected between the 8443A/B RF OUTPUT and the analyzer RF INPUT. If the response curve is at the -7 dB graticule line, the gain of the device is $33 \mathrm{~dB}(40 \mathrm{Db}-7 \mathrm{~dB})$.

## 3-27. Important Considerations

3-28. When using the Tracking Generator for swept response measurements, the Spectrum Analyzer BANDWIDTH control and DISPLAY UNCAL light take on a somewhat different significance. The BANDWIDTH setting mainly affects the average noise level of the analyzer and has only a secondary effect on resolution. Narrowing BANDWIDTH improves dynamic range, but requires slower scan rates.

3-29. In most cases the DISPLAY UNCAL light will not apply. The best procedure in swept response measurements is to slow the scan rate (i.e. increase SCAN TIME PER DIVISION) until the display amplitude remains constant. At this point, the scan is at the proper rate to satisfy the requirements of both the Spectrum Analyzer and the device being measured.

3-30. Spurious responses are not displayed on the CRT due to the tracking signal source and receiver. Therefore measurements can be made over a dynamic range limited only by gain compression as an upper limit and system noise as a lower limit.

3-31. Devices, such as filters, which have attenuation greater than 100 dB can be measured. Trace the response on the CRT in two 70 dB segments; photograph each segment to get a composite picture.

## SECTION IV

## PERFORMANCE TESTS

## 4-1. INTRODUCTION

4-2. This section provides instructions for performance testing the Model 8443A Tracking Generator/Counter and the Model 8443B Tracking Generator. When testing an 8443B, disregard tests and references that deal with the Counter section of the 8443A.

## 4-3. TEST PROCEDURES

4-4. Purpose. The performance test procedures are used to check instrument performance for incoming inspection and periodic evaluation. The tests are designed to verify published specifications. Tests are numbered in the same sequence as the specifications in Table 1-1.

4-5. Each test applies directly to a listed specification. Next a description of the test and any special instructions are listed. Each test that requires test equipment has a test setup drawing and a list of required equipment.

Step 1 of each test lists control settings for that test. Each test procedure provides spaces for test data which are duplicated in the Performance Test Card, Table 4-1, at the end of this section.

4-6. All tests are made with the Model 8443A/B interconnected with a HP 8553/8552/140 Spectrum Analyzer which is known to be functioning properly.

4-7. Test Equipment Required. The test instruments required for performance testing are listed in Table 1-2 and in the individual tests. Test instruments other than those listed may be used providing their performance equals or exceeds the critical specifications listed in Table 1-2.

4-8. Front Panel Checks and Adjustments. Refer to paragraph 3-8 Operator's Checks.

## 4-9. PERFORMANCE TESTS

## 4-10. Specification 1, Frequency Range

SPECIFICATION: 100 kHz to 110 MHz . (Output frequency tracks the 8553/8552 Spectrum Analyzer tuning).
DESCRIPTION: The frequency range is checked by applying signals to the Spectrum Analyzer, centering these signals on the CRT and counting the signal frequency.


Figure 4-1. Frequency Range Test

## EQUIPMENT:

HF Signal Generator VHF Signal Generator

## PERFORMANCE TESTS

## 4-10. Specification 1, Frequency Range (cont'd)

## PROCEDURE:

1. Connect the equipment as shown in Figure 4-1 and set the control as follows:
Tracking Generator/Counter:
MODE MARKER
RESOLUTION ..... 10 Hz
MARKER POSITION Knob pulled out
MARKER INTENSITY Mid- range
Spectrum Analyzer:
DISPLAY SECTION Clearly defined trace
INPUT ATTENUATION.
PER DIVISION
SCAN WIDTH ..... 5 kHz
BANDWIDTH ..... 1 kHz
SCAN TIME PER DIVISION ..... 20 mSec
LOG REF LEVEL ..... 0 dBm
HF Signal Generator:
FREQUENCY ..... 100 kHz
ATTENUATOR ..... $-50 \mathrm{dBm}$
MODULATION SELECTOR ..... CW
VHF Signal Generator:
FREQUENCY ..... 110 MHz
OUTPUT ..... $-50 \mathrm{dBm}$
MODULATION ..... CW
2. With the HF Signal Generator output connected to the analyzer RF INPUT, tune the analyzer FREQUENCY to 100 kHz . The Model 8443A counter, which is reading the output of the tracking generator, should provide a readout of $100 \mathrm{kHz} \pm 1 \mathrm{kHz}$.

100 kHz
NOTE
When testing an 8443B, connect a frequency counter to RF OUTPUT. Measure frequency range with the counter.
3. With the VHF Signal Generator output connected to the analyzer RF INPUT, tune the analyzer FREQUENCY to 110 MHz . The Model 8443 counter should provide a readout of 110 MHz .

$$
110 \text { MHz }
$$

4. Any other frequency or frequencies of special interest within the range of 110 kHz to 110 MHz may be displayed in the same manner.

## PERFORMANCE TESTS

## 4-11. Specification 2, Amplitude Range

SPECIFICATION: <-120 dBm to +10 dBm in 10 and 1 dB steps with a continuous 1.2 dB vernier.
DESCRIPTION: The output of the video amplifier in the Model $8443 \mathrm{~A} / \mathrm{B}$ is a constant +10 dBm signal. Two step attenuators are provided to enable the operator to control the output amplitude in 10 dB and 1 dB steps. In addition, a 1.2 dB vernier provides continuous attenuation of its range. This test demonstrates the accuracy of the attenuators.


Figure 4-2. Amplitude Range Test Setup

## EQUIPMENT:

120 dB Attenuator Standard (10 dB Steps)
12 dB Attenuator Standard ( 1 dB Steps)
RF Amplifier ( 20 dB gain, 30 MHz )
Digital Voltmeter

## PROCEDURE:

1. Connect the 120 dB attenuator to the Model 8443A/B RF OUTPUT using a BNC to BNC adapter (do not use a cable). Set the controls as follows:

Tracking Generator/Counter:
MODE MARKER
RESOLUTION 1 kHz
MARKER POSITION Any
FUNCTION ...................................................................................................TRACK ANALYZER
Attenuators:
$\qquad$
UNITS$+10$
TENTHS .....  0

## PERFORMANCE TESTS

## 4-11. Specification 2, Amplitude Range (cont'd)

## Spectrum Analyzer:

$\qquad$
BANDWIDTH...................................................................................................................... 50 Hz
SCAN WIDTH .....................................................................................................................ZERO
SCAN WIDTH PER DIVISION................................................................................................ Any
INPUT ATTENUATION................................................................................................................. 0
SCAN TIME PER DIVISION ............................................................................... 1 MILLISECOND
LOG REF LEVEL..............................................................................................................40dBm
LOG REF LEVEL VERNIER ........................................................................................................ 0
LOG/LINEAR ........................................................................................................................LOG
RF Amplifier: Power ON 40 dB gain
120 dB Calibrated Attenuator: Set for 120 dB attenuation
Digital Voltmeter: AUTORANGE or 1000 Millivolts
2. Use very short double shielded cables to connect the equipment as shown in Figure 4-2. A low-pass filter (100 microfarad) is required between the vertical output of the 8552 and the digital voltmeter.
3. Adjust the analyzer FREQUENCY to 30 MHz .
4. Use the Model $8443 \mathrm{~A} / \mathrm{B}$ TENTHS control to set the digital voltmeter reading to 300 mV . (Allow time for the lowpass filter to stabilize).
5. Set the Model 8443A/B TENS control to 0 and the calibrated attenuator to 110 dB .

$$
0 \text { dBm DVM reading: } \quad 298 \mathrm{mV} \text { _ } 302 \mathrm{mV}
$$

6. If necessary, reset the Model 8443A/B TENTHS control to obtain a reading of 300 mV on the digital voltmeter. Change the Model 8443A/B TENS control to -10 and the calibrated attenuator to 100 dB .

$$
-10 \mathrm{dBm} \text { DVM reading: } \quad 298 \mathrm{mV} \text { _ } 302 \mathrm{mV}
$$

7. Check the remaining Model 8443A/B attenuator steps by adding 10 dB steps with the TENS attenuator, while decreasing the calibrated attenuator in 10 dB steps (the sum of the two attenuators should always total 110 dB ). The digital voltmeter should be reset to 300 mV prior to each step if necessary.

| -20 dBm DVM reading: | 298 mV | 302 mV |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| -30 dBm DVM reading: | 298 mV | 302 mV |
| -40 dBm DVM reading: | 298 mV | 302 mV |
| -50 dBm DVM reading: | 298 mV | 302 mV |
| -60 dBm DVM reading: | 298 mV | 302 mV |
| -70 dBm DVM reading: | 298 mV | 302 mV |
| -80 dBm DVM reading: | 298 mV | 302 mV |
| -90 dBm DVM reading: | 298 mV | 302 mV |
| -100 dBm dBM reading: | 298 mV | 302 mV |
| -110 dBm DVM reading: | 298 mV | 302 mV |

## PERFORMANCE TESTS

## 4-11. Specification 2, Amplitude Range (cont'd)

8. Remove the RF Amplifier and the 120 dB calibrated attenuator from the test setup. Connect the 12 dB calibrated attenuator between the Model 8443A/B RF OUTPUT and the analyzer RF INPUT. Set the Model 8443A/B TENS attenuator to -50 dBm and the analyzer LOG REF LEVEL to -10 dBm . Set the calibrated 12 dB attenuator to 12 dB. Adjust the Model 8552 LOG REF LEVEL vernier control to obtain a reading of 300 mV on the digital voltmeter.
9. Set the Model 8443A/B UNITS attenuator to -1 and the 12 dB calibrated attenuator to 11 . The digital voltmeter should indicate $300 \mathrm{mV} \pm 1 \mathrm{mV}$.
-1 dBm DVM reading: $\quad 299 \mathrm{mV}$ _ 301 mV
10. Check the remaining UNITS steps by increasing the UNITS attenuation in 1 dB steps while decreasing the 12 dB calibrated attenuator by 1 dB steps. (The sum of the two attenuators should always total 12 dB .) The digital voltmeter should be reset to 300 mV prior to each step if necessary.

| -3 dBm DVM reading: | 299 mV | 301 mV |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| -4 dBm DVM reading: | 299 mV | 301 mV |
| -5 dBm DVM reading: | 299 mV | 301 mV |
| -6 dBm DVM reading: | 299 mV | 301 mV |
| -7 dBm DVM reading: | 299 mV | 301 mV |
| -8 dBm DVM reading: | 299 mV | 301 mV |
| -9 dBm DVM reading: | 299 mV | 301 mV |
| -10 dBm DVM reading: | 299 mV | 301 mV |
| -11 dBm DVM reading: | 299 mV | 301 mV |
| -12 dBm DVM reading: | 299 mV | 301 mV |

## PERFORMANCE TESTS

## 4-12. Specification 3, Amplitude Accuracy (Flatness)

SPECIFICATION: $\pm 0.5 \mathrm{~dB}$ across entire range.
DESCRIPTION: The Spectrum Analyzer is swept through its entire range and the output of the Mode. 443A/B is recorded on an X-Y Recorder.


Figure 4-3. Amplitude Accuracy Test

## EQUIPMENT:

X-Y Recorder
Crystal Detector

## PROCEDURE:

1. Connect the equipment as shown in Figure 4-3 and set the controls as follows:

## Tracking Generator/Counter:

MODE
MARKER
RF LEVEL ATTENUATORS 0 dB
MARKER POSITION .CCW

## Spectrum Analyzer:

SCAN WIDTH
SCAN MODE SINGLE
SCAN TIME 2 sec/Div
SCAN TRIGGER AUTO

## X-Y Recorder:

Horizontal trace begins at left margin of recorder chart paper and ends at right margin synchronized to the beginning and end of the analyzer scan ramp.

Vertical position of the stylus may be anywhere on the recorder chart paper which permits a 1 dB step without reaching top or bottom limits.
2. With all controls set as shown above, place the PEN switch on the recorder to the DOWN position. ,ii and push the SINGLE scan button on the analyzer. Be sure to place the recorder PEN switch in the UP position as soon as the scan stops.
3. Turn the Model $8443 \mathrm{~A} / \mathrm{B}$ UNITS attenuator to 1 dB and repeat step 2. Return the UNITS attenuate to 0 dB .

## PERFORMANCE TESTS

## 4-12. Specification 3. Amplitude Accuracy (Flatness) (cont'd)

4. Set the analyzer to SCAN WIDTH PER DIVISION at 10 MHz , and tune the analyzer to approximately 50 MHz . Carefully tune the analyzer to indicate a 100 kHz readout on the Model 8443A. (On the 8443B, use a frequency counter, connected to RF OUTPUT, to tune the analyzer to 100 kHz . Position the recorder stylus slightly below the top line drawn in steps 2 and 3. Place the PEN switch on the recorder in the down position and depress the SINGLE scan button on the analyzer. When the scan stops, set the PEN switch to UP.
5. Set the analyzer SCAN WIDTH PER DIVISION to 2 MHz and tune the analyzer FREQUENCY to a point where the Model 8443 A counter reads 90 MHz . (Connect an external counter to the 8443 B to tune the analyzer to 90 MHz ). The recorder stylus should be positioned at the same level as measured at 90 MHz in test 4 . Place the recorder PEN switch in the DOWN position and push the SINGLE button on the analyzer. When the recorder stylus reaches the right hand margin of the recorder chart place the PEN switch in the UP position. The entire trace (steps 4 and 5) should be between the two lines drawn in steps 2 and 3.

$$
\pm 0.5 \mathrm{~dB}
$$

## 4-13. Specification 4, Output Impedance

SPECIFICATION: 50 ohms, ac coupled, reflection coefficient $<$ or $=0.09$ ( 1.2 SWR ); output 0 dBm .
DESCRIPTION: The RF output from the Tracking Generator is measured with an RF Voltmeter, first with no load, then terminated in 50 ohms. The source resistance ( $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{S}}$ ) of the Tracking Generator is then calculated and finally the SWR is determined by dividing $Z_{O}$ by $R_{S}\left(R_{S}\right.$ by $Z_{O}$ if $Z_{O}$ is greater than $\left.R_{S}\right)$.


Figure 4-4. Output Impedance Test Setup

## EQUIPMENT:

RF Vector Voltmeter 50 ohm dummy load BNC Tee

## PERFORMANCE TESTS

## 4-13. Specification 4, Output Impedance (cont'd)

## PROCEDURE:

1. Connect the equipment as shown in Figure 4-4 and set the controls as follows:

## Tracking Generator/Counter:

## RF OUTPUT

LEVEL dBm..................................................................................................... All controls set to 0
POWER

## Spectrum Analyzer:

FREQUENCY ..... 30 MHz
SCAN WIDTH PER DIVISION. ..... 1 kHz
SCAN WIDTH ..... ZERO
ALL OTHER CONTROLS Any setting
RF Vector Voltmeter:
CHANNEL ..... A
FREQ RANGE - MHz. 30 MHz (APC locked)

RANGE 1000 mV
PHASE CONTROLS Not used
2. Measure the RF output of the Tracking Generator with the RF Vector Voltmeter. Record the reading:

$$
\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OC}}=
$$

$\qquad$ mVrms
3. Use the BNC Tee and terminate the Tracking Generator RF OUTPUT in 50 ohms. Measure the RF output with the RF Vector Voltmeter. Record the reading:

$$
\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{L}}=\ldots \mathrm{mVrms}
$$

4. Find the source resistance of the Tracking Generator by the following formula:

$$
\begin{aligned}
R s= & R_{L} V_{o c}-R L \\
& V_{L}
\end{aligned}
$$

$\mathrm{V}_{\text {OC }}=$ Tracking Generator RF output open circuit voltage
$\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{L}}=$ Tracking Generator RF output terminated in 50 ohms
$\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=\mathrm{Z}_{\mathrm{O}}=$ Characteristic Impedance $=50$ ohms
5. Find SWR by the formula:

$$
\begin{array}{r}
\mathrm{SWR}=\mathrm{Z}_{\mathrm{O}} \\
\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{S}}
\end{array}
$$

$\left(\frac{R_{S}}{R_{0}}\right.$ if $Z_{0}$ is greater than $\left.R_{S}.\right)$
6. Record this value; maximum allowable is 1.2
1.2

## PERFORMANCE TESTS

## 4-14. Specification 5, Measurement Range (8443A Only)

SPECIFICATION: 100 kHz to 110 MHz . Display: seven digits with one digit over-range (for frequencies of 100 MHz and higher).

DESCRIPTION: This test is identical to 4-10.

## 4-15. Specification 6, Resolution (Gate time, 8443A Only)

SPECIFICATION: $1 \mathrm{kHz}(1 \mathrm{mSec}), 100 \mathrm{~Hz}(10 \mathrm{mSec})$ and $10 \mathrm{~Hz}(100 \mathrm{mSec})$.
DESCRIPTION: This test consists of placing the RESOLUTION switch on the 8443A in each of its three positions and observing the numerical readout.

PROCEDURE: Operate the Model 8443A in the MARKER mode with the MARKER POSITION knob pulled out. Tune the analyzer to any frequency over 100 MHz , and place the Model 8443A RESOLUTION control in each of its three positions. In the 10 Hz position all of the numerical readouts are illuminated and the decimal point is between the third and fourth readouts. In the 100 Hz position the first numerical readout is blanked and the decimal point is between the fourth and fifth readouts. In the 1 kHz position the first and second readouts are blanked and the decimal point is between the fifth and sixth readouts.

## 4-16. Specification 7, Accuracy (8443A Only)

SPECIFICATION: $\pm$ count $\pm$ time base accuracy.
DESCRIPTION: Connect the 1 MHz OUT ( J 4 on rear panel of the Model 8443 A ) to the COUNTER INPUT. Place the MODE control in the EXTERNAL position. In any position of the RESOLUTION control the last digit of the numerical readout will be 0,1 or 9 .

## PERFORMANCE TESTS

## 4-17. Specification 8, Time Base Aging Rate (8443A Only)

SPECIFICATION: $<3 \times 10^{-9}$ per day. ( $0.003 \mathrm{~Hz} /$ day at 1 MHz after warmup).
DESCRIPTION: This test checks long term frequency stability. This is accomplished by mixing the reference oscillator frequency of the Model 8443 A with a stable 1.000001 MHz signal and recording the drift on a strip recorder.


Figure 4-5. Time Base Again Rate Test

## EQUIPMENT:

Digital-to-Analog Converter/Recorder Frequency Counter Double Balanced Mixer Amplifier, dc to 1 MHz

Quartz Oscillator
Frequency Synthesizer
Oscilloscope
Attenuator

## PROCEDURE:

1. Set controls as follows:

## Digital-to-Analog Converter/Recorder:

| POWER | ON |
| :---: | :---: |
| COLUMN SELECTOR. | .2, 3 and 4 |
| OPERATE | . (after ZERO-CALIBRATE procedure) |
| MIN-N-HR | . HR |
| div. |  |
| PEN.. | down |
| RANGE | 100 mV |

## Amplifier, dc:

Remove ground strap from low output terminal
GAIN
X10

## Quartz Oscillator:

OUTPUT
From 1 MHz jack
4-17. Specification 8, Time Base Aging Rate (8443A Only) (cont'd)
Frequency Counter:
SIGNAL INPUT ..... DC
TIME BASE ..... $10 \mu \mathrm{~S}$
SAMPLE RATE Just out of POWER OFF detent
SENSITIVITY (preset) ..... 0.1 V
FUNCTION to PERIOD AVERAGE ..... 1
STORAGE/OFF (on back panel) ..... STORAGE
Frequency Synthesizer:FREQUENCY SELECTIONLocal keyboard and OPERATE
OUTPUT LEVELFREQUENCY$1,000,001 \mathrm{~Hz}$
SEARCH OSCILLATOR Function not used
FREQUENCY STANDARD ..... EXT
ATTENUATOR ..... 20 dB
2. After connecting the equipment as shown in Figure 4-5 and setting controls, use the oscilloscope to check for the presence of 50 cycle ac on the 1 cycle input to the frequency counter. If 60 cycles is present it is probably due to a ground loop. Check all equipment grounds.
3. After warmup (seven days of continuous operation of 72 hours of continuous operation after an off time of less than 72 hours) test the time base aging rate.
4. After the digital to analog converter/recorder has been calibrated, position the recorder stylus to a convenient point on the recording paper. Check the time base for a 24 hour period. The recorder excursions must not exceed 1.4 minor divisions.
divisions

## 4-18. Specification 9, Time Base Temperature Drift (8443A Only)

SPECIFICATION: $<3 \times 10-8(0.03 \mathrm{~Hz})$ variation referenced to 100 MHz 0 to $55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
DESCRIPTION: This test verifies frequency stability over the specified operating temperature range.
EQUIPMENT: Same as 4-17 plus a temperature controllable oven.

## PROCEDURE:

1. With the equipment connected and adjusted as in $4-16$, place the Model 8443 A in a temperature controllable oven. Adjust the temperature to $+24^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and allow the temperature to stabilize.
2. Make a reference plot on the recorder at $+24^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
3. Lower the oven temperature to $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and allow three hours for the temperature to stabilize. Record the deviation from the $+24^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ trace.
4. Increase the oven temperature to $+55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and allow three hours for the temperature to stabilize. Record the deviation from the previous traces.
5. Total deviation must be not more than $3 \times 10-8$.

## 4-19. Specification 10, External Counter Input (8443A Only)

SPECIFICATION: 10 kHz to $120 \mathrm{MHz}, 50$ ohms, -10 dBm minimum, +25 dBm maximum.
DESCRIPTION: This test verifies the ability of the counter to count frequencies between 10 kHz and 120
MHz at signal levels as low as -10 dBm .


Figure 4-6. Counter Input Test Setup

## EQUIPMENT:

Test Oscillator
VHF Signal Generator

## PROCEDURE:

1. Place the Model 8443A MODE switch in the EXTERNAL position and connect the test oscillator output to the COUNTER INPUT. Set the test oscillator output to 10 kHz at -10 dBm . The counter readout should indicate 10 kHz . Increase the test oscillator output to +25 dBm . Counter readout remains the same.
2. Connect the VHF Signal Generator RF OUTPUT to the Model 8443A COUNTER INPUT. Set generator output to 120 MHz at -10 dBm . The counter readout should indicate 120 MHz .
3. Repeat the test at various frequencies between 10 kHz and 120 MHz .

## 4-20. Specification 11, External Time Base (8443A Only)

SPECIFICATION: 1 MHz , 50 ohm, 1 Vrms minimum.
DESCRIPTION: This test verifies proper operation of the counter when an external time base is used.

## EQUIPMENT:

Frequency Standard
VHF Signal Generator

## PROCEDURE:

1. Connect the signal generator RF OUTPUT to the Model 8443A COUNTER INPUT ( $100 \mathrm{MHz},-10 \mathrm{dBm}$ ). Counter readout indicates 100 MHz .
2. Connect the frequency standard output ( 1 MHz ) to the Model 8443A EXT TIME BASE IN (rear panel J3). Place A4S2 in the EXT position. The counter readout should again indicate 100 MHz .

## PERFORMANCE TESTS

## 4-21. Specification 12, Time Base Output (8443A Only)

SPECIFICATION: $1 \mathrm{MHz}, 1 \mathrm{Vrms}$ nominal.
DESCRIPTION: This test verifies the presence of the internal time base signal at J4 on the rear panel of the Model 8443A.
EQUIPMENT: Oscilloscope
PROCEDURE: Connect the 1 MHz OUT (rear panel J4) to the oscilloscope input. Oscilloscope displays a 1 MHz signal at least 1 Vrms in amplitude.

## 4-22. Specification 14, Digital Frequency Readout (8443A Only)

SPECIFICATION: 8, 4, 2, 1 code: positive logic.
DESCRIPTION: This test verifies the availability of the digital output from the Model 8443A.
EQUIPMENT: Digital Recorder
PROCEDURE: Connect the DIGITAL OUTPUT on the rear panel of the Model 8443 A to the digital recorder input. Place the UNBLANKED/BLANKED switch on the Model 8443A to the BLANKED position (to prevent zero's before the first significant digit). In the EXTERNAL Mode set the analyzer to $10 \mathrm{MHz} / \mathrm{Div}$ and 10 second/Div. Connect the RF OUTPUT to the COUNTER INPUT. Note that the digital recorder readout tracks (one count behind) the Model 8443A counter readout.

Table 4-1. Performance Test Record

4-10. Frequency Range

4-11. Amplitude Range

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 0 \mathrm{dBm} \text { reading: } \\
& -10 \mathrm{dBm} \text { reading: } \\
& -20 \mathrm{dBm} \text { reading: } \\
& -30 \mathrm{dBm} \text { reading: } \\
& -40 \mathrm{dBm} \text { reading: } \\
& -50 \mathrm{dBm} \text { reading: } \\
& -60 \mathrm{dBm} \text { reading: } \\
& -70 \mathrm{dBm} \text { reading: } \\
& -80 \mathrm{dBm} \text { reading: } \\
& -90 \mathrm{dBm} \text { reading: } \\
& -100 \mathrm{dBm} \text { reading: } \\
& -110 \mathrm{dBm} \text { reading: } \\
& -1 \mathrm{dBm} \text { reading: } \\
& -2 \mathrm{dBm} \text { reading: } \\
& -3 \mathrm{dBm} \text { reading: } \\
& -4 \mathrm{dBm} \text { reading: } \\
& -5 \mathrm{dBm} \text { reading: } \\
& -6 \mathrm{dBm} \text { reading: } \\
& -7 \mathrm{dBm} \text { reading: } \\
& -8 \mathrm{dBm} \text { reading: } \\
& -9 \mathrm{dBm} \text { reading: } \\
& -10 \mathrm{dBm} \text { reading: } \\
& -11 \mathrm{dBm} \text { reading: } \\
& -12 \mathrm{dBm} \text { reading: }
\end{aligned}
$$

|  | 100 kHz <br> 110 MHz |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |
| 0 dBm reading: | 298 mV | 302 mV |
| -10 dBm reading: | 298 mV | 302 mV |
| -20 dBm reading: | 298 mV | 302 mV |
| -30 dBm reading: | 298 mV | 302 mV |
| -40 dBm reading: | 298 mV | 302 mV |
| -50 dBm reading: | 298 mV | 302 mV |
| -60 dBm reading: | 298 mV | 302 mV |
| -70 dBm reading: | 298 mV | 302 mV |
| -80 dBm reading: | 298 mV | 302 mV |
| -90 dBm reading: | 298 mV | 302 mV |
| -100 dBm reading: | 298 mV | 302 mV |
| -110 dBm reading: | 298 mV | 302 mV |
| -1 dBm reading: | 299 mV | 301 mV |
| -2 dBm reading: | 299 mV | 301 mV |
| -3 dBm reading: | 299 mV | 301 mV |
| -4 dBm reading: | 299 mV | 301 mV |
| -5 dBm reading: | 299 mV | 301 mV |
| -6 dBm reading: | 299 mV | 301 mV |
| -7 dBm reading: | 299 mV | 301 mV |
| -8 dBm reading: | 299 mV | 301 mV |
| -9 dBm reading: | 299 mV | 301 mV |
| -10 dBm reading: | 299 mV | 301 mV |
| -11 dBm reading: | 299 mV | 301 mV |
| -12 dBm reading: | 299 mV | _301 mV |

100 kHz
110 MHz
$\qquad$

4-12. Amplitude Accuracy (Flatness)
$\pm 0.5 \mathrm{~dB}$ $\qquad$

4-13. Output Impedance

4-17. Time Base Aging Rate
1.2 $\qquad$ SWR

## SECTION V

ADJUSTMENTS

## 5-1. INTRODUCTION

5-2. This section describes adjustments and checks required to return the Model 8443A/B to peak operation capability when repairs are required. Included in this section are test setups and procedures and a test card for recording data taken during adjustment procedures. Adjustment location illustrations are provided on the first foldout in this manual. If adjusting an 8443B, disregard references to the Counter circuits.

## 5-3. Checks and Adjustments Arrangement

5-4. The check and adjustment procedures are arranged in numerical order.

## 5-5. Test Equipment Required

$5-6$. Each test procedure in this section contains a list of test equipment to be used. Required specifications for test equipment are detailed in Table 1-2. Also, each test setup identifies all test equipment and accessories by callouts. Any equipment substituted for the instruments or accessories listed in Table 1-2 must meet the
minimum specifications in order to adjust the Model 8443A/B effectively.

## 5-7. HP 08443-60011 Service Kit

5-8. The HP 08443-60011 Service Kit is an accessory item available from Hewlett-Packard for use in maintaining the Model 8443A/B.

5-9. Table 1-2 contains a detailed description of the contents of the service kit. Any item in the kit may be ordered separately if desired.

## 5-10. Factory Selected Components

5-11. Some component values in the Model 8443A/B are selected at the time of final assembly and test. These components are listed in Table 8-1 They are also listed in the adjustment procedure for the circuit in which they appear.

## 5-12. ADJUSTMENT PROCEDURES

## ADJUSTMENTS

## 5-13. Power Supplies

REFERENCE: Service Sheet 4.
DESCRIPTION: The power supplies in the Model 8443A provide regulated outputs of +175 volts, +24 volts, +20 volts, +5.8 volts and -12 volts. These checks verify proper operation of the power supplies. (The power supplies in the 8443B provide only +24 volts, +20 volts, and -12 volts).


Figure 5-1. Power Supply Test Setup

## EQUIPMENT:

Digital Voltmeter
Variable Voltage
AC Voltmeter
Service Kit

## PROCEDURE:

1. With power applied to the model $8443 A / B$ through the variable voltage transformer, connect the digital voltmeter to the +24 volt test point on the A14 assembly. Vary the ac line voltage from 100 volts to 130 volts. The +24 volts should not vary more than +10 mV .

| Input AC | +24 V |
| :--- | :--- |
| 100 Vac |  |
| 115 Vac | - |
| 130 Vac | - |

2. Measure the dc levels and the ac ripple at the test points on the A14 Sense Amplifier.

| Level | Tolerance | Ripple |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| +24 V | $\pm 10.00 \mathrm{mV}$ | $<0.2 \mathrm{mV}$ |
| +20 V | $\pm 0.40 \mathrm{~V}$ | $<1.0 \mathrm{mV}$ |
| +5.8 V | $\pm 0.12 \mathrm{~V}$ | $<1.0 \mathrm{mV}$ |
| -12 V | $\pm 0.24 \mathrm{~V}$ | $<1.0 \mathrm{mV}$ |

3. Measure the dc level and ac ripple at the 175 V test point.

## 5-13. Power Supplies (cont'd)

| Level | Tolerance | Ripple |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| +175 V | $\pm 3.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | $<1.0 \mathrm{~V}$ |

4. If the voltages are not within tolerance connect the digital voltmeter to the +24 volt test point on the A14 assembly and adjust reference level potentiometer R50. If the voltage cannot be adjusted to +24 volts, or if other dc outputs are not within tolerance, refer to Service Sheet 4 in Section VIIIland repair the power supply. Repeat these tests after completing repairs.

## NOTE

R11, R33, R38 and R43 are all factory selected at time of final assembly to provide the proper reference level for the sense amplifier in which they appear. The value of these resistors determines the dc level of the supply output.

## 5-14. First Converter (A13)

REFERENCE: Service Sheet 2.
DESCRIPTION: The first converter contains a 3 MHz crystal controlled oscillator, 3 MHz and 47 MHz amplifiers and a diode quad mixer. These tests verify proper operation of the assembly.


Figure 5-2. First Converter Test Setup

## EQUIPMENT:

RF Voltmeter
Service Kit
Frequency Counter

## PROCEDURE:

1. Set the TRACKING ADJUST control full ccw and monitor the 3 MHz test point on the A13 assembly with the RF Voltmeter. Adjust L1 PEAK ADJ for maximum indication on the RF Voltmeter.
2. Monitor the 3 MHz test point with the frequency Counter and set L2, RANGE ADJ, for a frequency of 2 MHz .
3. Turn the TRACKING ADJUST control full cw. The frequency at the 3 MHz test point should be 3 MHz . If the frequency is greater than 3.00025 MHz , replace R20 with a higher value.
4. Connect the RF Voltmeter to the 3 MHz test point. The minimum output level over the range of the TRACKING ADJUST control should be 275 mVrms .
$\qquad$

## 5-14. First Converter (A13) (cont'd)

5. Measure the output of the 3 MHz oscillator (Test Point 1) with the RF Voltmeter. Signal level should be 480 mVrms minimum.

480 mVrms
6. Reinstall the A13 assembly and connect the 50 MHz output to the Spectrum Analyzer RF INPUT. The 40 MHz signal should be -26 dBm minimum.

## 26 dBm

## 5-15. $\mathbf{5 0} \mathbf{~ M H z ~ I F ~ A m p l i f i e r ~ ( A 1 2 ) ~}$

## REFERENCE: Service Sheet 2.

DESCRIPTION: The 50 MHz amplifier provides about 12 dB of gain. These tests verify proper operation of the bandpass filter and the 44 and 47 MHz traps.

## EQUIPMENT: Service Kit

## PROCEDURE:

1. Connect the output of the A12 assembly to the Spectrum Analyzer RF INPUT. Adjust the BPF ADJ capacitors for maximum 50 MHz signal on the analyzer CRT. Minimum signal level is -15 dBm .
$-15 \mathrm{dBm}$
2. Adjust C 8 and C 17 for minimum signal at 44 MHz and C 10 for minimum signal at 47 MHz . Check for minimum separation of 60 dB between the 50 MHz signal and the 44 and 47 MHz signals over the entire range of the analyzer's third local oscillator signal.

## 5-16. Second Converter (AII)

REFERENCE: Service Sheet 2.
DESCRIPTION: The second converter contains a three-stage amplifier (about 20 dB gain) and a diode quad mixer. These tests verify proper operation of the assembly.

## EQUIPMENT:

Service Kit
RF Voltmeter

## PROCEDURE:

1. Remove the All assembly and reinstall it using an extender board. Check the output from the amplifier to the mixer (Test Point 1) with the RF Voltmeter. Level should be 800 mVrms minimum.

800 mVrms
2. Check the 200 MHz output with the RF Voltmeter (terminated in 50 ohms). Minimum level should be -22 dBm . $-22 \mathrm{dBm}$

## ADJUSTMENTS

## 5-17. 200 MHz IF Amplifier (A10)

## REFERENCE: Service Sheet 3.

DESCRIPTION: The A10 assembly contains a two-stage variable gain (about 20 dB ) amplifier and a bandpass filter. These tests verify proper operation of the assembly.


Figure 5-3. 200 MHz IF Test Setup

## EQUIPMENT:

VHF Signal Generator
Service Kit
$0-1250 \mathrm{MHz}$ Spectrum Analyzer
DC Power Supply

## PROCEDURE:

1. Apply a $-10 \mathrm{dBm}, 100 \mathrm{MHz}$, CW signal to the 200 MHz input (green cable) on the A 10 assembly. Connect the 200 MHz output of the A10 assembly to the RF INPUT of the $0-1250 \mathrm{MHz}$ Spectrum Analyzer and tune the analyzer to 100 MHz . Adjust A10C5 for minimum response on the analyzer CRT.
2. Change the input signal to 150 MHz and adjust A 10 C 4 for minimum 150 MHz response.
3. Change the input signal to 200 MHz , center the signal on the $0-1250$ Spectrum Analyzer CRT and adjust the bandpass filter (C3, C5 and C6) for maximum response. Reduce the output of the signal generator to -35 dBm . The signal level displayed on the 01250 Spectrum Analyzer should be -18 dBm ( 17 dB gain).
4. Remove the A8 assembly and apply a 23 volt dc level to the ALC Test Point (A10TP3) on the A10 assembly. Tune the ALC RANGE ADJ for minimum signal level out as observed on the 0-1250 Spectrum Analyzer CRT.

## ADJUSTMENTS

## 5-18. Third Converter (A9)

## REFERENCE: Service Sheet 3.

DESCRIPTION: Third converter assembly contains a three-stage (about 20 dB gain) amplifier, a diode quad mixer and a 120 MHz low pass filter. These tests verify proper operation of the assembly.

### 0.1250 MHz

SPECTRUM ANALYZER


Figure 5-4. Third Converter Test Setup

## EQUIPMENT:

RF Voltmeter
0-1250 MHz Spectrum Analyzer
Service Kit

## PROCEDURE:

1. Remove the A9 assembly and reinstall it using an extender board from the service kit. Check the amplifier output at Test Point 3 (Q1-c). Signal level should be 800 mVrms minimum.

800 mVrms $\qquad$
2. Connect the output of the A9 assembly to the analyzer RF INPUT. Signal level should be --32 dBm minimum.
$-32 \mathrm{dBm}$
3. Connect the output of the A9 assembly to the RF INPUT of the $0-1250 \mathrm{MHz}$ Spectrum Analyzer and verify that frequencies above 120 MHz are sharply attenuated.

## 5-19. ALC/Video Amplifier

REFERENCE: Service Sheet 3.
DESCRIPTION: The A8 assembly contains two integrated circuit RF amplifiers and a leveling circuit which controls the gain of the 200 MHz IF amplifier. These tests verify proper operation of the assembly.


Figure 5-5. ALC/Video Amplifer Test Setup

## EQUIPMENT:

Power Supply
Service KIT
Power Meter
3.7 Volt Zener Diode

## PROCEDURE:

1. Connect the 3.7 volt zener diode across the external power supply output terminals. Connect the negative power supply lead to the CCW lead of the output vernier control and the positive lead to ground.
2. Set the OUTPUT LEVEL dBm TENS to +10 (UNITS and TENTHS to 0 ) and connect the power meter to the RF OUTPUT. Set the analyzer to ZERO scan at 100 MHz .
3. Set OUTPUT LEVEL UNITS to -9 and TENTHS to -1 . Adjust the power supply for a 0 dBm output from the Model $8443 \mathrm{~A} / \mathrm{B}$ as read on the power meter.
4. Set OUTPUT LEVEL dBm UNITS to -10 and TENTHS to 0 . Adjust R16, 0 dB ADJ, on the A8 assembly for a 0 dBm output from the Model $8443 \mathrm{~A} / \mathrm{B}$ as read on the power meter.
5. Repeat steps 3 and 4 until further adjustment is unnecessary.
6. Disconnect the external power supply and set OUTPUT LEVEL dBm UNITS to -9 and TENTHS to -1 .
7. Adjust -1 dB ADJ (R14) on the A8 assembly for a 0 dBm output from the Model $8443 \mathrm{~A} / \mathrm{B}$ as read on the power meter.
8. Set OUTPUT LEVEL dBm UNITS to -10 and TENTHS to 0 . Verify 0 dBm output with the power meter.

## ADJUSTMENTS

## 5-20. Reference Oscillator (A4) (8443A Only)

## REFERENCE: Service Sheet 7.

DESCRIPTION: This procedure allows adjustment of the reference oscillator (A4) in comparison with an external frequency standard.


Figure 5-6. Reference Oscillator Test Setup

## EQUIPMENT:

1 MHz Frequency Standard
Oscilloscope
PROCEDURE: After warmup (seven continuous days of operation or 72 hours of operation after an off time of 72 hours or less), connect the oscilloscope and frequency standard as shown in Figure 5-6; set the oscilloscope to $.05 \mu \mathrm{Sec} / \mathrm{Div}$ and adjust the vertical sensitivity for full scale sinusoid. Adjust the reference oscillator COARSE and FINE controls until the display moves in either direction no faster than one division in five seconds.

Table 5-1. Adjustment Test Record

Hewlett-Packard Model 8443A/B
Tracking Generator/Counter
Serial No. $\qquad$ Date $\qquad$
$\qquad$
Tests Performed by

5-13. Power Supplies Checks and Adjustments.
+24 volt supply at 100 Vac $\qquad$ at 115 Vac $\qquad$ at 130 Vac $\qquad$
Power Supply:
$+24 \mathrm{~V}$
$+20 \mathrm{~V}$
$+5.8 \mathrm{~V}$
-12V
+175V
5-14. First Converter (A13) Checks and Adjustments.
Test

4

5
6
5-15. 50 MHz IF Amplifier (A12) Checks and Adjustments.
Test
1
2
5-16. Second Converter (All) Checks and Adjustments.
Test
1
2
5-18. Third Converter (A9) Checks and Adjustments.
Test
1

2

800 mVrms $\qquad$
$-22 \mathrm{dBm}$ $\qquad$
Separation 60 dB $\qquad$
$-15 \mathrm{dBm}$ $\qquad$ 27 mV ms $\qquad$ 480 mVrms $\qquad$
$-26 \mathrm{dBm}$ $\qquad$

## SECTION VI <br> REPLACEABLE PARTS

6-1. This section contains information relative to ordering replacement parts and assemblies.

6-2. Table 6-1 provides correct stock numbers for use when ordering printed circuit board assemblies on an exchange basis.

6-3. Table 6-2 provides an index of reference designations and abbreviations used in the preparation of manuals by Hewlett-Packard.

6-4. Table 6-3 identifies parts by reference designations.
6-5. Table 6-4 provides code number identification of manufacturers.

Table 6-1. Part Numbers for Assembly Exchange Orders

| Assembly | New <br> Pat No. | Exchange No. |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| A1 Low Frequency Counter | $08443-60071$ | $08443-60075$ |
| A2 0-120 dB Attenuator | $08443-60001$ | $08443-60102$ |
| A3 0-12 dB Attenuator | $08443-60002$ | $08443-60103$ |
| A5 Time Base | $08443-60048$ | $08443-60104$ |
| A6 High Frequency Decade | $084.43-60047$ | $08443-60105$ |
| A7 Marker Control | $08443-60046$ | $08443-60106$ |
| A8 ALC Video Amplifier | $08443-60045$ | $08443-60107$ |
| A9 Third Converter | $08443-60044$ | $08443-60108$ |
| A10 200 MHz IF Amplifier | $08443-60043$ | $08443-60109$ |
| A11 Second Converter | $08443-60042$ | $08443-60110$ |
| A12 50 MHz IF Amplifier | $08443-60041$ | $08443-60111$ |
| A13 First Converter | $08443-60077$ | $08443-60115$ |
| A14 Sense Amplifier | $08443-60015$ | $08443-60113$ |
| A15 Rectifier | $08443-60014$ | $08443-60114$ |

Table 6-2. Reference Designators and Abbreviations used in Parts List

| REFERENCE DESIGNATORS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A = assembly | $\mathrm{F} \quad=$ | fuse | P | plug | V - = | vacuum tube. |
| $\mathrm{B} \quad=$ motor | FL | Filter | Q | transistor | = | neon bulb. |
| BT = battery | J | J Jack | R | resistor | = | photocell etc. |
| C - capacitor | $\mathrm{K}=$ | - relay | RT | thermistor | VR | voltage |
| CP = coupler | L | - inductor | S | switch | = | regulator |
| CR = diode | LS | loud speaker | T | transformer | W | cable |
| DL = delay line | M | meter | TB | terminal board | X | socket |
| DS = device signaling (lamp) | MK | microphone | TP | test point | Y | crystal |
| $\mathrm{E} \quad=$ misc electronic part | MP | mechanical part | U | integrated circuit | Z | tuned cavity. network |
| ABBREVIATIONS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A $\quad=$ amperes | H | $=$ henries | N/O | normally open | RMO | $=$ rack mount only |
| AFC = automatic frequency | HDW | $=$ hardware | NOM | nominal | RMS | = root-mean square |
| control | HEX | $=$ hexagonal | NPO | negative positive | RWV | = reverse working |
| AMPL = amplifier | HG | $=$ mercury |  | zero (zero tern- |  | voltage |
|  | HR | $=$ hour(s) |  | perature coef- | S-B | = slow-blow |
| BFO = beat frequency osclla- |  | $=$ Hertz |  | ficient) | SCR | = screw |
| tor |  |  | NPN | negative-positive- | SE | = selenium |
| $\mathrm{BECU}=$ beryllium copper | IF | $=$ intermediate freq |  | negative | SECT | $=$ section(s) |
| $\mathrm{BH}=$ binder head | IMPG | $=$ impregnated | NRFR = | not recommended | SEMICON | = semiconductor |
| BP = bandpass | INCD | $=$ Incandescent |  | for field re- | SI | = silicon |
| BRS = brass | INCL | $=$ Include(s) |  | placement | SIL | = silver |
| BWO = backward wave oscilla- | INS | $=$ insulation(ed) | NSR = | not separately | SL | $=$ slide |
| tor | INT | $=$ internal |  | replaceable | SPG | = spring |
|  |  |  |  |  | SPL | = special |
| CCRW = counterclockwise | K | $=\mathrm{kilo}=1000$ | OBD = | order by | SST | = Stainless steel |
| CER = ceramic |  |  |  | description | SR | = split ring |
| CMO = cabinet mount only |  |  | $\mathrm{OH}=$ | oval head | STL | = steel |
| COEF = coefficient | LH | $=$ left hand | OX | oxide |  |  |
| COM = common | LIN | $=$ linear taper | $\mathrm{P}=$ | peak | TA | = tantalum |
| COMP $=$ composition | LK WASH | = lock washer | PC | printed circuit | TD | $=$ time delay |
| COMPL = complete | LOG | $=$ logarithmic taper | PF | picofarads $=10^{-12}$ | TGL | $=$ toggle |
| CONN = connector | LPF | = low pass filter | = | farads | THD | $=$ thread |
| CP = cadmium plate |  |  | PH BRZ = | phosphor bronze | TI | = titanium |
| CRT = cathode-ray tube | M | $=$ milli $=10^{-3}$ | $\mathrm{PHL}=$ | Phillips | TOL | = tolerance |
| CW = clockwise | MEG | $=\operatorname{meg}=10^{6}$ | PIV = | peak inverse | TRIM | = trimmer |
| DEPC = deposited carbon | MET FLM | $=$ metal film |  | voltage | TWT | = traveling wave |
| DR = drive | MET OX MFR | $=$ metallic oxide <br> $=$ manufacturer | PNP = | positive-negativepositive |  | tube |
| ELECT = electrolytic | MHz | $=$ mega Hertz | $\mathrm{P} / \mathrm{O}=$ | part of | $\mu$ | $=$ micro $=10^{-6}$ |
| ENCAP = encapsulated | MINAT | $=$ miniature | POLY = | polystrene |  |  |
| EXT $=$ external | MOM | $=$ momentary | PORC = | porcelain |  |  |
|  | MOS | $=$ metalized | POS = | position(s) | VAR | = variable |
| $\mathrm{F} \quad=$ farads |  | substrate | POT = | potentiometer | VDCW | $=\mathrm{dc}$ working volts |
| $\mathrm{FH} \quad=$ flat head | MTO | $=$ mounting | PP | peak-to-peak |  |  |
| FIL H = Fillister head | MY | = "mylar" | PT = | point |  |  |
| FXD = fixed |  |  | PWV = | peak working volt- | W/ | = with |
|  |  |  |  | age | W | = watts |
| $\mathrm{G} \quad=\operatorname{giga}\left(10^{9}\right)$ |  | $=$ nano (10-9) |  |  | WIV | = working Inverse |
|  | N/C | $=$ normally closed | RECT = | rectifier |  | voltage |
| GE = germanium | NE | $=$ neon | RF = | radio frequency | WW | = wire wound |
| $\mathrm{GL} \quad=$ glas | NI PL | $=$ nickel plate | $\mathrm{RH}=$ | round head or | W/O | $=$ without |
| GRD = ground(ed) |  |  |  | right hand |  |  |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | Qty | Description | Mfr Code | Mfr Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A1 | 08443-60071 | 1 | BOARD ASSY:LOW-FREOUENCY COUNTER (8443A ONLY) | 28480 |  |
| A10P1 | 08443-00009 | 1 | COVER:TOP COUNTER BOX | 28480 | 08443-00009 |
| A1MP2 | 08443-00016 | 1 | BRACKET:RETAINING | 28480 | 08443-00016 |
| A1MP3 | 08443-00042 | 1 | COVER BOX | 29480 | 08443-00042 |
| A1MP3 | 08443-00007 | 1 | COVER:BOTTOM C-BOX | 28483 | 08443-00007 |
| A1MP3 | 08443-00008 | 1 | PANEL:REAR C-BOX | 28480 | 08443-00008 |
| A1MP3 | 08443-00010 | 1 | BRACKET MOUNTING, LEFT C-BOX | 28480 | 08443-00010 |
| A1MP3 | 08443-00011 | 1 | BRACKET MOUNTING, RIGHT C-BOX | 28480 | 08443-00011 |
| A1MP3 | 08443-00015 | 1 | SCREEN:NIXIE SHIELD | 28480 | 08443-00015 |
| A1MP3 | 08443-4D004 | 2 | BRACKET:SCREEN | 28480 | 08443-40004 |
| A1MP4 | 08443-03044 | 1 | GUIDE:CONNECTOR BOARD | 28480 | 08443-00044 |
| A1MP5 | 08443-60039 | 1 | BOARD ASSY:CONNECTOR | 28480 | 08443-60039 |
| A1MP5 | 0380-0885 | 2 | STANDOFF:CAPTIVE 0.156" LG 4-43 THREAD | 00000 | DBD |
| A1MP5 | 1251-1887 | 2 | CONNECTOR:PC 44 CONTACTS (2 X 22) | 71785 | 252-22-30-340 |
| A1MP6 | 1400-0818 | 1 | CLAMP:MOTOR 0.750" TO \#6 MTG HOLES | 91506 | 2601-20 |
| A1MP6 | 0400-0009 | 8 | GROMMET:VINYL FITS 1/4" DIA HOLE | 01538 | G250 |
| A1MP7 | 3160-0231 | 1 | FAN BLADE:2.500" DIA | 04870 | 2-1/2 LMF . 0795 |
| A1MP7 | 0400-0009 |  | GROMMET:VINYL FITS 1/4" DIA HOLE | 01536 | G250 |
| A1MP8 | 0400-0009 | 5 | GROMMET:VINYL FITS 1/4" DIA HOLE | 01538 | G250 |
| A1MP9 | 0400-0009 |  | GROMMET:VINYL FITS 1/4" DIA HOLE | 01538 | G250 |
| A1MP10 | 0400-0009 |  | GROMMET:VINYL FITS 1/4" DIA HOLE | 01538 | G250 |
| A1MP11 | 0400-0009 |  | GROMMET:VINYL FITS 1/4" DIA HOLE | 01538 | G250 |
| A1MP12 | 0400-0009 |  | GROMMET:VINYL FITS 1/4" DIA HOLE | 01538 | G250 |
| A1MP13 | 0400-0009 |  | GROMMET:VINYL FITS 1/4" DIA HOLE | 01538 | G250 |
| A1W1 | 08443-60064 | 1 | CABLE ASSY | 28480 | 08443-60064 |
| A1W1 | 08443-60037 | 1 | BOARD ASSY:LOW FREQ COUNTER | 28480 | 08443-60037 |
| A1A1C1 | 0160-2143 | 3 | C:FXD CER 2000 PF +80-20\% 1000VDCW | 91418 | TYPE B |
| A1A1C2 | 0160-2143 |  | C:FXD CER 2000 PF +80-20\% 1000VDCW | 91418 | TYPE B |
| A1A1C3 | 0160-2930 | 6 | C:FXD CER 0.01 UF +80-20\% 100VDCW | 91418 | TA |
| A1A1C4 | 0180-0197 | 12 | C:FXD CER 2.2 UF +80-10\% 20VDCW | 56289 | 1500225X9020A2-DVS |
| A1A1CR1 | 0180-0137 | 1 | C:FXD CER 100 UF +80-20\% 10VDCW | 56289 | 1500107X0010R2-DVS |
| A1A1CR1 | 1901-0025 | 30 | DIODE:SILICON 100MA/IV | 07263 | FD 2387 |
| A1A1CR2 | 1901-0025 |  | DIODE:SILICON 100MA/1V | 07263 | FD 2387 |
| A1A1CR3 | 1901-0025 |  | DIODE:SILICON 100MA/IV | 07263 | FD 2387 |
| A1A1CR4 | 1901-0025 |  | DIODE:SILICON 100MA/IV | 07263 | FD 2387 |
| A1A1CR5 | 1901-0025 |  | DIODE:SILICON 100MA/IV | 07263 | FD 2387 |
| A1A1DS1 | 1970-0042 | 8 | TUBE:NUMERICAL INDICATOR | 83594 | B-5750-S |
| A1A1DS2 | 1200-0405 | 8 | SOCKET:TUBE FOR 5700 SERIES | 83594 | SK 207 |
| A1A1DS2 | 1970-0042 |  | TUBE:NUMERICAL INDICATOR | 83594 | B-5750-S |
| A1A1DS2 | 1200-0405 |  | SOCKET:TUBE FOR 5700 SERIES | 83594 | SK 207 |
| A1A1DS3 | 1970-0042 |  | TUBE:NUMERICAL INDICATOR | 83594 | B-5750-S |
| A1A1DS3 | 1200-0405 |  | SOCKET:TUBE FOR 5700 SERIES | 83594 | SK 207 |
| A1A1DS4 | 1970-0042 |  | TUBE:NUMERICAL INDICATOR | 83594 | B-5750-S |
| A1A1SD4 | 1200-0405 |  | SOCKET:TUBE FOR 5700 SERIES | 83594 | SK 207 |
| A1A1SD5 | 1970-0042 |  | TUBE:NUMERICAL INDICATOR | 83594 | B-5750-S |
| A1A1SD5 | 1200-0405 |  | SOCKET:TUBE FOR 5700 SERIES | 83594 | SK 207 |
| A1A1SD6 | 1970-0042 |  | TUBE:NUMERICAL INDICATOR | 83594 | B-5750-S |
| A1A1SD6 | 1200-0405 |  | SOCKET:TUBE FOR 5730 SERIES | 83594 | SK 207 |
| A1A1DS7 | 1970-0042 |  | TUBE:NUMERICAL INDICATOR | 83594 | B-5750-5 |
| A1A1DS7 | 1200-0435 |  | SOCKET:TUBE FOR 5700 SERIES | 83594 | SK 207 |
| A1A1DS8 | 1970-0042 |  | TUBE:NUMERICAL INDICATOR | 83594 | B-5750-S |
| A1A1DS8 | 1200-0405 |  | SOCKET:TUBE FOR 5700 SERIES | 83594 | SK 207 |
| A1A1L1 | 9100-1643 | 2 | COIL/CHOKE 300 UH 5\% | 28480 | 9100-1643 |
| A1A1L2 | 9100-1616 | 6 | COIL/CHOKE 1.50 UH 10\% | 99800 | 1537-16 |
| A1A1L3 | 9140-0051 | 1 | COIL:FXD 400 UHY | 28480 | 9140-0051 |
| A1A1Q1 | 1854-0022 | 4 | TSTRI:SI NPN | 07263 | S17843 |
| A1A1Q2 | 1854-0071 | 43 | TSTR:SI NPN SELECTED FROM 2N3704) | 28480 | 1854-0071 |
| A1A1Q3 | 1854-0022 |  | TSTR:SI NPN | 07263 | S17843 |
| A1A1Q4 | 1854-0022 |  | TSTR:SI NPN | 07263 | S17843 |
| A1A1Q5 | 1854-0022 |  | TSTR:SI NPN | 07263 | S17843 |
| A1A1R1 | 0683-6825 | 8 | R:FXD COMP 6800 OHM 5\% 1/4W | 01121 | CB 6825 |
| A1A1R2 | 0683-6825 |  | R:FXD COMP 6800 OHM 5\% 1/4W | 01121 | CB 6825 |
| A1A1R3 | 0683-3025 | 7 | R:FXD COMP 3000 OHM 5\% 1/4W | 01121 | CB 3025 |
| A1A1R4 | 0683-6825 |  | R:FXD COMP 6500 OHM 5\% 1/4W | 01121 | CB 6825 |
| A1A1R5 | 0683-3025 |  | R:FXD COMP 3000 OHM 5\% 1/4W | 01121 | CB 3025 |
| A1A1R6 | 0683-6825 |  | R:FXD COMP 6800 OHM 5\% 1/4W | 01121 | CB 6825 |
| A1A1R7 | 0683-3025 |  | R:FXD COMP 3000 OHM 5\% 1/4W | 01121 | CB 3025 |
| A1A1R8 | 0683-6825 |  | R:FXD COMP 6800 OHM 5\% 1/4W | 01121 | CB 6825 |
| A1A1R9 | 0683-3025 |  | R:FXD COMP 3000 OHM 5\% 1/4W | 01121 | CB 3025 |
| A1A1R10 | 0683-6825 |  | R:FXD COMP 6800 OHM 5\% 1/4W | 01121 | CB 6825 |
| A1A1R11 | 0683-6825 |  | R:FXD COMP 6800 OHM 5\% 1/4W | 01121 | CB 6825 |
| A1A1R12 | 0683-6825 |  | R:FXD COMP 6800 OHM 5\% 1/4W | 01121 | CB 6825 |
| A1A1R13 | 0683-1025 | 13 | R:FXD COMP 1000 OHM 5\% 1/4W | 01121 | CB 3025 |

See introduction to this section for ordering information

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | Qty | Description | Mfr Code | Mfr Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A1A1R14 | 0683-3025 |  | R:FXD COMP 3000 OHM 51 114w | 01121 | CB 3025 |
| A1A1R15 | 0683-3025 |  | R:FXD COMP 3330 OHM 5S 1/14 | 01121 | CB 3025 |
| A1A1U1 | 1820-0092 | 7 | INTEGRATED CIRCUIT:DECODER-DIVIDER | 28400 | 1820-0092 |
| A1A1U2 | 1820-0092 |  | INTEGRATED CIRCUIT:DECOOER-DIVIDER | 28480 | 1820-0092 |
| A1A1U3 | 1820-0092 |  | INTEGRATED CIRCUIT:DECODER-DIVIDER | 28480 | 1820-0092 |
| A1A1U4 | 1820-0092 |  | INTEGRATED CIRCUIT:DECODER-DIVIDER | 28480 | 1820-0092 |
| A1A1U5 | 1820-0092 |  | INTEGRATED CIRCUIT:DECODER-DIVIDER | 28480 | 1820-0092 |
| A1A1U6 | 1820-0092 |  | INTEGRATED CIRCUIT:DECODER-DIVIDER | 28480 | 1920-0092 |
| A1A1U7 | 1820-0092 |  | INTEGRATED CIRCUIT:DECODER-DIVIDER | 28480 | 1920-0092 |
| A1A1U8 | 1820-0116 | 7 | IC:4-BIT BUFF STORE GATED OUTS | 28480 | 1820-0016 |
| A1A1U9 | 1820-0116 |  | IC:4-BIT BUFF STORE GATED OUTS | 28480 | 1820-0116 |
| A1A1U10 | 1820-0116 |  | IC:4-BIT BUFF STORE GATED OUTS | 28480 | 1820-0116 |
| A1A1U11 | 1820-0116 |  | IC:4-BIT BUFF STORE GATED OUTS | 284B0 | 1820-0016 |
| A1A1U12 | 1120-0116 |  | IC:4-BIT BUFF STORE GATED OUTS | 28480 | 1820-0116 |
| A1A1U13 | 1120-0116 |  | IC:4-BIT BUFF STORE GATED OUTS | 28400 | 1820-0116 |
| A1A1U14 | 1820-0116 |  | IC:4-BIT BUFF STORE GATED OUTS | 28480 | 1820-0016 |
| A1A1U15 | 1820-0077 | 1 | IC:TTL DUAL D F/F | 01295 | S97474N |
| A1A1U16 | 1820-0117 | 1 | IC:TTL DEC. COUNTER W/ZERO SUP. | 28480 | 1820-0117 |
| A1A1U17 | 1820-0119 | 5 | IC:TTL BLANKING DECADE COUNTER | 28480 | 1920-0119 |
| A1A1U18 | 1820-0119 |  | IC:TTL BLANKING DECADE COUNTER | 28480 | 1820-0119 |
| A1A1U19 | 1820-0119 |  | IC:TTL BLANKING DECADE COUNTER | 28480 | 1820-0119 |
| A1A1U20 | 1820-0119 |  | IC:TTL BLANKING DECADE COUNTER | 20480 | 1920-0119 |
| A1A1U21 | 1820-0119 |  | IC:TTL BLANKING DECADE COUNTER | 28480 | 1820-0119 |
| A1A1U22 | 1B20-0174 | 1 | IC:TTL HEX INVERTER | 01295 | SN7404N |
| A1A2 | 08443-60070 | 1 | COOLING FAN ASSY | 28480 | 08443-60070 |
| A1A2C1 | 0180-0155 | 1 | C:FXD ELECT 2.2 UF 20\% 20VDCw | 56289 | 1500225X0020A2-DYS |
| A1A2C2 | 0160-3451 | 1 | C:FXD CER 0.01 UF +80-20\% 100VDCW | 56289 | C023B101F103ZS25-CDH |
| A1A2CR1 | 1901-0040 | 6 | DIODE:SILICON 30MA 30WV | 07263 | FDG1088 |
| A1A2CR2 | 1901-0040 |  | DIODE:SILICON 30MA 30WV | 07263 | FDG1088 |
| A1A2CR3 | 1901-0040 |  | DIODE:SILICON 30MA 30WV | 07263 | FDG1088 |
| A1A2CR4 | 1901-0040 |  | DIODE:SILICON 30MA 30WV | 07263 | FDG1088 |
| A1A2CR4 | 1901-0049 | 1 | DIODE:SILICON 50 PIV | 28480 | 1901-0049 |
| A1A2CR4 | 1901-0040 |  | DIODE:SILICON 30MA 30WV | 07263 | FDG1088 |
| A1A2CR7 | 1901-0040 |  | DIODE:SILICON 30MA 30WV | 07263 | FDG1088 |
| A1A2CR8 | 1902-3094 | 1 | DIODE BREAKDOWN:5.11V 2\% | 28480 | 1902-3094 |
| A1A2M1 | 3140-0487 | 1 | MOTOR:DC 10-15 VDC | 95984 | 1 AD20 |
| A1A2Q1 | 1853-0027 | 4 | TSTR:SI PNP | 37263 | S1554S |
| A1A2Q2 | 1853-0027 |  | TSTR:SI PNP | 07263 | 51554S |
| A1A2Q3 | 1953-0027 |  | TSTR:SI PNP | 07263 | 51554 S |
| A1A2Q4 | 1853-0027 |  | TSTR:SI PNP | 07263 | 51554S |
| A1A2Q5 | 1854-0045 | 1 | TSTR:SI NPN | 04713 | 2N956 |
| A1A2Q6 | 1853-0020 | 10 | TSTR:SI PNP (SELECTED FROM 2N3702) | 28480 | 1853-0020 |
| A1A2Q7 | 1854-0071 |  | TSTR:SI NPN (SELECTED FROM 2N3704) | 28480 | 1854-0071 |
| A1A2R | 0683-0335 | 1 | R:FXD COMP 3.3 OHM 5\% 1/4W | 01121 | CB 0335 |
| A1A2R2 | 0684-3311 | 2 | R:FXD COMP 300 OHM 10\% 1/4W | 01121 | CB 3311 |
| A1A2R3 | 0684-3311 |  | R:FXD COMP 300 OHM 10\% 1/4W | 01121 | CB 3311 |
| A1A2R4 | 0698-7255 | 2 | R:FXD FLM 6.19 OHM 2\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0690-7255 |
| A1A2R5 | 0698-7255 |  | R:FXD FLM 6.19 OHM 2\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0698-7255 |
| A1A2R6 | 0698-7239 | 1 | R:FXD FLM 1.33K OHM 2\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0698-7239 |
| A1A2R7 | 0698-7253 | 1 | R:FXD MET FLM 5.11K OHM 2\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0698-7253 |
| A2 | 08443-60001 | 1 | ATTENUATOR ASSY:10 DB | 28480 | 08443-60001 |
| A2 |  |  | NOT FIELD REPAIRABLE |  |  |
| A2W1 | 08443-60102 |  | REBUILT 08443-60001,REQUIRES EXCHANGE | 28480 | 08443-60102 |
| A3 | 08443-60002 | 1 | ATTENUATOR ASSY:1 DB NOT FIELD REPAIRABLE | 28480 | 08443-60002 |
| A3W1 | 05443-60049 | 1 | CABLE ASSY:INTERCONNECT, BROWN | 28480 | 08443-60049 |
| A3W2 | 08443-60050 | 1 | CABLE ASSY:OUTPUT. RED | 28480 | 08443-60050 |
| A4 | 0960-0079 | 1 | OSCILLATOR-CRYSTAL ASSY: 1.0 MHZ (8443A ONLY) | 28480 | 0960-0079 |
| A5 | 06443-60048 | 1 | BOARD ASSY:TIME BASE | 28480 | 08443-60048 |
| A5 |  |  | (8443A ONLY) |  |  |
| A5C1 | 0163-2055 | 23 | C:FXD CER 0.01 UF +80-20\% 100VDCW | 56289 | C023F101F103ZS22-CDH |
| A5C2 | 0160-2055 |  | C:FXD CER 0.01 UF +80-20\% 100VDCW | 56289 | C023F101F103ZS22-CDH |
| ASC3 | 0160-2055 |  | C:FXD CER 0.01 UF +80-20\% 100VDCW | 56289 | C023F101F103ZS22-CDH |
| A5C4 | 0160-2055 |  | C:FXD CER 0.01 UF +80-20\% 100VDCW | 56289 | C023F101F103ZS22-CDH |
| A5C5 | 0160-2218 | 1 | C:FXD CER MICA 1000 PF 5\% | 28480 | 0160-2218 |
| A5C6 | 0180-0229 | 1 | C:FXD ELECT 33 UF 10\% 10VDCW | 28480 | 0180-0229 |
| A5C7 | 0180-0116 | 5 | C:FXD ELECT 6.8 UF 10\% 33VDCW | 56289 | 150D68X903582-DYS |
| A5C8 | 0160-2055 |  | C:FXD CER 0.01 UF +80-20\% 100VDCW | 56289 | C023F101F301ZS22-CDH |
| A5C9 | 0180-1735 | 3 | C:FXD ELECT 0.22 UF 10\% 35VDCW | 28480 | 0180-1735 |
| A5C10 | 0160-2139 | 10 | C:FXD CER $220 \mathrm{PF}+80-20 \%$ 1000VDCW | 91418 | TYPE B |
| A5C11 | 0160-2055 |  | C:FXD CER 0.01 UF +80-20\% 100VDCW | 56289 | C023F101F103ZS22-CDH |

See Introduction to this section for ordering Information

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | Qty | Description | Mfr Code | Mfr Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A5C12 | 0180-1735 |  | C:FXD ELECT 0.22 UF 10\% 35VDCW | 28480 | 0180-1735 |
| A5C13 | 0160-3453 | 9 | C:FXD CER 0.05 UF +80-20\% 100VDCW | 56289 | C023A101L503ZS25-CD-1 |
| A5C14 | 0160-2055 |  | C:FXD CER 0.01 UF +80-20\% 100VDCW | 56289 | C023F101F103ZS22-CD-1 |
| A5CR1 | 1901-0025 |  | DIODE:SILICON 100MA/1V | 07263 | FD 2387 |
| A5CR2 | 1910-0016 | 5 | DIODE:GERMANIUM 100MA/0.85V 60PIV | 93332 | D2361 |
| A5CR3 | 1901-0025 |  | DIODE:SILICON 100MA/1V | 07263 | FD 2387 |
| A5CR4 | 1901-0025 |  | DIODE:SILICON 100MA/1V | 07263 | FD 2387 |
| A5J1 | 1250-1195 | 9 | CONNECTOR:RF SUB-MINIATURE SERIES | 98291 | 52-053-0000 |
| A5J2 | 1250-1195 |  | CONNECTOR:RF SUB-MINIATURE SERIES | 98291 | 52-053-0000 |
| A5L1 | 9100-1629 | 6 | COIL/CHOKE 47.0 UH 5\% | 28480 | 9100-1629 |
| A5L2 | 9100-1643 |  | COIL/CHOKE 300 UH 5\% | 28480 | 9100-1643 |
| A5L3 | 9100-1629 |  | COIL/CHOKE 47.0 UH 5\% | 28480 | 9100-1629 |
| A514 | 9100-1629 |  | COIL/CHOKE 47.0 UH 5\% | 28480 | 9100-1629 |
| A5L5 | 9100-1622 | 1 | COIL/CHOKE 24.0 UH 5\% | 28480 | 9100-1622 |
| A5Q1 | 1854-0071 |  | TSTR:SI NPN(SELECTED FROM 2N3704) | 28480 | 1854-0071 |
| A5Q2 | 1854-0071 |  | TSTR:SI NPN[SELECTED FROM 2N3704) | 28480 | 1854-0071 |
| A5Q3 | 1854-0071 | 1 | TSTR:SI NPN(SELECTED FROM 2N3704) | 28480 | 1854-0071 |
| A5Q4 | 1854-0071 |  | TSTR:SI NPN(SELECTED FROM 2N3704) | 28480 | 1854-0071 |
| A5Q5 | 1854-0071 |  | TSTR:SI NPN(SELECTED FROM 2N3704) | 28480 | 1854-0071 |
| A5Q6 | 1854-0071 |  | TSTR:SI NPN(SELECTED FROM 2N3704) | 28480 | 1854-0071 |
| A5Q7 | 1854-0071 |  | TSTR:SI NPN(SELECTED FROM 2N3704) | 28480 | 1854-0071 |
| A5R1 | 0757-0438 | 16 | R:FXD MET FLM 5.11 K OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0438 |
| A5R2 | 0757-0438 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 5.11 K OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0438 |
| A5R3 | 0683-5135 | 1 | R:FXD COMP 51K OHM 5\% 1/4W | 01121 | CB 5135 |
| A5R4 | 0683-1005 | 4 | R:FXD COMP 10 OHM 5\% 1/4W | 01121 | CB 1005 |
| A5R5 | 0683-7525 | 1 | R:FXD COMP 7590 OHM 52 1/4W | 01121 | CB 7525 |
| A5R6 | 0757-0438 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 5.11K OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0438 |
| A5R7 | 0757-0416 | 10 | R:FXD MET FLM 511 OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0416 |
| A5R8 | 0698-0084 | 8 | R:FXD MET FLM 2.15 K OHM 1\% 1/8 | 28480 | 0698-0084 |
| A5R9 | 0757-0394 | 7 | R:FXD MET FLM 51.1 OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0394 |
| A5R10 | 0757-0416 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 511 OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0416 |
| A5R11 | 0698-3441 | 7 | R:FXD MET FLM 215 OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0698-3441 |
| A5R12 | 0757-0438 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 5.11K OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0438 |
| A5R13 | 0698-0084 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 2.15 K OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0698-0084 |
| A5R14 | 0757-0420 | 5 | R:FXD MET FLM 750 OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0420 |
| A5R15 | 0683-1025 |  | R:FXD COMP 1333 OHM 51 1/4W | 01121 | CB 1025 |
| A5R16 | 0698-3441 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 215 OHM L8 1/8W | 28480 | 0698-3441 |
| A5R17 | 0757-0438 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 5.11 K OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0438 |
| A5R18 | 0757-0159 | 2 | R:FXD MET FLM 1000 OHM 1\% 1/2W | 28480 | 0757-0159 |
| A5R19 | 0683-1025 |  | R:FXD COMP 1330 OHM 5\% 1/4W | 01121 | CB 1025 |
| A5R20 | 0683-1025 |  | R:FXD COMP 1000 OHM 5\% 1/4W | 01121 | CB 1025 |
| A5R21 | 0683-1025 |  | R:FXD COMP 1000 OHM 5\% 1/4W | 01121 | CB 1025 |
| A5R22 | 0683-1025 |  | R:FXD COMP 1000 OHM 5\% 1/4W | 01121 | CB 1025 |
| A5R23 | 0683-1025 |  | R:FXD COMP 1000 OHM 5\% 1/4W | 01121 | CB 1025 |
| A5R24 | 0683-1025 |  | R:FXD COMP 1000 OHM 5\% 1/4W | 01121 | CB 1025 |
| A5R25 | 0683-1025 |  | R:FXD COMP 1000 OHM 5\% 1/4W | 01121 | CB 1025 |
| A5R26 | 0683-6225 | 1 | R:FXD COMP 6200 OHM 5\% 1/4W | 01121 | CB 6225 |
| A5R27 | 0698-3441 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 215 OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0698-3441 |
| A5R28 | 0757-1094 | 1 | R:FXD MET FLM 1.47K OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-1094 |
| A5R29 | 0698-3441 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 215 OHM 1\% 18W | 28480 | 0698-3441 |
| A5S1 | 3101-1213 | 1 | SWITCH:TOGGLE DPST-DB SUB-MINIATURE | 81640 | T8001 |
| A5TP1 | 08443-00041 | 14 | TEST POINT | 28480 | 08443-00041 |
| A5TP2 | 08443-00041 |  | TEST POINT | 28480 | 08443-00041 |
| A5TP3 | 08443-00041 |  | TEST POINT | 28480 | 08443-00041 |
| A5TP4 | 08443-00041 |  | TEST POINT | 28480 | 08443-00041 |
| A5TP5 | 08443-00041 |  | TEST POINT | 28480 | 08443-00041 |
| A5TP6 | 08443-00041 |  | TEST POINT | 28480 | 08443-00041 |
| A5U1 | 1820-0054 | 2 | IC:TTL OUAD 2-INPT NAND GATE | 01295 | SN7400N |
| A5U2 | 1820-0304 | 2 | IC:TTL J-K M/S F/F W/CLOCKED \& INPTS | 01295 | SN7472N |
| A5U3 A | 1820-0412 | 5 | INTEGRATED CIRCUIT:DECADE DIVIDER | 28480 | 1820-0412 |
| A5U3 B | 1820-0412 |  | INTEGRATED CIRCUIT:DECADE DIVIDER | 28480 | 1820-0412 |
| A5U4 | 1820-0412 |  | INTEGRATED CIRCUIT:DECADE DIVIDER | 28480 | 1820-0412 |
| A5U5A | 1820-0412 |  | INTEGRATED CIRCUIT:DECADE DIVIDER | 28480 | 1820-0412 |
| A5U5B | 182D-0412 |  | INTEGRATED CIRCUIT:DECADE DIVIDER | 28480 | 1820-0412 |
| A5W1 | 08443-60051 | 1 | CABLE ASSY:TIME BA5E INPUT | 28480 | 08443-60051 |
| A6 | 08443-60047 | 1 | BOARD ASSY:RF DECADE (8443A ONLY) | 28480 | 08443-60047 |
| A6C1 | 0160-2327 | 11 | C:FXD CER 1033 PF 20 100IVDCW | 96733 | B104BX102M |
| A6C2 | 0160-2327 |  | C:FXD CER 1000 PF 202 100VDC1 | 96733 | B104BX102M |
| A6C3 | 0180-0376 | 6 | C:FXD ELECT 0.47 UF 1\% 35DVCW | 56289 | 150D474X9035A2-DYS |
| A6C4 | 0180-0197 |  | C:FXD ELECT 2.2 UF 102 20VDCW | 56289 | 150D225X9020A2-DYS |
| A6C5 | 0160-2930 |  | C:FXD CER 0.01 UF +80-20\% 1000VUCW | 91418 | TA |
| A6C6 | 0160-2930 |  | C:FXD CER 0.31 UF +80-20\% 1000VDCW | 91418 | TA |
| A6C7 | 0160-2327 |  | C:FXD CER 1000 PF 20\% 100VLCW | 96733 | B104BX102M |

See introduction to this section for ordering information

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | Qty | Description | Mfr Code | Mfr Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A6C8 | 0160-2327 |  | C:FXD CER 1000 PF 20\% 100VDCW | 96733 | B104BX102M |
| A6C9 | 0180-0197 |  | C:FXD ELECT 2.2 UF 10\% 20VDCW | 56289 | 150D225X9020A2-DYS |
| A6C10 | 0180-0376 |  | C:FXD ELECT 0.47 UF 1\% 35VDCW | 56289 | 150D474X9035A2-DYS |
| A6C11 | 0180-0197 |  | C:FXD ELECT Z.2 UF 10\% 20VDCW | 56289 | 150225X902R2-3YST |
| A6C12 | 0180-0116 |  | C:FXD ELECT 6.8 UF 10\% 35VDCW | 56289 | 150D6b85X903532-3S |
| A6C13 | 0160-2930 |  | C:FXD CER 0.01 UF +80-20\% 100VDCW | 91418 | TA |
| A6C14 | 0160-2930 |  | C:FXD CER 0.01 UF +80-20\% 100VDCW | 91418 | TA |
| A6C15 |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A6C16 | 0160-2327 |  | C:FXD CER 1000 UF 20\% 100VDCW | 96733 | B104BX102M |
| A6C17 | 0180-0376 |  | C:FXD ELECT 0.47 UF 10\% 35VDCW | 56289 | 150D474X9035A2-DYS |
| A6C18 | 0180-0197 |  | C:FXD ELECT 2.2 UF 10\% 20VDCW | 56289 | 150D225x9020A2-DYS |
| A6C19 | 0180-0376 |  | C:FXD ELECT 0.47 UF 10\% 35VDCW | 56289 | 150D474X903542-DYS |
| A6C20 | 0160-2930 |  | C:FXD CER 0.31 UF +80-20\% 100VDCW | 91418 | TA |
| A6C21 | 0180-0197 |  | C:FXD ELECT 2.2 UF 10\% 20VDCW | 56289 | 150D225X9020A2-DYS |
| A6C22 | 0180-0376 |  | C:FXD ELECT 0.47 UP 10\% 35VDCW | 56289 | 150D474X9035A2-DYS |
| A6C23 | 0180-0197 |  | C:FXD ELECT 2.2 UF 10\% 20VDCW | 56289 | 150D225X9020A2-DYS |
| A6C24 | 0160-2327 |  | C:FXD CER 1000 PF 20\% 100VDCW | 96733 | B1046X102M |
| A6C25 | 0180-0197 |  | C:FXD ELECT 2.2 UF 10\% 20VDCW | 56289 | 150D225X902042-DYS |
| A6C26 | 0160-2327 |  | C:FXD CER 1033 PP 20\% 100VDCW | 96733 | B104BX102M |
| A6C27 | 0160-2327 |  | C:FXD CER 1000 PF 20\% 100VDCW | 96733 | B104BX102M |
| A6C28 | 0160-2327 |  | C:FXD CER 1000 PF 20\% 100VDCW | 96733 | B104BX102M |
| A6C29 | 0160-2327 |  | C:FXD CER 1000 PF 20\% 100VDCW | 96733 | B104BX102M |
| A6C30 | 0180-0197 |  | C:FXD ELECT 2.2 UF 10\%: 20VDCW | 56289 | 150D225X9020A2-DYS |
| A6C31 | 0160-2204 | 3 | C:FXD MICA 100PF 5\% | 72136 | RDM15F101J3C |
| A6CR1 | 1901-0047 | 6 | DIODE JUNCTION:SILICON 20PIV | 28480 | 1901-0047 |
| A6CR2 | 1901-0047 | 3 | JUNCTION:SILICON 20PIV | 28480 | 1901-0047 |
| A6CR3 | 1901-0518 |  | DIDOE:HOT CARRIER | 28480 | 1901-0518 |
| A6CR4 | 1901-0518 |  | DIODE:HOT CARRIER | 28480 | 1901-0518 |
| A6CR5 | 1902-0518 | 1 | DIODE BREAKDOWN:5.11V | 28480 | 1902-0518 |
| A6CR6 | 1901-0047 |  | JUNCTION:SILICON 20PIV | 28480 | 1901-0047 |
| A6CR7 | 1901-0047 |  | DIODE JUNCTION:SILICON 20PIV | 28480 | 1901-0047 |
| A6CR8 | 1901-0047 |  | DIODE JUNCTION:SILICON 20PIV | 28480 | 1901-0047 |
| A6CR9 | 1902-3024 | 1 | DIODE:BREAKDOWN 2.87V 5\% | 04713 | SZ10939-26 |
| A6CR10 | 1901-0047 |  | DIODE JUNCTION:SILICON 20PIV | 28480 | 1901-0047 |
| A6CR11 | 1901-0518 |  | DIODE:HOT CARRIER | 28480 | 1901-0518 |
| A6CR12 | 1901-0025 |  | DIODE:SILICON 100MA/1V | 07263 | FD 2387 |
| A6CR13 | 1902-0048 | 3 | DIODE:BREAKDOWN 6.81V 5\% | 04713 | SZ10939-134 |
| A6CR14 | 1902-0048 |  | DIODE BREAKDOWN 6.81V 5\% | 04713 | S210939-134 |
| A6CR15 | 1901-0179 | 2 | DIODE:SILICON 15WV | 28480 | 1901-0179 |
| A6CR16 | 1901-0179 |  | DIODE:SILICON 1SWV | 28480 | 1901-0179 |
| A6CR17 | 1901-0039 | 2 | DIODE:SILICON 200MA 50WV | 28480 | 1901-0039 |
| A6CR18 | 1901-0039 |  | DIODE:SILICON 200MA 50WV | 28480 | 1901-0039 |
| A6J1 | 1250-1194 | 9 | CO4NECTOR:RF BULKHEAD RECEPTACLE | 98291 | 52-045-4610 |
| A6J1 | 08443-20011 | 4 | CONNECTOR:RECESS | 28480 | 08443-20011 |
| A6J2 | 1250-1194 |  | CONNECTOR:RF BULKHEAD RECEPTACLE | 98291 | 52-045-4610 |
| A6J2 | 08443-20011 |  | CONNECTOR:RECESS | 28480 | 08443-20011 |
| A6L1 | 9100-1616 |  | COIL/CHOKE 1.50 UH 10\% | 99800 | 1537-16 |
| A6L2 | 9100-1616 |  | COIL/CHOKE 1.50 UH 10\% | 99800 | 1537-16 |
| A6L3 | 9100-1630 | 2 | C3IL/CHOKE 51.0 UH 5\% | 28480 | 9100-1630 |
| A6L4 | 9100-1623 | 1 | COIL/CHOKE 21.0 UH 5\% | 99800 | 1537-48 |
| A6L5 | 9100-1616 |  | COIL/CHOKE 1.50 UH 10\% | 99800 | 1537-16 |
| A6L6 | 9100-1616 |  | COIL/CHOKE 1.50 UH 10\% | 99800 | 1537-16 |
| A6L7 |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A6L8 | 9100-1616 |  | COIL/CHOKE 1.50 UH 10\% | 99800 | 1537-16 |
| A6L9 | 9100-1611 | 4 | COIL:FXD 0.22 UH 20\% | 28480 | 9100-1611 |
| A6L10 | 9100-1611 |  | COIL:FXD 0.22 UH 20\% | 28480 | 9100-1611 |
| A6L11 | 9100-1611 |  | COIL:FXD 0.22 UH 20\% | 28480 | 9100-1611 |
| A6Q1 | 1854-0345 | 7 | TSTR:SI NPN | 80131 | 2N5179 |
| A6Q2 | 1854-0345 |  | TSTR:SI NPN | 80131 | 2N5179 |
| A6Q3 | 1854-0071 |  | TSTR:SI NPN(SELECTED FROM 2N3704) | 28480 | 1854-0071 |
| A6Q4 | 1853-0020 |  | TSTR:SI PNP(SELECTED FROM 2N3702) | 28480 | 1853-0020 |
| A6Q5 | 1854-0019 | 6 | TSTR:SI NPN | 28480 | 1854-0019 |
| A6Q6 | 1854-0019 |  | TSTR:SI NPN | 28480 | 1854-0019 |
| A6Q7 | 1854-0019 |  | TSTR:SI NPN | 28480 | 1854-0019 |
| A6R1 | 0698-7229 | 2 | R:FXD FLM 511 OHM 2\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0698-7229 |
| A6R2 | 0757-0395 | 2 | R:FXD MET FLM 56.2 OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0395 |
| A6R3 | 0757-0442 | 21 | R:FXD MET FLM 10.OK OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0442 |
| A6R4 | 0698-7229 |  | R:FXD MET 511 OHM 2\%1/8W | 28480 | 0698-7229 |
| A6R5 | 0757-0395 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 56.2 OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0395 |
| A6R6 | 0757-0442 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 10.0K OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0442 |
| A6R7 | 0757-0438 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 5.11 K OHM 1\% 1/8W | 2 B 840 | 0757-0438 |
| A6R8 | 0757-0438 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 5.11 K OHM 1\%1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0438 |
| A6R9 | 0757-0438 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 5.11 K OHM 1\% 1/8W | 20480 | 0757-0438 |
| A6R10 | 0757-0438 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 5.11K OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0438 |

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Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | Qty | Description | Mfr Code | Mfr Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A6R11 | 0757-0280 | 8 | R:FXD MET FLM 1K OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0280 |
| A6R12 | 0757-0438 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 5.11 K OHM $131 / 8 \mathrm{~W}$ | 28480 | 0757-0438 |
| A6R13 | 0698-3151 | 3 | R:FXD MET FLM 2.87 K OHM $1 \% / 8 \mathrm{~W}$ | 28480 | 0698-3151 |
| A6R14 | 0698-3151 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 2.87K OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0698-3151 |
| A6R15 | 0698-0083 | 5 | R:FXD MET FLM 1.96K OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0698-0083 |
| A6R16 | 0757-0405 | 2 | R:FXD MET FLM 162 OHM 1\%1 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0405 |
| A6R17 | 0698-3434 | 2 | R:FXD MET FLM 34.8 OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0698-3434 |
| A6R18 | 0698-3444 | 3 | R:FXD MET FLM 316 OHM 1\%/ 1/8W | 28480 | 0698-3444 |
| A6R19 | 0698-0083 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 1.96K OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0698-0083 |
| A6R20 | 0757-0279 | 9 | R:FXD MET FLM 3.16K OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0279 |
| A6R21 | 0757-0405 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 162 OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0405 |
| A6R22 | 0698-3434 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 34.8 OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0698-3434 |
| A6R22 |  |  | FACTORY SELECTED PART |  |  |
| A6R23 | 0757-0416 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 511 OHM 1\% 18W | 28480 | 0757-0416 |
| A6R24 | 0698-3435 | 2 | R:FXD MET FLM 38.3 OHM $1 \% 1 / 8 W$ | 28480 | 0698-3435 |
| A6R24 |  |  | FACTORY SELECTED PART |  | 07570410 |
| A6R25 | 0757-0416 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 511 OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0416 |
| A6R26 | 0698-0083 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 1.96K OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0698-0083 |
| A6R27 | 0757-1001 | 1 | R:FXD MET FLM 56.2 OHM 1\% 1/2W | 28480 | 0757-1001 |
| A6R28 | 0698-7236 | 3 | R:FXD FLM 1K OHM 2\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0698-7236 |
| A6R29 | 0698-7236 |  | R:FXD FLM I1K OHM 2\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0698-7236 |
| A6R30 | 0698-7236 |  | R:FXD FLM 1K OHM 2\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0698-7236 |
| A6R31 | 0757-0442 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 10.0K OHM 1\% 11/8W | 28480 | 0757-0442 |
| A6R32 | 0698-0083 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 1.96K OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0698-0083 |
| A6R33 | 0757-0274 | 2 | R:FXD MET FLM 1.21K OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0274 |
| A6TP1 | 08443-00041 |  | TEST POINT | 28480 | 08443-00041 |
| A6TP2 | 08443-00041 |  | TEST POINT | 28480 | 08443-00041 |
| A6TP3 | 1250-1194 |  | CONNECTOR:RF BULKHEAD RECEPTACLE | 98291 | 52-045-4610 |
| A6TP3 | 08443-20011 |  | CONNECTOR:RECESS | 28480 | 08443-20011 |
| A6TP4 | 0360-1514 | 8 | TERMINAL PIN:SQUARE | 28480 | 0360-1514 |
| A6TP5 | 0360-1514 |  | TERMINAL PIN:SQUARE | 28480 | 0360-1514 |
| A6TP6 | 0360-1514 |  | TERMINAL PIN:SQUARE | 28480 | 0360-1514 |
| A6TP7 | 0360-1514 |  | TERMINAL PIN:SQUARE | 28480 | 0360-1514 |
| A6U1 | 1820-0275 | 1 | IC:ECL TO TTL QUAD 2-INPT OR TRANS | 04713 | MC1019P |
| A6U2 | 1820-0102 | 4 | INTEGRATED CIRCUIT:J-K FLIP FLOP | 04713 | MC1013P |
| A6U3 | 1820-0101 | 1 | INTEGRATED CIRCUIT:DIFFERENTIAL AMPL | 04713 | MC1034P |
| A6U4 | 1820-0102 |  | INTEGRATED CIRCUIT:J-K FLIP FLOP | 04713 | MC1013P |
| A6U5 | 1820-0102 |  | INTEGRATED CIRCUIT:J-K FLIP FLOP | 04713 | MC1013P |
| A6U6 | 1820-0102 |  | INTEGRATED CIRCUIT:J-K FLIP FLOP | 04713 | MC1013P |
| A6W1 | 08443-60056 | 1 | CABLE ASSY:TRIGGER GENERATOR COUNTER | 28480 | 08443-60056 |
| A7 | 08443-60046 | 1 | MARKER CONTROL ASSY | 28480 | 08443-60046 |
| A7 A7C1 | 0160-2055 |  | (8443A ONLY) C:FXD CER 0.01 UF +80-20\% 100VDCW | 56289 | C03F101F103ZS22-CD-1 |
| A7C2 | 0160-2055 |  | C:FXD CER 0.01 UF +80-20\% 100VDCW | 56289 | C03F101F103ZS22-CD-1 |
| A7C3 | 0160-2055 |  | C:FXD CER 0.01 UF +80-20\% 100VDCW | 56289 | C03F101F103ZS22-CD-1 |
| A7C4 | 0160-2055 |  | C:FXD CER 0.01 UF +80-20\% 100VDCW | 56289 | C03F101F103ZS22-CD-1 |
| A7C5 | 0160-2257 | 2 | C:FXD CER 10 PF 5\% 500VDCW | 72982 | 301-000-00H0-100J |
| A7C6 | 0160-2055 |  | C:FXD CER 0.01 UF +80-20\% 100VDCW | 56289 | C03F101F103ZS22-CD-1 |
| A7C7 | 0160-2055 |  | C:FXD CER 0.01 UF +80-20\% 100VDCW | 56289 | C03F101F103ZS22-CD-1 |
| A7C8 | 0160-2055 |  | C:FXD CER 0.01 UF +80-20\% 100VDCW | 56289 | C03F101F103ZS22-CD-1 |
| A7C9 | 0160-2055 |  | C:FXD CER 0.01 UF +80-20\% 100VDCW | 56289 | C03F101F103ZS22-CD-1 |
| A7C10 | 0180-0197 |  | C:FXD ELECT 2.2 UF 10\% 20VDCW | 56289 | 1500225X9020A2-DYS |
| A7C11 | 0180-0197 |  | C:FXD ELECT 2.2 UF 10\% 20VDCW | 56289 | 1500225X9020A2-DYS |
| A7C12 | 0180-0197 |  | C:FXD ELECT 2.2 UF 10\% 20VDCW | 56289 | 1500225X9020A2-DYS |
| A7C13 | 0180-0098 | 1 | C:FXD ELECT L100 UF 20\% 20VDCW | 56289 | 150D107X0020S2-DYS |
| A7C14 | 0180-0116 |  | C:FXD ELECT 6.8 UF 10\% 35VDCW | 56289 | 150D685X9035B2-DYS |
| A7C15 | 0160-2139 |  | C:FXD CER 220 PF +80-20\% 1000VDCW | 91418 | TYPE B |
| A7C16 | 0160-2143 |  | C:FXD CER 2000 PF +80-20\% 1000VDCW | 91418 | TYPE B |
| A7C17 | 0180-0116 |  | C:FXD ELECT 6.8 UF 10\% 35VDCW | 56289 | 150D685X9035B2-DYS |
| A7C18 | 0180-0376 |  | C:FXD ELECT 0.47 UF 10\% 35VDCW | 56289 | 150D474X90356A2-DYS |
| A7C19 | 0160-2055 |  | C:FXD CER 0.01 UF +80-20\% 100VDCW | 56289 | C023F101F103ZS22-CD-1 |
| A7CR1 | 1901-0025 |  | DIODE:SILICON 100MA/1V | 07263 | FD 2387 |
| A7CR2 | 1902-3268 | 2 | DIODE BREAKDOWN:26.1V 5\% | 28480 | 1902-3268 |
| A7CR3 | 1901-0025 |  | DIODE:SILICON 100MA/1V | 07263 | FD 2387 |
| A7CR4 | 1901-0025 |  | DIODE:SILICON 100MA/1V | 07263 | FD 2387 |
| A7CR5 | 1901-0025 |  | DIODE:SILICON | 07263 | FD 2387 |
| A7CR6 | 1901-0159 | 7 | DIODE:SILICON 0.75A 400PIV | 04713 | SR1358-4 |
| A7CR7 | 1901-0025 |  | DIODE:SILICON 100MA/1V | 07263 | FD 2387 |
| A7CR8 | 1901-0025 |  | DIODE:SILICON 100MA/1V | 07263 | FD 2387 |
| A7CR9 | 1910-0016 |  | DIODE:GERMANIUM 100MA/0.85V 60PIV | 93332 | D2361 |
| A7CR10 | 1910-0016 |  | DIODE:GERMANIUM 100MA/0.85V 60PIV | 93332 | D2361 |
| A7CR11 | 1901-0025 |  | DIODE:SILICON 100MA/1V | 07263 | FD 2387 |
| A7CR12 | 1901-0025 |  | DIODE:SILICON 100MA/1V | 07263 | FD 2387 |
| A7CR13 | 1901-0025 |  | DIODE:SILICON 100MA/1V | 07263 | PD 2387 |

See Introduction to this section for ordering Information
6-7

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | Qty | Description | Mfr Code | Mfr Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A7CR14 | 1901-0025 |  | DIODE:SILICON 100MA/1V | 07263 | FD 2387 |
| A7CR15 | 1901-0025 |  | DIODE:SILICON 100MA/1V | 07263 | FD 2387 |
| A7CR16 | 1901-0025 |  | DIODE:SILICON 100MA/1V | 07263 | FD 2387 |
| A7CR17 | 1901-0025 |  | DIODE:SILICON 100MA/1V | 07263 | FD 2387 |
| A7CR18 | 1910-0016 |  | DIODE:GERMANIUM 100MA/0.85V 60PIV | 93332 | D2361 |
| A7CR19 | 1901-0025 |  | DIODE:SILICON 100MA/1V | 07263 | FD 2387 |
| A7CR20 | 1901-0025 |  | DIODE:SILICON 100MA/1V | 07263 | FD 2387 |
| A7CR21 | 1901-0025 |  | DIODE:SILICON 100MA/1V | 07263 | FD 2387 |
| A7CR22 | 1910-0016 |  | DIODE:GERMANIUM 100MA/0.85V 60PIV | 93332 | D2361 |
| A7J1 | 1250-1195 |  | CONNECTOR:RF SUB-MINIATURE SERIES | 98291 | 52-053-0000 |
| A7J2 | 1250-1195 |  | CONNECTOR:RF SUB-MINIATURE SERIES | 98291 | 52-053-0000 |
| A7L1 | 9140-0129 | 4 | COIL:FXD RF 220 UH | 28480 | 9140-0129 |
| A7L2 | 9100-1629 |  | COIL/CHOKE 47.3 UH 5\% | 28480 | 9100-1629 |
| A7L3 | 9100-1629 |  | COIL/CHOKE 47.0 UH 5\% | 28480 | 9100-1629 |
| A7L4 | 9100-1629 |  | COIL/CHOKE 47.3 UH 5\% | 28480 | 9100-1629 |
| A7L5 | 9140-0129 |  | COIL:FXD RF 220 UN | 28480 | 9140-0129 |
| A7L6 | 9140-0129 |  | COIL:FXD RF 220 UH | 28480 | 9140-0129 |
| A7L7 | 9140-0129 |  | COIL:FXD RF 220 UN | 28480 | 9142-0129 |
| A7Q1 | 1853-0020 |  | TSTR:SI NPN(SELECTED FROM 2N3702) | 28480 | 1853-0020 |
| A7Q2 | 1853-0020 |  | TSTR:SI NPN(SELECTED FROM 2N3732) | 28480 | 1853-0020 |
| A7Q3 | 1854-0071 |  | TSTR:SI NPN(SELECTED FROM 2N3704) | 28480 | 1854-0071 |
| A7Q4 | 1854-0071 |  | TSTR:SI NPN(SELECTED FROM 2N3704) | 28480 | 1854-0071 |
| A7Q5 | 1854-0221 | 4 | TSTR:SI NPN(REPL.BY 2N4044) | 28480 | 1854-0221 |
| A7Q6 | 1854-0221 |  | TSTR:SI NPN(REPL.BY 2N4044) | 28480 | 1854-0221 |
| A7Q7 | 1854-0071 |  | TSTR:SI NPN(SELECTED FROM 2N3704) | 28480 | 1854-0071 |
| A7Q8 | 1854-0071 |  | TSTR:SI NPN(SELECTED FROM 2N3704) | 28480 | 1854-0071 |
| A7Q9 | 1854-0071 |  | TSTR:SI NPN(SELECTED FROM 2N3704) | 28480 | 1854-0071 |
| A7Q10 | 1853-0020 |  | TSTR:SI NPN(SELECTED FROM 2N3702) | 28480 | 1853-0020 |
| A7Q11 | 1853-0020 |  | TSTR:SI NPN(SELECTED FROM 2N3702) | 28480 | 1853-0020 |
| A7Q12 | 1854-0071 |  | TSTR:SI NPN(SELECTED FROM 2N3704) | 28480 | 1854-0071 |
| A7Q13 | 1854-0071 |  | TSTR:SI NPN(SELECTED FROM 2N3704) | 28480 | 1854-0071 |
| A7Q14 | 1854-0071 |  | TSTR:SI NPN(SELECTED FROM 2N3704) | 28480 | 1854-0071 |
| A7Q15 | 1854-0071 |  | TSTR:SI NPN(SELECTED FROM 2N3704) | 28480 | 1854-0071 |
| A7Q16 | 1854-0071 |  | TSTR:SI NPN(SELECTED FROM 2N3704) | 28480 | 1854-0071 |
| A7Q17 | 1854-0071 |  | TSTR:SI NPN(SELECTED FROM 2N3704) | 28480 | 1854-0071 |
| A7Q18 | 1854-0071 |  | TSTR:SI NPN(SELECTED FROM 2N3704) | 28480 | 1854-0071 |
| A7Q19 | 1854-0071 |  | TSTR:SI NPN(SELECTED FROM 2N3704) | 28480 | 1854-0071 |
| A7Q20 | 1853-0020 |  | TSTR:SI NPN(SELECTED FROM 2N3702) | 28480 | 1853-0020 |
| A7R1 | 0757-0442 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 10.0K OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0442 |
| A7R2 | 0757-0442 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 10.0K OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0442 |
| A7R3 | 0757-0280 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 1K OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0280 |
| A7R4 | 0757-0438 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 5.11K OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0438 |
| A7R5 | 0698-3155 | 5 | R:FXD MET FLM 4.64K OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0698-3155 |
| A7R6 | 0757-0442 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 10.0K OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0442 |
| A7R7 | 0757-0438 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 5.11 K OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0438 |
| A7R8 | 0698-3155 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 4.64K OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0698-3155 |
| A7R9 | 0698-0084 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 2.15K OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0698-0084 |
| A7R10 | 0757-0442 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 10.0K OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0442 |
| A7R11 | 2100-1758 | 1 | R:FXD WW 1K OHM 5\% TYPE V 1W | 28480 | 2100-1758 |
| A7R12 | 0698-0085 | 3 | R:FXD MET FLM 2.61 K OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0698-0085 |
| A7R13 | 0698-0085 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 2.61 K OHM 1\%1/8W | 28480 | 0698-0085 |
| A7R14 | 0757-0442 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 10.0K OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0442 |
| A7R15 | 0757-0280 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 1K OHM $1 \%$ 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0280 |
| A7R16 | 0757-0442 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 100.0K OHM $1 \% 1 / 8 \mathrm{~W}$ | 28480 | 0757-0442 |
| A7R17 | 0757-0442 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 10.0K OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 3757-0442 |
| A7R18 | 0757-0458 | 3 | R:FXD MET FLM 51.1 K OHM $1 \% 1 / 8 \mathrm{~W}$ | 28480 | 0757-0458 |
| A7R19 | 0757-0438 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 5.11 K OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0438 |
| A7R20 | 0757-0401 | 7 | R:FXD MET FLM 100 OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0401 |
| A7R21 | 0757-0199 | 7 | R:FXD MET FLM 21.5 K OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0199 |
| A7R22 | 0757-0401 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 100 OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0401 |
| A7R23 | 0757-0458 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 51.1 K OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0458 |
| A7R24 | 0757-0442 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 10.0K OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0442 |
| A7R25 | 0757-0440 | 4 | R:FXD MET FLM 7.50 K OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0440 |
| A7R26 | 0757-0442 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 10.0K OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0442 |
| A7R27 | 0757-0416 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 5.11 K OHM $1 \% 1 / 8 \mathrm{~W}$ | 28480 | 0757-0416 |
| A7R28 | 0757-0458 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 51.1 K OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0458 |
| A7R29 | 0698-3452 | 1 | R:FXD MET FLM 147 K OHM $1 \% 1 / 8 \mathrm{~W}$ | 28480 | 0698-3452 |
| A7R30 | 0757-0280 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 1K OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0280 |
| A7R31 | 0698-3153 | 4 | R:FXD MET FLM 3.83K OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0698-3153 |
| A7R32 | 0698-3153 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 3.83K OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0698-3153 |
| A7R33 | 0757-0199 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 21.5 K OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0199 |
| A7R34 | 0757-0279 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 3.16K OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0279 |
| A7R35 | 0757-0279 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 3.16K OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0279 |
| A7R36 | 0757-0199 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 21.5 K OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0199 |
| A7R37 | 0757-0438 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 5.11 K OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0438 |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | Qty | Description | Mfr Code | Mfr Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A7R38 | 0757-0289 | 1 | R:FXD MET FLM 13.3K OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0751-0289 |
| A7R39 | 0757-0401 |  | R:FLED MET FLM 100 OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0401 |
| A7R40 | 0698-3260 | 1 | R:FXD MET FLM 464K OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0698-3260 |
| A7R41 | 0757-0442 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 10.0K OHM1 \% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0442 |
| A7R42 | 0757-0199 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 21.5 K OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0199 |
| A7R43 | 0757-0279 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 3.16K OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0157-0279 |
| A7T1 | 08443-00041 |  | TEST POINT | 28480 | 08443-00041 |
| A7T2 | 08443-00041 |  | TEST POINT | 28480 | 08443-00041 |
| A7T3 | 08443-00041 |  | TEST POINT | 28480 | 08443-00041 |
| A7T4 | 08443-00041 |  | TEST POINT | 28480 | 08443-00041 |
| A7T5 | 08443-00041 |  | TEST POINT | 28480 | 08443-00041 |
| A7U1 | 1820-0054 |  | IC:TTL QUAO 2-INPT NAND GATE | 01295 | SN7400N |
| A7U2 | 1820-0304 |  | IC:TTL J-K M/S F/F W/CLOCKED \& INPTS | 01295 | SN7472N |
| A8 | 08443-60045 | 1 | VIDEO ASSY:AMPLIFIER ALC | 28480 | 08443-60045 |
| A8C1 | 0160-2145 | 12 | C:FXD CER 5000 PF +80-20\% 100VDCW | 91418 | TA |
| A8C2 | 0160-2204 |  | C:FXD MICA 100PF 5\% | 72136 | R0M15F101J3C |
| A8C3 | 0180-1743 | 3 | C:FXD ELECT 0.1 UF k 10\% 35VDCW | 56289 | 150D104X9035A2-DYS |
| A8C4 | 0160-2145 |  | C:FXD CER 5000 PF +80-20\% 100VDCW | 91418 | TA |
| A8C5 | 0160-2145 |  | C:FXD CER 5000 PF +80-20\% 100VDCW | 91418 | TA |
| A8C6 | 0160-2145 |  | C:FXD CER 5000 PF +80-20\% 100VDCW | 91418 | TA |
| A8C7 | 0160-2145 |  | C:FXD CER 5000 PF +80-20\% 100VDCW | 91418 | TA |
| A8J1 | 1250-1194 |  | CONNECTOR:RF BULKHEAD RECEPTACLE | 98291 | 52-045-4610 |
| A8J2 | 1250-1194 |  | CONNECTOR:RF BULKHEAD RECEPTACLE | 98291 | 52-045-4610 |
| A8J3 | 1250-1194 |  | CONNECTOR:RF BULKHEAD RECEPTACLE | 98291 | 52-045-4610 |
| A8L1 | 9100-1618 | 1 | COIL:MOLDED CHOKE 5.60 DH | 28480 | 9100-1618 |
| A8MP1 | 08443-20002 | 1 | HOUSING:VIDEO AMPLIFIER | 28480 | 08443-20002 |
| A8MP2 | 08443-00029 | 1 | SHIELD:COVER VIDEO AMPLIFIER | 28480 | 08443-00029 |
| A8Q1 | 1854-0221 |  | TSTR:SI NPN(REPL.BY 2N4044) | 28480 | 1854-0221 |
| A8Q2 | 1853-0020 |  | TSTR:SI PNP(SELECTED FROM 2N3702) | 28480 | 1853-0020 |
| A8Q3 | 1854-0071 |  | TSTR:SI NPN(SELECTED FROM 2N3704) | 28480 | 1854-0071 |
| A8Q4 | 1854-0071 |  | TSPR:SI NPN(SELECTED FROM 2N3704) | 28480 | 1854-0071 |
| A8R1 | 0683-1135 | 5 | R:FXD COMP 11K OHM 5\% 1/4W | 01121 | CB 1135 |
| A8R2 | 0683-1565 | 1 | R:FXD COMP 15 MEGOHM 5\% 1/4W | 01121 | CB 1565 |
| A8R3 | 0683-1135 |  | R:FXD COMP 11K OHM 5\% 1/4W | 01121 | CB 1135 |
| A8R4 | 0683-1045 | 3 | R:FXD COMP 100K OHM 5\% 1/4W | 01121 | CB 1045 |
| A8R5 | 0683-1315 | 3 | R:FXD COMP 130 OHM 5\% 1/4W | 01121 | CB 1315 |
| A8R6 | 0683-1315 |  | R:FXD COMP 130 OHM 5\% 1/4W | 01121 | CB 1315 |
| A8R7 | 0683-3035 | 1 | R:FXD COMP 30K OHM 5\% 1/4W | 01121 | CB 3035 |
| A8R8 | 0683-1135 |  | R:FXD COMP 11K OHM 5\% 1/4W | 01121 | CB 1135 |
| A8R9 | 0683-1025 |  | R:FXD COMP 1000 OHM 5\% 1/4W | 01121 | CB 1025 |
| A8R10 | 0683-1135 |  | R:FXD COMP 11K OHM 5\% 1/4W | 01121 | CB 1135 |
| A8R11 | 0683-1135 |  | R:FXD COMP 11K OHM 5\% 1/4W | 01121 | CB 1135 |
| A8R12 | 0757-0459 | 1 | R:FXD MET FLM 56.2K OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0459 |
| A8R13 | 0757-0440 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 7.50 K OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0440 |
| A8R14 | 2100-2489 | 1 | R:VAR FLM 5K OHM 10\% LIN 1/2W | 28480 | 2100-2489 |
| A8R15 | 0683-1025 |  | R:FX0 COMP 1000 OHM 5\% 1/4W | 01121 | CB 1025 |
| A8R16 | 2100-2517 | 1 | R:VAR FLM 50K OHM 10\% LIN 1/2W | 28480 | 2100-2517 |
| A8R17 | 0683-1315 | 1 | R:FXD COMP 130 OHM 5\% 1/4W | 01121 | CB 1315 |
| A8A1 | 0443-60022 | 1 | BOARD ASSY:VIDEO AMPLIFIER | 28480 | 08443-60022 |
| A8A1C1 | 0160-3060 | 3 | C:FXD CER 0.1 UF 23\% 25VDCW | 56289 | 3C42A-CML |
| A8A1C2 | 0160-3060 |  | C:FXD CER 0.1 UF 20\% 25VDCW | 56289 | 3C42A-CML |
| A8A1C3 | 0180-0160 | 1 | C:FXD ELECT 22 UF 20\% 35VDCW | 28480 | 0180-0160 |
| A8A1C4 | 0160-3060 |  | C:FXD CER 0.1 UF 23\% 25VDCW | 56289 | 3042A-CML |
| A8A1C5 | 0160-3036 | 3 | C:FXD CER 5000 PF +80-20\% 200VDCW | 28480 | 0160-3036 |
| A8A1C6 | 0160-3036 |  | C:FXD CER 5000 PF +80-20\% 200VDCW | 28480 | 0160-3036 |
| A8A1J1 | 1251-1556 | 1 | CONNECTOR:SINGLE CONTACT | 00779 | 2-330808-8 |
| A8A1R1 | 0683-1005 |  | R:FXD COMP 10 OHM 5\% 1/4W | 01121 | CB 1005 |
| A8A1R2 | 0683-1005 |  | R:FXD COMP 10 OHM 5\%1/4W | 01121 | CB 1105 |
| A8A1R3 | 0699-0001 | 1 | R:FXD COMP 2.71 OHM 10\% 1/2W | 01121 | EB 27G1 |
| A8A1R4 | 0757-0394 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 51.1 OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0394 |
| A8A1R5 | 0757-0421 | 2 | R:FXD MET FLM 825 OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0421 |
| A8A1R6 | 0698-7222 | 1 | R:FXD FLM 261 OHM 2\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0698-7222 |
| A8A1R6 |  |  | FACTORY SELECTED PART |  |  |
| A8A1U1 | 5086-7010 | 1 | MC:POWER AMP 130 MHZ | 28480 | 1820-0267 |
| A8A1U2 | 5086-7099 | 1 | MC:PRE-AMP 2.1-100 MHZ | 28480 | 1820-0403 |
| A9 | 08443-60044 | 1 | CONVERTER ASSY:THIRD | 28480 | 08443-60044 |
| A9C1 | 0160-2327 |  | C:FXD CER 1000 PF 20\% 100VDCW | 96733 | B104BX102M |
| A9C2 | 0160-2140 | 7 | C:FXD CER 470 PF +80-20\% 1000VDCW | 91418 | TYPE B |
| A9C3 | 0160-2139 |  | C:FXD CER 220 PF +80-20\% 1000VDCW | 91418 | TYPE B |
| A9C4 | 0160-2139 |  | C:FXD CER 220 PF ++80-20\% 1000VDCW | 91418 | TYPE B |
| A9C5 | 0160-3425 | 1 | C FXD CER 33 PF St 500VDCW | 72982 | 301-000-2G-330J |
| A9C6 | 0160-2139 |  | C:FXD CER 220 PF +80-20\% 1000VDCW | 91418 | TYPE B |
| A9C7 | 0160-2139 |  | C:FXD CER 220 PF +80-20\% 1000VDCW | 91418 | TYPE B |

See: Introduction to this section for ordering information

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | Qty | Description | Mfr Code | Mir Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A9C8 | 0160-2139 |  | C:FXD CER 220 PF +80-20\% 100VDCW | 91418 | TYPE B |
| A9C9 | 0160-2260 | 1 | C:FXD CER 13 PF 5\% 503VDCW | 72982 | 301-000-C0G0 130J |
| A9C10 | 0163-2139 |  | C:FXD CER 220 PF +80-20\% 100VDCW | 91418 | TYPE B |
| A9C11 | 0160-2139 |  | C:FXD CER 220 PF +80-20\% 100VDCW | 91418 | TYPE B |
| A9C12 | 0160-2139 |  | C:FXD CER 220 PF +80-20\% 100VDCW | 91418 | TYPE B |
| A9J1 | 1250-1194 |  | CONNECTOR:RF BULKHEAD RECEPTACLE | 98291 | 52-045-4610 |
| A9J1 | 08443-20011 |  | CONNECTOR:RECESS | 28480 | 08443-20011 |
| A9L1 | 9140-0158 | 6 | COIL:FXD RF 1 UH 10\% | 99800 | 1025-20 |
| A9L2 | 9100-2248 | 1 | COIL/CHOKE 0.12 UH 10\% | 82142 | 09-4416-2K |
| A9L3 | 9140-0158 |  | COIL:FXD RF 1 UH 10\% | 99800 | 1025-20 |
| A9L4 | 9100-2247 | 5 | COIL:FXD RF 0.10 UH 10\% | 28480 | 9100-2247 |
| A9L5 | 9140-0158 |  | COIL:FXD RF 10H 10\% | 99800 | 1025-20 |
| A9Q1 | 1854-0247 | 3 | TSTR:SI NPN | 28480 | 1854-0247 |
| A9Q2 | 1854-0345 |  | TSTR:SI NPN | 80131 | 2N5179 |
| A9Q3 | 1854-0345 |  | TSTR:SI NPN | 80131 | 2N5179 |
| A9R1 | 0757-0398 | 2 | R:FXD MET FLM 75 OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0398 |
| A9R2 | 0757-0403 | 3 | R:FXD MET FLM 121 OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0403 |
| A9R3 | 0757-0398 |  | R:FXD 4FT- FLM 75 OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0398 |
| A9R4 | 0757-0428 | 3 | R:FXD MET FLM1.62K OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0428 |
| A9R5 | 0698-0084 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 2.15 K OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0698-0084 |
| A9R6 | 0757-0346 | 3 | R:FXD MET FLM 10 OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0346 |
| A9R7 | 0757-0416 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 511 OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0416 |
| A9R8 | 0698-3444 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 316 OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0698-3444 |
| A9R9 | 0698-3431 | 2 | R:FXD MET FLM 23.7 OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0698-3431 |
| A9R10 | 0757-0416 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 511 OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0416 |
| A9R11 | 0698-3444 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 316 OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0698-3444 |
| A9R12 | 0757-0419 | 1 | R:FXD MET FLM 681 OHM 1\%t 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0419 |
| A9R13 | 0757-0422 | 1 | R:FXD MET FLM 909 OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0422 |
| A9R14 | 0698-3429 | 4 | R:FXD MET FLM 19.6 OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0698-3429 |
| A9R15 | 0757-1060 | 1 | R:FXD MET FLM 196 OHM 1\% 1/2W | 28480 | 0757-1060 |
| A9R16 | 0757-0416 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 511 OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0416 |
| A9T1 | 08552-6018 | 4 | TRANSFORMER:RF(CODE-RED) | 28480 | 08552-6018 |
| A9T2 | 08552-6018 |  | TRANSFORMER:RF(CODE-RED) | 28480 | 08552-6018 |
| A9W1 | 08443-60058 | 2 | CABLE ASSY:RF. GREEN | 28480 | 08443-60058 |
| A9W2 | 08443-60057 | 3 | CABLE ASSY:RF. VIOLET | 28480 | 08443-60057 |
| A9A1 | 08443-60005 | 1 | MIXER ASSY:THIRD | 28480 | 08443-60005 |
| A9A1CR1 A9A1CR2 | 5080-0271 | 2 | DIODE:SILICON MATCHED QUAD PART OF A9A1CR1 | 28480 | 5080-0271 |
| A9A1CR3 |  |  | PART OF A9A1CR1 |  |  |
| A9A1CR4 |  |  | PART OF A9A1CR1 |  |  |
| A9A1J1 | 1250-0828 | 1 | CONNECTOR:RF 50-OHM SCREW ON TYPE | 98291 | 50-043-4610 |
| A9A1R1 | 0698-3435 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 38.3 OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0698-3435 |
| A9A1R2 | 0698-3438 | 2 | R:FXD MET FLM 147 OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0698-3438 |
| A9A1R3 | 0698-3438 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 147 OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0698-3438 |
| A9A1T1 | 08552-6024 | 4 | TRANSFORMER:RF(CODE-YELLOW) | 28480 | 08552-6024 |
| A9A1T2 | 08553-6012 | 4 | TRANSFORMER:RF(CODE-BLUE) | 28480 | 08553-6012 |
| A9A1T3 | 08553-6012 |  | TRANSFORMER:RF(CODE-BLUE) | 28480 | 08553-6012 |
| A9A1T4 | 08552-6024 |  | TRANSFORMER:RF(CODE-YELLOW) | 28480 | 08552-6024 |
| A9A1 | 0340-0038 | 1 | FEEDTHRU:TERMINAL | 28480 | 0340-0038 |
| A9A1 | 0340-0039 | 1 | INSULATOR:BUSHING | 28480 | 0340-0039 |
| A9A1 | 08443-00031 | 1 | SHIELD:COVER THIRD MIXER | 28480 | 08443-00031 |
| A9A1 | 08443-00037 | 1 | SHIELD:CAN THIRD MIXER | 28480 | 08443-00037 |
| A9A1 | 08443-30038 | 1 | INSULATOR:THIRD MIXER | 28480 | 08443-00038 |
| A9A2 | 08443-60006 | 1 | FILTER ASSY:120 MHZ | 28480 | 08443-60006 |
| A9A2P1 | 1250-0880 | 1 | CONNECTOR:RF SUB-MINIATURE | 98291 | 50-046-0000 |
| A9A2 | 08443-00034 | 1 | SHIELD:COVER 120 MHZ | 28480 | 08443-00034 |
| A9A2 | 08443-00035 | 1 | SHIELD:CAN 120 MHZ | 28480 | 08443-00035 |
| A9A2 | 08553-0024 | 1 | INSULATOR:SECOND MIXER | 28480 | 08553-0024 |

See introduction to this section for ordering information

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | Qty | Description | Mfr Code | Mfr Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A9A2C1 | 0160-2013 | 2 | C:FXD MICA 39 PF 5\% 300VDCW | 04062 | RMI5E39OJ3S |
| A9A2C2 | 0160-2016 | 2 | C:FXD MICA 62 PF 5\% 500VDCW | 14655 | RDM15E620J5S |
| A9A2C3 | 0160-0949 | 1 | C:FXD MICA 68 PF 5\% | 28480 | 0160-0949 |
| A9A2C4 | 0160-2016 |  | C:FXD MICA 62 PF 5\% 500VDCW | 14655 | RDM15E620J5S |
| A9A2C5 | 0160-2013 |  | C:FXD MICA 39 PF 5\% 300VDCW | 04062 | RDM15F390J3S |
| A9A2L1 | 08553-6018 | 4 | INDUCTOR ASSY:AIR CORE | 28490 | 08553-6018 |
| A9A2L2 | 9100-22417 |  | COIL:FXD RF 0.10 UH 10\% | 28480 | 9100-2247 |
| A9A2L3 | 9100-2247 |  | COIL:FXD RF 0.10 UH 10\% | 28480 | 9100-2247 |
| A9A2L4 | 9100-2247 |  | COIL:FXD RF 0.10 UH 10\% | 28480 | 9100-2247 |
| A9A2L5 | 9100-2247 |  | COIL:FXD RF 0.10 UH 10\% | 28480 | 9100-2247 |
| A9A2L6 | 08553-6018 |  | INDUCTOR ASSY:AIR CORE | 28480 | 08553-6018 |
| A10 | 08443-60043 | 1 | IF ASSY:200 MHZ | 28480 | 08443-60043 |
| A10C1 | 0160-2204 |  | C:FXD MICA 100 PF 5\% | 72136 | RM15P101J3C |
| A10C2 | 0160-2140 |  | C:FXD CER 470 PF +80-20\% 1000VDCW | 91418 | TYPE B |
| A10C3 | 0160-2140 |  | C:FXD CER 470 PF 480-20\% 1000VDCW | 91418 | TYPE B |
| A10C4 | 0121-0446 | 1 | C:VAR CER 4.5-20 PF 160VDCW N750 | 28480 | 0121-0446 |
| A10C5 | 0121-0105 | 1 | C:VAR CER 9-35 PF NP0 | 28480 | 0121-0105 |
| A10C6 | 0160-2140 |  | C:FXD CER 470 PF +80-20\% 1000VDCW | 91418 | TYPE B |
| A10C7 | 0150-0050 | 29 | C:FXD CER 1000 PF +80-20\% 1000VDCW | 56289 | C067B102E102ZS26-CD-1 |
| A10C8 | 0160-2140 |  | C:FXD CER 470 PF +80-20\% 1000VDCW | 91418 | TYPE B |
| A10C9 | 0160-2140 |  | C:FXD CER 470 PF +80-20\% 1000VDCW | 91418 | TYPE B |
| A10C10 | 0122-0285 | 1 | C: VOLTAGE VAR 6.8 PF 5\% | 04713 | SMV 389-285 |
| A10C11 | 0160-2140 |  | C:FXD CER 470 PF .80-20\% 1000VDCW | 91418 | TYPE B |
| A10C12 | 0150-0050 |  | C:FXD CER 1000 PF *+800-20\% 1000VDCW | 56289 | C067B102E102ES26-CD-1 |
| A10C13 | 0150-0050 |  | C:FXD CER 1003 PF +80-20\% 1000VDCW | 56289 | C067B102E102ZS26-CD-1 |
| A10C14 | 0150-0050 |  | C:FXD CER 1003 PF +80-20\% 1000VDCW | 56289 | C367D102E102ZS26-CD-11 |
| A10C15 |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A10C16 | 0160-2145 |  | C:FXD CER 000 PF +80-20\% 1000VDCW | 91418 | TA |
| A10C17 | 0160-2244 | 1 | C:FXD CER 3.0+/-0.25 PF 500VDCW | 28480 | 0160-2244 |
| A10CR1 | 1902-3104 | 2 | DIODE:BREAKDOWN 5.62V 5\% | 04713 | SZ10939-110 |
| A10CR2 | 1902-3104 |  | DIODE:BREAKDOWN 5.62V 5\% | 04713 | SZ10939-110 |
| A10L1 | 9100-1611 |  | COIL:FXD 0.22 UH 20\% | 28480 | 9100-1611 |
| A10L2 | 9100-1610 | 2 | COIL:MOLDED CHOKE 0.15 UH 20\% | 28480 | 9100-1610 |
| A10L3 | 9100-1610 |  | COIL:MOLDED CHOKE 0.15 UH 20\% | 28480 | 9100-1610 |
| A10L4 | 9140-0141 | 2 | COIL:FXD OF 0.58 UH | 28480 | 9140-0141 |
| A10L5 | 9140-0158 |  | COIL:FXD RF 1 UH 10\% | 99800 | 1025-20 |
| A10L6 | 9100-3101 | 1 | COIL:VAR 0.142 TO 0.158 UH | 71279 | CDD4003-2 |
| A10L7 | 9100-1612 | 3 | COIL:FXD RF 0.33 UH 20\% | 28480 | 9100-1612 |
| A10L8 | 9140-0141 |  | COIL:FXD RF 0.68 UH | 28480 | 9140-0141 |
| A10L9 | 9140-0158 |  | COIL:FXD RF 1 UH 10\% | 99800 | 1025-20 |
| A10L10 | 9140-0120 | 1 | COIL:FXD 0.10 UH 20\% | 82142 | 10175-B |
| A10Q1 | 1854-0345 |  | TSTR:SI NPN | 80131 | 2N5179 |
| A10Q2 | 1854-0345 |  | TSTR:SI NPN | 80131 | 245179 |
| A10R1 | 0698-3441 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 215 OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0698-3441 |
| A10R2 | 0757-0346 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 10 OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0346 |
| A10R3 | 0757-0417 | 4 | R:FXD MET FLM 562 OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0417 |
| A1OR4 | 0683-3025 |  | R:FXD COMP 3000 OHM 5\% 1/4W | 01121 | CR 3025 |
| Al10RS | 0698-3441 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 215 OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0698-3441 |
| A10R6 | 0757-0346 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 10 OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0346 |
| A10R7 | 0757-0417 |  | R:FXD MET FL4 562 OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0417 |
| A10TP1 | 08443-00041 |  | TEST POINT | 28480 | 08443-00041 |
| A10W1 | 08443-60058 |  | CABLE ASSY:RF, GREEN | 28480 | 08443-60058 |
| A10A1 | 08443-60007 | 1 | FILTER ASSY:200 MHWZ | 28480 | 08443-60007 |
| A10A1C1 | 0160-3121 | 2 | C:FXD CER 15 PF 1\%1 5OOVDCW | 01121 | FB2B 1501 |
| A10A1C2 | 0160-2266 | 2 | C:FXD CER 24 PF 5\% 500VDCW | 72982 | 301-000-C0G0-240J |
| A10A1C3 | 0121-0457 | 3 | C:VAR GLASS 0.8-8.5 PF 750VDCW | 28480 | 0121-0457 |
| A10A1C4 | 0160-2257 |  | C:FXD CER 10 PF 5\% 500VDCW | 72982 | 301-000-C0H0-100J |
| A10A1C5 | 0121-0457 |  | C:VAR GLASS 0.8-8.5 PF 750VDCW | 28480 | 0121-0457 |
| A10A1IC6 | 0121-0457 |  | C:VAR GLASS 0.8-8.5 PF 750VDCW | 28480 | 0121-0457 |
| A10A1C7 |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A10A1C8 | 0160-2266 |  | C: FXD CER 24 PF 5\% 500VDCW | 72982 | 301-000-C0G0-240J |
| A10A1C9 | 0160-3121 |  | C:FXD CER 15 PF 10\% 500VDCW | 01121 | FB2B 1501 |
| A10A1J1 | 1250-1194 |  | CONNECTOR:RF BULKHEAD RECEPTACLE | 98291 | 52-045-4610 |
| A10A1J1 | 2190-0057 | 3 | WASHER:LOCK FOR \#12 HDW | 00000 | 08D |
| A10A1J1 | 0590-0060 | 3 | NUT:HEX 12-32 UNEF-2B | 01121 | M-6377 |
| A10A1L1 | 08553-6018 |  | INDUCTOR ASSY:AIR CORE | 28480 | 08553-6018 |
| A10A1L2 | 08553-6017 | 1 | INDUCTOR ASSY:200MHZ | 28480 | 08553-6017 |
| A10A1L3 | 08553-6018 |  | INDUCTOR ASSY:AIR CORE | 28480 | 08553-6018 |
| A10A1 | 08443-00039 | 1 | SHIELD:CAN 200 MLHZ | 28480 | 08443-00039 |
| A10A1 | 08553-0026 | 1 | SHIELD COVER:FIRST MIXER | 28480 | 08553-0026 |
| A10A1 | 08553-0027 | 1 | INSULATOR:FIRST MIXER | 28480 | 08553-0027 |
| A10A1 | 0380-0810 | 2 | STANDOFF:0 .437" LG | 01255 | 1530B7/16-11 |
| A11 | 08443-60042 | 1 | CONVERTER ASSY:SECOND | 28480 | 08443-60042 |

See introduction to this section for ordering Information

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | Qty | Description | Mfr Code | Mir Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A11C1 | 0160-2145 |  | C:FXD CER 5000 PF +80-20\% 100VDCW | 91418 | TA |
| A11C2 | 0150-0050 |  | C:FXD CER 1000 PF +80-20\% 1000VDCW | 56289 | C067B102E102ZS26-CD-1 |
| A11C3 | 0150-0050 |  | C:FXD CER 1000 PF +80-20\% 1000VDCW | 56289 | C067B102E102ZS26-CD-1 |
| A11C4 | 0150-0050 |  | C:FXD CER 1000 PF +80-20\% 1000VDCW | 56289 | C067B102E102ZS26-CD-1 |
| A11C5 | 0150-0050 |  | C:FXD CER 1000 PF +80-20\% 1000VDCW | 56289 | C067B102E102ZS26-CD-1 |
| A11C6 | 0150-0050 |  | C:FXD CER 1000 PF +80-20\% 1000VDCW | 56289 | C067B102E102ZS26-CD-1 |
| A11C7 | 0150-0050 |  | C:FXD CER 1000 PF +80-20\% 1000VDCW | 56289 | C067B102E102ZS26-CD-1 |
| A11C8 | 0150-0050 |  | C:FXD CER 1000 PF +80-20\% 1000VDCW | 56289 | C067B102E102ZS26-CD-1 |
| A11C9 | 0150-0050 |  | C:FXD CER 1000 PF +80-20\% 1000VDCW | 56289 | C067B102E102ZS26-CD-1 |
| A11C10 | 0150-0050 |  | C:FXD CER 1000 PF +80-20\% 1000VDCW | 56289 | C067B102E102ZS26-CD-1 |
| A11C11 | 0150-0050 |  | C:FXD CER 1000 PF +80-20\% 1000VDCW | 56289 | C067B102E102ZS26-CD-1 |
| A11CR1 | 1902-3139 | 2 | DIODE:BREAKDOWN 8.25V 5\% | 04713 | SZ10939-158 |
| A11CR2 | 5080-0271 |  | DIODE:SILICON MATCHED QUAD | 28480 | 5080-0271 |
| A11CR3 |  |  | PART OF CR2 |  |  |
| A11CR4 |  |  | PART OF CR2 |  |  |
| A11CR5 |  |  | PART OF CR2 |  |  |
| A11J1 | 1250-1195 |  | CONNECTOR:RF SUB-MINIATURE SERIES | 98291 | 52-053-0000 |
| A11J2 | 1250-1195 |  | CONNECTOR:RF SUB-MINIATURE SERIES | 98291 | 52-053-0000 |
| A11L1 | 9140-0144 | 3 | COIL:FXD RF 4.7 UH | 28480 | 9140-0144 |
| A11L2 | 9100-1612 |  | COIL:FXD RF 0.33 UH 20\% | 28480 | 9100-1612 |
| A11Q1 | 1854-0345 |  | TSTR:SI NPN | 80131 | 2N5179 |
| A11Q2 | 1853-0018 | 1 | TSTR:SI PNP(SELECTED FROM 2N4263) | 28480 | 1853-0018 |
| A11Q3 | 1854-0247 |  | TSTR:51 NPN | 28480 | 1854-0247 |
| A11R1 | 0757-0279 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 3.16K OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0279 |
| A11R2 | 0757-0397 | 2 | R:FXD MET FLM 68.1 OHM 1\% 1 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0397 |
| A11R3 | 0757-0417 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 562 2l'S 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0417 |
| A11R4 | 0757-0276 | 3 | R:FXD MET FLM 61.9 OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0276 |
| A11R5 | 0698-3428 | 1 | R:FXD MET FLM 14.7 OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0698-0420 |
| A11R6 | 0757-0420 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 750 OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0420 |
| A11R7 | 0757-0209 | 1 | R:FXD MET FLM 270 OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0269 |
| A11R8 | 0698-7200 | 1 | R:FXD FLM 31.6 OHM 2\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0697-7200 |
| A11R9 | 0757-0276 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 51.9 OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0276 |
| A11R10 | 0757-0815 | 2 | R:FXD MET FLM 562 OHM 1\% 1/2W | 28480 | 0757-0815 |
| A11R11 | 0698-3334 | 1 | R:FXD MET FLM 178 OHM 1\% 1/2W | 28480 | 0698-3334 |
| A11R12 | 0698-3429 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 19.6 OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0698-3429 |
| A11R13 | 0698-3401 | 1 | R:FXD MET FLM 215 OHM 1\% 1/2W | 28480 | 0698-3401 |
| A11R14 |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A11R15 | 0757-0394 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 51.1 OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0394 |
| A11R16 | 0757-0394 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 51.1 OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0394 |
| A11R17 | 0757-0394 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 51.1 OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0394 |
| A11R18 | 0757-0394 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 51.1 OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0394 |
| A11R19 | 0757-0403 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 121 OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0403 |
| A11R20 | 0757-0394 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 51.1 OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0394 |
| A11T1 | 08552-6024 |  | TRANSFORMER:RF(CODE=YELLOW) | 28480 | 08552-6024 |
| A11T2 | 08553-6012 |  | TRANSFORMER:RF\{CODE=BLUE) | 28480 | 08553-6012 |
| A11T3 | 08553-6012 |  | TRANSFORMER:RF(CODE=BLUE) | 28480 | 08553-6012 |
| A11T4 | 08552-6024 |  | TRANSFORMER:RIF(CODE=YELLOW) | 28480 | 08552-6024 |
| A11W1 | 08443-63057 |  | CABLE ASSY:RF, VIOLET | 28480 | 08443-60057 |
| A12 | 08443-60041 | 1 | IF ASSY:50 MHZ | 28480 | 08443-60041 |
| A12C1 | 0160-2145 |  | C:FXD CER 1000 PF +80-20\% 100VDCW | 91418 | TA |
| A12C2 | 0150-0050 |  | C:FXD CER 1000 PF +80-20\% 1000VDCW | 56289 | C067B102E102ZS26-CD-1 |
| A12C3 | 0150-0050 | 1 | C:FXD CER 1000 PF +80-20\% 1000VDCW | 56289 | C067B102E102ZS26-CD-1 |
| A12C4 | 0160-2142 | 1 | C:FXD CER 1000 PF +100-0\% 500VDCW | 91418 | TYPE SM |
| A12C5 | 0150-0050 |  | C:FXD CER 1000 PF +80-20\% 1000VDCW | 56289 | C067B102E102ZS26-CD-1 |
| A12C6 | 0160-2254 | 3 | C:FXD CER 7.5 PF 500VDCM | 72982 | C067B102E102ZS26-CD-1 |
| A12C7 | 0160-2307 | 1 | C:FXD MICA 47 PF 5\% | 28480 | 0160-2307 |
| A12C8 | 0121-0059 | 3 | C:VAR CER 2-8 PF 300VDCW | 28480 | 0121-0059 |
| A12C9 | 0160-2254 |  | C:FXD CER 7.5 PF 500 VDCW | 72982 | 301-000-C0H0-759C |
| A12C10 | 0121-0059 |  | C:VAR CER 2-8 PF 300VDCW | 28480 | 0121-0059 |
| A12C11 | 0150-0050 |  | C:FXD CER 1000 PF +80-20\% 1000VDCW | 56289 | C067B102E102ZS26-CD-1 |
| A12C12 | 0150-0050 |  | C:FXD CER 1000 PF +80-20\% 1000VDCW | 56289 | C067B102E102ZS26-CD-1 |
| A12C13 | 0150-0050 |  | C:FXD CER 1000 PF +80-20\% 1000VDCW | 56289 | C067B102E102ZS26-CD-1 |
| A12C14 | 0160-2201 | 1 | C:FXD MICA 51 PF 5\% | 72136 | RDM15B510J1C |
| A12C15 | 0160-2254 |  | C:FXD CER 7.5 FF 500VDCW | 72982 | 301-000-C0H0-759C |
| A12C16 |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A12C17 | 0121-0059 |  | C:VAR CER 2-8 PF 300VDCW | 28480 | 0121-0059 |
| A12L1 | 9140-0158 |  | COIL:FXD RF I UH 10\% | 99800 | 1025-20 |
| A12L2 | 9100-0346 | 1 | COIL:FXD 0.05 UNH 2\% | 36196 | H-10886 |
| A12L3 | 9140-0096 | 3 | COIL/CHOKE 1.00 UH 10\% | 99800 | 1537-12 |
| A12L4 | 9140-0114 | 1 | COIL:FXD RF 10 UH | 28480 | 9140-0114 |
| A12L5 | 9140-0096 |  | COIL/CHOKE 1.00 UH 10\% | 99800 | 1537-12 |
| A12L6 | 9140-0096 |  | COIL/CHOKE 1.00 UH 10\% | 99800 | 1537-12 |
| A12Q1 | 1853-0089 | 1 | TSTR:SI PNP | 80131 | 2N4917 |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | Qty | Description | Mfr Code | Mfr Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A1202 | 1854-0247 |  | TSTR:SE NPN | 28480 | 1854-0247 |
| A12R2 | 0698-3155 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 4.64K OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0698-3155 |
| A12R2 | 0757-0438 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 5.11 K OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0438 |
| A22R3 | 0757-0420 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 750 OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0420 |
| A12R4 | 0757-0159 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 1000 OHM 1\% 1/2W | 28460 | 0757-0159 |
| A12R5 | 0698-3429 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 19.6 OHM 1\% 11/8W | 28480 | 0698-3429 |
| A12R6 | 0698-3441 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 215 OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0698-3441 |
| A12R7 | 0757-1092 | 1 | R:FXD MET FLM 2187 OHM 1\% 1/2W | 28480 | 0757-1092 |
| A12R8 | 0698-3437 | 1 | R:FXD MET FLM 133 OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0698-3437 |
| A12R9 | 0698-3433 | 1 | R:FXD MET FLM 28.7 OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0698-3433 |
| A12R10 | 0757-0180 | 1 | R:FXD MET FLM 31.6 OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0180 |
| A12T1 | 08552-6018 |  | TRANSFORMER:RF(CODE-RED) | 28480 | 08552-6018 |
| A12T2 | 08552-6018 |  | TRANSFORMER:RF(CODE-RED) | 28480 | 08552-6018 |
| A12W1 | 08443-60057 |  | CABLE ASSY:RF. VIOLET | 28480 | 08443-60057 |
| A12A1 | 08443-60004 | 1 | FILTER ASSY:50 MHZ | 25480 | 08443-60004 |
| A12A1C1 | 0160-0778 | 1 | C:FXD CER 56 PF 10\% 500VDCW | 01121 | FB2B |
| A12A1C2 | 0160-0145 | 1 | C:FXD MICA 82 PF 2\% 100VDCW | 84171 | RDM15E820G1S |
| A12A1C3 |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| AZ2A1C4 | 0160-2258 | 4 | C:FXD CER 11 PF 5\% 500VOCw | 72982 | 301-300-C0G0-110J |
| A12A1C5 | 0121-0036 | 5 | C:VAR CER 5.5-18 PF | 28480 | 0121-0036 |
| A12A1C6 | 0121-0036 |  | C:VAR CER 5.5-18 PF | 28480 | 0121-0036 |
| A12A1C7 | 0160-2258 |  | C:FXD CER 11 PF 5\% 500VDCW | 72982 | 301-300-C0G0-110J |
| A12A1C8 | 0160-2258 |  | C:FXD CER 11 PF 5\% 500VDCW | 72982 | 301-300-C0G0-110J |
| A12A1C9 | 0121-0036 |  | C:VAR CER 5.5-18 PF | 28480 | 0121-0036 |
| A12A2C10 | 0121-0036 |  | C:VAR CER 5.5-18 PF | 28480 | 0121-0036 |
| A12A1C11 | 0160-2258 |  | C:FXD CER 11 PF 5\% 500VDCW | 72982 | 301-300-C0G0-110J |
| A12A1C12 | 0160-2362 | 1 | C:FX) MICA 140 PF 2\% 300VDCW | 04062 | RDM15F141G3S |
| A12A1J1 | 1250-1194 |  | CONNECTOR:RF BULKHEAD RECEPTACLE | 98291 | 52-045-4610 |
| A12A1J1 | 0590-0060 |  | NUT:HEX 12-32 UNEF-2B | 01121 | M-6377 |
| A12A1J1 | 2190-0057 |  | WASHER:LOCK FOR \#12 HDW | 00000 | OBD |
| A12A1L1 | 08552-6023 | 1 | INDUCTOR ASSY:AIR CORE | 28480 | 08552-6023 |
| A12A1L2 | 08552-6017 | 1 | INDUCTOR ASSY:50 MHZ | 28480 | 08552-6017 |
| A12A1 | 08443-00032 | 1 | SHIELD:CAN 50 MHZ FL | 28480 | 08443-00032 |
| A12A1 | 08443-00033 | 1 | SHIELD:COVER 50 MHZ | 28480 | 08443-00033 |
| A12A1 | 08552-0023 | 1 | INSULATOR:47 MHZ OSC | 28480 | 08552-0023 |
| A13 | 08443-60077 | 1 | CONVERTER ASSY:FIRST | 28480 | 08443-60077 |
| A13 | 08443-20046 | 1 | COVER:FIRST CONVERTER | 28480 | 08443-20046 |
| A13 | 0624-0097 | 3 | SCREW:TAPPING 4-43 THREAD | 00000 | OBD |
| A13C1 | 0160-2145 |  | C:FXD CER 5000 PF +80-20\% 100VDCW | 91418 | TA |
| A13C2 | 0150-0050 |  | C:FXD CER 1003 PF +80-20\%100VCDW | 56289 | C067B102E102ZS26-CD-1 |
| A13C3 | 0160-2145 |  | C:FXD CER 5000 PF +80-20\% 100VDCW | 91418 | TA |
| A13C4 | 0150-0050 |  | C:FXD CER 1000 PF +80-20\% 1000VDCW | 56289 | C067B102E102ZS26-CD-1 |
| A13CS | 0150-0050 |  | C:FXD CER 1000 PF +80-20\% 1000VDCW | 56289 | C067B102E102ZS26-CD-1 |
| A13C6 | 0160-3453 |  | C:FXD CER 0.05 UF +50-20\% 100VDCW | 56289 | C023A101L503ZS25-CD-1 |
| A13C7 | 0160-3453 |  | C:FXD CER 0.05 UF +80-20\% 100VDCW | 56289 | C023A101L503ZS25-CD-1 |
| A13C8 | 0150-0050 |  | C:FXD CER 1000 PF +80-20\% 1000VDCW | 56289 | C067B102E102ZS26-CD-1 |
| A13C9 | 0160-3453 |  | C:FXD CER 0.05 UF +80-20\% 100VDCW | 56289 | C023A101L503ZS25-CD-1 |
| A13C10 | 0160-2229 | 1 | C:FXD MICA 3000 PF 5\% | 28480 | 0160-2229 |
| A13C11 | 0160-0157 | 1 | C:FXD MY 0.0047 UF 10\% 200VDCW | 56289 | 192P47292-PTS |
| A13C12 | 0150-0050 |  | C:FXD CER 1000PF +80-20\% 1000VDCW | 56289 | C067B102E102ZS26-CD-1 |
| A13C13 | 0150-0050 |  | C:FXD CER 1000 PF +80-20\% 1000VDCW | 56289 | C067B102E102ZS26-CD-1 |
| A13C14 | 0150-0050 |  | C:FXD CER 1000 PF +80-20\% 1000VDCWd | 56289 | C067B102E102ZS26-CD-1 |
| A13C15 | 0122-0049 | 1 | DIODE TUNING:90 PF 10\% | 28480 | 0122-0049 |
| A13C17 | 0150-0050 |  | C:FXD CER 1000 PF +80-20\% 1000VDCW | 56289 | C067B102E102ZS26-CD-1 |
| A13C18 | 0160-3453 |  | C:FXD CER 0.05 UF +50-20\% 100VDCW | 56289 | C023A101L503ZS25-CD-1 |
| A13C19 | 0160-2145 |  | C:FXD CER 5000 PF +80-20\% 100VDCW | 91418 | TA |
| A13C20 | 0160-2145 |  | C:FXD CER 5000 PF +80-20\% 100VDCW | 91418 | TA |
| A13C21 | 0160-3036 |  | C:FXD CER 5000 PF +50-20\% 200VDCW | 28480 | 0160-3036 |
| A13C22 | 0160-2055 |  | C:FXD CER 0.01 UF +80-20\% 100VDCW | 56289 | C023F101F103ZS22-CD-1 |
| A13C23 | 0160-2055 |  | C:FXD CER 0.01 UF +80-20\% 100VDCW | 56289 | C023F101F103ZS22-CD-1 |
| A13C24 | 0160-2055 |  | C:FXD CER 0.01 UF +80-20\% 100VDCW | 56289 | C023F101F103ZS22-CD-1 |
| A13C25 | 0160-2055 |  | C:FXD CER 0.01 UF +80-20\% 100VDCW | 56289 | C023F101F103ZS22-CD-1 |
| A13C26 | 0160-2055 |  | C:FXD CER 0.01 UF +80-20\% 100VDCW | 56289 | C023F101F103ZS22-CD-1 |
| A13C27 | 0160-2055 |  | C:FXD CER 0.01 UF +80-20\% 100VDCW | 56289 | C023F101F103ZS22-CD-1 |
| A13C28 | 0160-2055 |  | C:FXD CER 0.01 UF +80-20\% 100VDCW | 56289 | C023F101F103ZS22-CD-1 |
| A13CR1 | 1902-3139 |  | DIODE:BREAKDOWN 8.25V 5\% | 04713 | SZ10939-158 |
| A13CR2 | 1901-0050 | 6 | DIODE:SI 200 MA AT IV | 07263 | FDA 6308 |
| A13CR3 | 1901-0050 |  | DIODE:SI 200 MA AT IV | 07263 | FDA 6308 |
| A13CR4 | 1901-0050 |  | DIODE:SI 200 MA AT IV | 07263 | FDA 6308 |
| A13CR5 | 1901-0050 |  | DIODE:SI 200 MA AT IV | 07263 | FDA 6308 |
| A13CR6 | 1901-0050 |  | DIODE:SI 200 MA AT IV | 07263 | FDA 6338 |
| A13CR7 | 1901-0050 |  | DIODE:SI 200 MA AT IV | 07263 | FDA 6308 |
| A13J1 | 1250-1195 |  | CONNECTOR:RF SUB-MINIATURE SERIES | 98291 | 52-053-0000 |
| A13J2 | 1250-1195 |  | CONNECTOR:RF SUB-MINIATURE SERIES | 98291 | 52-053-0000 |

See introduction to this section for ordering information

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | Qty | Description | Mfr Code | Mfr Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A13J3 | 1250-1195 |  | CONNECTOR:RF SUB-MINIATURE SERIES | 98291 | 52-053-0000 |
| A13L1 | 9100-3102 | 1 | COIL:VAN 1.42 TO 1.58 UH | 71279 | CDD4003-8 |
| A13L2 | 9100-3103 | 1 | COIL:VAR 42.0 TO 51.5 UH | 71279 | CDD4003-18 |
| A13L3 | 9100-1612 |  | COIL:FXD RF 0.33 UH 2\% | 28480 | 9103-1612 |
| A13L4 | 9140-0144 |  | COIL:FXD RF 4.7 UH | 28480 | 9140-0144 |
| A13L5 | 9140-0144 |  | COIL:FXD RF 4.7 UH | 28480 | 9140-0144 |
| A13Q1 | 1854-0019 |  | TSTR:SI NPN | 28480 | 1854-0019 |
| A13Q2 | 1853-0034 | 1 | TSTR:SI PNP(SELECTED FROM 2N3251) | 28480 | 1853-0034 |
| A13Q3 | 1853-0020 |  | TSTR:SI PNP(SELECTED FROM 2N3702) | 28480 | 1853-0020 |
| A13Q4 | 1854-0023 | 1 | TSTR:SI NPN(SELECTED FROM 2N2484) | 28480 | 1854-0023 |
| A13Q5 | 1854-0071 |  | TSTR:SI NPN(SELECTED FROM 2N3704) | 28480 | 1854-0071 |
| A13Q6 | 1854-0071 |  | TSTR:SI NPN(SELECTED FROM 2N3704) | 28480 | 1854-0071 |
| A13Q7 | 1854-0071 |  | TSTR:SI NPN(SELECTED FROM 2N3704) | 28480 | 1854-0071 |
| AL3Q8 | 1854-0019 |  | TSTR:SI NPN | 28480 | 1854-0019 |
| A13Q9 | 1854-0019 |  | TSTR:SI NPN | 28480 | 1854-0019 |
| A13R10 | 1854-0071 |  | TSTR:SI NPN(SELECTED FROM 2N3704) | 28480 | 1854-0071 |
| A13R1 | 0757-0279 |  | R:FXD MET PLM 3.15K OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0279 |
| A13R2 | 0757-0397 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 68.1 OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0397 |
| A13R3 | 0757-0416 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 511 OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0416 |
| A13R4 | 0757-0416 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 511 OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0416 |
| A13R5 | 0757-0417 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 562 OHM 1\%1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0417 |
| A13R6 | 0757-0276 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 61.9 OHM 1\% 18W | 28480 | 0757-0276 |
| A13R7 | 0698-3429 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 19.6 OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0698-3429 |
| A13R8 | 0757-0420 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 750 OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0420 |
| A13R9 | 0757-0288 | 5 | R: FXD MET FLM 9.09K OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0288 |
| A13R10 | 0683-1045 |  | R:FXD COMP 100K OHMS 5\% 1/4W | 01121 | CB 1045 |
| A13R11 | 0698-3443 | 1 | R:FXD MET FLM 287 OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0698-3443 |
| A13R12 | 0698-3431 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 23.7 OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0698-3431 |
| A13R13 | 0757-0815 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 562 OHM I1\% 1/2W | 28480 | 0757-0815 |
| A13R14 | 0698-0082 | 1 | R:FXD MET FLM 464 OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0698-0082 |
| A13R15 | 0757-0401 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 100K OHM $1 \% 1 / 8 \mathrm{~W}$ | 28480 | 0757-0401 |
| A13R16 | 0757-0438 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 5.11 K OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0438 |
| A13R17 | 0683-1005 |  | R:FXD COMP 10 OHM 5\% 1/4W | 01121 | CB 1005 |
| A13R18 | 0698-0085 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 2.61 K OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0698-0085 |
| A13R19 | 0757-0288 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 9.09K OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0288 |
| A13R20 | 0757-0280 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 1 K OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0280 |
| A13R20 |  |  | FACTORY SELECTED PART |  |  |
| A13R21 | 0757-0288 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 9.09K OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0288 |
| A13R22 | 0757-0199 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 21.5 K OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0199 |
| A13RZ3 | 0757-0279 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 3.16 K OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0279 |
| A13R24 | 0757-0279 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 3.16K OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0279 |
| A13R25 | 0757-0401 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 100 OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0401 |
| A13R26 | 0757-0288 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 9.09K OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0288 |
| A13R27 | 0757-0401 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 100 OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0401 |
| A13R28 | 0757-0280 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 1 K OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0280 |
| A13R29 | 0757-0280 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 1K OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0280 |
| A13R30 | 0757-0279 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 3.16K OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0279 |
| A13R31 | 0757-0440 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 7.50K OHM 1\% 11/8W | 28480 | 0757-0440 |
| A13R32 | 0757-0401 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 100 OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0157-0401 |
| A13R33 | 0757-0288 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 9.09K OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0288 |
| A13R34 | 0757-0280 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 1K OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0280 |
| A13T1 | 08443-80001 | 2 | TRANSFORMER:RF | 28480 | 08443-80001 |
| A13T2 | 08443-80001 |  | TRANSFORMER:RF | 28480 | 08443-80001 |
| A13XY1 | 1200-0770 | 1 | SOCKET:CRYSTAL | 91506 | R000-AG-26 |
| A13Y1 | 0410-0474 | 1 | CRYSTAL:OUARTZ | 28480 | 0410-0474 |
| A14 | 08443-60015 | 1 | BOARD ASSY:SENSE AMPLIFIER | 28480 | 15443-60015 |
| A14C1 | 0160-0163 | 1 | C:FXD MY 0.033 UF 10\% 200VDCW | 56289 | 192P33392-PTS |
| A14C2 | 0180-0116 |  | C:FXD ELECT 6.8 UF 10\% 35VDCW | 56289 | 150D68X59035B2-DYS |
| A14C3 | 0180-1743 |  | C:FXD ELECT 0.1 UF 10\% 35VDCW | 56289 | 150D104X9035A2-DYS |
| A14C4 | 0180-1743 |  | C:FXD ELECT 0.1 UF 10\% 35VDCW | 56289 | 150D104X9035A2-DYS |
| A14C5 | 0180-1735 |  | C:FXD ELECT 0.22 UF 10\% 35VDCW | 28480 | 0183-1735 |
| A14C6 | 0180-0291 | 3 | C:FXD ELECT 1.0 UF 10\% 35VDCW | 56289 | 150D105X9035A2-DYS |
| A14C7 | 0180-0291 |  | C:FXD ELECT 1.0 UF 10\% 35VDCW | 56289 | 150D105X903542-DYS |
| A14C8 | 0160-2208 | 1 | C:FXD MICA 330 PF 5\% 300VDCW | 28480 | 0160-2208 |
| A14C9 | 0180-1747 | 1 | C:FXD ELECT 150 UF 20\% 15VDCW | 28480 | 0180-1747 |
| A14C10 | 0180-0291 |  | C:FXD ELECT 1.0 UF 10\% 35VDCW | 56289 | 1150D105X9035A2-DYS |
| A14CR1 | 1901-0200 | 11 | DIODE:SILICON 100 PIV 3A | 02735 | 1N4998 |
| A14CR2 | 1902-0048 |  | DIODE:BREAKDOWN 6.81V 5\% | 04713 | SZ10939-134 |
| A14CR3 | 1902-3193 | 1 | DIODE BREAKDOWN 13.3V 5\% | 28480 | 1902-3193 |
| A14CR4 | 1884-0012 | 2 | RECTIFIER:SILICON CONTROLLED 2N3528 | 02735 | 2N352B |
| A14CR5 | 1902-0033 | 1 | DIODE:BREAKDOWN 6.2V | 04713 | 1N823 |
| A14CR6 | 1901-0025 |  | DIODE:SILICON 100MA/1V | 07263 | FD 2387 |
| A14CR7 | 1901-0025 |  | DIODE:SILICON 100MA/1V | 07263 | FD 2387 |
| A14CR8 | 1901-0025 |  | DIODE:SILICON 100MA/1V | 07263 | FD 2387 |

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Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | Qty | Description | Mfr Code | Mfr Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A14CR9 | 1901-0025 |  | DIDOE:SILICON 1001MA/1V | 07263 | FD 2387 |
| A14CR10 | 1901-0200 |  | DIODE:SILICON 100 PIV 3A | 02735 | 1N4998 |
| A14CR11 | 1884-0012 |  | RECTIFIER:SILICON CONTROLLED 2N3528 | 02735 | 2N3528 |
| A14CR12 | 1901-0200 |  | DIODE:SILICON 100 PIV 3A | 02735 | 1N4998 |
| A14CR13 | 1901-0200 |  | DIODE:SILICON 100 PIV 3A | 02735 | 1N4998 |
| A14CA14 | 1901-0200 |  | DIODE:SILICON 100 PIV 3A | 02735 | 1N4998 |
| A14CR15 | 1901-0200 |  | DIODE:SILICON 100 PIV 3A | 02735 | 1N4998 |
| A14CR16 | 1901-0200 |  | DIODE:SILICON 100 PIV 3A | 02735 | 1N4998 |
| A14CR17 | 1902-3268 |  | DIODE:BREAKDOWN:26.1V 5\% | 28480 | 1902-3268 |
| A14CR18 | 1902-3256 | 1 | DIODE:BREAKDOWN SILICON 23.7V 5\% | 28480 | 1902-3256 |
| A14CR19 | 1902-0049 | 1 | DIODE:BREAKDOWN 6.19V 5\% | 04713 | SZ10939-122 |
| A14Q1 | 1854-0039 | 4 | TSTR:SI NPN | 80131 | 2N3053 |
| A14Q2 | 1854-0039 |  | TSTR:SI NPN | 80131 | 2N3053 |
| A14Q3 | 1854-0039 |  | TSTR:SI NPN | 80131 | 2N3053 |
| A14Q4 | 1853-0020 |  | TSTR:SI PNP(SELECTED FROM 2N3702) | 28480 | 1853-0020 |
| A14Q5 | 1854-0071 |  | TSTR:SI NPN(SELECTED FROM 2N3704) | 28480 | 1854-0071 |
| A14Q6 | 1854-0071 |  | TSTR:SI NPN(SELECTED FROM 2N3704) | 28480 | 1854-0071 |
| A14Q7 | 1854-0071 |  | TSTR:SI NPN(SELECTED FROM 2N3704) | 28480 | 1854-0071 |
| A14Q8 | 1854-0071 |  | TSTR:SI NPN(SELECTED FROM 2N3704) | 28480 | 1854-0071 |
| A14Q9 | 1854-0071 |  | TSTR:SI NPN(SELECTED FROM 2N3704) | 28480 | 1854-0071 |
| A14Q10 | 1854-0071 |  | TSTR:SI NPN(SELECTED FROM 2N3704) | 28480 | 1854-0071 |
| A14Q11 | 1854-0071 |  | TSTR:SI NPN(SELECTED FROM 2N3704) | 28480 | 1854-0071 |
| A14Q12 | 1854-0071 |  | TSTR:SI NPN(SELECTED FROM 2N3704) | 28480 | 1854-0071 |
| A14Q13 | 1854-0071 |  | TSTR:SI NPN(SELECTED FROM 2N3704) | 28480 | 1854-0071 |
| A14Q14 | 1854-0071 |  | TSTR:SI NPN(SELECTED FROM 2N3704) | 28480 | 1854-0071 |
| A14Q15 | 1854-0039 |  | TSTR:SI NPN | 80131 | 2N3053 |
| A14Q16 | 1854-0071 |  | TSTR:SI NPN(SELECTED FROM 2N3704) | 28480 | 1854-0071 |
| A14Q17 | 1854-0221 |  | TSTR:SI NPN(REPL.BY 2N4044) | 28480 | 1854-0221 |
| A14Q18 | 1854-0071 |  | TSTR:SI NPN(SELECTED FROM 2N3704) | 28480 | 1854-0071 |
| A14Q19 | 1854-0071 |  | TSTR:SI NPN(SELECTED FROM 2N3734) | 28480 | 1854-0071 |
| A14R1 | 0683-5115 | 5 | R:FXD COMP 510 OHM 5\% 1/4W | 01121 | CB 5115 |
| A14R2 | 0757-0199 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 21.5K OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0199 |
| A14R3 | 0683-0275 | 4 | R:FXD COMP 2.7 OHM 5\% 1/4W | 01121 | CB 27G5 |
| A14R4 | 0683-1015 | 4 | R:FXD COMP 100 OHM 5\% 1/4W | 01121 | CB 1015 |
| A14R5 | 0683-5115 |  | R:FXD COMP 510 OHM 5\% 1/4W | 01121 | CB 5115 |
| A14R6 | 0683-1635 | 2 | R:FXD COMP 16K OHM 5\% 1/4W | 01121 | CB 1635 |
| A14R7 | 0683-1015 |  | R:FXD COMP 100 OHM 5\% 1/4W | 01121 | CB 1015 |
| A14R8 | 0683-5115 |  | R:FXD COMP 510 OHM 5\% 1/4W | 01121 | CB 5115 |
| A14R9 | 0683-5125 | 3 | R:FXD COMP 5100 OHM 5\% 1/4W | 01121 | CB 5125 |
| A14R10 | 0683-1015 |  | R:FXD COMP 100 OHM 5\% 1/4W | 01121 | CB 1015 |
| A14R12 | 0757-0442 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 10.0K OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0442 |
| A14R13 | 0698-0084 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 2.15 K OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0698-0084 |
| A14R14 | 0698-0084 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 2.15 K OHM 1\% 1/8w | 28480 | 0698-0084 |
| A14R15 | 0683-5115 |  | R:FXD COMP 510 OHM 5\% 1/4W | 01121 | CB 5115 |
| A14R16 | 0683-6205 | 2 | R:FXD COMP 62 OHM 5\% 1/4W | 01121 | CB 6205 |
| A14R17 | 0683-1015 |  | R:FXD COMP 100 OHM 5\% 1/4W | 01121 | CB 1015 |
| A14R18 | 0757-0428 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 1.62K OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28450 | 0757-0428 |
| A14R19 | 0698-3409 | 2 | R:FXD MET FLM 2.37 K OHM 1\% 1/2W | 28480 | 0698-3409 |
| A14R20 | 0683-1125 | 1 | R:FXD COMP 1100 OHM 5\% 1/4k | 01121 | CB 1125 |
| A14R21 | 0698-0084 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 2.15K OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0698-0084 |
| A14R22 | 0683-0275 |  | R:FXD COMP 2.7 OHM 5\% 1/4W | 01121 | CB 27G5 |
| A14R23 | 0698-3159 | 1 | R:FXD MET FLM 26.1K OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0698-3159 |
| A14R24 | 0698-3151 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 2.87 K OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0698-3151 |
| A14R25 | 0683-0275 |  | R:FXD COMP 2.7 OHM 5\% 1/4W | 01121 | CB 27G5 |
| A14R26 | 0698-3153 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 3.83K OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0698-3153 |
| A14R27 | 0698-3153 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 3.83K OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0698-3153 |
| A14R28 | 0757-0199 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 21.5 K OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0199 |
| A14R29 | 0683-6235 | 2 | R:FXD COMP 62K OHM 5\% 1/4W | 01121 | CB 6235 |
| A14R30 | 0683-5125 |  | R:FXD COMP 5100 OHM 5\% 1/4W | 01121 | CB 5125 |
| A14R31 | 0683-1635 |  | R:FXD COMP 16K OHM 5\% 1/4W | 01121 | CB 1635 |
| A14R32 | 0757-0821 | 1 | R:FXD NET FLM 1.21K OHM 1\% 1/2W | 28480 | 0757-0821 |
| A14R33 | 0757-0418 | 1 | R:FXD MET FLM 519 OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0418 |
| A14R33 | 0698-3150 | 2 | FACTORY SELECTED PART R:FXD MET FLM 2.37 K OHM $1 \% 1 / 8 \mathrm{~W}$ | 28480 | 0698-3150 |
| A14R35 | 0698-3155 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 4.64K OHM $1 \%$ 1/SW | 28480 | 0698-3155 |
| A14R36 | 0757-0442 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 10.0K OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0442 |
| A14R37 | 0683-5125 |  | R:FXD COMP 5100 OHM 5\% 14W | 01121 | CB 5125 |
| A14R38 | 0757-0428 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 1.62K OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0428 |
| A14R38 |  |  | FACTORY SELECTED PART |  |  |
| A14R39 | 0757-0442 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 10.0K OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0442 |
| A14R40 | 0683-4315 | 1 | R:FXD COMP 430 OHM 5\% 1/4W | 01121 | CB 4315 |
| A14R41 | 0698-0083 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 1.96K OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0698-0083 |
| A14R42 | 0757-0442 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 10.0K OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0442 |
| A14R43 | 0698-0084 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 2.15 K OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0698-0084 |

See introduction to this section for ordering Information
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Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | Qty | Description | Mfr Code | Mfr Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A14R43 |  |  | FACTORY SELECTED PART |  |  |
| A14R44 | 0757-0442 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 10.0K OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 3757-0442 |
| A14R45 | 0698-3150 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 2.37 K OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0698-3150 |
| A14R46 | 0698-3155 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 4.64K OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 3698-3155 |
| A14R47 | 0683-0275 |  | R:FXD COMP 2.7 OHM 5\% 1/4W | 01121 | CB 27G5 |
| A14R48 | 0683-6235 |  | R:FXD COMP 62K OHM 5\% 1/4W | 01121 | CB 6235 |
| A14R49 | 0698-3409 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 2.37 K OHM 1\% 1/2W | 28480 | 0698-3409 |
| A14R50 | 2100-2632 | 1 | R:VAR FLM 100 OHM 10\% LIN 1/2W | 28480 | 2100-2632 |
| A14R51 | 0757-0421 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 825 OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0421 |
| A14R52 | 0683-6205 |  | R:FXD COMP 62 OHM 5\% 1/4W | 01121 | CB 6205 |
| A14R53 | 0683-5115 |  | R:FXD COMP 510 OHM 5\% 1/4W | 01121 | CB 5115 |
| A14S1 | 3101-1277 | 1 | SWITCH:TOGGLE SPDT MOM.-ON-NONE-ON | 81640 | T8003 |
| A14TP1 | 0360-1514 |  | NOT ASSIGNED TERMINAL PIN:SQUARE | 28480 | 0360-1514 |
| A14TP3 | 0360-1514 |  | TERMINAL PIN:SQUARE | 28480 | 0360-1514 |
| A14TP4 | 0360-1514 |  | TERMINAL PIN:SOUARE | 28480 | 0360-1514 |
| A14TPS | 0360-1514 |  | TERMINAL PIN:SQUARE | 28480 | 0360-1514 |
| A15 | 08443-60014 | 1 | BOARD ASSY:RECTIFIER | 28480 | 08443-60014 |
| A15C1 | 0160-3043 | 2 | C:FXD CER $2 \times 0.005$ UF 20\% 250VAC | 56289 | 29C147A-CDH |
| A15C2 | 0160-3043 |  | C:FXD C-R $2 \times 0.005$ UF 20\% 250VAC | 56289 | 29C147A-CDH |
| A15C3 | 0180-2212 | 1 | C:FXD ELECT 10 UF +50-0\% 450VDCW | 56289 | 39D106F450FL4-SB |
| A15C4 | 0170-0040 | 2 | C:FXD MY 0.047 UF 10\% 200VDCW | 56289 | 192P47392-PTS |
| A15C5 | 0170-0040 |  | C:FXD MY 0.047 UF 10\% 200VDCW | 56289 | 192P47392-PTS |
| A15C6 | 0160-3453 |  | C:FXD CER 0.05 UF +80-20\% 100VDCW | 56289 | C023A101L503ZS25-CD-1 |
| A15C7 | 0160-3453 |  | C:FXD CER 0.05 UF +80-20\% 100VDCW | 56289 | C023A101L503ZS25-CD-1 |
| A15C8 | 0160-3453 |  | C:FXD CER 0.05 UF +80-20\% 100VDCW | 56289 | C023A101L503ZS25-CD-1 |
| A15C9 | 0160-3453 |  | C:FXD CER 0.05 UF +80-20\% 100VDCW | 56289 | C023A101L503ZS25-CD-1 |
| A15C10 | 0160-0168 | 1 | C:FXD MY 0.1 UF 10\% 200VDCW | 56289 | 192P10492-PTS |
| A15CR1 | 1901-0159 |  | DIODE:SILICON 0.75A 400PIV | 04713 | SR1358-4 |
| A15CR2 | 1901-0159 |  | DIODE:SILICON 0.75A 400PIV | 04713 | SR1358-4 |
| A15CR3 | 1901-0159 |  | DIODE:SILICON 0.75A 400PIV | 04713 | SR1358-4 |
| A15CR4 | 1901-0159 |  | DIODE:SILICON 0.75 400PIV | 04713 | SR1358-4 |
| A15CR5 | 1901-0200 |  | DIODE:SILICON 100 PIV 3A | 02735 | 1N4998 |
| A15CR6 | 1901-0200 |  | DIODE:SILICON 100 PIV 3A | 02735 | 1 N4998 |
| A15CR7 | 1901-0200 |  | DIODE:SILICON 100 PIV 3A | 02735 | 1N4998 |
| A15CR8 | 1901-0200 |  | DIODE:SILICON 100 PIV 3A | 02735 | 1N4998 |
| A15CR9 | 1901-0159 |  | DIODE:SILICON 0.75A 400PIV | 04713 | SR1358-4 |
| A15CR10 | 1901-0159 |  | DIODE:SILICON O.75A 400PIV | 04713 | SR1358-4 |
| A15CR11 | 1901-0025 |  | DIODE:SILICON 100MA/1V | 07263 | FD 2387 |
| A15CR2 | 1902-0041 | 1 | DIODE:BREAKDOWN 5.11V 5\% | 04713 | SZ10939-98 |
| A15F1 | 2110-0004 | 1 | FUSE:CARTRIDGE 1/4 AMP 250V | 75915 | 3AG/CAT. 312.250 |
| A15F2 | 2110-0001 | 3 | FUSE:1 AMP 250V | 75915 | 312001. |
| A15F3 | 2110-0001 |  | FUSE:1 AMP 250V | 75915 | 312001. |
| A15F4 | 2110-0002 | 1 | FUSE:CARTRIDGE 2 AMP 3 AG | 75915 | 312.002 |
| A15F5 | 2110-0001 |  | FUSE:LAMP 250V | 75915 | 312001. |
| A15Q1 | 1854-0071 |  | TSTR:SI NPN(SELECTED FROM 2N3704) | 28480 | 1854-0071 |
| 415Q2 | 1854-0232 | 2 | TSTR:SI NPN(SELECTED FROM 2N3440) | 28480 | 1854-0232 |
| A15Q3 | 1854-0232 |  | TSTR:SI NPN(SELECTED FROM 2N3440) | 28480 | 1154-0232 |
| A15R1 | 0812-0012 | 1 | R:FXD WW 18 OHM 5\% 3W | 28480 | 0812-0012 |
| A15R2 | 0757-0063 | 3 | R:FXD MET FLM 196K OHM 1\% 1/2W | 28480 | 0757-0063 |
| A15R3 | 0757-0063 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 196K OHM 1\% 1/2W | 28480 | 0737-0063 |
| A15R4 | 0757-0063 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 196K OHM 1\% 1/2W | 28480 | 0757-0063 |
| A15R5 | 0683-1025 |  | R:FXD COMP 1000 OHM 5\% 1/4W | 01121 | CB 1025 |
| A15R6 | 0757-0442 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 10.0K OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0442 |
| A15R7 | 0683-1025 |  | R:FXD COMP 1000 OHM 5\% 1/4W | 01121 | CB 1025 |
| A15R8 | 0757-0855 | 1 | R:FXD MET FLM 68.1K OHM 1\% 1/2W | 28480 | 0157-0855 |
| A15R9 | 0683-1045 |  | R:FXD COMP 100K OHMS 5\% 1/4W | 01121 | CB 1045 |
| A15R10 | 0757-0442 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 10.0K OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0442 |
| A15R11 | 0757-0274 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 1.21K OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0274 |
| A15R11 |  |  | FACTORY SELECTED PART |  |  |
| A15R12 | 0757-0442 |  | R:FXD MET FLM 10.0K OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0757-0442 |
| A15R13 | 0653-1855 | 1 | R:FXD COMP 1.8 MEGOHM 5\% 1/4W | 01121 | CB 1855 |
| A15XF1 | 2110-0269 | 10 | CLIP:FUSE 0.250" DIA | 91506 | 6008-32CN |
| A15XF2 | 2110-0269 |  | CLIP:FUSE 0.250" DIA | 91506 | 6008-32CN |
| A15XF3 | 2110-0269 |  | CLIP:FUSE 0.250" DIA | 91506 | 6008-32CN |
| A15XF4 | 2110-0269 |  | CLIP:FUSE 0.250" DIA | 91506 | 6008-32CN |
| A15XF5 | 2110-0269 |  | CLIP:FUSE 0.250" DIA | 91506 | 6008-32CN |
| A16 | 08443-60038 | 1 | BOARD ASSY:SWITCH | 28480 | 08443-60039 |
| A16 |  |  | (8443A ONLY) |  |  |
| A16S1 | 08443-60073 | 1 | SWITCH ASSY:SLIDE | 28480 | 08443-60073 |
| £16S2 | 08443-60072 | 3 | SWITCH ASSY:SLIDE | 28480 | 08443-60072 |
| £16S3 | 08443-60072 |  | SWITCH ASSY:SLIDE | 28480 | 08443-60072 |
| A16 | 08443-60138 | 1 | BOARD ASSY:SWITCH (8443B ONLY) | 28480 | 08443-60138 |

See Introduction to this section for ordering information

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | Qty | Description | Mfr Code | Mfr Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A16S1 |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A16S2 | 08443-60072 |  | SWITCH ASSY:SLIDE | 28480 | 08443-60072 |
| A16S3 |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A17 |  |  | JACK ASSY INTERCONNECTION(8443A ONLY) |  |  |
| A17 | 08443-00123 | 1 | COVER:BCD HOLE | 28480 | 08443-00123 |
| A17 |  |  | (8443B ONLY) |  |  |
| A17J1 | 1251-2366 | 1 | CONNECTOR:R AND P 8 POSITIONS | 71468 | DCM 8W8S |
| A17W1 | 08443-60052 | 1 | CABLE ASSY:BLANK CONTROL | 28480 | 08443-60052 |
| A17W2 | 08443-63055 | 1 | CABLE ASSYS:THIRD LOCAL OSCILLATOR | 28480 | 08443-60055 |
| A17W3 | 08443-60054 | 1 | CABLE ASSY:SECOND LOCAL OSCILLATOR | 28480 | 08443-60054 |
| A17W4 | 08443-60053 | 1 | CABLE ASSY:SCAN CONTROL | 28480 | 08443-60053 |
| A17W5 | 08443-60063 | 1 | CABLE ASSY:FIRST LOCAL OSCILLATOR | 28480 | 08443-60063 |
| 418 | 08443-60016 | 1 | BOARD ASSY:MOTHER | 28480 | 08443-60016 |
| A18C1 |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A18C3 |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A18C4 | 0150-0050 |  | C:FXD CER 1000 PF .80-20\% 1000VDCW | 56289 | C067B102E102ZS26-CDH |
| A18R1 | 0683-2005 | 1 | R:FXD COMP 20 OHM 5\% 1/4W | 01121 | CB 2005 |
| A18R2 | 0811-1666 | 3 | R:FXD NW 1.0 OHM 5\% 2W | 28480 | 0811-1666 |
| A18R3 | 0811-1666 |  | R:FXD WW 1.0 OHM 5\% 2W | 28480 | 0811-1666 |
| A18R4 | 0811-1661 | 1 | R:FXD WW 0.39 OHM 5\% 2W | 28480 | 0811-1661 |
| A18R5 | 0811-1666 |  | R:FXD WW 1.0 OHM 5\% 2W | 28480 | 0811-1666 |
| A18R6 | 0683-3615 | 1 | R:FXD COMP 360 OHM 5\% 1/4W | 01121 | CB 3615 |
| A18R7 | 0683-2015 | 1 | R:FXD COMP 200 OHM 5\% 1/4W | 01121 | CB 2015 |
| A18A1 | 1251-1887 |  | CONNECTOR:PC 44 CONTACT(12 X 22) | 71785 | 252-22-30-340 |
| A18A2 |  |  |  |  |  |
| A18XA4 |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A18XA5 | 1251-1626 | 5 | CONNECTOR:PC ( $2 \times 12$ ) 24 CONTACT | 71785 | 252-12-30-300 |
| A18XA6 | 1251-1626 |  | CONNECTOR:PC ( $2 \times 12$ ) 24 CONTACT | 71785 | 252-12-30-300 |
| A18XA7 | 1251-1626 |  | CONNECTOR:PC (2 X 12) 24 CONTACT | 71785 | 252-12-30-300 |
| A18XA8 | 1251-0472 | 6 | CONNECTOR:PC 12 CONTACTS | 71785 | 252-06-30-300 |
| A18XA9 | 1251-0472 |  | CONNECTOR:PC 12 CONTACTS | 71785 | 252-06-30-300 |
| A18XA10 | 1251-0472 |  | CONNECTOR:PC 12 CONTACTS | 71785 | 252-06-30-300 |
| A18XA11 | 1251-0472 |  | CONNECTOR:PC 12 CONTACTS | 71785 | 252-06-30-300 |
| A18XA12 | 1251-0472 |  | CONNECTOR:PC 12 CONTACTS | 71785 | 252-06-30-300 |
| A18XA13 | 1251-0472 |  | CONNECTOR:PC 12 CONTACTS | 71785 | 252-06-30-300 |
| A18XA14 | 1251-1626 |  | CONNECTOR:PC ( $2 \times 12$ ) 24 CONTACT | 71785 | 252-12-30-300 |
| A18XA15 | 1251-1626 |  | CONNECTOR:PC (2 X 12) 24 CONTACT | 71785 | 252-12-30-300 |
| A18XA16 | 1251-2091 | 1 | CONNECTOR:PC ( $1 \times 15$ ) 15 CONTACT | 95354 | 178-118-181 |
| A18 | 0360-0124 | 1 | TERMINAL:SOLDER LUG | 28480 | 0360-0124 |
| A18 | 0380-0756 | 20 | STANDOFF:0.125" LG | 00000 | OBD |
| A18 | 0380-0884 | 2 | STANDOFF:CAPTIVE 4-40 X 0.156" LG | 00000 | OBD |
| A18 | 0380-0895 | 2 | STANDOFF:CAPTIVE 4-40 X 0.312" LG | 00000 | OBD |
| A18 | 1251-2229 | 2 | CONNECTOR:SINGLE CONTACT | 00779 | 1-331677-3 |
| A18 | 1251-2313 | 8 | CONNECTOR:SINGLE CONTACT | 00779 | 3-332070-5 |
| A19 | 08443-60068 | 1 | BCD ASSY:DIGITAL OUTPUT | 28480 | 08443-60068 |
| A19 |  |  | (8443A ONLY) |  |  |
| A19 | 09443-00023 | 1 | SHIELD:RCD | 28480 | 08443-00023 |
| A19J1 | 1251-0087 | 1 | CONNECTOR:FEMALE 5O-PIN MINAT | 28480 | 1251-0087 |
| A19S1 | 3101-0070 | 3 | SWITCH:SLIDE | 79727 | G-126 |
| A20 | 08443-60003 | 1 | MARKER POSITION ASSY | 28480 | 08443-60063 |
| A20 |  |  | (8443A ONLY) |  |  |
| A20 | 08443-00014 | 1 | BRACKET:MARKER POSITION POT | 28480 | 08443-00014 |
| A20 | 08443-20009 | 1 | COUPLER:MARKER POSITION POT | 28480 | 08443-20009 |
| A20R1 |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A20R10 |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A20R11 | 2100-2066 | 1 | R:VAR COMP 2K OHM 20\% LIN 1/2W | 28480 | 2100-2066 |
| A20R12 | 0698-3154 | 1 | R:FXD MET FLM 4.22K OHM 1\% 1/8W | 28480 | 0698-3154 |
| A20R12 |  |  | FACTORY SELECTED PART |  |  |
| A20R13 | 2100-2898 | 1 | R:VAR CERMET 5K/50K OHM 20\% LIN | 28480 | 2100-2898 |
| A20S1 | 3101-0070 |  | SWITCH:SLIDE | 79727 | G-126 |
| A20S1 |  |  | (PART OF BRACKET) CHASSIS PARTS |  |  |
| C1 | 0180-2181 | 2 | C:FXD ELECT 1300 UF +75-10\% 50VDCW | 56289 | 36D132G050AA2A-DQB |
| C2 | 0180-2290 | 1 | C:FXD ELECT 2700 UF +75-10\% 25VDCW | 56289 | 36D272G025AA2A-DQB |
| C2 |  |  | (8443A ONLY) |  |  |
| C3 | 0180-2181 |  | C:FXD ELECT 1300 UF +75-10\% 5OVDCW | 56289 | 36D132G050AA2A-DQB |
| DS1 | 2140-0253 | 2 | LAMP:INCANDESCENT 28V 0.030A | 08717 | FB38 |
| DS2 | 2140-0253 |  | LAMP:INCANDESCENT 28V 0.030A | 08717 | FB38 |
| FL1 | 9100-3121 | 1 | FILTER:LINE 50-400 CYCLE 2A | 28480 | 9100-3121 |
| J1 |  |  | PART OF W1 |  |  |
| J2 | 08553-6063 | 1 | CAPACITOR ASSY | 28480 | 08553-6036 |
| J3 |  |  | PART OF W3 (8443B ONLY) |  |  |
| J3 | 6960-0002 | 2 | PLUS:HOLE FOR 1/2 DIA | 76530 | SS-48152 |
| J4 |  |  | PART OF W4 (8443B ONLY) |  |  |
| J4 | 6960-0002 |  | PLUS:HOLE FOR 1/2" DIA | 76530 | SS-48152 |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | Qty | Description | Mfr Code | Mfr Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| J5 |  |  | PART OF FL1 |  |  |
| MP1 | 5040-0331 | 2 | ABSORBER:RF | 28480 | 5040-0331 |
| MP2 | 5040-0331 |  | ABSORBER:RF | 28480 | 5040-0331 |
| MP3 | 0370-0084 | 2 | KNOB:ROUND BLK 5/8 DIA | 28480 | 0370-0084 |
| MP4 | 0370-0084 |  | KNOB:ROUND BLK 5/8 DIA | 28480 | 0370-0084 |
| MP5 | 1251-0218 | 2 | CONNECTOR:LOCK POST SUBMINAT TYPE D | 71468 | D53018 |
| MP6 | 1251-0218 |  | CONNECTOR:LOCK POST SUBMINAT TYPE D | 71468 | D53018 |
| MP7 | 1410-0112 | 1 | BBUSHIN:5/16-32 THD | 28480 | 1410-0112 |
| MP7 |  |  | (TRACK ADJ) |  |  |
| MP8 | 3150-0214 | 1 | FILTER:AIR, GRAY POLYURETHANE (8443A ONLY) | 00000 | OBD |
| MP9 | 08443-00048 | 1 | RETAINER:FILTER | 28480 | 08443-00048 |
| MP9 |  |  | (8443A ONLY) |  |  |
| MP10 | 5060-0254 | 2 | COUPLER:SHAFT | 28480 | 5060-0254 |
| MP11 | 5060-0254 |  | COUPLER:SHAFT | 28480 | 5060-0254 |
| MP12 | 08443-00004 | 1 | SUPPORT:MOTHER BOARD ,FRONT | 28480 | 08443-00004 |
| MP13 | 08443-00005 | 1 | SUPPORT:MOTHER BOARD, REAR | 28480 | 08443-00005 |
| MP14 | 08443-00006 | 1 | DECK:ATTENUATOR MOUNTING | 28480 | 08443-00006 |
| MP15 | 08443-00012 | 1 | BRACKET MOUNTING:SIDE FRAME | 28480 | 08443-00012 |
| MP15 |  |  | (8443A ONLY) |  |  |
| MP16 | 08443-00018 | 1 | BRACKET:REGULATOR MOUNTING | 28480 | 08443-00018 |
| MP17 | 08443-00019 | 1 | BRACKET:CAPACITOR MOUNTING | 28480 | 08443-00019 |
| MP18 | 08443-00020 | 1 | BRACKET:TRANSFORMER MOUNTING | 28480 | 08443-00020 |
| MP19 | 08443-00021 | 4 | BRACKET:FRONT PANEL | 28480 | 08443-00021 |
| MP20 | 08443-00021 |  | BRACKET:FRONT PANEL | 28480 | 08443-00021 |
| MP21 | 08443-00021 |  | BRACKET:FRONT PANEL | 28480 | 08443-00021 |
| MP22 | 08443-00021 |  | BRACKET:FRONT PANEL | 28480 | 08443-00021 |
| MP23 | 08443-00022 | 1 | SHIELD:MOTHER BOARD | 28480 | 08443-00022 |
| MP24 | 08443-00024 | 1 | DIAL KNOB ASSY:"TENS" | 28480 | 08443-00024 |
| MP25 | 08443-00025 | 1 | DIAL KNOB ASSY:"UNITS" | 28480 | 08443-00025 |
| MP26 | 08443-00026 | 1 | DIAL KNOB ASSY:"TENTHS" | 28480 | 08443-00326 |
| MP27 | 08443-00043 | 1 | COVER, POWER SUPPLY | 28480 | 08443-00043 |
| MP28 | 08443-00046 | 1 | COVER, SERIES REGULATOR | 28480 | 08443-00046 |
| MP29 | 08443-20001 | 11 | SHIELD:PC BOARD | 28480 | 08443-20001 |
| MP30 | 08443-20001 |  | SHIELD:PC BOARD | 28480 | 08443-20001 |
| MP31 | 08443-20001 |  | SHIELD:PC BOARD | 28480 | 08443-20001 |
| MP32 | 08443-20001 |  | SHIELD:PC BOARD | 28480 | 08443-20001 |
| MP33 | 08443-20001 |  | SHIELD:PC BOARD | 28460 | 08443-20001 |
| MP34 | 08443-20001 |  | SHIELD:PC BOARD | 28480 | 08443-20001 |
| MP35 | 08443-20001 |  | SHIELD:PC BOARD | 28480 | 08443-20001 |
| MP36 | 08443-20001 |  | SHIELD:PC BOARD | 28480 | 08443-20001 |
| MP37 | 08443-20001 |  | SHIELD:PC BOARD | 28480 | 08443-20001 |
| MP37 MP38 |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED (8443B ONLY) SHIELD.PC BOARD |  |  |
| MP38 MP38 | 08443-20001 |  | SHIELD:PC BOARD <br> NOT ASSIGNED (8443B ONLY) | 28480 | 08443-20001 |
| MP39 | 08443-20001 |  | SHIELD:PC BOARD | 28480 | 08443-20001 |
| MP39 |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED (8443B ONLY) |  |  |
| MP40 | 08443-20004 | 2 | SHAFT:ATTENUATOR KNOB | 28480 | 08443-20004 |
| MP41 | 08443-20004 |  | SHAFT:ATTENUATOR KNOB | 28480 | 08443-20004 |
| MP42 | 08443-20005 | 3 | BUSHING:KNOB SHAFT(ATTENUATORS) | 28480 | 08443-20005 |
| MP43 | 08443-20005 |  | BJSAINGSKNO8 SHAFT(ATTENUATORS) | 28480 | 08443-20005 |
| MP44 | 08443-20005 |  | BUSHING:KNOB SHAFT(ATTENUATORS) | 28480 | 08443-20005 |
| MP45 | 08443-20006 | 1 | HEAT SINK | 28480 | 08443-20006 |
| MP45 |  |  | (Q1 THROUGH Q5) |  |  |
| MP46 MP46 | 08443-40001 | 1 | WINDOW:COUNTER (8443A ONLY) | 28480 | 08443-40001 |
| MP47 | 08443-40003 | 1 | INSULATOR:REGULATOR | 28480 | 08443-40003 |
| MP47 |  |  | (Q1 THROUGH Q5) |  |  |
| MP48 | 5000-0206 | 2 | SPRING:WASHER | 28480 | 5000-0206 |
| MP49 MP49 | 08443-40006 | 1 | HANDLE:FUNCTION SWITCH (8443A ONLY) | 28480 | 08443-40006 |
| MP50 | NOT ASSIGNED | 1 | SPRING:COMPRESSION-FUNCTION SWITCH | 28480 | 1460-0297 |
| MP50 |  |  | (8443A ONLY) |  |  |
| MP51 MP51 | 0380-0793 | 2 | SPACER:POST 0.156" LG-FUNCTION SWITCH (8443A ONLY) | 76854 | 15525-610 |
| MP52 | 0380-0793 |  | SPACER:POST 0.156" LG-FUNCTION SWITCH | 76854 | 15525-610 |
| MP52 |  |  | (8443A ONLY) |  |  |
| Q1 | 1854-0063 | 4 | TSTR:SI NPN | 80131 | 2N3055 |
| Q2 | 1854-0063 |  | TSTR:SI NPN (844A ONLY) | 80131 | 2N3055 |
| Q3 | 1854-0063 |  | TSTR:SI NPN | 80131 | 2N3055 |
| Q4 | 1854-0063 |  | TSTR:SI NPN | 80131 | 2N3055 |
| Q5 | 1854-0324 | 1 | TSTR:SI NPN (8443A ONLY) | 80131 | 2N3739 |
| R1 |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |

[^0]Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | Qty | Description | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Mfr } \\ \text { Code } \end{gathered}$ | Mfr Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| R7 |  |  | NOT Assigned |  |  |
| R8 | 2100-2886 | 1 | R:VAR WW 5K ORM 5\% LIN 2W | 28480 | 2100-2886 |
| R88 | 08443-20008 | 1 | MOUNT:TRACK ADJ POT | 28480 28480 | O8443-20008 |
| R88 |  | 1 | TRACK ADJ. POT:5K OHM R:VAR WW 2K OHM $20 \%$ LIN 1.5W | ${ }_{28480}^{2880}$ | ${ }^{\text {2100-2501 }}$ |
| R10 | 2100-2729 | 1 | R:VAR CERMET 2.5K OHM 20\% LIN 2 W | 28480 | 2100-2729 |
| S1 | 3101-1234 | 1 | (8443A ONLY) ${ }_{\text {SWITCH:SIIE }}$ | 82389 | 11A-1242 |
| S1 | 301234 |  | (PART OF REAR PANEL) |  |  |
| s2 | 3101-0070 |  | SWITCH:SLIDE-FUNCTION | 79727 | G-126 |
| T1 | 9100-2886 |  | TRANSFORMER:POWER | 28480 | 9100-2886 |
| w1 | 08443-60061 | 1 | CABLE ASSY:EXT INPUT | 28480 | 08443-60061 |
| W1 |  |  | (8443A ONLY) |  |  |
| W2 | 08443-60059 | 1 | NOT ASSIGNED CABLE ASSY: 1 MHZ InPuT | 28480 | 08443-60059 |
| w3 |  |  | (84434 ONLY) |  |  |
| W4 | 08443-60060 | 1 | CABLE ASSY:1 MHz OUTPUT | 28480 | 08443-60060 |
| W4 W5 | 08443-60009 | 1 | (8443A ONLY) ${ }_{\text {CABLE ASSY:INTERCONNECT }}$ | 28480 | 08443-60009 |
| W6 | $8120-1348$ | 1 | CABLE ASSY:POWER. DETACHABLE | 70903 | KHS-7041 |
| W7 W7 | 08443-60079 | 1 | CABLE ASSY:3 MHZ IF (8443A ONLY) | 28480 | 08443-60079 |
| W8 | 08443-60080 | 1 | CABLE ASSY:FUNCTION SWITCH | 28480 | 08443-60080 |
| W8 ${ }_{\text {X }}^{1}$ |  |  | (8443A ONLY) <br> NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| XA14 |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| XA15 | ${ }^{1251-0198}$ | 1 | CONNECTOR:PC EDGE ( $2 \times 6$ ) 12 CONTACT | 71785 | 251-06-30-261 |
| XA15 XA16 | 5040-0327 | 2 | HOOD:CONNECTOR NOT ASSIGNED | 28480 | 5040-0327 |
| XA17 |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| XA18 | 1251-2400 | 1 | CONNECTOR:PC ( $2 \times 15$ ) 30 CONTACT | ${ }^{11453}$ | 610-093-15 |
| XDS1 XDS1 | $1450-0153$ $1450-0493$ | ${ }_{1}^{2}$ | LAMP:HOLDER:FOR T-1 SERIES | ${ }_{28480}^{08717}$ | 102SR $1450-049$ |
| XDSZ2 | $1450-0153$ |  | LAMP4OLDERSFOR T-1 SERIES | 08717 | 102SR |
| XDS2 | $1450-0157$ | 1 | LENS: LAMPHOLDER | 08717 | 102XX-w |
| XF1 | 1400-0084 | 1 | FUSEHOLDER:EXTRACTOR POST TYPE mISCELLANEOUS | 75915 | 342014 |
|  | 0624-0268 | 512 | SCREW:PAN HD POZI DR 4-24 0 0.375" LG | 00000 | OBD |

See introduction to this section for ordering information


Figure 6-1. Cabinet Parts
Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | Qty | Description | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mfr } \\ \text { Code } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Mfr Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 5060-0730 | 2 | FRAME ASSY:3 $\times 16$ | 28480 | 5060-0730 |
| 2 | 08443-000055 | 1 | SUB-PANEL | 28480 28480 | 08443-00055 $08443-00003$ |
| 3 4 4 |  | 1 | PANEL:REAR COVER SIIDE, blue gray | 28480 28480 |  |
| 4 | $5000-8595$ | 2 | COVER:SIDE. OLIVE GRAY | ${ }^{28480}$ | 5000-8595 |
| 5 | 08443-00045 |  | COVER:TOP, BLUEGRAY | 28880 78880 | 08443-00045 |
| 5 6 | (0843-00052 | 1 | COVER:TOP, OLIVE GRAY COVER ASSY:BOTTOM 16 L (BLUE GRAY) | 28480 28480 |  |
| 6 | 5060-8713 | 1 | COVER:BOTTOM | 28480 | 5060-8713 |
| 7 | 5060-0767 | 5 | FOOT ASSY:FM | 28480 | 5060-0767 |
| 8 | 1490-0030 |  | STAND:TILT | 28480 | ${ }^{1490-0030}$ |
| ${ }_{10}^{9}$ | $5000-0050$ $5060-0774$ | ${ }_{1}^{2}$ | TRIM:SIDES RACK MOUNTING KIT:3H (LIGHT GRAY) | 28480 2888 | 5003-0050 5060 |
| 10 | 5060-8739 | 1 | KIT:RACK MOUNT 3H (Licht | 28480 | 5060-8739 |
| 11 | 08443-00027 |  | CONNECTOR PLATE. BLACK(OPTIONS) | 28480 | 083443-00027 |
| 11 12 | $08443-00051$ $08443-0054$ |  | CONNECTOR PLATE:OLIVE BLACK PANEL:FRONT LTEGRAYI443AI | 28480 28480 | 08443-00051 |
| 12 12 | $08443-00054$ $08443-00101$ | 1 | PANEL:FRONT,LITE GRAY18443AI PANEL:RIG ${ }^{\text {a }}$ FRONT, LITE GRAY(8433B) | 28480 28480 | $08443-00054$ $08443-00101$ |
| 12 | 08443-00124 |  | PANEL:RIGHT FRONT, MINT GRAY (8443B) | 28480 | 08443-00124 |
| 12 | 08443-00053 |  | PANEL:FRONT, MINT GRAY(8443A) | 28480 | 08443-00053 |
| 13 13 13 | $08443-00102$ 08443 0 |  | PANEL:LEFT FRONT, ${ }^{\text {alacki44381) }}$ PANEL:LEFT FRONT OLIVE BLACK 84431 B ) | 28480 | 08443-00102 |
| 13 14 14 | 08443-00125 $5020-0900$ | 1 | PANEL:LEFT FRONT, OLVE BLACK(84431B) | 28480 28480 | 08443-00125 $5020-0900$ |
| 14 | 5020-6850 | 1 | TRIM:PANEL, MINT GRAY | 28480 | 5020-6850 |
| 15 | 5020-0901 | 1 | TRIM:PANEL, LITE GRAY | 28480 | $5020-0901$ |
| 15 16 | 5020-6851 | 1 | TRIM:PANEL, MINT GRAY WINDOW TRIM STRIP | 28480 28480 | ${ }_{\text {08402-6RSI }}$ |
| 17 | 5060-0216 | 1 | BRACKET:JJINING KIT, BLUE GRAY | 28880 <br> 2880 | $5060-216$ |
| 17 | 5060-8543 | 1 | BRACKET:JOINING KIT, OLIVE GRAY | 28480 | $5 n 60-8543$ |

See introduction to this section for ordering information

TABLE 6-4.
PART NUMBER - NATIONAL STOCK NUMBER
CROSS REFERENCE INDEX

| PART | FSCM |
| :---: | :---: |
| NUMBER |  |
| B104BX102M | 96733 |
| D2361 | 93332 |
| D53018 | 71468 |
| FB2B | 01121 |
| FDG1088 | 07263 |
| G250 | 01538 |
| KHS-7041 | 70903 |
| MC1013P | 04713 |
| MC1034P | 04713 |
| MC1039P | 04713 |
| RDM15E820G1S | 84171 |
| RDM15F101J3C | 72136 |
| SN7400N | 01295 |
| SN7400N | 01295 |
| SN7404N | 01295 |
| SN7472N | 01295 |
| SN7474N | 01295 |
| SR1358-4 | 04713 |
| SZ10939-110 | 04713 |
| SZ10939-134 | 04713 |
| SZ10939-158 | 04713 |
| S17843 | 07263 |
| T8001 | 81640 |
| 0121-0036 | 28480 |
| 0121-0059 | 28480 |
| 01210105 | 28480 |
| 0122-0049 | 28480 |
| 0150-0050 | 28480 |
| 0160-0145 | 28480 |
| 0160-0157 | 28480 |
| 0160-0163 | 28480 |
| 0160-0168 | 28480 |
| 0160-2055 | 28480 |


| NATIONAL STOCK | PART | FSCM | NATIONAL STOCK |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | NUMBER |  | NUMBER |
| 5910-00-244-7171 | 0160-2139 | 28480 | 5910-00-180-7816 |
| 5961-00-954-9182 | 0160-2140 | 28480 | 5910-00-430-5625 |
| 5935-00-570-6119 | 0160-2142 | 28480 | 5910-00-430-5626 |
| 5910-00-920-3478 | 0160-2143 | 28480 | 5910-00-430-5628 |
| 5961-00-928-7939 | 0160-2145 | 28480 | 5910-00-430-5637 |
| 5325-00-079-7237 | 0160-2204 | 28480 | 5910-00-463-5949 |
| 6150-01-004-8773 | 0160-2208 | 28480 | 5910-00-430-5685 |
| 5962-00-450-8830 | 0160-2218 | 28480 | 5910-00-261-3413 |
| 5962-00-405-1385 | 0160-2229 | 28480 | 5910-00-719-9881 |
| 5962-00-519-0787 | 0160-2244 | 28480 | 5910-00-008-4451 |
| 5910-00-138-1318 | 0160-2254 | 28480 | 5910-00-043-1371 |
| 5910-00-463-5949 | 0160-2260 | 28480 | 5910-00-789-6956 |
| 5962-00-865-4625 | 0160-2266 | 28480 | 5910-00-430-5754 |
| 5962-00-922-3138 | 0160-2307 | 28480 | 5910-00-406-9675 |
| 5962-00-404-2559 | 0160-2327 | 28480 | 5910-00-244-7171 |
| 5962-00-865-4631 | 0160-2930 | 28480 | 5910-00-465-9754 |
| 5962-00-106-4287 | 0160-3036 | 28480 | 5910-00-138-1326 |
| 5961-00-496-7363 | 0160-3043 | 28480 | 5910-00-472-5006 |
| 5960-00-995-2310 | 0160-3060 | 28480 | 5910-00-006-5732 |
| 5960-00-912-3099 | 0160-3121 | 28480 | 5910-00-138-7268 |
| 5960-00-845-6458 | 0160-3451 | 28480 | 5910-01-036-1474 |
| 5961-00-917-0660 | 0170-0040 | 28480 | 5910-00-829-0245 |
| 5930-00-237-1160 | 0180-0098 | 28480 | 5910-00-430-5947 |
| 5910-00-463-5960 | 0180-0116 | 28480 | 5910-00-809-4701 |
| 5910-00-776-4185 | 0180-0137 | 28480 | 5910-00-915-1393 |
| 5910-00-761-1216 | 0180-0160 | 28480 | 5910-00-752-4249 |
| 5961-00-329-7671 | 0180-0197 | 28480 | 5910-00-850-5355 |
| 5910-00-784-0927 | 0180-0229 | 28480 | 5910-00-403-2449 |
| 5910-00-138-1318 | 0180-0291 | 28480 | 5910-00-931-7055 |
| 5910-00-961-9591 | 0180-0376 | 28480 | 5910-00-444-6726 |
| 5910-00-893-1261 | 0180-1735 | 28480 | 5910-00-430-6016 |
| 5910-00-917-0668 | 0180-1743 | 28480 | 5910-00-430-6017 |
| 5910-00-211-1611 | 0340-0038 | 28480 | 5940-00-904-0300 |

TABLE 6-4 (cont'd.)
PART NUMBER - NATIONAL STOCK NUMBER
CROSS REFERENCE INDEX
CROSS REFERENCE INDEX

| PART | FSCM |
| :---: | :---: |
| NUMBER |  |
| 0340-0039 | 28480 |
| 0360-0124 | 28480 |
| 0360-1514 | 28480 |
| 0370-0084 | 28480 |
| 0400-0009 | 28480 |
| 0683-1005 | 28480 |
| 0683-1015 | 28480 |
| 0683-2015 | 28480 |
| 0683-5115 | 28480 |
| 0683-5125 | 28480 |
| 0683-6225 | 28480 |
| 0683-6235 | 28480 |
| 0683-7525 | 28480 |
| 0698-0082 | 28480 |
| 0698-0083 | 28480 |
| 0698-0084 | 28480 |
| 0698-0085 | 28480 |
| 0698-3150 | 28480 |
| 0698-3151 | 28480 |
| 0698-3153 | 28480 |
| 0698-3154 | 28480 |
| 0698-3155 | 28480 |
| 0698-3159 | 28480 |
| 0698-3260 | 28480 |
| 0698-3334 | 28480 |
| 0698-3401 | 28480 |
| 0698-3409 | 28480 |
| 0698-3428 | 28480 |
| 0698-3429 | 28480 |
| 0698-3431 | 28480 |
| 0698-3433 | 28480 |
| 0698-3434 | 28480 |


| NATIONAL STOCK <br> NUMBER | PART <br> NUMBER | FSCM | NATIONAL STOCK <br> NUMBER |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | NUMBER |  |  |
| 5970-00-072-1625 | 0698-3435 | 28480 | 5905-00-489-2046 |
| 5940-00-993-9338 | 0698-3437 | 28480 | 5905-00-402-7080 |
| 5940-00-150-4513 | 0698-3438 | 28480 | 5905-00-974-6080 |
| 5355-00-809-9329 | 0698-3441 | 28480 | 5905-00-974-6076 |
| 5325-00-079-7237 | 0698-3443 | 28480 | 5905-00-194-0341 |
| 5905-00-960-0099 | 0698-3444 | 28480 | 5905-00-974-6079 |
| 5905-00-102-5294 | 0698-3452 | 28480 | 5905-00-826-3239 |
| 5905-00-111-4845 | 0698-7200 | 28480 | 5905-00-161-8936 |
| 5905-00-801-8272 | 0698-7229 | 28480 | 5905-01-009-7560 |
| 5905-00-139-1642 | 0699-0001 | 28480 | 5905-00-998-1953 |
| 5905-00-056-0505 | 0757-0063 | 28480 | 5905-00-244-7182 |
| 5905-00-542-7776 | 0757-0159 | 28480 | 5905-00-830-6677 |
| 5905-00-056-0520 | 0757-0180 | 28480 | 5905-00-972-4907 |
| 5905-00-974-6075 | 0757-0199 | 28480 | 5905-00-981-7513 |
| 5905-00-407-0052 | 0757-0269 | 28480 | 5905-00-858-6985 |
| 5905-00-974-6073 | 0757-0274 | 28480 | 5905-00-858-9105 |
| 5905-00-998-1814 | 0757-0276 | 28480 | 5905-00-493-0777 |
| 5905-00-481-1357 | 0757-0279 | 28480 | 5905-00-221-8310 |
| 5905-00-246-8634 | 0757-0280 | 28480 | 5905-00-853-8190 |
| 5905-00-974-6081 | 0757-0288 | 28480 | 5905-00-193-4318 |
| 5905-00-891-4215 | 0757-0289 | 28480 | 5905-00-998-1908 |
| 5905-00-976-3418 | 0757-0346 | 28480 | 5905-00-998-1906 |
| 5905-00-407-0053 | 0757-0394 | 28480 | 5905-00-412-4036 |
| 5905-00-998-1809 | 0757-0395 | 28480 | 5905-00-891-4210 |
| 5905-00-407-2350 | 0757-0397 | 28480 | 5905-00-232-3125 |
| 5905-00-252-4219 | 0757-0398 | 28480 | 5905-00-788-0291 |
| 5905-00-473-3276 | 0757-0401 | 28480 | 5905-00-981-7529 |
| 5905-00-891-4238 | 0757-0403 | 28480 | 5905-00-412-4023 |
| 5905-00-407-0075 | 0757-0405 | 28480 | 5905-00-096-4167 |
| 5905-00-402-7079 | 0757-0416 | 28480 | 5905-00-998-1795 |
| 5905-00-407-0076 | 0757-0417 | 28480 | 5905-00-858-9417 |
| 5905-00-997-4071 | 0757-0418 | 28480 | 5905-00-412-4037 |

TABLE 6-4 (cont'd.)
PART NUMBER - NATIONAL STOCK NUMBER
CROSS REFERENCE INDEX

| PART | FSCM |
| :---: | :---: |
| NUMBER |  |
|  |  |
| 0757-0419 | 28480 |
| 0757-0420 | 28480 |
| 0757-0421 | 28480 |
| 0757-0422 | 28480 |
| 0757-0428 | 28480 |
| 0757-0438 | 28480 |
| 0757-0440 | 28480 |
| 0757-0442 | 28480 |
| 0757-0458 | 28480 |
| 0757-0459 | 28480 |
| 0757-0821 | 28480 |
| 0757-0855 | 28480 |
| 0757-1060 | 28480 |
| 0757-1092 | 28480 |
| 0757-1094 | 28480 |
| 0811-1661 | 28480 |
| 0811-1666 | 28480 |
| 08552-6017 | 28480 |
| 08552-6018 | 28480 |
| 08552-6023 | 28480 |
| 08552-6024 | 28480 |
| 08553-6012 | 28480 |
| 08553-6063 | 28480 |
| 1N4998 | 02735 |
| 1N823 | 04713 |
| 1025-20 | 99800 |
| 1250-1194 | 28480 |
| 1251-0087 | 28480 |
| 1251-0198 | 28480 |
| 1251-1556 | 28480 |
| 1251-1887 | 28480 |
| 1251-2313 | 28480 |


| NATIONAL |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| STOCK | PART FSCM |  |
| NUMBER | NUMBER |  |
|  |  |  |
| 5905-00-891-4213 | 1400-0084 | 28480 |
| 5905-00-493-5404 | 1410-0112 | 28480 |
| 5905-00-891-4219 | 1490-0030 | 28480 |
| 5905-00-728-9980 | 1537-12 | 99800 |
| 5905-00-998-1794 | 1537-16 | 99800 |
| 5905-00-929-2529 | 1537-48 | 99800 |
| 5905-00-858-6795 | 1820-0054 | 28480 |
| 5905-00-998-1792 | 1820-0077 | 28480 |
| 5905-00-494-4628 | 1820-0092 | 28480 |
| 5905-00-997-9579 | 1820-0010 | 28480 |
| 5905-00-828-6705 | 1820-0102 | 28480 |
| 5905-00-930-7957 | 1820-0116 | 28480 |
| 5905-00-405-8094 | 1820-0116 | 28480 |
| 5905-00-412-0754 | 1820-0119 | 28480 |
| 5905-00-917-0580 | 1820-0174 | 28480 |
| 5905-00-222-3549 | 1820-0304 | 28480 |
| 5905-00-402-7082 | 1820-0413 | 28480 |
| 5950-00-787-7470 | 1853-0018 | 28480 |
| 5950-00-430-6816 | 1853-0020 | 28480 |
| 5950-00-787-7471 | 1853-0027 | 28480 |
| 5950-00-138-1334 | 1853-0034 | 28480 |
| 5950-00-138-1335 | 1854-0022 | 28480 |
| 5910-00-430-6120 | 1854-0023 | 28480 |
| 5961-00-994-0520 | 1854-0045 | 28480 |
| 5961-00-103-7417 | 1854-0063 | 28480 |
| 5950-00-059-5920 | 1854-0071 | 28480 |
| 5935-00-446-4102 | 1854-0221 | 28480 |
| 5935-00-043-4067 | 1854-0232 | 28480 |
| 5935-00-974-6874 | 1854-0247 | 28480 |
| 5999-00-165-0403 | 1854-0324 | 28480 |
| 5935-00-147-7384 | 1854-0345 | 28480 |
| 5935-00-104-1184 | 1901-0025 | 28480 |

## NATIONAL STOCK NUMBER

5920-00-881-4636
5365-00-417-5217
6625-00-760-9521
5950-00-925-5249

5950-00-835-1513
5950-00-905-1839
5962-00-138-5248
5962-00-138-5250
6350-00-401-9149
5962-00-405-1385
5962-00-450-8830
5962-00-175-3051
6350-00-401-9151
5962-00-409-3521
5962-00-404-2559
5962-00-270-1961
5962-00-009-6621
5961-00-989-2747
5961-00-904-2540
5961-00-193-4463
5961-00-987-4700
5961-00-917-0660
5961-00-998-1923
5961-00-059-3063
5961-00-985-9074
5961-00-137-4608
5961-00-836-1887
5961-00-229-1963
5961-00-464-4049
5961-00-938-5100
5961-00-401-0507
5961-00-978-7468

TABLE 6-4 (cont'd.)
PART NUMBER - NATIONAL STOCK NUMBER
CROSS REFERENCE INDEX
CROSS REFERENCE INDEX

| PART NUMBER | FSCM |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1901-0039 | 28480 |
| 1901-0040 | 28480 |
| 1901-0047 | 28480 |
| 1901-0049 | 28480 |
| 1901-0050 | 28480 |
| 1901-0159 | 28480 |
| 1901-0179 | 28480 |
| 1901-0200 | 28480 |
| 1901-0518 | 28480 |
| 1902-0041 | 28480 |
| 1902-0048 | 28480 |
| 1902-0049 | 28480 |
| 1902-0518 | 28480 |
| 1902-3094 | 28480 |
| 1902-3193 | 28480 |
| 1902-3256 | 28480 |
| 1902-3268 | 28480 |
| 1910-0016 | 28480 |
| 1970-0042 | 28480 |
| 2-330808-8 | 00779 |
| 2N3053 | 80131 |
| 2N3055 | 80131 |
| 2N3528 | 02735 |
| 2N3739 | 80131 |
| 2N4917 | 80131 |
| 2N5179 | 80131 |
| 2100-1758 | 28480 |
| 2100-2066 | 28480 |
| 2100-2489 | 28480 |
| 2100-2501 | 28480 |
| 2100-2517 | 28480 |
| 2100-2632 | 28480 |


| NATIONAL STOCK NUMBER | PART NUMBER | FSCM |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |
| 5961-00-833-6626 | 2110-0004 | 28480 |
| 5961-00-965-5917 | 2110-0269 | 28480 |
| 5961-00-929-7778 | 2140-0253 | 28480 |
| 5961-00-911-9275 | 251-06-30-261 | 71785 |
| 5961-00-914-7496 | 252-06-30-300 | 71785 |
| 5961-00-496-7363 | 252-12-30-300 | 71785 |
| 5961-00-853-7934 | 252-22-30-340 | 71785 |
| 5961-00-994-0520 | 3-332070-5 | 00779 |
| 5961-00-430-6819 | 3101-0070 | 28480 |
| 5961-00-858-7372 | 3101-1213 | 28480 |
| 5961-00-912-3099 | 3101-1234 | 28480 |
| 5961-00-752-6121 | 342014 | 75915 |
| 5961-00-138-7317 | 50-046-0000 | 98291 |
| 5961-00-493-5428 | 5000-0050 | 28480 |
| 5961-00-247-8437 | 5060-0767 | 28480 |
| 5961-00-412-0957 | 5080-0271 | 28480 |
| 5961-00-412-0958 | 5086-7010 | 28480 |
| 5961-00-954-9182 | 52-0530-0000 | 98291 |
| 5960-00-477-1203 | 8120-1348 | 28480 |
| 5935-00-965-9612 | 9100-0346 | 28480 |
| 5961-00-985-9073 | 9100-1610 | 28480 |
| 5961-00-985-9074 | 9100-1611 | 28480 |
| 5961-00-945-3380 | 9100-1612 | 28480 |
| 5961-00-938-5100 | 9100-1616 | 28480 |
| 5961-00-179-8478 | 9100-1618 | 28480 |
| 5961-00-401-0507 | 9100-1622 | 28480 |
| 5905-00-228-5989 | 9100-1623 | 28480 |
| 5905-00-236-7416 | 9100-1629 | 28480 |
| 5905-00-105-1774 | 9100-1630 | 28480 |
| 5905-00-431-3183 | 9100-1643 | 28480 |
| 5905-00-161-9090 | 9100-2247 | 28480 |
| 5905-00-476-5718 | 9140-0051 | 28480 |



5920-00-798-5710
5920-00-280-8344
6240-00-078-9094
5935-00-974-6874

5935-00-188-0135
5935-00-448-2236
5935-00-147-7384
5935-00-104-1184
5930-00-919-1755
5930-00-237-1160
5930-00-406-8746
5920-00-881-4636
5935-00-917-9089
6625-01-014-8071
6625-00-903-0348
5961-00-513-2726
5962-00-483-1953
5935-00-107-2601
6150-01-004-8773
5950-00-780-7332
5950-00-431-3185
5950-00-438-4375
5950-00-438-4376
5950-00-835-1513
5950-00-431-3196
5950-00-431-3197
5950-00-476-5686
5950-00-430-6864
5950-00-431-3198
5950-00-443-9517
5950-00-405-3735
5950-00-069-7747

TABLE 6-4 (cont'd.)

## PART NUMBER - NATIONAL STOCK NUMBER

CROSS REFERENCE INDEX

| PART NUMBER | FSCM | NATIONAL STOCK NUMBER | PART NUMBER | FSCM | NATIONAL STOCK NUMBER |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 9140-0096 | 28480 | 5950-00-138-1381 |  |  |  |
| 9140-0114 | 28480 | 5950-00-657-8167 |  |  |  |
| 9140-0129 | 28480 | 5950-00-845-6927 |  |  |  |
| 9140-0141 | 28480 | 5950-00-059-5919 |  |  |  |
| 9140-0144 | 28480 | 5950-00-837-6029 |  |  |  |
| 9140-0158 | 28480 | 5950-00-059-5920 |  |  |  |

## SECTION VII

## MANUAL CHANGES

## 7-1. INTRODUCTION

$7-2$. As changes are made to the 8443A/B, newer instruments may have serial number prefixes not listed in this manual. The manuals for those instruments will be supplied with an additional "Manual Changes" insert containing the required information; contact your local Hewlett-Packard Sales and Service Office if this sheet is missing.
$7-3$. The information in this section covers the manual changes necessary to backdate this manual so that it directly applies to 8443A Tracking Generator/Counters with serial numbers 1049A00440 and below, and 8443B Tracking Generators with serial numbers 0973A00120 and below.

## 7-4. MANUAL BACK-DATING

7-5. Table 7-1 lists the serial number history of the 8443A, and Table 7-2 lists the serial number history of the 8443B. The back-dating changes needed to document any instrument are listed opposite the serial numbers. Table 7-4 lists the back-dating changes. Use Table 7-1 or 7-2 to find the changes needed to document your instrument. Then follow the instructions listed under the changes, perform the changes in the sequence listed in Table 7-1 or 7-2.

7-6. Table 7-3 is a summary of $8443 \mathrm{~A} / \mathrm{B}$ changes. It cross references the changes to the assemblies they affect; it also shows whether the factory recommends that instruments be up-dated or not.

Table 7-1. 8443A Back-Dating Serial Numbers

| Serial Number <br> or Prefix | Perform Manual <br> Changes (In Sequence) |
| :---: | :--- |
| 955- | I,H,G,F,E,D,C,B,A |
| $964-00161$ <br> to 00200 | $\mathrm{I}, \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{G}, \mathrm{F}, \mathrm{E}, \mathrm{D}, \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{B}$ |
| $964-00201$ <br> to 00220 | $\mathrm{I}, \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{G}, \mathrm{F}, \mathrm{E}, \mathrm{D}, \mathrm{C}$ |
| $964-00221$ <br> to 00245 | $\mathrm{I}, \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{G}, \mathrm{F}, \mathrm{E}, \mathrm{D}$ |
| 1049 A 00246 <br> to 00270 | $\mathrm{I}, \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{G}, \mathrm{F}, \mathrm{E}$ |
| $1049 \mathrm{A00271}$ <br> to 00296 | $\mathrm{I}, \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{G}, \mathrm{F}$ |
| $1049 \mathrm{A00296}$ <br> to 00440 | $\mathrm{I}, \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{G}$ |
| $1049 A 00440$ <br> to 1145A00560 | $\mathrm{I}, \mathrm{H}$ |
| 1145 A 00561 <br> and above | I |

Table 7-2. 8443B Back-Dating Serial Numbers

| Serial Number <br> or Prefix | Perform Manual <br> Changes (In Sequence) |
| :---: | :--- |
| $973-00110$ <br> and below | $\mathrm{I}, \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{G}, \mathrm{F}, \mathrm{E}, \mathrm{D}, \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{B}$ |$|$| $973-00111$ to | $\mathrm{I}, \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{G}$ |
| :---: | :--- |
| 0973 A 00120 |  |
| 09730121 | $\mathrm{I}, \mathrm{H}$ |
| to 1142A00130 |  |

Table 7-3. Changes Summary

| Changes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Comp | ts Aff |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \hline \text { A1 } \\ \text { Assy } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \hline \text { A2 } \\ \text { Assy } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \hline \text { A3 } \\ \text { Assy } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \hline \text { A4 } \\ \text { Assy } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \hline \text { A5 } \\ \text { Assy } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \hline \text { A6 } \\ \text { Assy } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \hline \text { A7 } \\ \text { Assy } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \hline \text { A8 } \\ \text { Assy } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \hline \text { A9 } \\ \text { Assy } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \hline \text { A10 } \\ & \text { Assy } \end{aligned}$ | A11 <br> Assy | A12 <br> Assy | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \hline \text { A13 } \\ & \text { Assy } \end{aligned}$ | A14 <br> Assy | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \hline \text { A15 } \\ & \text { Assy } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \hline \text { A16 } \\ & \text { Assy } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \hline \text { A17 } \\ & \text { Assy } \end{aligned}$ | A18 <br> Assy | A19 <br> Assy | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { A20 } \\ & \text { Assy } \end{aligned}$ | Chassis (no prefox) |
| A |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathrm{L} 10 \\ & \mathrm{C} 17 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | J5* <br> FL1* <br> Covers for Q1-4* |
| B |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { R19* }^{\text {R20 }} \\ & \text { R21* } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| C |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { J1,2** } \\ \text { TR3-7** } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| D | A2 ${ }^{* * *}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| E |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | MP1,2*** <br> (RF absorbers) <br> MP8,9*** <br> (fan filter) |
| F |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | MP10,11** (A2,3 shaft couplers) |
| G |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | C5** |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| H |  |  |  |  | R4 |  |  |  |  |  | R7,8* |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| I |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | A13*** |
| *No instrument up-date recommended. <br> ${ }^{* *}$ New part is preferred replacement part. |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{* * *}$ This change is recommended for all prior seals. <br> ****Modification to new configuration described in Service Note 8443a-4 (requires modification kit 08843-60078 for light gray front panel or 08443-60081 for mint gray front panel. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 7-4. Manual Back-Dating

| CHANGE A | Table 6-3, | Replaceable Parts: |
| :--- | :---: | :--- |
|  | Delete: | Capacitor A10C17 and inductor A10L10. |
| Add: | 4 transistor insulating covers (Q1-4) 0349-0486. |  |
|  | Change: | Line filter FL1 to 9100-2878. |
|  | Change: | Power input connector J5 to 1251-2357. |

Service Sheet 3 (schematic):
Delete: A10C17 and A10L10.
CHANGE B Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts:
Change: Resistors A11R19 and R21 to 0757-0401 R:FXD MET FLM 100 OHM 1\% 1/8W
Change: $\quad$ Resistor A11R20 to 0757-0398 R:FXD MET FLM 75 OHM 1\% 1/8 W
Service Sheet 2 (schematic):
Change: A11R19 and R21 to 100 ohms.
Change: A11R20 to 75 ohms.
CHANGE C Table 6-3, Replaceable Parts:
Change: Connectors A6J1, J2 and TP3 to 1250-1195 CONNECTOR: RF SUB-MINIATURE SERIES
Change: Test point pins A6TP4-7 to 08443-00041
CHANGE D Table 6-3, Replaceable Parts:
Delete: Cooling Fan Assembly A1A2.
Change: Low Frequency Counter Assembly A1 to 08443-60066.
Delete: Inductor A6L12.
Service Sheet 8 (schematic):
Delete: A6L12.
CHANGE E Table 6-3, Replaceable Parts:
Delete: $\quad$ RF absorbers MP1 and 2.
Delete: $\quad$ Fan filter MP8 and filter retainer MP9.
CHANGE F Table 6-3, Replaceable Parts:
Delete: $\quad$ Shaft couplers (for A2 and A3) MP10 and 11.
Add: $\quad$ Coupler yokes (4) 1500-0002 and insulated flexible couplings (2) 5040-0212.
CHANGE G Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts:
Change capacitor A14C5 to 0180-1743 C:FXD ELECT 0.1 UF 10\% 35 VDCW
Service Sheet 4 (schematic):
Change: A14C5 to 0.1 pF .
CHANGE H Table 6-3, Replaceable Parts:
Change: A5R4 to 0698-3435 R:FXD 38.3 OHMS.
Change: A11R7 to 0698-3443 R:FXD 287 OHMS.
Change: A11R8to 0698-3428 R:FXD 14.7 OHMS.
Service Sheet 2 (schematic):
Change value of A11R7 to 270 ohms, and A11R8 to 31.6 ohms.
Service Sheet 7 (schematic):
Change value of A5R4 to 10 ohms.

Table 7-4. Manual Back-Dating (cont'd)
CHANGE I Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts:
Change: A13 to 08443-60040
NOTE
08443-60112 is exchange assy for 08443-60040.
Delete: A13C21-28, A13CR6,7, A13Q5-10, and A13R21-34.
Delete: $\quad$ S2, W7, and W8.
Service Sheet 4:
Replace appropriate portions of Figure 8-23]with Figure 7-1
Replace Figure 8-21 with Figure 7-2.


Figure 7-1. Changes for Figure 8-23 (Part of Change I)


Figure 7-2. Changes for Figure 8-21(Part of Change I)

## SECTION VIII SERVICE

## 8-1. INTRODUCTION

8-2. This section provides instructions for testing, troubleshooting and repairing the HP Model 8443A Tracking Generator/Counter and the Model 8443B Tracking Generator.

## 8- 3. PRINCIPLES OF OPERATION

8-4. Information relative to the principles of operation appears on the foldout pages opposing the Block Diagrams, Service Sheet 1 for the Tracking Generator and Service Sheet 5 for the Counter Section (8443A). This correlation of data will enable the reader to quickly relate functions to specific circuits without having to look in different parts of the manual.

## 8-5. RECOMMENDED TEST EQUIPMENT

8 -6. Test equipment and accessories required to maintain the Model 8443A/B are listed in Table 1-2. If the equipment listed is not available, equipment that meets the minimum specifications shown may be substituted.

## 8-7. TROUBLESHOOTING

8 -8. Troubleshooting procedures are divided into two maintenance levels in this manual. The first, a
troubleshooting tree, is designed to isolate the cause of a malfunction to a circuit or assembly.
$8-9$. The second maintenance level provides circiut analysis and test procedures to aid in isolating faults to a defective component. Circuit descriptions and test procedures for the second maintenance level are located on the page facing the schematic diagram of the circuit to be repaired.

8 -10. After the cause of a malfunction has been found and remedied in any circuit containing adjustable components, the applicable procedure specified in Section V of this manual should be performed.

## 8-11. REPAIR

8-12. Module Exchange. For the benefit of those who do not wish to repair at the component level, a module exchange program has been initiated for the Model 8443A/B. These factory-repaired modules are available at a considerable savings in cost over the cost of a new module.

8 -13. These exchange modules should be ordered from the nearest Hewlett-Packard Sales/Service
Office using the special part numbers in Table 6-1 of this manual.


Figure 8-1. Model 8443A with Circuit Board Extended for Maintenance

Virtually all orders for replacements received by HP offices are shipped the same day received either from the local office or from a Service Center.

8-14. Line Voltage Requirements. During adjustment and testing the Model 8443A/B must be connected to a source of power capable of delivering 74 watts of power at 115 or 230 volts ac $\pm 10 \%$, single phase. If adjustment of the dc voltage regulators is required, the Model $8443 \mathrm{~A} / \mathrm{B}$ should be connected to the ac source through an adjustable auto-transformer. The line voltage to the Model 8443A/B may then be adjusted to check regulator action when the line voltage is changed $\pm 10 \%$.

8-15. Servicing Aids on Printed Circuit Boards. Servicing aids on printed circuit boards include test points, transistor designations, adjustment callouts and assembly stock numbers with alpha-numerical revision information.

8-16. Circuit Board Extenders. Circuit board extenders are provided with the Service Kit. These extenders enable the technician to extend the boards clear of the assembly to provide easy access to components and test points. See Figure 8-1 for a typical example of extender board use.

8-17. Part Location Aids. The locations of chassis mounted parts and major assemblies are shown in Figure 8-18. The location of individual components mounted on printed circuit boards or other assemblies are shown on the appropriate schematic page or on the page opposite it. The part reference designator is the assembly designation plus the part designation. (Example: A10R1 is R1 on the A10 assembly.) For specific component description and ordering information refer to the parts list in Section VI.

8-18. Factory Selected Components. Some component values are selected at the time of final checkout at the factory. Usually these values are not extremely critical; they are selected to provide optimum compatibility with associated component. These components, which are identified on the schematics with an asterisk, are listed in Table 8-1. The recommended procedure for replacing a factory selected component is as follows:
a. Try the original value, then perform the test specified in Section V of this manual for the circuit being repaired.
b. If the specified test cannot be satisfactorily performed, try the typical value shown in the parts list and repeat the test.

Table 8-1. Factory Selected Components

| Designation | Location | Purpose | Range of Values |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| R12 | Front Panel | To center range of CTR ADJ | 3.16 to 4.75K |
| A5R4 | Time Base | Adjusts 1 MHz ref. output. <br> Select for 2.8 Vp-p at J3 <br> (terminated in 50 I ) | 5 to 20Q1 |
|  |  | HF Decade | Adjust gain |

Table 8-2. Schematic Diagram Notes

## SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM NOTES

Resistance is in ohms, capacitance is in picofarads, and inductance is in mH unless otherwise noted.
$\mathrm{P} / \mathrm{O}=$ part of.
*Asterisk denotes a factory-selected value. Value shown is typical. Capacitors may be omitted or resistors jumpered.

- Screwdriver adjustment.

Encloses front panel designations.

Circuit assembly borderline.


Other assembly border line.
Heavy line with arrows indicates path and direction of main signal.
Heavy dashed line with arrows indicates path and direction of main feedback.
Wiper moves toward CW with clockwise rotation of control as viewed from shaft or knob.
Numbers in stars on circuit assemblies show locations of test points.
Encloses wire color code. Code used (MIL-STD-681) is the same as the resistor color code. First number identifies the base color, second number the wider stripe, and the third number identifies the narrower stripe. E.G., (947) denotes white base, yellow wide stripe, violet narrow stripe.

## A 4

Indicates an output from a schematic that goes to an input identified as
©
on Service Sheet 4.
$2 \boldsymbol{*}$
Indicates an input to a schematic that comes from an output identified as $\qquad$ on Service Sheet 2.
c. If the test results are still not satisfactory, substitute various values within the tolerances specified in Table 8-1 until the desired result is obtained.

8-19. Diagram Notes. Table 8-2. Schematic Diagram Notes, provides information relative to symbols and values shown on schematic diagrams.

## 8-20. GENERAL SERVICE HINTS

8-21. The etched circuit boards used in Hewlett-Packard equipment are the plated-through type consisting of metallic conductors bonded to both sides of an insulating material. The metallic conductors are extended through the component holes by a plating process. Soldering can be performed on either side of the board with equally good results. Table 8-3 lists recommended tools and materials for use in repairing etched circuit boards. Following are recommendations and precautions pertinent to etched circuit repair work.
a. Avoid unnecessary component substitution; it can result in damage to the circuit board and/or adjacent components.
b. Do not use a high power soldering iron on etched circuit boards. Excessive heat may lift a conductor or damage the board.
c. Use a suction device Table 8-3) or wooden toothpick to remove solder from component mounting holes.

## CAUTION

Do not use a sharp metal object such as an awl or twist drill for this purpose. Sharp objects may damage the plated-through conductor.
d. After soldering, remove excess flux from the soldered areas and apply a protective coating to prevent contamination and corrosion.

8-22. Component Replacement. The following procedures are recommended when component replacement is necessary:
a. Remove defective component from board.

Table 8-3. Etched Circuit Soldering Equipment

| Item | Use | Specification | Item Recommended |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Soldering tool | Soldering Unsoldering | Wattage rating: $47-1 / 2$ <br> $56-1 / 2$  <br> Tip Temp: $850-9000$ | -Ungar \#776 handle with <br> *Ungar \#4037 Heating Unit |
| Soldering* Tip | Soldering Unsoldering | *Shape: pointed | *Ungar \#PL111 |
| De-soldering aid | To remove molten solder from connection | Suction device | Soldapullt <br> by Edsyn Co., Arleta, California |
| Resin (flux) solvent | Remove excess flux from soldered area before application of protective coating | Must not dissolve etched circuit base board material or conductor bonding agent | Freon <br> Acetone <br> Lacquer Thinner <br> Isopropyl <br> Alcohol (100\% dry) |
| Solder | Component replacement <br> Circuit board repair Wiring | Resin (flux) core, high tin content (60/40 tin/lead), 18 gauge (SWG) preferred |  |
| Protective Coating | Contamination, corrosion protection | Good electrical insulation, cor-rosion-prevention properties | Krylon R ** \#1302 <br> Humiseal Protective Coating, Type 1B12 by Columbia Technical Corp., Woodside 77, New York |
| *For working on etched Poards: for general purpose work, use Ungar \#1237 Heating Unit (37.5W, tip temp of 750 B00 ) and Ungar ;;PL113 1/8 inch chisel tip <br> '*Krylon. Inc., Norristown, Pennsylvanla |  |  |  |

b. If component was unsoldered, remove solder from mounting holes with a suction device Table 8-3) or a wooden toothpick.
c. Shape leads of replacement component to match mounting hole spacing.
d. Insert component leads into mounting holes and position component as original was positioned. Do not force leads into mounting holes; sharp lead ends may damage the plated-through conductor.

## Note

Although not recommended when both sides of the circuit board are accessible, axial lead components such as resistors and tubular capacitors, can be replaced without unsoldering. Clip leads near body of defective component, remove component and straighten leads left in board. Wrap leads of replacement component one turn around original leads. Solder wrapped connection and clip off excess lead.

## 8-23. BASIC SERVICE INFORMATION

$8-24$. Since basic service information appears in the

Spectrum Analyzer Service Manual, it will not be repeated here.

## 8-25. LOGIC CIRCUITS AND SYMBOLS

$8-26$. The following paragraphs and illustrations provide basic information about logic circuits and symbols. While a complete treatment of the subject is not within the scope of this manual, it is believed that this material will help the technician experienced with analog devices, who has had little or no experience with digital circuits.

8-27. The circuits discussed are digital in nature; their outputs are always in one of two possible states, a "1" or " 0 ". These two states are also referred to as being either high ( H ) or low (L). The high and low states are relative; low must be less positive (more negative) than high, both states may be positive or negative, or high may be positive and low negative. In positive logic the more positive (H) state is a logical "1" and the more negative (L) state is a logical " 0 ". In negative logic the more negative (L) state is a logical "1" and the more positive (H) state is a logical " 0 ".

8-28. Two of the basic "building blocks" of logic circuits are the AND and OR gates. The symbols and truth tables for basic AND and OR gates are shown in Figure 8-2.

$X=A$ - $B$
(X EQUALS A AND B)

| $A$ | $B$ | $X$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $H$ | $H$ | $H$ |
| $H$ | $L$ | $L$ |
| $L$ | $H$ | $L$ |
| $L$ | $L$ | $L$ |


$X=A+B$ (X EQUALS A OR B)

| $A$ | $B$ | $X$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $H$ | $H$ | $H$ |
| $H$ | $L$ | $H$ |
| $L$ | $H$ | $H$ |
| $L$ | $L$ | $L$ |

Figure 8-2. Basic AND and OR Gates.

Table 8-4. Logic Symbology

## 1 indicates true signal

0 indicates false signal.

O on symbol indicates logical inversion (not necessarily electrical) of the input or output signal(s). The logic indicated within the symbol remains the same.
$\rightarrow$ indicates direction of signal flow.

| Designation | Logic Symbol | Description | Truth Table |  |  |  | Typical Circuit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| AND Gate (Positive True) |  | Both input signals ( $A$ and $B$ ) must be true simultaneously to produce a true output at $\mathbf{C}$. | A 0 0 1 1 | \|l| B | C  <br>  0 <br> 0  <br> 0  <br> 1  |  |  |
| OR Gate (Positive True) |  | If either input signal ( $A$ or $B$ ) or both is true, the output at $C$ is true. |  | B  <br>  0 <br>  1 <br>  0 <br>  1 | C <br> 0 <br> 1 <br> 1 |  |  |
| Multiple Input Gate (Positive True) |  | Any combinations of inputs may be used with an AND or OR Gate to obtain a desired output. In the AND gate shown, input $B$ is inverted and inputs $A$ and $C$ are without inversion. Inputs $A$ and $C$ must both be true and input B must be false simultaneously to produce a true output at $\mathbf{D}$. | A <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> 1 <br> 1 <br> 1 <br> 1 <br> 1 | B  <br> 0  <br> 0  <br> 1  <br> 1  <br> 0  <br> 0  <br> 1  <br> 1  | C  <br> 0  <br> 1  <br> 0  <br> 1  <br> 0  <br> 1  <br> 0  <br> 1  | D <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> 1 <br> 0 <br> 0 |  |
| Time Delay | $A \rightarrow 15 \mathrm{MS} \longrightarrow \mathrm{C}$ | Input signal delayed by the time indicated. True input at A produces a true output at $B$ after a 15 ms delay. |  |  |  |  | RC and RL Coupling |

Table 8-4. Logic Symbology (Cont.)

| Designation | Logic Symbol | Description | Truth Table | Typical Circuit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Trigger |  | The binary is a flip-flop which changes state with every true input pulse at A. Since A is applied to the bases of both transistors, it is shown centered in the symbol. The negative pulse produces the same effect as a positive pulse applied to the opposite base. To preserve the positive logic, the reset pulse is shown inverted and applied to the opposite side. A reset pulse sets $\overline{\mathbf{B}}$ true. |  |  |
| One-Shot |  | True input at A sets the one-shot to unstable state (active) and produces a true output at B. In the symbol shown, the $A$ input must be false (positive) with respect to negative true logic of the oneshot. During the stable state, the $\bar{B}$ output is true. A true input at $C$ (direct set) holds the one-shot in the unstable state. |  |  |

Table 8-4. Logic Symbology (Cont.)

| Designation | Logic Symbol | Description | Truth Table | Typical Circuit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Amplifier |  | True input at A produces amplified true output at B. An amplifier will function with either positive true or negative true signals. |  |  |
| Inverter <br> Amplifier |  | True input at $A$ produces false output at $B$ and fase input at $A$ produces a true output at $B$ (inverts the input logic level). |  |  |
| Flip-Flop |  | Outputs $\overline{\mathrm{D}}$ and D are always in opposite states - if $D$ is true, $\bar{D}$ is false. A true input will cause the output directly across to go true - true input at A sets output D true. With no input, the flip-flop remains in the state set by the last input signal. A true input at $B$ will cause the flip-flop to reverse state. A true input at the direct reset input $E$ holds the flip-flop in the $\overline{\mathrm{D}}$ true state. |  |  |

8-29. Basic AND Gate (Positive logic). The basic AND gate is a circuit which produces an output " 1 " when, and only when, a "1" is applied to all inputs. As shown in Figure 8-2. terminal X will be high only when terminals A and $B$ are both high. The dot ( $\cdot$ ) shown in the AND gate is the logic term for AND. The term for a simple two input AND gate is $\mathrm{X}=\mathrm{A} \cdot \mathrm{B}(\mathrm{X}$ equals A and B ). AND gates may be designed to have as many inputs as required to fill a specific requirement.

8-30. Basic OR Gate (Positive logic). The basic OR gate is a circuit which procedures a "1" output when any one, or all of the inputs are in a "1" state. As shown in Figure 8-2 terminal $X$ will be high when either terminal $A$ or terminal B, or both are high. The + shown in the OR gate symbol is the logic term for OR. The term for a simple two input OR gate is $\mathrm{X}=\mathrm{A}+\mathrm{B}$ ( X equals A or B ). OR gates may be designed to have as many inputs as required for specific needs.

8-31. The symbols for AND and OR gates differ in that AND gate symbols have a flat input side and a rounded output side while OR gate symbols have a concave input side and a pointed output side.

8-32. Truth Tables. Truth tables provide a means of presenting the output state of logic devices for any set of inputs in tabular form. Truth tables contain one column for each of the inputs and a column for the output. In basic truth tables the column notations are usually H or L (for high and low) or, for binary notation, "1" or " 0 ". More complex truth tables use other terms which will be explained where these tables appear in the text.

8-33. Logic Inversion. Adding inversion to AND and OR gates changes their characteristics. Inversion is usually accomplished by adding an inverter stage (common emitter) in front of an input or after an output. A circle added to the input or output leads indicates the portion of the circuit in which the inversion takes place. The simplest of these devices are AND and OR gates in which the output is inverted. These gates are called NAND (for Not AND) and NOR (for Not OR). Basic NAND and NOR gates are shown in Figure 8-3. When all inputs and outputs of an AND gate are inverted, it functions as an OR gate. When all inputs and outputs of an OR gate are inverted, it functions as an AND gate. Figure 8-4 provides information relative to various gate inversion functions.


Figure 8-3. Basic NAND and NOR Gates

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A | 8 | X | A | 8 | X | A | B | X | A | B | X |
| H | H | H | H | H | H | H | H | L | H | H | L |
| H | L | H | H | L | L | H | L | L | H | L | H |
| L | H | H | L | H | L | L | H | l | L | H | H |
| 1 | L | L | L | L | L | L | L | H | L | L | H |

Figure 8-4. Logic Comparison Diagrams

8-34. When inversion is used the designation at the inverted terminal is frequently termed A (not A), B (not $B$ ), $X$ (not X), etc. Table 8-4 shows basic logic, circuits and associated symbology.

8-35. Binary Circuits. Many types of flip-flops are used in binary circuits. Each half of a flip-flop is in one of two states at any given time. The outputs are complementary; when one stage is on, the other is off. The outputs are termed 1 and 0 , high and low, or true and false, by the same rules that apply to AND and OR gates. The outputs may be identified in many different ways. This text identifies these outputs as $Q$ and $Q$ for the sake of uniformity. Basic flip-flops which are particularly adaptable to binary circuits and combinations of flip-flops are discussed in the following paragraphs.

8-36. Basic NOR Gate Flip-Flop. Figure 8-5illustrates a flip-flop constructed with two NOR gates. Operation of the circuit is described below. Assume that initially Q is high and $Q$ is low, and $A$ and $B$ are both low. When a high is applied to input A, Q goes low and since there are now two lows applied to NOR gate $2, \mathrm{Q}$ will go high. The Q high is applied back to NOR gate 1, but since $Q$ is already low, no change in state results. When a high is applied to input B the flip-flop again reverses State. Since the flip-flop will remain in the last state to which it is set, it "remembers" which signal was last received, and can be used as a memory circuit.

8-37. Triggered Flip-Flop. Figure 8-6 illustrates a triggered flip-flop which changes state each time a pulse of a given polarity is applied to the input. The output of a triggered flip-flop is a square wave at one half the frequency of the input triggers. In the circuit shown in Figure 8-6 the input may be negative going triggers or a square wave. If the input is a square wave it will be differentiated by C 2 to produce both negative going and positive going pulses. Assume that initially Q is low (Q2 on) and $Q$ is high Q1 off).


Figure 8-5. Basic NOR Gate Flip-Flop


Figure 8-6. Triggered Flip-Flop

When a negative going trigger appears at the junction of CR1 and CR2 it has no effect on Q2 through CR2 because output $Q$ is low. However, CR1 is forward biased by the high at $Q$ and the trigger is coupled to the collector of Q1. As the collector of Q1 is driven in a negative direction the trigger is also coupled through C1 to the base of Q2. As Q2 begins to cut off, the positive going collector voltage is coupled to the base of Q1 through C3 to drive Q1 into conduction. The process is regenerative; Q2 cuts off quickly and Q1 goes into saturation. The next negative going trigger reverses the procedure just described.

8-38. Reset-Set (RS) Flip-Flop. Figure 8-7 shows an RS flip-flop. The RS flip-flop has two inputs, S for Set and R for Reset (sometimes labeled S for set and C for clear). Assume that initially Q is high (Q2 off) and $\bar{Q}$ is low (Q1 on). In this state the flip-flop is set and a positive pulse at the set input will not affect the circuit. When a positive pulse is applied to the reset input it is coupled through C4 and CR2 to the base of Q2. Q2 begins to conduct and the negative going collector voltage is coupled through C3 to the base of Q1 to cut
off Q1. The process is regenerative; Q1 is quickly cut off and Q2 saturates. The flip-flop will remain in the reset state until a positive set pulse is applied through C2 and CR1 to the base of Q1. Note that operation of the RS flip-flop is the same as operation of the basic NOR gate flip-flop described in paragraph 8-36

8-39. RST Flip-Flop. Figure 8-8 illustrates a RST flipflop which is a combination of reset-set and triggered flipflops. In the circuit shown, negative trigger pulses will make the flip-flop change states. Positive pulses are required for the set and reset inputs. A positive set input will cause Q . to go high and a positive reset pulse will cause $Q$ to go high.
840. Clocked JK Flip-Flop. A clocked JK flip-flop is triggered by an input clock pulse when certain conditions prevail at the J and K inputs. Figure 8-9 illustrates the logic symbol for a JK flip-flop derived from a RS flip-flop and two three-input AND gates. Figure 8-10 shows a typical JK flip-flop integrated circuit schematic diagram. JK flip-flops have three inputs (J, K and Clock) and complementary outputs.


Figure 8-7. RS Flip-Flop

JK flip-flops used as decade counters also have clear or reset inputs, preset and in some cases, a blanking input. When the J and K inputs are both high the flip-flop changes state every time a clock pulse appears; operation is the same as a triggered flip-flop. When the $J$ input is high and the $K$ input is low $Q$ will go high; operation is the same as the reset in RS flip-flops. When the $J$ input is low and the $K$ input is high $Q$ will go high; operation is the same as the reset in RS flip-flops. When the $J$ and $K$ inputs are both low clock pulses do not affect the circuit. Frequently JK flip-flops are shown schematically with no connection shown to the J and K inputs; when this occurs, both J and K are actually held high and the circuit functions as a triggered flip-flop.
$8-41$. Binary Logic. The following paragraphs will explain the basic binary logic required to understand the operation of the dividers and decade counters used in a frequency counter.

8-42. In frequency counters the decimal numbers 0 through 9 are displayed on each readout device. For this reason, only binary numbers 0000 through 1001, which correspond to decimal numbers 0 through 9 will be discussed in this text. The only exception to this is the discussion ofigure 8-11 which follows.

8-43. Figure 8-11 illustrates four triggered flip-flops in series, with the Q outputs of the first three driving the trigger inputs of the next flip-flop. Since each flip-flop is triggered only by negative going excursions of the input signal, each provides one cycle of output signal for two cycles of input signal The flip-flops, then are weighted in ascending powers of two. The first flip-flop has a weighted value of $2^{0}(1)$, the second has a weighted value of $2^{1}$ (2), the third has a weighted value of $2^{2}(2 x$ $2=4)$ and the fourth has a weighted value of $2^{3}(2 \times 2 \times$ $2=8$ ).
$8-44$. Assume that initially the flip-flops in Figure 8-11 were all set to 0 ( Q low). When seven input cycles have been received the flip-flops have operated as follows; the first has been turned on (Q high) by inputs 1, 3, 5 and 7, and turned off ( Q low) by inputs 2, 4 and 6 . The second flip-flop has been turned on by the first and third outputs of the first flip-flop (coincident with initial inputs 2 and 6) and turned off by the second output of the first flip-flop (coincident with initial input 4). The third flip-flop has been turned on by the first negative going output of the second flip-flop (coincident with initial input 4). The fourth flip-flop has not been triggered because there has been no negative going output from flip-flop three. The first three flip-flops are now in the 1 state ( Q high) and the binary state is 1110 .


Figure 8-8. RST Flip-Flop

Their decimal weighted value then is $2^{0}+2^{1}+2^{2}=1+$ $2+4=7$. The next negative input to the chain will cause the first three flip-flops to go off and the fourth to go on. The binary state then is 0001; the decimal weighted value is $0+0+0+2^{3}=0+0+0+8=8$.

8 -45. As the timing diagram in Figure 8-11 indicates, four flip-flops in this configuration are capable of counting up to 16 . Since only the decimal digits 0 through 9 are used in counter circuits, a means must be provided to limit the count to ten. A means must also be provided to reset the flip-flops to zero before beginning a new count. The means by which these facilities are provided are discussed in later paragraphs.

8-46. Since binary numbers, like decimal numbers, are written in ascending order from right to left, the weighted values of the flip-flops are easier to understand in $8,4,2$, 1 order. Table $8-6$ lists the true binary numbers for 8,4 , 2,1 binary weights and their decimal equivalents.

8-47. A Simple 8421 BCD Code Decade Counter. Figure 8-12 illustrates a simplified decade counter using triggered RS flip-flops. This circuit operates like the circuit shown in Figure 8-11 up through decimal count 9 (binary 1001).


Figure 8-9. Clocked JK Flip-Flop


Figure 8-10. JK Master-Slave flip-flop (Typical)


Figure 8-11. 16 Counter Binary Counter Chain

Table 8-5. JK Flip-Flop Truth Table

|  |  | Before Trigger After Trigger |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| J | K | Q | Q | Q | Q |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |

Table 8-6. 16 Count Binary Truth Table

| Binary |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $8-2^{3}$ | $4=2^{2}$ | $2=2^{1}$ | $1=2^{0}$ | Decimal |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 3 |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 4 |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 5 |
| 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 6 |
| 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 7 |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 9 |
| 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 10 |
| 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 11 |
| 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 12 |
| 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 13 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 14 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 15 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

When the tenth pulse is received at the input flip-flop point A goes low, flip-flop point $B$ goes high and the flipflops are temporarily in the 1010 state. Almost immediately the output from B causes D to reset and the output from D then causes B to reset. The end result is that all flip-flops are reset to 0 by the tenth pulse and are ready to begin the next count. This circuit is useful as a divide by ten decade. To be used as a frequency counter a reset must be provided to reset all flip-flops to zero when the count ends at a number other than ten.

8-48. Blanking Decade Counter. Figure 8-13 illustrates a blanking decade counter. The circuit will divide by ten and provide BCD (binary coded decimal) outputs for decimal numbers 0 through 9 . In addition, the A, B, C and D outputs may be set to 1111 (15) to cause the numerical readout device to be blanked.
$8-49$. The output of the blanking control NAND gate is normally high. When the JK flip-flops are reset their $\bar{Q}$ outputs go high. After reset and before the frequency count begins the outputs of the A, D, B and C NAND gates are normally low because both inputs are high. Now if the blanking control input goes high and Q of the first flip-flop is high, the blanking control NAND gate output goes low and the outputs of the A, D, B and C NAND gates go high. In actual use, inverter: follow the A, D, B and C NAND gates to provide a negative logic BCD output of 1111 (decimal 15) to the decoders which have no gate to accept 1111, so none of the elements in the numerical readout devices are energized.

8-50. Buffer-Store. In frequency counters it is necessary to transfer the information stored in the decade counters to display decoders prior to starting the next count. Isolation must also be provide to prevent


Figure 8-12. 8421 BCD Decade Counter
the display from being affected by a count while it is in progress. Figure 8-14 shows a typical buffer-store circuit.

8-51. The terminals labeled $A, B, C$ and $D$ at the bottom of Figure $8-14$ are connected to the outputs of the decade counters. Operation of the buffer-store is described below. Normally the input labeled TRANSFER is high, the inverter output is low and all of the AND gates between the BCD inputs and the RS flip-flops are disabled. When the transfer pulse appears one of the two AND gates between the inputs and the RS flip-flops goes high. Assume that when the transfer pulse appears the A input is low. The output of the reset AND gate of the first RS flip-flop goes high, the input to the A inverter goes high and the inverter output goes low. If the $\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{B}, \mathrm{C}$ and D outputs are to be used, the GATE input must be high in order for the output NAND gates to function. With the A input low the input to the A NAND gate from the RS flip-flop will be low and the NAND gate output will be high. When the A input is high the set AND gate output is high, both inputs to the A NAND gate
are high and the A output is low. At the same time the input to the $A$ inverter is low, so $A$ is high. Operation of the $B, C$ and $D$ circuits is identical to the $A$ circuit. Typically the A, B, C and D outputs are used to drive decoders and the A, B, C and D outputs are used to drive recorders, Digital to Analog converters, etc.

8-52. Decoder-Driver. Decoder-drivers provide a means to "translate" the BCD binary code to a decimal equivalent to drive numerical readout devices. Figure 815 shows ten four-input AND gates connected as a decoder. Each AND gate will respond to one, and only one, of the binary equivalents of decimal numbers 0 through 9. Example: the number 1 gate will provide a high output only when $A$ is low and $B, C$ and $D$ are high.

8-53. Integrated Circuits. Many circuits used in counters and other equipment are available as integrated circuits. The last three circuits discussed are all available as integrated circuits. Fiqure $8-16$ shows some of the packages used for integrated circuits.


Figure 8-13. Blanking Decade Counter


Figure 8-14. Buffer/Store


Figure 8-15. Decoder


BOTTOM VIEW


Section 8
SERVICE SHEET 1
General
$\begin{array}{llll}\text { The HP } 8443 \text { Tracking } & \text { Generator/Counter and the } & 8443 \mathrm{~B} & \text { Tracking } \\ \text { Generator were designed for use in conjunction with the HP } & 8553 / 8552\end{array}$ Spectrum Analyzer.
The HP 8443AB output frequency is swept (or tuned to a fixed frequency) by the three local oscillators in the Spectrum Analyzer. The output trequency
the $H P$ 8443AB always tracks the frequency to which the analyzer is tuned.
The HP 8443A counter section provides a means of stopping the Spectrum The HP 8443A counter section provides a means of stopping the Spectrum
Analyer scan and counts the output trequency of tre Tracking Generato
while the analyzer scan is stopped. The counter may also be used to coun While the analyzer scan is stopped. The counter may also be used to coun
the frequency of an external source. BCD intormation from the frequenc
俍
The HP 8443A Counter Section is described in detail on Service Sheet 5 .
First Converter (A13)
The first converter assembly consists of a 3 MHz crystal controlled Colpitts
oscillator, a a 3 MHz buffer amplifier, a 47 MHz buffer amplifier and a diode quad bridge mixer.
The 47 MHz input from the analyzer third local oscillator (approximately - 7
dB ) is amplified 14 dB and appoied to the bridge mixer. The other input to dBm ) is amplified 14 dB and applied to the bridge mixer. The other input to
the bridge is the 3 MHz output of the crystal controlled Colpitts oscillator. The
output from the bridge is a 50 MHz tixed frequency or when the analyzer is output from the bridge in a 50 MHz fixed frequency or, when the analyzer is
operated in the stabilized mode, a sweot trequency (u0) to 200 kHz ) centere operated in the stabiilized mode, a swept frequency (up to 200 kHz ) centered
at 50 MHz . Output signal level is nominally -26 dBm . Detailed operation of at 50 MHz . Output signal level is nominally -26 dBm . Detailed oper
the first converter and service instructions appear on Service Sheet 2 .

## 50 MHz Amplifier (A12)

The 50 MHz amplifier consists of a two-stage (approximately 11 dB gain)
amplifier and a bandpass filter. The bandwidth of the bandpass filter at the 3 dB points is approximately 4
MHz. Traps are provided to supposs the 47 MHz input from the analyzer and MHz. Traps are provided
44 MHz image response.

Detailed operation of the 50 MHz amplifier and service instructions appear on Service Sheet 2.
Second Converter (A11)
The second converter assembly consists of a three-stage amplifier and a diode -
The amplifier isolates the analyzer second local oscillator from the $H P$
$8443 A \mathrm{~A}$ and provides approximately 20 dB of gain. The diode quad bridge mixes the 150 MHz signal from the analyzer with the
signal rrom the 50 MHz IF to produce an output IF signal of 200 MHz . The
output level is about -38 dBm . output level is about -38 dBm.
Detailed operation and service information is on Service Sheet 2 .

## 200 MHz Amplifier (A10)

The 200 MHz amplifier contains a two-stage variable-gain amplifier and a The gain of the amplifier is controlled by the ALC signal from the Video The gain of the amplifier is controlled by
Amplifier/Automatic Level Control Assembly.
The maximum gain of the 200 MHz amplifier is about 20 dB . Detailed operation and service information appears on Service Sheet Third Converter (A9)
The third converter consists of a three-stage fixed-gain 200 to 310 MHz
amplifier, a diode quad mixer and a low pass filter.
The amplifier isolates the HP $8443 \mathrm{~A} / \mathrm{B}$ from the analyzer first local oscillator
and provides approximately 20 dB of gain. The bandwidth of the frequencies processed through the amplifier is
determined by the position of the SCAN WIDTH switch on the Spectrum
Analyzer RF section. Analyzer RF section.

SERVICE SHEET 1 (cont'd) When the analyzer is operated in narrow scan widths $(20 \mathrm{kHz}$ per division or
less) in the stabilized mode, the analyzer first local oscillator output is a fixe less in the (Thabile ed mode, the analyzer first local oscililator output is a fixed
frequency (The analyer third local oscillator is swept when the first local
oscillator is not.) oscillator is not.) The diode quad mixer mixes the input from the analyzer first local oscillator
and the output from the 200 MHz amplifier to produce a 0 oto 10 MHz signal or
any any portion of this range of frequencies. When the analyzer is operated in the scan mode the output from the mixer is a fixed frequency.
The 120 MHz low pass filter provides approximately 75 dB rejection to
requencies above 20 MH . The 3 dB cutoft point is at 120 MHz . Detailed operation and service information appears on Service Sheet 3 .

## Video Amplifier/ALC (A8)

The Video Amplifier/ALC (automatic level control) circuit consists of two
amplifiers and a comparator. The input video amplifier provides 32 dB of gain amplifiers and a comparator. The input video am
and the second amplifier provides 20 dB of gain.

The comparator is referenced to a fixed level which is controlled by the 0 to
1.2 dB vernier to provide the automatic level control signal to the 200 MHz 1.2 dB v
amplifier.

When the 0 to 1.2 dB vernier is set to 0 the RF output to the 0 to 120 dB When the 0 to 1.2 dB vernier is set to 0 the RF output to the 0 to 120 dB
antenuator is a constant +10 dBm . The 0 to 1.2 dB vernier may be used to attenuate the RF output linearly from 0 to 1.2 dB . Detailed operation and service information appears on Service Sheet 3 .

## RF Attenuators (A2 and A3)

There are two precision step attenuators connected in series with the $R F$

硅
output. The first is a 0 to $120 \mathrm{~dB}, 10 \mathrm{~dB}$ per step attenuator. The second is a
0 to $12 \mathrm{~dB}, 1 \mathrm{~dB}$ per step attenuator. These attenuators, in coniunction with the 0 to 1.2 dB vernier provide accurate control of the output signal at any
level between +10 dBm and -123.2 dBm . Detailed operation and service

Power Supplies and Regulators (A14 and A15)
All dc power supplies use a common power transformer and all are referenced to the +24 volt supply.
When the instrument is in the standay mode the 24 wal maintain crystal oven temperature and avoid long warmup periods when the instrument is placed in service. In the standby mode all other power supplies The regulated power supplies provide $+170,+24,+20,+6$ and -12 volts. A
zener circuit in the high frequency decade (A5) reduces the -12 volt level to -6 ollts for use in counter circuits.

Silicon controlled rectifier "crowbar" protection is provided for the $+24,+20,+6$
and -12 volt regulators. A reset feature is provided to reset the "crowbar" and -12 volt regulators. "A reset

Current limiting circuits provide further protection for the 8443A/B circuits. Counter Circuits
The 8443A counter circuits are discussed on Service Sheet 5 and Service Sheets for the individual counter section circuits.


Figure 8-16. Integrated Circuit Packing

## Section 8 843 B COUNTER TROUBLE SHOOTING TREE



Figure 8-17. Troubleshooting Tree (Sheet 1 of 2)

Section 8
$8443 A / B$ OVERALL TROUbleshooting tree


Table 8-7. Assembly and Component Locations

| Assembly | Schematic | Photo |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| A1 Low Frequency Counter | Service Sheet 9, 10 | Service Sheet 9, 10 |
| A2 0-120 dB Attenuator | Service Sheet 3 | Figure 8-18 |
| A3 0-12 dB Attenuator | Service Sheet 3 | None |
| A4 Reference Oscillator | Figure 8-18 |  |
| A5 Time Base Assembly | Service Sheet 7 | Figure 8-18 |
| A6 High Frequency Decade | Service Sheet 8 | Service Sheet 7 |
| A7 Marker Control | Service Sheet 8 |  |
| A8 ALC/Video Amplifier | Service Sheet 6 | Sheet 3 |
| A9 Third Converter | Service Sheet 6 Sheet 3 |  |
| A10 200 MHz IF Amplifier | Service Sheet 3 | Service Sheet 3 |
| A11 Second Converter | Service Sheet 3 | Service Sheet 3 |
| A12 50 MHz IF Amplifier | Service Sheet 2 | Service Sheet 2 |
| A13 First Converter | Service Sheet 2 | Sheet 2 |
| A14 Sense Amplifiers Sheet 2 | Service Sheet 2 |  |
| A15 Rectifier Assembly | Service Sheet 4 | Service Sheet 4 |
| A16 Switch Assembly | Service Sheet 4 | Service Sheet 4 |
| A17 Interconnection | Service Sheet 11 | Service Sheet 11 |
| Jack Assembly | Service Sheet 2, 3, 6 | Figure 8-18 |
| A18 Mother Board | Assembly | Service Sheet 11 |
| A19 Digital Output | Figure 8-18 |  |
| Assembly | Service Sheet 2, 10 | Figure 8-18 |
| A20 Marker Position |  | Figure 8-18 |
| Assembly |  |  |




Figure 8-19. Overall Block Diagram

## SERVICE SHEET 2

Normally, the cause of a malfunction in the model 8443A/B will be isolated to
a circuit board or assembly as a result of performing the tests specified in the a circult board or asse
When trouble has been isolated to a specific circuit, the circuit board should be removed and reinstalled using an extender board, to provide easy access to All tests are based on the assumption that the model $8443 \mathrm{~A} / \mathrm{B}$ is
interconenected witt an $8443 / 8552 / 140$ Spectrum Analyzer which is known to
be operating properly. Equipment Required:

| Digital Voltmeter | Service Kit |
| :--- | ---: |
| Shielded Probe | BC Tee |
| Dummy Load | BNC to BNC Cable |
| 0 to 1250 MHz Spectrum Analyzer |  |

Spectrum Analyzer Control Setting


PER DIVIIION.
20 MILLISECONDS
Tracking Generator/Counter Control Settings:
POWER....
RF OUTPUT
LEVEL dBm .........................................................All controls set to 0 Note

In individual tests only those controls mentioned need to
be changed. Other control settings are compatible with be changed.
previous tests.

## First Converter Assembly A1

The first converter assembly consists of a 3 MHz crystal controlled ossillator, a
47 MHz buffer amplifier, a diode quad bridge, a 3 MHz buffer amplifier, and restore-signal amplifier.

The 3 MHz oscillator is a Colpitts crystal controlled oscillator with a varactor as
a ine frequency control element. Since a decrease in the capacity of the required to lower the frequency and center the range of the varactor control.
The rrequency is variabe by the varactor apporoximately 400 Hz . The 3 MHz
oscillator supplies approximately 12 mVolts to one side of the diode quad oscillator supplies approximately 12 mV Vits to one side of the diode quad
mixer. A buffer stage is provided which isolates the 3 MHz test point to mixer. A butfer stage is provided which isolates the 3 MHz test point to
prevent loading the circuit when measurements are taken during maintenance.
The 47 MHz buffer isolates the spectrum analyzer third local oscillator from the model $8443 \mathrm{~A} / \mathrm{B}$ and provides about 14 dB of gain. When the analyzer is
operated in wide scan modes (unstabilized) the 47 MHz signal from the operated in wide scan modes (unstabiilized) the 47 MHz signal from the
analyzer is a fixed frequency. When the analyzer is operated in narrow scan (stabiized) the 47 MHz signal is swept in frequen
The restor--signal amplifie circuitry disables the 3 MHz oscillator and applies
the 3 MHz IF signal from the IF Section to the mixer whenever the FUNCTION the 3 MHz IF signal from the IF Section to the mixer whenever the FUNCTIO
switch is set to RESTORE SIGNAL. The signal at the base of Q5 switch is sel
approximately 0.4 to 4 mVrms ; gain from Q5-b to Q7-3 is 100 . Q8 and Q usually function as a limiter; however, small signal gain is about 10 , and the Q9-c is approximately 40 m Vp-p.

The diode quad mixer is a conventional mixer which accepts the 3 MHz and perated in narrow scan stabiized modes the bridge output is sweer requency, by an amount determined by the setting of the SCAN WIDTH control on the analyzer.)
Test Procedure 1
Test 1 -a. Use the digital voltmeter to verify the presence of -12 volts and +20 Test 1 -b. Connect the 50 MHz output from the A13 assembly to the analyze RF INPUT. Tune the analyzer to a center frequency of 50 MHz and center the
50 MHz signal on the CRT. A CRT presentation simiar to waveform SS2-1 should be ovserved. If the correct wave-torm is observed the assembly is


Waveform SS2-1
When a maltuncion is found and corrected in any of the following steps,


Waveform SS2-2
Test $1-\mathrm{c}$. Connect the 47 MHz input to the A13 assembly from the analyzer to
the analyzer RF INPUT. Tune the analyzer to 47 MHz . Set analyzer SCAN nDTH Ho 2 M. A A presentation similar to $\$ S 2$-2 should be observed on the analyzer CRT. If the CRT prese
check the wiring to the analyzer.
Test 1 -d. Connect Test Point 2 (Q2-c) to the analyzer RF INPUT and monitor he analyzer CRT for a display similar to that shown in waveform SS2-3. If the
CRT display is correct, proceed to test 1-f. If not, proceed to test 1-e.
Test 1 -e. Connect Test Point 3 (Q1-c) to the analyzer RF INPUT and monitor the analyzer CRT for a display similiar to, but about 10 dB less than, waveform
$\mathrm{SS} 2-3$. If the display is correct check Q 2and associated components. If the SS2-3. If the display is correct check Q2 and associated co
display is not correct check Q1 and associated components.


Waveform SS2-3
Test 1-f. Connect Test Point 1 to the analyzer RF inPUT and tune the
analyzer to display the 3 MHz signal. The CRT display should be similar to analyzer to display the 3 MHz signal
waveform SS2-3. Proceed to test 1 -g
Test $1-\mathrm{g}$. Connect Test Point 4 to the analyzer RF INPUT. The anallyzer CR
display should be similar to waveeform SSZ2-3. If the display is not presen display should be simin to waverm C and associated components. If the display is present, but was no present in test $1-1$ t, check Q3 and associated components.
ests, trouble is probably T1, T2 or the diode quad. Repair as required and tests, trouble is
repeat test 1-b.

Note

## After repairing the first converter assembly it should be adjusted in accordance with instructions in paragraph 5 14 of this manual to assure reliable operation of the instrument.

## 50 MHz IF Amplifier Assembly A12

The 50 MHz amplifier assembly consists of a two-stage amplifier and a
 of the 50 MHz bandpass filter at the 3 dB points is about 4 M .
and $\mathrm{L6} / \mathrm{C} 15 / \mathrm{C} 17$ are 44 MHz traps. $\mathrm{L} / \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{C} 0$ is $a 47 \mathrm{MHz}$ trap.

## est Procedure

Test 2 -a. Use the digital voltmeter to verify the presence of +20 volts a
eerminals shown on the schematic diagram. Proceed to test 2 -b. Test 2 -b. Connect the 50 MHz output from the A12 assembly to the analyzee
RF INPUT and tune the analyzer to 50 MHz . Set the analyzer SCAN WIDTH RF INPUT and tune the analyzer to 50 MHz . Set the analyzer SCAN WIDTH
to $2 \mathrm{MHz/DIV}$. The analyzer CRT display should be similar to that of waveform SS2-2. If the display is correct the assembly is functioning properly not, proceed to test 2 -c.
Test 2 -c. Connect Test Point 1 to the analyzer RF INPUT (be sure to ground
the coax shield at the A12 assembly). The analyzer CRT display should be tese coax shield at the A12 assembly). The analyzer CRT displyay should be
similar to that of waveform SS2-2 (about -14 dB). If the analyzer display is correct, proceed to test 2 -d. If not, the bandpass filter is probably defective.
Test 2 -d. Connect Test Point 2 (Q1-c) to the analyzer RF INPUT. A waveform similar to that shown in waveform $S S 2-3$ should appear on the
analyzer CRT (about -27 dB). If the waveform is not present check Q1 and analyzer CRT (about -2
associated components

If the waveform is present but was not in test $2-\mathrm{c}$, check Q2 and associated
Note
After repairing the 50 MHz amplifier assembly it should be adjusted in accordance with instructions in paragraph 5-
15 of this manual to assure reliable operation of the 15 of this
instrument.

## Second Converter Assembly A11

The second converter assembly contains a three-stage amplifier and a diode
from the model $8443 \mathrm{~A} / \mathrm{B}$ and provides about 20 dB of gain. The diode quaa
bridge mixes the 150 MHz signal from the analyzer with the 50 MHz signal bridge mixes the 150 MHz signal from the analyzer with the 50
from the 50 MHz amplifier to produce an output tf signal of 200 MHz .
Test Procedure 3
Test 3 -a. Use the digital voltmeter to verify the presence of +20 volts a Test 3 -a. Use the digital voltimeter to
terminals shown on the schematic diagram
Test 3-b. Connect the 200 MHz output from the All assembly to the 0 to 1250
MHz analyzer RF INPUT. Be sure that coax shield is grounded at the All assembly. Set the 0 to 1250 MHz analyzer controls to the same positions as
the controls on the $8553 / 8552 / 140$ except set SCAN WIDTH to 5 MHz MIV he controls on the 8553/8552/440 except set SCAN WIDTH to . $5 \mathrm{MHz/D} / \mathrm{D}$.
The 0 to 1250 MHz analyzer CRT should be similar to $\mathrm{SS} 2-4$. If the correc display is observed, the All assembly is functioning properly. If not, proceed to est $3-\mathrm{c}$

Test 3-c. Connect Test Point 1 (Q3-c) to the 0 to 1250 MHz analyzer RF NPUT and tune the analyzer to 150 MHz . The analyzer display should be similar to wave
probably in the

aveform SS2-4


Waveform SS2.5
diode quad bridge mixer or associated components. Repair and repeat test 3 b. If the correct display is not observed, proceed to test 3 -d.

Test 3-d. Connect Test Point $2(\mathrm{Q} 2$-c) to the 0 to 1250 MHz analyzer RF display is correct, check Q3 and associated components and repair as equired. After repairs perform test $3-\mathrm{b}$. If the correct waveform is no

Test 3 -e. Connect Test Point $3($ (Q1-c) to the 0 to 1250 MHz analyzer RF
INPUT. The analyzer display should be similar to waveform SS2-5 (about 3 dB lower). If the display is correct, check Q2 and ansociated components
After repairs repeat test 3 -b. If the display is not correct proceed to test 3 -f.


A11 TOP VIE

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## A11



Normally, the cause of a malfunction in the model $8443 \mathrm{~A} / \mathrm{B}$ will be isolated to a circuit board or asse
Troubleshooting Tree.
When the trouble has been isolated to a specific circuit, the circuit board should be removed and reinstalled using an extender board to provide easy

All tests are based on the assumption that the model $8443 \mathrm{~A} / \mathrm{B}$ is
interconected with a HP $8553 / 8552 / 140$ Spectrum Analyzer which is known
to be to be operating properly.

## Equipment Required:

## Digital Voltmeter Shielded Probe <br> Shielded Probe Variable Voltage

Spectrum Analyzer Control Settings

| POWER |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| DISPLAY CONTROLS......................................... Set for clear display |  |
|  |  |
| SCAN WIDTH ............................................................PER DIVISIO |  |
| BANDWIDTH .................................................................... 300 kH |  |
| INPUT ATTENUATION........................................................... 10 d |  |
| LOG REF LEVEL.............................................................. 0 dB |  |
| SCAN TIME |  |
| PER DIVISION ............................................. 20 MILISECONDS |  |
| EO FLTER |  |
| Tracking Generator/Counter Control Settings: |  |
|  |  |

Note
In individual tests only those controls mentioned need to previous tests.

## 1200 MHz IF Amplifier A10

The 200 MHz IF amplifier assembly contains a two-stage variable-gain
amplifier and a bandpass filter. The gain of the amplifier is controlled by the ALC signal from the Video Amplifier/ Automatic Level Control Assembly A8


The bandwidth of the 200 MHz IF Bandpass Filter is +2 MHz . Insertion loss is
Test Procedure 1

## Note

## Before proceeding with tests disable the ALC signal by

## lifting the A8 assembly out of its socke

Test 1 -a. Use the Digital Voltmeter to verify the presence of -12 volts
terminals shown on the schematic diagram
Test 1-b. Connect the 200 MHz output from the A10 assembly to the RF
INPUT of the 01250 MHz Spectrum Analyzer and tune the INPUT of the 01250 MHz Spectrum Analyzer and tune the CNTER
FREQUENCY MHz to 200 MHz . 01250 Spectrum Analyzer controls are se FREQUENCY MHz to 200 MHz . 01250 Spectrum Analyzer controls are se
the same as the $8553 / 8552$ except SCAN WIDTH is set to 5 MHz Div. Center
 shown in waveform SS3-1. If the correct display is present, the A10 assembly
is functioning properly. If it is not, proceed to test $1-$ - . is lioning properly. Kis in, proceed to lest
Test 1 -c. Connect the input of the bandpass filter (Test Point 2 ) to the R
INPUT of the 011250 . Spectrum Analyzer The INPUT of the 0 1250 Spectrum Analyzer. The waveform should be similiar to
that shown in $\operatorname{SS} 3-1$. If the correct waveform is present, but was not present in
 Test 1 -d. Connect Test Point 3 (junction of C8/C9) to the RF INPUT of the 0
1250 Spectrum Analyzer. The CRT display should be similar to that shown in waveform SS 3 -2. If the correct display is present, but was not present in tes waveform $\mathrm{SS} 3-2$. If the correct display is present, but was not present in tes
1 -c, check Q and associated components. If the display is not presen
proceed to test 1 -e. proceed to test 1 -e.


Waveform SS3-1

Waveform SS3-2
Test 1 -e. Connect Test Point 4 (Q1-b) to the RF INPUT of the $0-1250 \mathrm{MH}$ waveform $\mathrm{S} 33-3$. If the correct display is present, but was not in test $1-$-d check Q1 and associated components. If the display is not present, check the aps for


Waveform SS3-3
Test 1 -f. Connect the 200 MHz output from the A10 assembly to the RF
INPUT of the 01250 MHz Spectrum Analyzer and tune the CENTER NPUT of the 1250 MHz Spectrum Analyzer and tune the CENTER Connect the variable voltage power supply to TP 1 and vary the voltage from 0 to +20 volts. Waveform SSS $3-4$ shows the upper and lower levels of output
The lower level is with +20 volts applied; the higher level is with 0 volts The lower level is with +20 volts applied; the higher level is with 0 volts
applied. If the signal level does not vary; or it the levels are not approximately applied. If the signal level does not vary; or if the e evels are not approximately
as shown, check $\mathrm{C1}, \mathrm{R4}, \mathrm{CB}, \mathrm{C} 9, \mathrm{C} 10, \mathrm{~L} 6$ and adjustment of L as specified in as shown, check
paraaraph 5-17

NOTE
After repairing the 200 MHz amplifier assembly' it should manyuster in paragraph 5-17 on


Waveform SS3-4

## Third Converter Assembly A9

The third converter assembly consists of a three-stage, fixed-gain 200 to 310
The amplifier isolates the model 8443 AB from the first local oscillator in the nalyzer and provides about 20 dB of gain. The bandwidth of the frequencies processed through the amplifier is determined by the position of the SCA
WIDTH switch on the analyzer. When the analyzer is operated at narrow sca width ( 20 kHz per division or less) in the stabilized mode, the anallyzer first cal oscillator output is a fixed frequency. (The frequency is still swept, but

The diode quad balanced mixer accepts the outputs from the 200 to 310 MHz mplifier and from ne
to 110 MHz signal, or any portion of this range of frequencies. When the analyzer is operated in the ZERO scan mode the output from the mixer is

The 120 MHz low-pass filter provides about 75 dB rejection to frequencies
est Procedure 2
Test 2 -a. Use the Digital Voltmeter to verify the presence of -12 volts a own on the schematic diagram.

Test 2 -b. Connect the output from the A9 assembly to the RF INPUT of the
8553 analyzer, and set the analyzer frequency to 80 MHz . The analyzer CRT display should be simila to that shown in waveform $S S 3-5$. If the display is as dispoy should be similar to that shown in waveform SSB-5. If the dispolay
shown, the assembly is functioning properly. If not, proceed to test 2 -c.
est 2-c. Connect Test Point 3 (LO IN to the mixer) to the RF INPUT of the 0
1250 MHz Spectrum Analyzer and tune to 250 MHz . Controls of both nalyzers


Waveform SS3-5
are set as they were initially except that the 8553/8552 SCAN TIME PER DIVISION is set to 5 MILLISECOND per division and the 01250 MH Spectrum Analyzer INPUT ATTEN to - 20 dB, LOG REF LEVEL set to 1 on
linear scale. The 01250 MHz CRT should show a display similar to wavetorm linear scale. The 01250 MHz CRT should show a display similar to waveform
SS3-6. If the display is correct, proceed to test 2 -d. If not, proceed to test 2 -e.


Waveform SS3-6
 Ino
 waveform SSS3.7. (It should be noted that with the mixer cover removed, the
mixer circuit may be affected by radiation from nearby devices. This may mixer circuit may be affected by radiation from nearby devices. This ma
cause the CRT display to differ considerably from that shown. If the CR display shows that the output frequency goes from 0 to 100 MHz , the test is successtull completed.) If the CRT shows that the output is being swept from not present, repair or replace the mixer and repeat test 2 -b.


Waveform SS3-7

Test 2-e. Connect Test Point 2 (Q2-c) to the RF INPUT of the 01250 MHz Spectrum Analyzer, with all controls set as in test 2 -c. The CRT display spectrum Analyzer, with all controns set as in test 2 -c. The CRT
should be similiar to that shown in waveform SS3 3 . If the display is correct should be similar to that shown in wave eorm $\mathrm{SS} 3-8$. If the display is correct
but was not in Lest $2-\mathrm{c}$, check $\mathrm{Q1}$ and associated components. If The display is not present, proceed to test 2 .


Waveform SS3-8
Test 2-f. Connect Test Point 1 (Q3-c) to the RF INPUT of the 01250 MHz with all controls set as in test 2 -c. The CRT displa should be similar to that shown in waveform SS3-9. If the display is correct,
but was not in Lest 2 -e, check Q2 and associated components. If the display but was
is not


Waveform SS3-9
present, check Q3, associated components and cabling to the analyzer. After epairs repeat test 2 -b.

NOTE
After repairing the third converter assembly it should be
adjusted in accordance with manual to assure reliable operation of the instrument this
3 Video Amplifier/ALC Assembly (A8) and Attenuators
The Video Amplifier/ALC (automatic level control) contains two amplifiers and a comparator. The input video amplifier provides 32 dB of gain and the The comparator is referenced to a fixed level which is controlled by the 0 to
1.2 dB vernier to provide the automatic level control signal to the200 MHz

When the 0 to 12 dB vernier is set to 0 the RF output to the 0 to 120 dB attenuator is a constant +10 dBm . The 0 to 1.2 dB vernier may be used to

There are two precision step attenuators connected in series with the RF output. The first is a 0 to 120 dB step attenuator. The second is a 0 . to 1.2 dB vernier provide accurate control of the output signal at any leve between +10 dBm and -123.6 dBm .

## Test Procedure

Test 3-a. Use the Digital Voltmeter to check dc input voltages shown on the schematic diagram
Test 3-b. Connect the Model 8443AB RF OUTPUT to the analyzer RF
INPUT. A straight line should appear along the LOG REF (top graticule) line Nh th. A straight line should appear along the LOG REF (top graticule) line
on the analyzer CRT. If the correct display is observed, the Tracking Generator portion of the model 8443 is functioning properly, If the CRT display is not correct proceed to test 3 -c.
Test 3-c. Connect the o 110 MHz OUT from the A8 assembly to the analyze nalyzer CRT dincrease the analyzer INPUT ATTENUATION to 20 dB. Th analyzer CRT display should be as in test $3-b$.
but was not in test $3-b$, check the attenuators.

SERVICE SHEET 3 (cont'd)

## NOT

Component selection and placement in the attenuators is
.
If the CRT display is incorrect proceed to test 3 -d.
Test 3 -d. Connect the A8 output to the HF Decade (A5W1) to the analyzer RF INPUT and reset the analyzer INPUT ATTENUATION to 0 dB . The analyze
CRT display should show a straight line across the CRT about -14 dB from the op graticule line. If the display is correct, but was not in test 3 -c, U2 is probably defective. After repairs, repeat test 3 -b. If the CRT display is not
correct, proceed to test 3 -e.
Test 3 -e. Connect Test Point 1 (A8A1R6) to the analyzer RF INPUT. The
analyzer CRT display should be similar to waveform SS3-10. If the correc analyzer CRT display should be similar to waveform SS3-10. If the correc
display is observed, but was not in test 3 -d, U2 is probably defective. If the dispolay is observed, but was not in test 3 -d, U2 is probably defective. If the
display. is not correct, U1 Us probably defective. Replace and repeat test 3 -b
If the assembly is still not functioning properly, proceed to test 3 -f


Waveform SS3-10*
est 3 -f. Connect the analyzer RF INPUT to Test Point 2 (Q1A-b). The analyzer CRT display should be simila to waveform SS3-11. If the waveform
is not correct, U2 is probably defective. Repair as required and repeat test 3 ans not correct, U2 is probably defective. Repair as requiried and repeat test 3
b. If the waveform is correct and the assembly still does not function properly,
b. proceed to test $3-\mathrm{g}$.
Test 3-g. Connect the analyzer RF INPUT to TP 3 . The analyzer CRT display should be similar to that shown in waveform $\mathrm{SS} 3-12$. If the display is incorrect, check
repeat test 3 -b.


Waveform SS3-11*


Waveform SS3-12*
note
After repairs the Video Amplifier/ALC assembly should be reliable operation of the instrument.




Figure 8-26. A10, Bandpass Filter Assembly


Figure 8-27. 200 MHz IF Amplifier, Third Converter, ALCNVideo Amplifier and Attenuator, Schematic Diagram
a circuit board or assembly as a result of performing the tests specified in the
Troubleshooting Tree. Equipment Required

Digital Voltmeter
Volt-ohm-ammete
Spectrum Analyzer
AC Voltmeter
Service Kit

## 1 Rectifier Assembly A15

AC power for the four rectifier circuits in the model $8443 \mathrm{~A} / \mathrm{B}$ is supplied by a .
When the model 8443 AB is in the standby mode all of the power supplies
except the 24 volt (switched) are disabled. The +175 volt, +20 volt, +5.8 vol end
and -12 volt supplies are all referenced to the 24 volt supply. Placing the
model $8443 A 1 B$ in standay removes the 24 volt reeferce from the sense model $8443 \mathrm{~A} / \mathrm{B}$ in standby removes the +24 volt reference from the sens regulator. The +24 volts is used in standby to maintain temperature control in
te crystal oscillator assembly A 4 ( 8443 A ).

A full wave bridge type rectifier is used to provide the +175 volts required to The +24 volt and +20 volt outputs are derived from a single full wave rectifier and two regulator circuits.
The +6 volt and -12 volt outputs are provided by separate full wave rectifiers Test Procedure 1

Test 1 -a. Turn the model $8443 \mathrm{~A} / \mathrm{B}$ on and before removing the circuit board
check the voltage levels at the upper end of the fuses mounted on the rectifie check the voltage levels at the upper end of the fuses mounted on the rectifie
board. Check fuse(s) where voltage is not present. If new fuses placed in the board. Check fuse(s) where voltage is not present. If new fuses placed in th
+24 volt, +20 volt, 5.5 .8 volt or - -12 volt supplies burn out, trouble is probably
not in the power supply circuit: proceed to test procedure +24 vit, +20 volt, +5.8 volt or -12 volt suppies burn out, trouble is probabil
not in the power supply circuit, proceed to test procedure 2 . If corred
voltages are not present at the +24 volt, +20 volt, +5.8 volt or -12 volt fuse voltages are not present at the +24 volt, +20 volt, +5.8 volt or -12 volt fuse
and the fuses are good, proceed to test $1-$-b. If the +175 volts is not present at Test Point 6 on the mother board proceed to test 1 -d.

Remove the rectifier board and reconnect it using an extende

## WARNING

Remove the power cord from the model 8443A/B before removing the board. Voltages are still present when the instrument is placed in standby

Use the AC voltmeter to measure the ac voltages across the primary and Use he AC vormeter to measure the ac voltages across the primary and
secondary winding of the transtormer. II any of the secondary winding do
not have voltage present and the rimary voltage is present the transtormer is not have voltage present and the primary voltage is present, the transformer
defective. If the transformer primary voltage is not present check the line defective. If the transtormer primary voltage is not present check the line
use, the line switch, the line filter and the line cord. If ac voltage is present a fuse, the line switch, the line fill
all windings proceed to test $1-\mathrm{c}$. Test $1-\mathrm{c}$. If the ac voltages are present, use the digital voltmeter to check for
dc voltages shown on the schematic. Check components associated with the
power supply that is not functioning and repair as required. (Do not overlook power supply that is not functioning. and repair as required. (Do not overloo
$\mathrm{C} 1, \mathrm{C} 2$ and C 3 on the mother board). After making repairs if the mode $\mathrm{C1}, \mathrm{C2}$ and C2 on the mother board). After making repairs if the
$8443 \mathrm{~A} / \mathrm{B}$ is still not functioning properly, proceed to Test Procedure 2 .
Test 1 -d. If the +175 volt supply is not working in the 8443 A , remove the rectifier board and reinstall it using the externderg board. If the $1 / 4$ amp unse
F1, is not burned out check CR1 through CR4 and associated components. the fuse is burred out check Q1, Q2, Q3 and associated components. If the does not function properly, proceed to test Procedure 2.
2 Series Regulators
The series regulators are all located on a flange mounted on the inside of the
rear panel adjicent to a heat sink located on the outer side of the rear panel. Series regulators function as a variable resistance in series with the powe supply and the load. If the regulated output rises, the series regulator onduct less and cause the output to be lowered. If the regulated outpu
drops, the series regulators conduct more and cause the output voltage to rise. he control circuits for these regulators are discussed in 3 Sense Amplifiers.

## SERVICE SHEET 4 (cont'd)

## .

Since the series regulator connections are difficult to reach when installed, it is recommended that when one is suspected of being defective, it be removed recommended that when one is suspected of being detective, it be removed
and checked with an ohmeeter. An alternate method is tomove both the
rectifier and sense amplifiter circuit boards and make measurements trom the ectifier and sense amplifier circuit boards and make measurements from the

Sense Amplifiers A1
The sense amplifier assembly contains circuits to control the operation of the
+24 volt, +20 volt, +5.8 volt and -12 volt series regulators. The +175 volt +20 +24 volt,, 20 volt, +5.8 volt and -12 volt series regulators. The +1755 volt, +20
volt, +5.8 volt and -12 volt sense amplifiris are all referenced to the +24 volt power supply. Only one adjustable component, F 50 , is required to set the
per
evel of all power supplies. Each of the sense amplifiers contains a comparator circuit. In the comparato
the voltage to be controlled is compared to a fixed reference level derived the voltage to be controlled is compared to a fixed reference level derived
from
e +24 volt supply, The output from the comparator controls the conduction of the series regulators. Two crowbar circuits protect the power' supplies from damage in
protection.

## Test Procedure 3

When a malfunction has been traced to the sense amplifier circuit board, the board should be removed from the frame and reinstalled cusing an extender board should be removed from the frame and reinstalled using an extender
board. Checking for the voltages shown on the schematic diagram should
enable the technician to quickly isolate the defective component or enable te
components.

## NOTE

The +175 volt supply and the +5.8 volt supply are used in the 8443 A only.


Figure 8-28. A14, Sense amplifier Assembly,


Figure 8-29. A15, Rectifier Assembly, Components


Figure 8-30. Power Supplies and Regulators, Schematic Diagram

SERVICE SHEET 5 The counter section of the HP Model 8443 A consists of
tive maior assemblies. These are the Marker Contro
assembly A7, the Time Base assembly A5, the assembly A7, the Time Base assembly A5, the High
Freauency Decade assembly A6, the Low Frequency
Counter assembly A1 and the Reference Oscillator General
The marker control circuit stops the scan ramp in the
model 8552 F section when the model 8443 A is operated model 8552 IF section when the model 8443 is operated
in the MARER and SCAN HOLD modes. The marker
control circuit also provides slonking to the analyzerand
 count cycle.
When the model 8443A is operated in the MARKER
mode the active clamp in the marker control assembly
causes the scan ramp of the analyzer to stop at a point
 the scan is stopped tor a period of time determined by the
position of the RESOLUTIIN control. The csan stop
period may be extended, for short count period, by the period may ee extended, for
MARKER INTENSITY control.
When the model 8443 A is operated in the SCAN HOLD
mode the active clamp in the marker control assembly mode the active clamp in the marker control assembly
again causes the scan ramp of the analyzer to stop at a
point determined by the MARKER POSIIIIN control
 position the marker to any point ont the scan wanually
MARER POSITIN control.
MAcent he counter counts continually
When the model 8443 A is operated in the EXTERNAL
mode, the counter section is used to count signals mode, the counter section is used. to count signals
applied to the COUNTR INPUT, J1. The marker control
function is not used and the counter counts continually. When the analyzer is operated in ZERO scan the marker
is not used; the counter counts continually. The time base may be referenced to an internal crystal-
controlled oscillator or to an external 1 MHz source. The
 trequency decace, which enabies the counter. The time
base also generates the tranter and resen pulses. These
pulses transier the information trom the decade counters pulses transer the information from the decade counters
tot the numerical readout device dovire and reset the
decade counters in aoth the high frequency decade and the low frequency counter.
The signal is sated to the high frequency decade by the
hain main gate flip-tilop which is toggled by the decade divider
ciriculs in the time base assembly. liadition to diviving
the input frequency by ten, the high freauency decade circuits in the time base sassembly . In addition to divividing
the input frequency by ten, the high frequency decade
provides BCD information to the buffer store in the low
frequency counter for the least significant digit and
provides the erive for following decade counter stages.
The low trequency provides tedive for following decacae counter stages.
The low frequency counter receives the $A, B, C$ and $D$
outputs from the hig treqen



 the model 8443A. The marker control circuit has three inputs from the
analyzer IF section. These are the scan ramp input, the
banking input and the ZERR scan in input. The analyzer
provides a ground reference. The following paragraphs describe the marker control
circuit operation when the model 8443 A is operated in the MARKER mode. Diifferences in in ircuit operatained tor other
motes of operation are described later in this marker
control text.
The scan ramp (a 0 to approximately 8 volt signal) is
developen across a capacitor in the spectrum analyer by
current rom a constant
 scan ramp capacitor reaches the predetermined level., the
comparator acti as an active clam to sink the curtent
from the analyzer constant current source at a r rate that effectively clamps the scan ramp voltage. The analyzzer
scan is stopped and the output trequency of the model
$8443 A$ RF scan is stopped and the output
843 A F section is counted once
In addition to the scan ramp and the do level from the
MARKER POSITION control, the active clamp has a MARKER POSITION control. the achive clam has a
control input and a ontrol outuut. The input is from the
Q output (TP 4) of the stop-enable flip-flop which allows toutput (TP 4) of the stop-enable flip-flop which allows
the cative clamp to
poerate when the $Q$ output is low. The operate when .ie Q ourput is low. The output provides
signal information to other circuits that the scan ramp has
been stopped. The stop-enabl
scan by the en The stop-enable flip-flop is reset at the begining of each
scan ty the end of the blanking pulse (T) 1 , from the
analyzer. When the analyzer scan ramp ends, TP 1 goes

enable $Q$ (TP 4) low and enables the active clamp
Howeverthe activ clamp will have no effect on the sca
ramp ramp voltage until it reaches the level set by the MARKEM
POSITION contro. When this occurs the spectrum POSITIIN control. When this occurs the spectrum
analyzer csan is stopepe for a period of time determined
by the RESOLUTUTON contro and in some instances, by
the e MARKER INTENSITY contró


The marker intensity control circuit controls the intensity
of the marker on the analyer CRT. This is accomplished
by providing blanking for long count periods or by by providing blanking for long count periomsos or by
extending the scan stop time for short count periods.
The output from Q18 is applied to NAND gate U1C which
provides the CLEAR input to the stop-enabie flip-flop and



 period of time determined by the MARKER NNENSTY
control and NAND gate UCT is held high. This prevents
the stop-enable flip-flop from being cleared.
The period of time the scan is stopped ends when the
CLEAR input to the stop-enable flip-flop goes low, the $Q$
 causing the analyzer CRT to be blanked. The signal at
TP 1 is the count acknowedge signal from the time
base circuit signaling that the frequency count has been completed.
In the EXTERNAL mode the CLEAR input to the stop-
enable flip-flop is held low. This causes the $Q$ output (TP
4) to remain high and disabile the ative

 orovides a 200 millisecond low to disabole NAND gate
Qivilf and inhibit the count trigger (TP 9) for 200
milliseconds.

In the SCAN HOLD mode signals TP 5 and TP 6 will be
held dow, CLEAR gate U1C cannot resest the stop-enable
til for
counts continually. The maior difference between the
SCAN HOLDadye and the MARKER mode is that in the
SCAN HOLD mode the scan remains stopped until the ane the mode of operation.

In the ZERO scan mode (initiated when the analyzer is
placed in ZERO scan), operation is the same as in the external mode, except, that the counter counts the output
of the model $8443 A$ instead of an externa t teequen of the model, 8443A instead of an external frequency
source. Time Base Assembly A5 (Seriece Sheel 7 )The
time base circuit controls all timing and control functions time base circuit controls all timing and control tunctions
of the coutior section The internal eference egenator
for the timing function is a stable 1 MHz crysal oscillotor for the timing function is a stable 1 MHz crystal oscillitar.
The oscillator is enclosed in a temperatre controled
assembly to improve stability. The internal references The osciliator is enclosed in a temperature controied
assembly to impore staility. The internal reference
signal may be sud as a refernce tor othe equiment.
An exteran reference signal may be used in lieu of the signal may be used as a ret
An externa leference signal
internal reference it desird.

Operation of the time base circuit with the model 8443 A
operating in the MARER mode is described in the
fold Operating in the MARKER mode is described in the
following paragraphs. During the first 200 mirosoceonds
atter the marke
 triger goes low the signal at TP 7 will go high provided
that the input to the inhibit inverter Q4 is low. This
initiates the count cycle the count cycle.




The time base filip-flop is cleared about 50 microseconds
atter TP 9 goes low. This causes the time base fipp-flop Qouph thigh and the $Q$ output (TP 4) to go low. About 1
to microsecond a ter TP TP goes low TP 8 goos Iow, TP 9
goes Sigh and TT 5 goos low to end the reset tuls. The
first decade divider in the time base circuit was set to 0
 by the resed pulse and the rest of the decade dividers
were seto . When the time ease flip-liop Q outuut goes
high NAND gate U1D couples the 1 MHz reference signal



Resolution, which in this case is a function of the time the
input signa is counted, is controlled by the three-position
RES input signal is counted
When the RESOLUTION swith is set to 1 kHz , a ground
is provided to a control gate in the third decade divide

Which provides an output to toggle the main gate filip-flipp
in the high requency decaad. The output signall TPP 6 .
is, in this case, a square wave with a 1 millisecon
When the RESOLUTION switch is set to 100 Hz , ground is provided to a control gate in the fourth decad
divider which provides an output to toggle the main gate tlip-flop in the tigh frequency decade. The output signa
TP 6 is in in this case, a suare wave with a 10 millisecond
period When the RESOLUTION switch is set to 10 Hz , a ground is sprovided to a contro gaviten is in set to to tith 10 Hz deade around
which
which provides an output to toggle the main gate fip Which provides an output to toggle the main gate flif-flop
in the high frequency decade T to output signal tip is
in this case, a square wave with a 100 millisecond period. The third, fourth and fifth decade divider outputs are
wired to perform an OR function. Only one output will be presest at any given time
grounded at any given time.
At the end of the count period the main gate fip-filo in the
high reequency decade changes stata and provides a low to


 in the decade counters in the low trequency counter tr butfer
storer stages and then to the decoders which drive the
numerical readout devices.
The 1 microsecond delay between the time TP 4 goes
high and TP goes high prevents generation of a rese
 prevents generation of a reset signal by forward biasing diode to keep TP 7 low for the duration of the transter
pulse.
When the Q output (TP 4) of the time base flip-flop goes
high it is also used a s signal to the marker control
circuit to permit the se seat circuit to permit the spectrum analyzer scan to continue
The time base circuit then beocmes dormant until the
next count triger (TP 2) The time base circuit then becomes dormant until the
next count trigger (TP 2 ) arrives from the marker contro
circuit.
When the model 8443A is operated in the SCAN HOL
When the moder 8443A is operated in the SCAN HOLD
mode the count trigger (TP 2 i h held ol. Counting
periods are separated by the time required for transfie periods are separate
and reset tunctions.
In the EXTERNAL mode the count trigger (TP 2)
inhibited by a 200 millisecond one-shot in the marker
control circuit, which is triggered by the count
acknowledge signal at $T P 4$. High Frequency Decade A6 (Service Sheet 8 ) The main
gate flip-flop, which is controlled by the gate togale from gate flip-filop, which is controlled by the egate toggle from
the time base, controros the tsara and tstop of the count
period.
The count duration is controlled by the period. The count
RESOLUTION switch.
The input to the high frequency decade may be either the
model 8433 Tracking Generator output or any signal withie the counter frequency and amplitude range from an
external source.

The high freauency decade is a divide-by-ten decade
The input frequency of 100 kHz to 110 MHz is converted to a 0 to 11 MHz signal and applied to the low frequency
conter The A, B, C and D outputs of the high frequency decade directly drive the buffer store in the least signiticant tigit
circuit. In addition, the $D$ output drives the following circuit. In addition, the
blanking decade counter.
Low Frequency Counter A1 (Service Sheet 9 )
The least significant digit (100) circuit consists of a buffer
store, dedeoder driver and a numerical readout device
When the transer store, a decoded dirver and a numerical reacout device.
When the transer pulse occurs the numerical readout
device idsplays the count that remamined in the high
frequency decade when the count period ended. The circuits for the next six digits are identical in function
and confiugration. Each circcitit has a blanking decade and contiguration. Each circuit has a blanking decade
counter which provides a BCD output to the buffer store
and a adivide-by-ete and a divide-by-ten output to drive the next blanking
decade counter. The uffer store icruits store the count
remaining in the decade remaining in the decade counters when the count period
ended until the next transter pulse appears. When the ended until the next transter pulse appears. When the
transser pulse appears the bufterstores provide
information transter pulse appears the butfer stores provide $B C D$
information to the decoded drivers $A, B, C$ and $D$ ) and too
a rear panel connector $(A, B, C$ and $D$ ) fo to use in external
 elements in the numerical readout devices. The third
foutrt hnd fith) numerical readout devices from the righ
side) have decimal point inputs. The decimal point to be side) have decimal point inputs. The decimal point to be
displayed is selected by the RESOLUTION switch.
All leading zeros to the effl of the decimal point, which are
also to the left of the first significant digitit are blanked.
 two amplifiers. It detecelts and doisslays an onvevtriow trom
the previous decades. One of the amplifiers drives the the previous decades. One of the ampilifiers drives the
element in the numerical readout device when an
overilow is present. The other amplifier provides an


Marker Control


HF Decade


Time Base


Figure 8-31. Counter Section Logic Diagram.

## SERVICE SHEET 6

Normally, causes of malfunction in the model 8433 A circuits will be
solated to a circuit board or assembly as a resyl t pertorming the isolated to a circuit board or assembly as
tests specified in the Troubleshooting Tree

Time 1. Analyzer CRT is being blanked by the
Time 2. Analyzer scan generatoror. 1 . Cank .
Time 3 starts TP 2; Active clamp is enabled TP
Time 4. Analyer scan ramp is stopped TP 2 .
Analyzer CRT Ti blanked by model
$8443 A$ TP 1 .
Time 5. Analyzer scan ramp is released TP 2
Time 6 . Analzzer scar ramp ends $\mathrm{TP} 2 ;$ Analyzer
blanking begins $T P$.

Initial Control Settings (for above timing waveforms)
$\left.\begin{array}{l}\text { Spectrum Analyzer: (control settings not listed are not } \\ \text { important }\end{array}\right)$
SCAN TIME


 ERNIER set to show one analyzer sca
1 Active Clamp (Instrument in MARKER mode)
The active clamp consists of a comparator ( $Q 5 /(Q 6 / Q 7$ ) and a
current source ( $Q 44 / \mathrm{Q} / \mathrm{Q9}$. The purpose of the active clamp is to
 reference level for the comparator portion of the active clamp is
established by a MARKER POSITION dual potentiometer R13), a estabished by a MARER POSITIIN dual potentiometer (R13), a
CTR ADJ (center adiust) )otentiometer (R11) and a MARKER ADJ

The active clamp is enabled when U2, the stop-enable flip-flop, is
clocked by the negative going trailing edge of the analyzer blanking clocked by the negative going trailing edge of the analyzer blanking
pulse: Q Goes low and causes Q20 to ocnduct, when Q20
Qondict

 Voitage evel predetermined by the MARKER POSITION control.
Enabing the active clamp has no immediate effect on the analyzer
scan ramp. The signal ne signa input to the comparator is the scan ramp from the
venen the analyzer scan ramp voltage reaches the
reference level established
 reference evel, Q5B is turned offt, QSB collector goes high and CCR2
biases $Q 4$ on to complete the current sink path. The current from ble constant current source in in the anal silyer path. The current from
thenerator circuit is
then sunk to the model $8433 A-12$ volt supply

Q8, in addition to being in the current sink path, acts as a detector
Since the current from the analyzer scan generator must pas Since the eurrent trom the analyzer scan generator must pass
through the eniter-base junction of o8, Q8 conducts while the
scan scan ramp
in this text.
The analyzer scan ramp is stopped until NAND gate U1C, pins 9
and 10 are high. The input to U1C pin 10 is the count acknoweedge signal from the time base circuit which is sine count that
the count has been completed. The input out $\mathbf{U}$ p pin 9 sis generated the count has been completed. The input to Ul C pin 9 in generated
in the marker intensity circuit. Generation of the signal applied to
U1C pin 9 is discussed later in this text U1C pin 9 is discussed later in this text.
When both inputs to NAND gate U1C are high the output (pin 8 )
will go low and clear the stop-enable flip-tiop. The $Q$ output of Un $^{\text {and }}$
then then goes high and turns off $\mathrm{Q} 2 ;$; Q9 turns off to open the curran
sink path and the analyzer scan ramp is permitted to continue.
The shield of the scan ramp coax from the analyzer is not grounded
in the moded 8443 A . The shied is used a a ground reference to
insure ensure a common ground between the analyzer scound reeererance to
the active clamp and to prevent ground loops. CR1 provides the active clamp and to prevent ground lops. CR1 provides
protection to os when the connecting cable between the analyzer
and

## Test Procedure

Test 1 -a. Use the digital voltmeter to verify the presence of dc
voltages at terminals $3 / \mathrm{C}, 4 / \mathrm{D}$ and $5 / \mathrm{F}$ as shown on the schematic diagram.
Test $1-$ b. Connect the digital voltmeter between Q5B-b and
ground; rotate the MARKER POSITION control through its range.

 Q5B, Q6B,
components.


 shown in waveform SSG-2. If the display is as shown, the marker
contron circuit is functioning properly. If the display is not as
shown, proceed to test 1 -d.

Test 1 -d. With the equipment connected as in test $1-c$, ground $T P$
4. The analyzer scan should stop


and the oscilloscope CRT display should consists of four straight
horizontal lines. If the scan does not stop when TP 4 is grounded, horizontal lines. II the scan does not stop when TP 4 is grounded,
place the moded
(remove ground MOD swith in the EXTRNA position
(reme TP4). The oscilloscope CRT display should (remove ground from TP4). The oscilloscope CRT display should
be as shown in waveform SS6-3. 1 I the correct waveform is now
 displays are eorrect, but channel 1 B is not, check $C R 2$ a $C R$ Rannd and
d. It the channel $A$ display is as shown, but $B$ and $C$ are not, Q4e If the channell A display is as shonn, but
heck $Q 5, Q 7$ and associated components.
Test 1 -e. With the equipment connected as in test 1 -c, return the
model 8443 A MODE switch to MARKER. Place the REF switch on
 isplay should appear as four horizontal lines and the analyzer
RT should be blanked. If these conditions exist, proceed to test 1 Test 1-f. With test conditions as described in test -e, short pin 2 of U 2 to ground. The oscilloscope
CRT display should be as shown in waveform
SS6-3, alisplay should be as shown in waveform SS6-3, and the onditions are met, check U1B, U1C, Q18 and associated components. If trouble persists, the intensity circuit should be
checked next. If above conditions are not met, U2 is probably
defective.


TP2

| 182 |
| :--- |
| 08. |

7. c
09.b

## Trigger and Marker Intensity

The following discussion assumes that the model 8443A
perating in the MARKER mode. When Q1 is turned on as the scan stops, the positive-going signal
at Q1-c is coupled through C16 to the base of Q15. Q15 is O1-C is coupled through c16 to the base of Qits. paris by the time base circuit). Due to the time constant of C16 and R21, he signal from Q1-c causes Q15 to conduct for about 200
microseconds; this provides a negativ--going pulse at Q15-c to nicroseconds; this provides a negative-going pulse
tigger the time base flip-flop in the time base circuit.
During the period of time that the analyzer scan ramp is stopped
the positive dc level at the collector of Q1 turns on Q12 through the ee positive dc level at the collector of Q1 turns on Q112 through th MARKER INTENSTITY control. The junction of Q12-c, Q11-C, Q13 discussion in the rest of this text. Q12 acts a a a current sinkes tor he current node. The rate at which 117 is discharged is
determined by the setting of the MARKR ITENITY control; the more heavily Q12 conducts, the Mhorter the discharge time of of Ci7
When the MARKER INTENSITY control is turned cw, conduction of
 ground reference level; this results in extending the period of tim
that the scan is stopped to provide a brighter marker. Q13 and inat the scan is stopped to provide a brighter marker. Q13 and
Oi4 act as a differnita amplifier to sense when C17 has been
discharged to ground referernce. -
Initially (before Q12 is turned on), C17 is charged, Q13 is
conducting and Q14 is turned off. Since Q14 is off, so are Q11 and Q10. When Q12 is turned on C 17 begins to discharge. When the Qurent node ereaches the ground reference established by DQ Qhe
both Q13 and Q14 are conducting. When Q14 conducts, the oth Q13 and Q14 are conducting. When Q14 condducts, the
voltage a the base of o11 is reduced and Q11 conducts; curren is
now being sourced to the current node by Q11 and B 29 at the oum being sourced to the current node by Qool and R29 at the
same rate that current is being sunk from the current node by Q12. ame rate that current is being sunk from the current node by Q12.
When O11 conducts the voltage on the base of Q10 decreases,
Q10 conducts and Q18 is tured on Q10 conducts and $Q 18$ is turned on.
 Ww and the stop-enable flip-fliop, U2, is cleared. This disables the continue. If Q18 conducts beforie the count acknowledge signal at
UCC pin 10 goos high, the high do level at Q18e- blanks the
analyzer CRT through R33 and CR16 until the count acknowledge U1C pin 10 goess high, the high dc level at Q18-e blanks the
analazzer CRT Through 33 and CRR16 until he count acknowledge
signal goes positive. The count acknowidge signal also turns on
. signal goes positive. The count acknowledge signal also turns on
Qig which fort all practical purposes provides a ground at the
netion of $\mathrm{B3} 3$
and CR16, this prevents the CRT display in the spectrum analyzer from being
blanked when the scan ramp is released and the scan ramp continues to the limits set by the analyzer.

## Test Procedure 2

General
When the instrument is functioning properly, the waveforms shown in SS6-4 will appear at the following poi
c/Q12-c/Q13-b and D - Q18-b.
Initial Control Settings (for waveform SS6-4)


Test 2-a. Connect the digital voltmeter form Q13-b to ground. The average
dc level measured should vary considerably with rotation of the MARKER dc level measured should vary considerably with rotation of the MARKER
INTENSITY control (the level should be higher when the control is full cw). In INTENSITY control (the level should be higher when the control is full cw ). In
the SCAN HOLD and MARKER modes the average voltage read should be
below 1 volt. below 1 volt. In the EKTERNAL mode
bapproximately 18.5 volts. Proceed to test $2-$ b.

Test 2 -b. If the dc level remains at about +18.5 volts in test 2 -a in all positions of the MODE contro switch, connect a 10 K ohm resistor between Q1-b and the - 12 volt supply (XA7-5) with the MODE switch in the EXTERNAL position
The digital voltmeter should indicate the same dc levels specified for the The digital votmeter should indicate the same dc levels specitied for the +18.5 volts, check Q1, Q12, the MARKER INTENSITY control and associated
components. If the voltage drops to the level specified for the SCAN HOLD components. It the voltage drops to the level Specified or the SCAN HOLD
mode in test 2 2-a, and the scan can be stopped in the SCAN HOLD mode, Q8


${ }^{\text {a1-b }}{ }_{\text {A5TP. }}$
018.b
$\underset{\text { (See Test 2) }}{\text { Waveron SC-4 }}$
Test 2 -c. If the dc levels for the SCAN HOLD and EXTERNAL modes were as specified in test 3 -a and the instrument functions properly in these modes, but
will not function in the MARKR m mode, check Q10 and Q18. (Q18 may have een checked in test procedure -f .

3 Blanking, Scan Hold, External and Zero Scan
Whenever the blanking, signal is high (from the analyzer or originating in the
model 8443 A ), Q3 conducts. When the blanking is originating in the model model $8443 A$, Q3 conducts. When the blanking is originating in the mode
8443 A the high input at pin 2 of U1A has no effect because U1B is holding pin 1 of U1A low. When the model 8443 A blanking pulse ends, pin 9 of $U 1 C$ and
pin 5 of U1B go low and pin 6 of U1B and pin 1 of U1A go high. However, Q3 pin 5 of $\mathrm{U1B}$ go low and pin 6 of $\mathrm{U1B}$ and pin 1 of U1A go high. However, Q3
has stopped conducting and the output of $\cup 1 \mathrm{~A}$ at pin 3 remains unchanged
W. When the analyzer scan ramp ends and the analyzer blanking begins, Q again conducts. Now both inputs to U1A are high and the output, pin 3 , goes
low. The output of U1D pin 11 goes high, but this has no effect on U2 since U2 is clocked only on negative-going signals. When the analyzer blanking pulse ends, Q3 is turned off, U1A output (pin 3) goes high and pin 11 of U1D
gooes low. This clocks the stop-enable flip-llop (U2) and enables the active goes low.
clamp. In the SCAN HOLD mode CR11 and CR22 cathodes are grounded. CR22
provides a continuous ground (enable) to the count trigger output. CR11 provides a continuous ground (enable) to the count trigger output. CR1
prevents 18 from conducting. This disables the model 8443 . blanking to
the analyzer and also holds pin 9 of U1C Cow to prevent U2 from being he analyzer and also hollds pin 9 of 1 UC low to prevent U2 from being
cleared. The count periods are separated only by the time it takes the time cleared. The count periods are separated only by the time it takes the tim
base circuit to provide transfer and reset pulses and provide a toggle to the base circuit to provide transer and reset pulses and provide a toggle to the
main gate flip-fiop in the high frequency decade. The count acknowledge ha

In the EXTERNAL mode the cathode of CR10 is grounded and U2 cannot be clocked. The counter trigger is held low by Q17, which is initially conducting
When the count acknowledge signal is received Q16 is turned on When the count acknowledge signal is received Q16 is turned on. C1
couples the signal to the base of Q17 through CR17 to turn off Q17. This causes the count trigger signal to go high. Q17 stays off for a period of tim determined by C18 and R40. When C18 has charged up to approximately 1.4
volts as determined by CR17 and the emitter-base junction of Q17, Q17 agai conducts and causes the count trigger to go low. The count periods ar separated by the time Q17 is off, the transfer and reset pulse periods and the
time required for the time base circuit to toggle the main gate flip-flop in the high frequency decade.

## SERVICE SHEET 6 (cont'

When the analyzer is operated in the ZERO scan mode, and the model 8443A is in the MARKER mode, the marker control circuit works as it did in the
EXTERNAL mode except that the low at test point 3 is provided by CR2 stead of a goound except that the low at test point 3 is provided by CR2 instead of a ground being provided by the MOD Switch. When the analyze
is not in the ZERO scan mode, there is about -10 volts on the blanking coax is not in the ZERO scan mode, there is about - 10 volts on the blanking coax
shield. This causes Q Q toconduct and reverse bias CR21. When the
analyzer is operating in the ZERO scan mode the - 10 volts is no ologer on the analyzer is operating in the ZERO scan mode the - 10 volts is no onger on the
banking coax shield, and Q2 is turned off. Q2-c is held slightly below ground blot
by CR20, CR21 is forward biased and test point 3 is essentially at ground
potential. Q16 and Q17 operate as they did in the EXTERNL mode.

## Test Procedure 3

General When this portion of the marker control assembly is functioning properly in the
MARKER mode, the critical points in the circuit will be working as indicated in
waveform SS6-5. These waveforms represent the following: A - Q3-e waveform SS6-5. These waveforms represent the following: A-Q3-e
blanking, B-U1C pin 9 internal blanking, $C-$ the count acknowledge signal lanking, $\mathrm{B}-\mathrm{U1C}$
and $\mathrm{D}-\mathrm{UC}$ p pin 8 .
nitial Control Settings (for waveform SS6-5) Control settings are the same as those specified for wave

Test 3 -a. Connect the oscilloscope as follows: Channel A-U1 pin 9, Channel
B-U1 pin 10 , Channel C- U1 pin 8 and Channel D-Q3-e. Set oscilloscope

VOLTSIDIV to 5 for all channels. The oscilloscope CRT display should be as Channel C waveform goes negative only during the short period of time that
the Channels A and B waveform are both high. If the waveforms are no the Channels A and B wave
correct, proced to test 3 -b.

Test 3 -b. Connect the digital voltmeter between pin 9 of $\mathrm{U1}$ and ground, and
set the RESOLUTION control to 10 Hz . In the EXTERNAL mode the digita
 voltmeter should indicate about -590 mVolts . In the MARKER mode the digital
voltmeter should indicate about +3 volts. In the SCAN HOLD mode the digita volmeter should indicate about +3 volts. In the SCAN HOLD mode the digita more) the model 8443 A is in the MARKER mode and the scan remains
stopped, apply a ground to U1 pin 8 ; the scan should continue. It the scan stopped, apply a ground to U1 pin 8 ; the scan sho
does not continue, check U2. If it does, check U1.
 slightly higher in amplitude) at Test Point 1 .
1, but not at O3-e, Q Q is probably
either point est 3 -d. In the model 8443A functions properly in the MARKER mode but
does not function in the EXTERNAL mode, check Q16, Q17, the MODE switch and associated components.

Test 3 -e. If the model 8443 will not function properly in the SCAN HOLD
mode, but does in other modes, check CR11. CR22 and the MODE switch. est 3 -f. If the counter will not work when the analyzer is placed in the ZERO scan mode, check Q2 and associated components.


Section 8

A7 TOP VIEW


Figure 8-32. A7. Marker Control Assembly, Cover and Components


## SERVICE SHEET 7

Normally causes of malfunction in the model 8443A circuits will be isolated to a circuit board or assembly as a result
perom ing he lests specined hine froubshooing free.
When trouble has been isolated to the time base assembly (A5), it should be removed from the chassis and reinstalled

| Equipment Required |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| 4 Channel Osciloscope |  |
| 10:1 Scsilloscope |  |
| Probes (4) | Service Kit |
| Digital Voltmeter |  |

Probes (4)
Sigital Vovitemeter
General
The time base assembly contains circuits which provide transer and reset pulses for all decade counters, a count
acknowledge signal to the marker control circuit, a gate toggle signal for the high frequency decade, a print command acknowledge signal to the marker control circuit, a aqae toggle signal for the high frequency decade, a print com
for use in external equipment and a buffer amplifier to provide a 1 MHz output for use in exxernal equipment.

When the time base assembly is functioning properly, the waveforms shown on composite waveform SS7-1 will
appear at the six test points which are available at the top cover of the assembly. The functions of the waveforms are appear at the six test points which are avar.
listed directly below the composite waveform.


Composite Waveform SS7-1

## Initial Control Settings (for above waveforms)

Spectrum Analyzer (controls not listed may be
set anywhere)
setanywere
SCAN TIME
PER DIVIS

Tracking Generator/Counter



For all tests using the oscilloscope synchronize the oscilloscope to the analyzer SCAN
INOUT unless otherwise noted.

## 1 Trigger, Transfer and Reset

Q5 is normally conducting; pin A of XA5 is connected to the open collector of a transistor, Q15, in the marker control
circuit. When the trigger goes low, Q5 is turned off. Q4 is normally off; it conducts only when the inhibit signal is high circuit. When the trigger goes low, Q5 is turned off. Q4 is normally off; it conductst only when the inhibit signal is high.
The inhibit signal is provided by external equipment connected to the rear panel BCD output connector when such equipment needs more time to process the previous count.

 $U 5 A$ and $\cup 5 B$ is provided directly from the output of NAND gate U1B because these dividers require that current be sunk from them. Because the decade dividers in the high frequency decade require curren.
nnputs, Q7 is required. NAND gate U1B cannot provide enough current for these decades.
The reset signal is a pulse of about 50 microseconds duration, as determined by the time constant of R16 and C12. Ric and C12 delay the application of the trigger pulse to the clear input of the time base flip-flop, U2, for 50
microseonds. When U2 is cleared the Q Output goes low, U1A pin 2 goes low, U1A pin 3 goes high and pin 6 of U1B end the reset pulse.

information has been stored. The delay is required because the D input of a type D flip-flop should not be changed
 microsecond pulse from U1C transiers the information in the low frequency counter blanking decade counters to
buffer stores. The high $Q$ output of U2 also provides the count acknowiedge signal to the marker control circuit. CR2, CR3 and CR4 prevent the start of the reset pulse while the transfer pulse is present. When the transfer pulse is present, CR3 and CR4 are reverse biased and the e-12 volt source fowward biasesent. Wh ton thevent a thightrom
appearing on U1A pin 1 . When the transer pulse is not present, CR3 and CR4 are torward biased and CR2 is reverse appeariin
biased.

## Test Procedure 1

These tests assume that trouble has been
performing the troubleshooting procedures.
Test 1 -a. Use the digital voltmeter to verify the presence of dc voltages at terminals $4 / \mathrm{D}$ and $5 / \mathrm{C}$ as shown on the
schematic diagram.
 Waveform SS7-2. If the display is correct, use one of the oscilloscope channels to check the transfer signal
as.c

U1. 6
07.e


## SERVICE SHEET 7 (cont'd)

at TP-3. The waveform should be as shown in trace 3 of composite waveform SST-1. If the waveforms are correc
proceed to test procedure 2 if not, proceed to test 1 -c. proceed to test procedure 2 if not, proceed to test 1 -c.
 and sync to internal. Place the model 8443 A MODE switch to SCAN HOLD. The oscilloscope display should be as
shown in waveform $\mathrm{SS} 7-3 \mathrm{If}$ the display is crrect, but was no

 probes to check the transer pulse at TP 3 . The transter pulse should occur 1 ms after the input trigger pulse anc
almost identical to it in appearance. If the waveforms shown in $S S 7-3$ are correct and the transfer pulse is not, check U1C, CR2, CR3, CR4 and associated components.

## 2 Reference Signal Amplifiers and Gate

The reference signal (internal or external) is selected by a switch. A5S1, located on the cover of the A5 assembly. $L 5$
and C5 form a 1 MHz series resonanat tank. R4 and the intrinsic resistance of Q2 provides a 50 ohm load for the eeference source. $Q 2$ is a common base amplifier with a voltage gain of ten. $Q 3$ is a common emitter anplifier whic
saturates on positive half cycles of the referencee signal saturates on positive half cycles of the reference signal. Q1 is a bulfier amplifier which serves to isolate the time base
circuits from external loads when the 1 MHz reference output is used in external equipment. NAND gate U1D couples the 1 MHz reference signal to the first divide-by-ten circuit, $U 4$, when the $Q$ signal from U2 is
high.


Waveform SS7-3
(See Test 1-c)

## est Procedure

Test 2-a. Connect the oscilloscope Channel A to R17/R29 junction, (channel B to U1-13, Channel C to U1-11 and
Channel D to U1-12. The oscilloscope display should be as shown in wavetorm SS7-4. It the oscilloscope Channel B

 rocedure 3

## 3 Divide-by-Ten Cirrcuits The divide-by-etc circuits (U4, U3A, U3B, U5A and U5B) are reset when pin 6 of U1B goes high. U4 is set to zero and The other four dividers are set to nine. When NAND gate U1D couples the reference signal to U4, U4 provides a 

 pulse from one of the last three divididrs the dividier output selected is determine
switch) is provided to toggle the main gate flip-lilop in the high frequency decade.
The outruts from tilie last three dividers, which are used to toggle te main gate flip-flop in the high hrequency decade

 provides the 100 Hz resolution and $\mathrm{U5B}$ provides the 10 Hz resolution. The resolution switch also provides a ground
to one o three inputs in the low frequency counter to cause the decimal point in one of three numerical readouts to
ill

The 1 K resistors in the outputs of the divide-by-ten circuits are the pullup resistors. The outputs in these


8-36
dividers are open collectors and the resistors are required to provide wired $O R$ capabilities.
When the end-of-count signal from the high frequency decade goes low, Q6 is turned off and a hig
external print command to devices connected to the model 8443 A rear panel $B C D$ output connector.
Test Procedure 3
Tesst 3 -a. Composite waveform SST-5 illustrates the correct gate toggle outputs from the time base circuit for various
setings of the RESOLUTION switch referenced to the analyzer scan ramp

Waveform 1 represents an analyzer scan time of 1 mSec per division, displayed on the oscilloscope at 5 mSec per
division. Waveform 2 is the gate toggle pulse with the model 8443 A in the 1 kHz resolution mode. Waveform 3 is the
 gate toggle pulse with the model 8443 A in the 100 Hz resolution mode. Waverorm 4 is the analyzer scan ( $(\mathrm{mSec} / \mathrm{Div})$
displayed on the oscilloscopo at 20 mSec Div and waveform 5 is the gate toggle with the model 8443 A in the 10 HZ
resolution mode.

Service Note
If the model 8443A works properly in the MARKER mode at 100 Hz and 1 kHz , but not at 10
Hz , U5B is defective. If it works at 1 kHz , but not at 100 Hz or 10 Hz , U5A is defective.


ATTP 2
A5TP 6
A5TP 6
A7TP2
A6TP 6

Composite Waveform SS7-5
(See Test 3-a)


Figure 8-35. Time Base Circuit, Schematic Diagram

SERVICE SHEET 8
Normally, causes of malfunction in the model 8443 A circuits will be
isolated to a circit board or assembly as a result of performing the
Iosts stecien isoated 10 a circuit board or assembly as a
tests specified in the Troubleshooting Tree.
 reinstaled using an extender
to teints and components.
Equipment Required

$\underset{\text { Waveform SS8-1 }}{\text { (See General) }}$


Tracking Generator/Counter
MODE $\cdots$. MARKER CONTROL Knob...................................................lled ou

|  |
| :---: |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |

## 1 Input Amplifier and Switching Matrix

Q1 and Q2 provide flat amplification for signals with frequencies up
to 120 MHz . L10 and L11 are peaking inductors to peak the gain

 is $-900 \mathrm{mV}+30 \mathrm{mV}$ with no signal input. CR1, CR2, CR3, CR When the tracking generator output is used, CR1, CR44, CR6 and
CR11 are all forward biased and CR2 CR11 are all forward biased and CR2, CR3, CRT, CR8 and CR10
are al reverse biased. The signal is coupled through C3, CR1,
and
 used, the diodes mentioned above are biased directly opposite fro
the way they are when the tracking generatotor output is counte. the way they are when the tracking generator output is counted
The signa is coupled through $C 4$, C $9, ~ C 10, C R 2, C R 7, ~ C R 8, ~ C R 10$
$C 17$ and $L 9$ to the base of 11 .
Test Procedure
Test 1 -a. Connect a 1 MHz source at +10 dBm to the model 8433 A
COUNTER INPUT and set the model 8443 A MODE switch to COUNTER INPUT and set the model 8443 A MODE switch to
EXTERAL. Connect the oscilloscope hannel A input to 1 O-b,



Waveform SS8-
(See Test 1-a)


Composite Waveform SS8-3 (See Test 2-a)
each channel and the TIMEIDIV to $1 \mu \mathrm{Sec}$, Trigger INT, ACF and SLOPE + . The waveform should be as shown in waveform $\mathrm{SSB-2}$. .
If none ot the waveforms are present, check the switching matix. If It none of the waveforsm are present, check the switching matrix. If
waveform $A$ is present and $B$ and $C$ are not, check $Q 1$ and associated components. If waveeform $A$ and $B$ are present and $C$ is
not, check Q2 and associated components. If all of the waveforms are present, proceed to test procedure.

## 2 Main Gate Flip-FIop

The main gate flip-flop (U2) is togaled by the output of one of the
last three dividers in the time base circuit. When U2 is toggled to last the count, $Q$ goes low to enable $U 3$ and $Q$ goes high. When $\cup 2$ is egain ,oggled $Q$ goes high and $Q$ goos ow U3 is no onger
enabled and the enegative-going trailing edge of the $Q$ output of $U 2$ enabled and the negative-going trailing edge of the
produces an end-ot-cuunt signal to the time base.
Gate toggle translator $\mathrm{Q} / \mathrm{Q} / \mathrm{Q} / \mathrm{Q} 7$ translates the $T T L$ output from the Decade dividers in the time base circuitit into the ECL input required
by U2. Rise time is critical in 4 So a zener circuit such as that
used in the reset translator cannot be used. End of count translator Q3/O4 translates the ECL output from U2 $Q$
to the TTL logic required to clock the flip-flop in the time base circuit.

## ocedure 2

Test 2 -a. Set the model 8443 to operate in the
MARKR mode with the RESOLUTION control

|  | Q6-b | $2 \text { VoLTS/DIV }$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Translated Gate toggle Q5 |  |
|  | U2 pin $13 Q$ output |  |
|  | U2 pin 1 outit | 5 VOLTSDIV |

set to 100 Hz . Set the analyzer SCAN TIME PER DIVISION to
 trigaered on + slope, ACF. Waveform SS8-3 is a composite
waverom for the tive critical circuit points: these points sare
identified directly below the composite waveform. Oscilloscope identified directly below the composite waveform. Oscil
VOLTS/DIV information follows identification of test points.
If waveforms 1 and 2 are correct and 3,4 , and 5 are not, U2 is
probably defective. If waveform 1 is present and 2 is not, check probably defective. If waveform 1 is present and 2 is not, check
as/abel/R7 and associaete components. If waveforms $1,2,3$ and 4
are are correct and waveform 5 is not. check $Q 3 / Q 4$ and associated

Note

## This test assumes that the time base circuiti is functioning properly. If waveforms 1 and 3 do <br> unctioning properly. If wavetorms 1 and 3 do Waveform, 1 and 2 should appear (at a much taster rate). If they do, U 2 is defective

 CR9, 2.87 volt zener diode is used to translate the TTL input fromthe reset line to an ECL int com compatible with the input
requirements of the high frequency decade. $\mathrm{U3}, \mathrm{U4}, \mathrm{U5}$ and UG are feedback connected to provide $1-2-4.8 \mathrm{BCD}$
output to the low frequency counter circuit. U1A, U1B, U1C and output to the low rrequency counter circuit. $\triangle 1 A$, U1B, U1C and
U1D comprise a quad ECL to saturated logic translator which
 the low trequency counter
R30 C27 serve as FF I fiters.
The decade dividers convert the 100 kHz to 110 MHz input
frequency to an output frequency of 10 kHz to 11 MHz . The $\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{B}, \mathrm{C}$
 igit in the low frequency counter. In addition the D output drives Test Procedure 3

Test 3 -a. Use the oscilloscope to check for the reset pulse at XA6
pin 9 and at the junction of R11/CR12. The reset pulses should be positive-going, three to four volts in amplitude.




Hould appear as shown in waveform $\operatorname{SS8} 8$-4 Since the gate toggle
 not as shown must be due to a defective flip-flop or an associated
OR gate. Note that if an output is missing (TP) fio instance) and ollowing outputs are present (in this instance, TP 6 and TP
only possible cause of trouble is a defective OR gate (U1B).

$\underset{\text { (See Test 3-b) }}{\text { Waveform SS8-4 }}$


Figure 8-36. A6, High Frequency Decade Assembly, Cover and Components


Figure 8-37. High Frequency Decade Assembly, Schematic Diagram

Normally causes of malfunctions in the model 8443 A
circuits will be isolated to a circuit board or assembly as a ressult of pertorming the tests specified in the
Troubleshooting Tree. When trouble has been isolated to the low frequenc,
counter assembly (Al), it should be removed from the counter assembly (Al), it should be removed from the
chassis and reinstalled using an extender board. This will provide easy access to test points and
components.

## Equipment Required

4 Channel Oscilloscope Service $K$
10:1 Oscilloscope Digital Voltmeter
Probes (4)
1 DS1 Drive Circuit
The least significant digiti is displayed on DS1. When
the transter pulse from the time base is applied to the transter pulse from the time base is applied to
bufferstore u8, the information in the high frequency
 decodes the $1-2-2-8$ information to cause the
appororiate number in the numerical readout to be
illominated appropprate number in the numerical readout to be
illuminated. U8 also provides a BCD output to a reat
panel connector tor use in external equipment.

## est Procedure

Test 1 -a. Use the digital voltmeter to verify the
presence of do levels at pins A and $\mathrm{B} / 2$ shown on the presence or dic evels
schematic diagram.
Test 1-b. If the A, B, C and D inputs are as shown in Waveform SS9-1, and none of the numerical readouts
illuminate trouble is probably in the +175 volt or +5
volt icrouts. Check for an open circuit in $L 1, L 2$ or $L 3$.

"
【.
II
$\because$
Waverorm SS9-
(See Test 1-c)
est - c. If some, or all of the other numerica U8. Isolate the cause of trouble as follows:

Ground (one at a time) pins $1,2,3,4,11,12,13,14$
15 and 110 of U 1 . Refer to the schematic and verify
that 15 and 16 or u. Refer to the schematic and verity
that the proper number illuminates for each pin as the are grounded. If none of the numbers illuminate,
check R1. If R1 is providing power to DS1, DSt is defective.
If DS1 numbers illuminate as they should in the
previous test, connect the oscilloscope to
fol as

 to 5 . Operate the model 8443 in the MARKER mod
at 10 H reseoltion. Pace the analyzer SCAN WIDT
PER DIVISON t.
 DIVIIIION and SCAN TIME PER DIIVIION to
MLISECON. At these analyzer settings, the easi
signiticant digit of the


 from left to ionh and changing in amplitude erratically
A time exposure of the ocsilliscocope CRT should be
similar to that shown in similar to tosat shown in waveform sso-1. II the
oscilloscope display is correct, U1 is defectiv. If the oscilloscope display is correct, U1 is
display is not correct, U8 is defective.
2 DS2 through DS7 Drive Circuits
The six counter circuits following that of the least
sisnificant doigit each consist of a blanking deeade
counter, a bufferstore a decoderdriver and a

 inputs shat will cause a deceimal point toiluminate in
one of them: the position of the RESOUUTION switch
deternines Blanking inputs are provided to the circuits driving Blanking inputs are pro
DS4, DS5, DS6 and DST.
Each of the last five blanking decade counters is
driven by the divide-byy-ten output of the blanking
decad decade counter which precededes it. The first blankking
decade counter (U16) is driven by the $D$ output of the decaade counter $(\mathrm{U} 16$ ) is driven by the D output of the
high freauncey decade. When the rranser pulse is
feceived. each butferstsore transters

decodererdrivers operate on negative logic; the rear
panel BCD outputs are positive logic. When the reset pulse appears all of the bosinkiving decade. We counters and
he high trequency decade are set to zero. Test Procedure 2
General
The numerical readout indicators, in many instances,
will help to localize a problem to a specific area within he low frequency counter circuits.
If any one of the numerical readouts does not function but numerical readouts to the eeft of it do, the trouble is
likely to be the reacoutt itself, the decocolerdriver, or the butfersstore associated with that readout. It is no
likely
int that the associated blanking decade counter is likely that
defective.
If any numerical readout is blank or reads only one
lumber and the readouts to the left consistently read number and the readouts so the left consistently read
o, the blanking decads counter for the first $\begin{aligned} & \text { readout } \\ & \text { affected (from the right) is probably defective. }\end{aligned}$. Test 2 -a. If a single numerical readout is not
unctioning,
unound (one at a t time) pins $1,2,2,4,11$,
 drives it. Refer to the schemati
the right number is illuminating
If none of the numbers illuminate, check the 6800 ohm If none of the numbers iluminate, check the 6800 ohm
fesistor associated with that readout. II the 6800 ohm
resistor is supplying power, the readout device is defective.
If the readout deviec illuminates correctly when the
specified pins are grounded, proceed to test 2 -b. Test 2 -b. Connect the oscilloscone to the buffer/store
 3 and Channel D - pin 16. Set the oscilloscope
TIMEDVIV to 1 second and the VOTTSIDV to 5 . Operate the model 8443 A in the EXTERNAL mode at
10 Hz resolution with the R OUTPUT connected to he COUNTER INPUT. Set the aralyner SCAN
WIDTH PER DVIISION to 10 MHz, the SCAN WIDTH


Wave torm SSS9-2
(See Test 2-c)
DIVIIIION and the SCAN TIME PER DIVISION to
second. The oscilloscope CRT display should appea second. The oscilloscope CRT display should dapeea
(to the eye) as four dots moving from left to right and changing erratically in amplitude. A time eexposure a the oscilloscope CRT shmoutidude. Ae simimer exposure o Ss9-1. If the oscillosoope CRT display is as shown,
the decoderldriver is defective. If the display is no est 2-c. Connect the oscill




 bufferstore is defective. If the eignal is not present
Connet. one channel of the oscilloscope to pin 9 of the
Llankin dead connect one channel of the oscilloscopp to pin 9 of the
blanking decade counter.
same except that the oscilloscontrose cermain the
sace is same except that the oscilloscope CRT. trace is
centered and VLTSIDV is set on 2 Th
oscilloscone CRT presentaio she oncillosecone CRT presentation shoull be se similiar too
othat shown in Waverorm Ss9-2. It this wavetorm is hat shown in Waveform ss9-2. If this waveform is
present and the previous one was not, the blanking present and the previous one was not, the blanking
decade ocunter is probal| defective. It the sigal is
hot present, the preceeeding blanking decade counter is not present
defective.
3 DS8 Drive Circuit
The most significant digit, displayed by DS8 in the 10 Hz resolution mode, is ised only when the inpur
frequency tote high freaucuncy decade is 100 MHz
higher. Below 100 MHz , DS8 is 5 haked higher. Below 100 MHZ , D88 is blanked because
there is no positive-going output from U21. The output there is no positive-going output from U21. The output
of $\mathbf{~ L 2}$ changes state on count of 8 representative
of 80 MHz ), but since this transition is negative-going of 80 MHz), but since this transition is nenegative-geing
It has no effect on U15A. When U2 receives a tent
inaut

TM 11-6625-2858-14\&P


Waveform SS9-4
est 3 -b. Leave Channel A and B of the oscillosocop
onnected as they were in the above tests. Connea he Channel $C$ input to U15 pin 13 and the Channel $D$
nput to U15 pin 3 . The oscilloscope CRT display nput to $U 15$ pin 3 . The oscilloscope. CRT display
hould be as shown in waveform $\$ S 9 .-5$. If either the anster or reset pulses are missing and the othe
counter digits function properly, U22 is defective.

Test 3-c. Apply a ground to Q1-c. If DS8 numeral 1
luminates, Q1 is defective. If it does not, DS8 is liluminates

## Blankin

When the UNBLANKED-BLANKED switch on the rea panel is in the BLANKED position, all zeros which are ot he left of the deceimal point and

$\because$

## Section 8



Figure 8-38. A1A1, Low frequency Counter Board Assembly, Components

Section 8
SERVICE SHEET 10
Normally, the cause of a malunction in the model 8443A will be
isolated to a circuit board or assembly as a result of performing the
isolated to o a circuit board or assembly as
tests specified in the troubleshooting tree.
Equipment Required
Digital Voltmeter
Volt-ohm-ammeter
Spectrum Analyzer
Fan Motor Assembly A1A
M1 is a brushless, dc motor comprising a cylindrical, permanent magner rotor and a four section stator winding. It also has two Hall generators (marked "X" on the schematic); the generators are
mounted 900 apart on the stator. The Hall generators have two outputs each, and the two outputs are 1880 out of phase withe each
other. Each output drives a transistor (Q1-4) and each transistor other. Each output drives outpurs arestor (Q1-4) and each transistor
drives one

As the rotor turns, an evenly rotating signal is produced by the Hall
generators. This signal is four sine waves relatively spaced at $0^{\circ}, 90^{\circ}$,
 and applied to the stator windings (W1-4). The relationship between the
Hall generators and the stator windings causes the rotor to turn whenever Hall generators and the stator
power is applied to the circuit
Motor speed is dependent upon the dc current through the Hall
generators. This current is controlled by $Q 5$. $Q 6$, $O 7$ and $C R 8$ provide a


 voltage changes, this changese the conducuition of ofs, whicic changes the
do current through the Hall generators, which stabilizes motor speed. Test Procedure
Use the digital voltmeter to check the voltages shown on the schematic.

SERVICE SHEET 10 (cont'd)

| Signal | Low Frequency Counter AA1 08443-60037 <br> XA1A1 Connector Pin No | Connector Board AIMP5 08443-60039 <br> AIMP5 Connector Pin No | Mother Board A18 08443-60016 <br> XA19 Connector Pin No | $\begin{gathered} \text { BCD Board } \\ \text { A19 } \\ 08443-60068 \\ \text { Digital Output } \\ \text { Connector } \\ \text { Pin No. } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { AO } \\ \text { AO } \\ \text { B0 } \\ \text { DO } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 9 \\ & \hline \\ & \hline \\ & 8 \\ & k \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline R \\ 15 \\ S \\ \hline 14 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 5 \\ & \hline \mathrm{D} \\ & 4 \\ & \hline \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 2 \\ & 26 \\ & 26 \\ & 27 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Signals D0 are | and digit. |
| A1 B1 C1 D1 | $\begin{aligned} & 11 \\ & 10 \\ & 10 \\ & M \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{N} \\ & \mathrm{P} \\ & 13 \\ & 12 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 7 \\ & 6 \\ & 6 \\ & F \\ & H \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 \\ & 4 \\ & 28 \\ & 29 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{A} 2 \\ & \mathrm{B2} 2 \\ & \mathrm{C} 2 \\ & \mathrm{D} 2 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 13 \\ & N \\ & 12 \\ & \hline P \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline L \\ & 11 \\ & M \\ & 10 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 9 \\ & j \\ & 8 \\ & k \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5 \\ & 6 \\ & 30 \\ & 31 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{AB} \\ & \mathrm{AB} \\ & \mathrm{B3} \\ & \mathrm{C3} \\ & \mathrm{D} 3 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 15 \\ & \hline 15 \\ & R \\ & 14 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { J } \\ & \text { J } \\ & \text { K } \\ & \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 11 \\ & \hline 11 \\ & L \\ & 10 \\ & M \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 7 \\ & 8 \\ & 32 \\ & 33 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { A4 } \\ & \text { B4 } \\ & \text { C4 } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & \hline 17 \\ & T \\ & 16 \\ & u \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \\ & \hline F \\ & 7 \\ & H \\ & 6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 13 \\ & 13 \\ & N \\ & 12 \\ & P \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 9 \\ & 10 \\ & 10 \\ & 34 \\ & 35 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { A5 } \\ & \text { B5 } \\ & \text { C5 } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { W } \\ & V \\ & 18 \\ & 19 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4 \\ & \hline \\ & 5 \\ & E \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline S \\ & \mathrm{~S} \\ & 14 \\ & 14 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 111 \\ & 12 \\ & 36 \\ & 36 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathrm{A} 6 \\ & \mathrm{B6} \\ & \mathrm{C} 6^{\prime} \\ & \mathrm{D} 6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \\ & \hline 21 \\ & X \\ & 20 \\ & Y \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { B } \\ & 3 \\ & \text { C } \\ & 2 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \\ & \hline 17 \\ & \hline 16 \\ & 16 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 13 \\ & 14 \\ & 38 \\ & 39 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| A7 | 22 | A | 18 | 15 |  |  |
| Blanking | z | 1 | ${ }^{\text {V }}$ | Blanking Switch | Blanked Unank | $\begin{gathered} \text { Gnd } \\ +5 \end{gathered}$ |
| Print Inhibit | $\begin{aligned} & \text { XA5, } 1 \\ & \text { XA5, } 2 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline A \\ & B \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 48 \\ & 22 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & +5 \\ & \text { Switch } \\ & \text { Gnd } \end{aligned}$ |  | 1 | $\begin{gathered} \text { 25, Blanking } \\ 24,50,16,40, \end{gathered}$ | 41, Blanking Switch |  |  |




Figure 8-42. Fan Motor Credits, Schematic Diagram

Figure 8-40. A1, Low Frequency Counter Assembly, Components


Figure 8-41. A1A2, Fan Motor Assembly, Components


Figure 8-44. A16, Switch Assembly (8443A)


## SERVICE SHEET 4 (CHANGE 12)

## 1. Rectifier Assembly A15

The Rectifier Assembly contains three two-diode, fullwave rectifiers; a regulator circuit; and four fuses. The rectifiers on this board assembly supply the dc voltages that are regulated by the sense amplifier (regulator control) circuits on Sense Amplifier Assembly A14 and the series regulator transistors mounted inside the HP 8443A rear panel. All together, these components make up four dc power supplies to furnish regulated dc power levels of +24 volts, +6 volts, +20 volts, and -12 volts.
Full-wave rectifier CR1-CR2 supplies +39 volts to the +24 volts and +20 volts series regulators, Q3 and Q1 respectively, both of which are controlled by sense amplifiers on Sense Amplifier Assembly A14. Full-wave rectifiers CR3-CR4 and CR5-CR6 furnish +13.2 volts and +8.8 volts to transistors Q2 and Q4 respectively, the +6 volts and -12 volts regulators. Q2 and Q4 are also each controlled by a separate sense amplifier circuit on the Sense Amplifier Assembly. The regulator circuit comprising CR7, Q1, R2 and R3 taps off the +39 volts output of rectifier CR1-CR2 to provide a +25.3 volts reference for the +24 volts sense amplifier. The output of the +24 volts sense amplifier, switched through the POWER STBY-ON switch, serves as the reference for the other three sense amplifier circuits.

## Test Procedure 1

Test 1 -a. Check the voltage levels at the upper ends of the fuses mounted on the Rectifier Board Assembly. (See Service Sheet 4 for fuse locations and voltage levels.)
Test $1-\mathrm{b}$. If there is no voltage present at the upper end of a fuse, check the fuse. If you replace a blown fuse with a new one, and it too burns out, the problem is most likely in the associated sense amplifier circuit on Sense Amplifier Assembly A14.
Test $1-\mathrm{c}$. If the problem is not a blown fuse, set the frontpanel POWER switch to STBY, disconnect the ac power cable, and place the Rectifier Assembly on an extender circuit board. Then reconnect the ac power cable and set the POWER switch to ON.
Test $1-\mathrm{d}$. With an ac voltmeter, measure the voltages across the primary and secondary windings of the ac input power transformer. If there is voltage across the transformer primary, but none across one or more of the secondary windings in use, replace the transformer. If there is no voltage across the transformer primary, check the ac line fuse and the LINE SELECTOR switch on the
rear panel, the front-panel POWER switch, the line filter (FL1), and the ac power cable.
Test $1-\mathrm{e}$. If the voltage across the transformer secondary windings is normal, use the digital voltmeter to check for the dc voltages shown on the schematic diagram.

## 3 Sense Amplifier Assembly A14

The Sense Amplifier Assembly contains four sense amplifier (series regulator control) circuits. Each sense amplifier controls the series regulator transistor for a particular one of the dc outputs: $+24 \mathrm{~V},+20 \mathrm{~V},+6 \mathrm{~V}$, and 12V. In each sense amplifier, a comparator circuit compares the output voltage of its associated regulator transistor with a fixed dc reference derived from the +24 volts supply. Any variation in the output is translated by the comparator and an amplifier circuit into a signal which causes the series regulator to counteract the change in output level.
The sense amplifier circuits and their associated series regulators are made up as follows:
+24 V sense amplifier A14Q14 through A14Q19 controls series regulator Q3.
+20V sense amplifier A14Q1, A14Q5, A14Q6, and A14Q11 controls series regulator Q1.
+6V sense amplifier A14Q2, A14Q7, A14Q8, and A14Q12 controls series regulator Q2.
-12V sense amplifier A14Q3, A14Q9, A14Q10, and A14Q13 controls series regulator Q4.
The Sense Amplifier Assembly also contains two crowbar circuits, one (CR11 through CR19) for the +dc supplies, and one (CR2 through CR4, and Q4) for the -12 V supply. Reset switch S1 on the Sense Amplifier Assembly is a momentary push button used to reset the +dc crowbar. The -12 V crowbar rests automatically.

## Test Procedure 3

To test the Sense Amplifier Assembly, place it on an extender circuit board and use a digital voltmeter to check for the voltage levels shown in the assembly schematic diagram on Service Sheet 4.

## NOTE

The voltages shown on the Sense Amplifier assembly schematic diagram are nominal values and may vary slightly from instrument to instrument.

## Change 1 8-29

A15


Figure 8-29. A15, Rectifier Assembly, Components (CHANGE 12)
Change 18 8-30

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts (CHANGE 13)

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{C} \\ & \mathrm{D} \end{aligned}$ | Qty | Description | Mfr Code | Mfr Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A5 | 08443-60094 | 5 | 1 | BOARD ASSEMBLY-TIME BASE | 26480 | 08443-60094 |
| A5C1 | 0160-2055 | 9 | 25 | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +80-20\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-2055 |
| A5C2 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +80-20\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-2055 |
| A5C3 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +80-20\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-2055 |
| A5C4 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $01 \mathrm{UF}+80-20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 23480 | 0160-2055 |
| A5C5 | 0160-0174 | 9 | 1 | CAPACITOR-FXD . $47 \mathrm{UF}+80-20 \%$ 25VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-0174 |
| A5C6 | 0160-0229 | 7 | 1 | CAPACITOR-FXD 33UF +-10\% 10VDC TA | 56289 | 150D336X9010B2 |
| A5C7 | 0180-0116 | 1 | 6 | CAPACITOR-FXD 6.8UF +-10\% 35VDC TA | 56289 | 150D685X9035B2 |
| A5C8 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $01 \mathrm{UF}+80-20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 24804 | 0160-2055 |
| A5C9 | 0180-1735 | 2 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .22UF + -10\% 35VDC CER | 56289 | 150D224X9035A2 |
| A5C10* | 0160-3456 | 6 | 9 | CAPACITOR-FXD 1000PF +-10\% 1KVDC CER | 28460 | 0160-3456 |
| A5C11 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +80-20\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-2055 |
| A5C12 | 0180-1735 | 2 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .22UF -10\% 35VDC CER | 56289 | 150D224X9035A2 |
| A5C13 | 0160-3453 | 3 | 9 | CAPACITOR-FXD . $05 \mathrm{UF}+80-20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-3453 |
| A5C14-C17 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +80-20\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-2055 |
| A5CR1 | 1901-0025 | 2 |  | DIODE-GEN PRP 100V 200MA DO-7 | 28480 | 1901-0025 |
| A5CR2 | 1910-0016 | 0 | 5 | DIODE-GE 60V 60MA 1US DO-7 | 28480 | 1910-0016 |
| A5CR3 | 1901-0025 | 2 |  | DIODE-GEN PRP 100V 200MA DO-7 | 28480 | 1901-0025 |
| A5CR4 | 1901-0025 | 2 |  | DIODE-GEN PRP 100V 200HA DO-7 | 28480 | 1901-0025 |
| A5CR5 | 1901-0535 | 9 |  | DIODE-SM SIG SCHOTTKY | 26480 | 1901-0535 |
| A5E1 | 8159-0005 | 0 | 2 | WIRE 22AWG W PVC 1X22 80C | 28480 | 8159-0005 |
| A5E2 | 8159-0005 |  |  | WIRE 22AWG W PVC 1X22 80C | 28480 | 8159-0005 |
| A5J1 | 1250-1195 | 8 | 9 | CONNECTOR-RF SM-SLD M PC 50-OHM | 28480 | 1250-1195 |
| A5J2 | 1250-1195 | 8 |  | CONNECTOR-RF SM-SLD M PC 50-OHM | 28480 | 1250-1195 |
| A5L1 | 9100-1629 | 4 | 6 | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 47UH 5\% .166DX .385LG | 28480 | 9100-1629 |
| A5L2 | 9100-1629 | 4 |  | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 47UH 5\% .166DX .385LG | 28480 | 9100-1629 |
| A5L3 | 9100-1629 | 4 |  | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 47UH 5\% .166DX .385LG | 26480 | 9100-1629 |
| A5L4 | 9100-1643 | 2 |  | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 300UH 5\%.166DX .385LG | 28480 | 9100-1643 |
| A5Q1 | 1854-0404 | 0 | 3 | TRANSISTOR NPN SI TO-18 PD=360MW | 28480 | 1854-0404 |
| A5Q2 | 1854-0404 | 0 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI TO-18 PD=360MW | 28480 | 1854-0404 |
| A5Q3 | 1854-0404 | 0 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI TO-18 PD=360MW | 28480 | 1854-0404 |
| A5Q4 | 1854-0071 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD=300MW FT $=200 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28480 | 1854-0071 |
| A5Q5 | 1854-0071 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD=300MW FT=200MHZ | 28480 | 1854-0071 |
| A5Q6 | 1854-0071 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD:300MW FT=200MHZ | 28480 | 1654-0071 |
| A5Q7 | 1854-0071 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD 300MW FT=200MHZ | 28480 | 1854-0071 |
| A5R1 | 0757-0438 | 3 | 8 | RESISTOR 5.11K $1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8-TO-5111-F |
| A5R2 | 0757-0438 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 5.11K 1\%.125W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8-TO-5111-F |
| A5R3 | 0757-0458 | 7 | 1 | RESISTOR 51.1K $1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ FC TC $=400 /+800$ | 28480 | 0757-0458 |
| A5R4* | 0757-0316 | 6 | 1 | RESISTOR $42.21 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8-TO-42R2-F |
| A5R5 | 0757-0440 | 7 | 1 | RESISTOR 7.5K 1\%.125W FC TC $=400 /+700$ | 28480 | 0757-0440 |
| A5R6 | 0757-0438 | 3 |  | RESISTOR $5.11 \mathrm{~K} 1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8-TO-5111-F |
| A5R7 | 0757-0416 | 7 | 11 | RESISTOR $5111 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8-TO-511R-F |
| A5R8 | 0698-0084 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 2.15K 1\%.125W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8-TO-2151-F |
| A5R9 | 0757-0394 | 0 | 6 | RESISTOR 5.1K 1\%.125W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8-TO-51R1-F |
| A5R10 | 0757-0416 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 511 1\%.125W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8-TO-511R-F |
| A5R11 | 0698-3441 | 8 | 7 | RESISTOR $2151 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8-TO-215R-F |
| A5R12 | 0757-0438 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 5.11K $1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8-TO-5111-F |
| A5R13 | 0698-0084 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 2.15K $1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8-TO-2151-F |
| A5R14* | 0757-0420 | 3 | 7 | RESISTOR $7501 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8-TO-751-F |
| A5R15 | 0757-0280 | 4 |  | RESISTOR 1K 1\%.125W FC TC $=400 /+600$ | 28480 | 0757-0280 |
| A5R16 | 0698-3441 | 8 |  | RESISTOR $2151 \% .125$ W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8-TO-215R-F |
| A5R17 | 0757-0438 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 5.11K 1\%.125W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8-TO-5111-F |
| A5R18 | 0757-0159 | 5 | 2 | RESISTOR 1K $1 \% .5 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC $=0+-100$ | 28480 | 0757-0159 |
| A5R19 | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 1K 1\%.125W FC TC $=-400 /+600$ | 28480 | 0757-0280 |
| A5R20 | 0757-1094 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 1.47K 1\%.125W FC TC $=-400 /+600$ | 28480 | 0757-1094 |
| A5R21 | 0698-3441 | 8 |  | RESISTOR 1K 1\%.125W FC TC $=-400 /+600$ | 28480 | 0693-3441 |
| A5R22 | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 1K 1\%.125W FC TC $=-400 /+600$ | 28480 | 0757-0280 |
| A5R23 | 0757-0290 | 5 |  | RESISTOR 6.19K $1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ FC TC $=-400 /+600$ | 28480 | 0757-0290 |
| A5R24 | 0698-3441 | 8 |  | RESISTOR 1K 1\%.125W FC TC= $=400 /+600$ | 28480 | 0698-3441 |
| A5R25 | 0757-0438 | 3 |  | RESISTOR $5.11 \mathrm{~K} 1 \% .25 \mathrm{~W}$ FC TC= $-400 /+600$ | 28480 | 0757-0438 |
| A5R26 | 0757-0438 | 3 | 1 | RESISTOR 5.11K $1 \% .25 \mathrm{~W}$ FC TC= $=-400 /+700$ | 28480 | 0757-0438 |
| A5R27 | 0757-0438 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 5.11K 1\%.125W F TC= $0+-100$ | 28480 | 0757-0438 |
| A5R28 | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 1K 1\%.125W FC TC= -400/+600 | 28480 | 0757-0280 |
| A5R29 | 0698-8821 | 8 | 1 | RESISTOR 5.62 OHM 1\%.125W F TC= $0+-100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8-TO-5R62-F |
| A5S1 | 3101-1213 | 8 | 1 | SWITCH-TGL SUBMIN DPST .5A 120VAC PC | 28480 | 3101-1213 |
| A5TP1 | 08443-00041 | 6 | 16 | TEST POINT | 28480 | 08443-00041 |
| A5TP2 | 08443-00041 | 6 |  | TEST POINT | 28480 | 08443-00041 |
| A5TP3 | 08443-00041 | 6 |  | TEST POINT | 28400 | 08443-00041 |
| A5TP4 | 08443-00041 | 6 |  | TEST POINT | 28460 | 08443-00041 |
| A5TP5 | 06443-00041 | 6 |  | TEST POINT | 28480 | 08443-00041 |
| A5TP6 | 08443-00041 | 6 |  | TEST POINT | 28480 | 08443-00041 |
| A5U1 | 1820-0054 | 5 | 2 | IC GATE TTL NAND QUAD 2-INP | 01295 | SN7400N |
| A5U2 | 1820-0304 | 8 | 2 | IC FF TTL J-K M/S PULSE PRESET/CLEAR | 01295 | SN7472N |
| A5U3 | 1820-2078 | 7 | 5 | IC 74LS 490 P2 CNTR | 28480 | 1820-2078 |
| A5U4 | 1820-2078 | 7 |  | IC 74LS 490 P2 CNTR | 28480 | 1820-2078 |
| A5U6 | 1820-2078 | 7 |  | IC 74LS 490 P2 CNTR | 28480 | 1820-2078 |
| A5U6 | 1820-1217 | 0 |  | IC 74LS 151P MUXR | 28480 | 1820-1217 |


| PART |  |
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| CB1555 | 01121 |
| C023A101L503ZS25 | 56289 |
| C3-1/8-TO-1001-G | 24546 |
| C4-1/8-TO-511R-F | 24546 |
| MC10102P | 04713 |
| MC10125L | 04713 |
| MC10135L | 04713 |
| MC10138L | 04713 |
| MLM324P | 04713 |
| P8155 | 34649 |
| P8243 | 34649 |
| SN74LS00N | 01295 |
| SN74LS138N | 01295 |
| SN74LS248N | 01295 |
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| 5905-01-109-5428 | 0698-7236 | 28480 |
| 5905-01-033-3492 | 0698-7240 | 28480 |
| 5962-00-496-2209 | 0698-8821 | 28480 |
| 5962-00-626-3626 | 0757-0159 | 28480 |
| 5962-01-014-9638 | 0757-0279 | 28480 |
| 5962-00-059-2590 | 0757-0280 | 28480 |
| 5962-01-029-4500 | 0757-0288 | 28480 |
| 5962-01-083-2249 | 0757-0316 | 28480 |
| 5962-01-102-1633 | 0757-0317 | 28480 |
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| 5962-01-004-1270 | 0757-0395 | 28480 |
| 5962-01-150-8841 | 0757-0405 | 28480 |
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| 5910-01-035-6720 | 08443-60067 | 28480 |
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| 5910-00-057-8158 | 1N4998 | 02735 |
| 5910-00-829-0245 | 1N5338B | 04713 |
| 5910-00-809-4701 | 1200-0565 | 28480 |
| 5910-00-850-5355 | 1200-0694 | 28480 |
| 5910-00-403-2449 | 1250-1194 | 28480 |
| 5910-00-444-6726 | 1250-1195 | 28480 |
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| 5970-00-088-5074 | 1251-2035 | 28480 |
| 5940-00-993-9338 | 1400-0084 | 28480 |
| 5905-00-111-1684 | 1480-0059 | 28480 |
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| 5905-00-974-6073 | 150D225X9020A2 | 56289 |
| 5905-00-998-1814 | 150D336X9010B2 | 56289 |
| 5905-00-828-0388 | 150D474X9035A2 | 56289 |
| 5905-00-246-8634 | 150D685X9035B2 | 56289 |
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| 5905-00-339-7209 | 1820-1197 | 28480 |
| 5905-00-828-0404 | 1820-1216 | 28480 |

NATIONAL STOCK NUMBER

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| 2N5179 | 04713 |
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| 3101-1213 | 28480 |
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| 312-001 | 75915 |
| 4040-0750 | 28480 |
| 5086-7010 | 28480 |
| 5086-7099 | 28480 |
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| 761-3-R1K | 11236 |
| 8159-0005 | 28480 |


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| $59621-01-150-8841$ |
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| $5961-00-765-6071$ |
| $5961-00-904-2540$ |
| $5961-00-937-1409$ |
| $5961-00-904-4262$ |
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| $5961-00-496-7364$ |
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| $5961-00-252-1307$ |
| $5961-00-954-9182$ |
| $5910-00-889-4462$ |
| $5961-00-136-8280$ |
| $5961-00-477-7364$ |
| $5961-00-937-1409$ |
| $5961-01-082-1003$ |
| $5905-01-133-3422$ |
| $5920-01-076-5560$ |
| $5920-00-280-4960$ |
| $5999-00-333-9620$ |
| $5920-01-087-1951$ |
| $5920-01087-0836$ |
| $5310-01-097-7987$ |
| $5305-00-492-8796$ |
| $5305-01-083-3907$ |
| $5910-00-187-2609$ |
| $531001-096-5618$ |
| $5930-00-237-1160$ |
| $5920-01-082-3333$ |
| $5920-00-280-8342$ |
| $5999-00-415-1213$ |
| $5962-00-483-1953$ |
| $5962-00-504-0511$ |
| $5985-00-357-3713$ |
| $5985-00-357-3712$ |
| $5905-00-931-5084$ |
| $6625-01-014-3446$ |

Change 1 8-33/(B-34 blank)

## APPENDIX C <br> MAINTENANCE ALLOCATION

## Section I. INTRODUCTION

## C-1. General.

This appendix provides a summary of the maintenance operations for Generator, Signal SG-1122/U. It authorizes categories of maintenance for specific maintenance functions on repairable items and components and the tools and equipment required to perform each function. This appendix may be used as an aid in planning maintenance operations.

## C-2. Maintenance Function.

Maintenance functions will be limited to and defined as follows:
a. Inspect. To determine the serviceability of an item by comparing its physical, mechanical, and/or electrical characteristics with established standards through examination.
b. Test. To verify serviceability and to detect incipient failure by measuring the mechanical or electrical characteristics of an item and comparing those characteristics with prescribed standards.
c. Service. Operations required periodically to keep an item in proper operating condition, i.e., to clean (decontaminate), to preserve, to drain, to paint, or to replenish fuel, lubricants, hydraulic fluids, or compressed air supplies.
d. Adjust. To maintain, within prescribed limits, by bringing into proper or exact position, or by setting the operating characteristics to the specified parameters.
e. Align. To adjust specified variable elements of an item to bring about optimum or desired performance.
f. Calibrate. To determine and cause corrections to be made or to be adjusted on instruments or test measuring and diagnostic equipments used in precision measurement. Consists of comparisons of two instruments, one of which is a certified standard of known accuracy, to detect and adjust any discrepancy in the accuracy of the instrument being compared.
g. Install. The act of emplacing, seating, or fixing into position an item, part, module (component or assembly) in a manner to allow the proper functioning of the equipment or system.
h. Replace. The act of substituting a serviceable like type part, subassembly, or module (component or assembly) for an unserviceable counterpart.
i. Repair. The application of maintenance services (inspect, test, service, adjust, align, calibrate, replace) or other maintenance actions (welding, grinding, riveting, straightening, facing, remachining, or resurfacing) to restore serviceability to an item by correcting specific damage, fault, malfunction, or failure in a part, subassembly, module (component or assembly), end item, or system.
j. Overhaul. That maintenance effort (service/action) necessary to restore an item to a completely serviceable/operational condition as prescribed by maintenance standards (i.e., DMWR) in appropriate technical publications. Overhaul is normally the highest degree of maintenance performed by the Army. Overhaul does not normally return an item to like new condition.
k. Rebuild. Consists of those services/actions necessary for the restoration of unserviceable equipment to a like new condition in accordance with original manufacturing standards. Rebuild is the highest degree of materiel maintenance applied to Army equipment. The rebuild operation includes the act of returning to zero those age measurements (hours, miles, etc.) considered in classifying Army equipments/components.

## Change 2 C-1

## C-3. Column Entries.

a. Column 1, Group Number. Column 1 lists group numbers, the purpose of which is to identify components, assemblies, subassemblies, and modules with the next higher assembly.
b. Column 2, Component/Assembly. Column 2 contains the noun names of components, assemblies, subassemblies, and modules for which maintenance is authorized.
c. Column 3, Maintenance Functions. Column 3 lists the functions to be performed on the item listed in column 2. When items are listed without maintenance functions, it is solely for the purpose of having the group numbers in the MAC and RPSTL coincide.
d. Column 4, Maintenance Category. Column 4 specifies, by the listing of a "work time" figure in the appropriate subcolumn(s), the lowest level of maintenance authorized to perform the function listed in column 3. This figure represents the active time required to perform that maintenance function at the indicated category of maintenance. If the number or complexity of the tasks within the listed maintenance function vary at different maintenance categories, appropriate "work time" figures will be shown for each category. The number of task-hours specified by the "work time" figure represents the average time required to restore an item (assembly, subassembly, component, module, end item or system) to a serviceable condition under typical field operating conditions. This time includes preparation time, troubleshooting time, and quality assurance/quality control time in addition to the time required to perform the specific tasks identified for the maintenance functions authorized in the maintenance allocation chart. Subcolumns of column 4 are as follows:

C - Operator/Crew
O - Organizational
F - Direct Support
H - General Support
D - Depot
e. Column 5, Tools and Equipment. Column 5 specifies by code, those common tool sets (not individual tools) and special tools, test, and support equipment required to perform the designated function.
f. Column 6, Remarks. Column 6 contains an alphabetic code which leads to the remark in section IV, Remarks, which is pertinent to the item opposite the particular code.

## C-4. Tool and Test Equipment Requirements (Sect. III).

a. Tool or Test Equipment Reference Code. The numbers in this column coincide with the numbers used in the tools and equipment column of the MAC. The numbers indicate the applicable tool or test equipment for the maintenance functions.
b. Maintenance Category. The codes in this column indicate the maintenance category allocated the tool or test equipment.
c. Nomenclature. This column lists the noun name and nomenclature of the tools and test equipment required to perform the maintenance functions.
d. National/NATO Stock Number. This column lists the National/NATO stock number of the specific tool or test equipment.
e. Tool Number. This column lists the manufacturer's part number of the tool followed by the Federal Supply Code for manufacturers ( 5 -digit) in parentheses.

## C-5. Remarks (Sect. IV).

a. Reference Code. This code refers to the appropriate item in section II, column 6.
b. Remarks. This column provides the required explanatory information necessary to clarify items appearing in section II.

## Change $2 \mathrm{C}-2$

## SECTION II MAINTENANCE ALLOCATION CHART <br> FOR <br> GENERATOR, SIGNAL SG-1122/U

| (1) <br> GROUP NUMBER | (2) | (3) <br> MAINT. FUNCTION | (4) <br> MAINTENANCE LEVEL |  |  |  |  | (5) <br> TOOLS AND EQUIPMENT | (6) <br> REMARKS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | C | 0 | F | H | D |  |  |
| 00 | SIGNAL GENERATOR SG-1122/U | Inspect | 0.2 |  |  |  |  |  | A |
|  |  | Test | 0.3 |  |  |  |  |  | B |
|  |  | Test |  |  |  | 0.6 |  |  |  |
|  |  | Repair | 0.3 |  |  |  |  |  | C |
|  |  | Adjust |  |  |  | 2.0 |  | 2 thru 16 |  |
|  |  | Repair |  |  |  | 9.0 |  |  | D |
|  |  | Calibrate |  |  |  | 4.0 |  | 2 thru 16 |  |
| 01 | LOW FREQUENCY COUNTER ASSEMBLY A1 | Inspect |  |  |  | 0.2 |  |  |  |
|  |  | Test |  |  |  | 1.0 |  | 2 thru 16 |  |
|  |  | Repair |  |  |  | 1.0 |  |  | E |
| 02 | VIDEO ASSEMBLY: AMPLIFIER ALC A8 | Inspect |  |  |  | 0.2 |  |  |  |
|  |  | Test |  |  |  | 2.0 |  |  |  |
|  |  | Repair |  |  |  | 3.0 |  | 2 thru 16 | F |
| 03 | BOARD ASSY: RECTIFIER A15 | Inspect |  |  |  | 0.2 |  |  |  |
|  |  | Test |  |  |  | 0.5 |  |  |  |
|  |  | Repair |  |  |  | 0.5 |  | 16 | G |
| 04 | MOTHERBOARD ASSEMBLY A18 | Inspect |  |  |  | 0.5 |  |  |  |
|  |  | Test |  |  |  | 0.5 |  |  |  |
|  |  | Repair |  |  |  | 3.0 |  |  |  |
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|  |  | hange 2 C-3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## SECTION III TOOL AND TEST EQUIPMENT REQUIREMENTS <br> FOR <br> GENERATOR, SIGNAL SG-1122/U

| TOOL OR TEST EQUIPMENT REF CODE | MAINTENANCE CATEGORY | NOMENCLATURE | NATIONAL/NATO STOCK NUMBER | TOOL NUMBER |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 0 | TOOL KIT, ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT TK-101/G | 5180-00-064-5178 |  |
| 2 | H | TOOL KIT, JTK-17 | 4931-01-073-3845 |  |
| 3 | H | MULTIMETER, DIGITAL | 6625-01-010-9255 | HP3490A |
| 4 | H | OSCILLOSCOPE AND | 6625-01-034-3269 | TEK 5440 |
|  |  | PLUG-IN UNIT | 4931-01-008-1479 | TEK 5S14N |
| 5 | H | GENERATOR, SIGNAL | 6625-00-318-6304 | HP8640B |
| 6 | H | COUNTER, FREQUENCY, SYSTEM | 6625-00-531-4752 | HP5345A |
| 7 | H | POWER SUPPLY PLUG-IN | 6130-01-004-6705 | TEK PS 805A |
| 8 | H | SPECTRUM ANALYZER CONSISTING OF: |  |  |
|  |  | DISPLAY SECTION | 6625-00-424-4370 | HP141T |
|  |  | IF | 6625-00-431-9339 | HP8552B |
|  |  | RF SECTION PLUG IN | 6625-00-140-0156 | HP8554B |
| 9 | H | FREQUENCY MEASURING SYSTEM CONSISTING OF: | 6625-00-528-6773 | TRACOR 599K |
|  |  | RECEIVER, STANDARD OSCILLATOR | 6625-00-528-6773 4931-00-113-2942 | TRACOR 599K HP105A |
|  |  | METER, FREQUENCY DIFFERENCE | 6625-01-085-7707 | TRACOR 527E |
| 10 | H | AMPLIFIER, POWER | 4931-00-128-1444 | RF 815 |
| 11 | H | DETECTOR, CRYSTAL | 6625-00-880-4978 | HP 423A |
| 12 | H | OSCILLATOR, TEST | 6625-00-054-3483 | HP652A |
| 13 | H | VOLTMETER, AC | 6625-00-229-0457 | HP4D0EL |
| 14 | H | RECORDER, $\mathrm{X}-\mathrm{Y}$ | 6625-00-463-6042 | HP7O35B |
| 16 | H | ATTENUATOR | 5985-00-993-1377 | HP355C |
| 16 | H | MULTIMETER | 6625-00-238-1274 | SIMPSON 260-6 |

## SECTION IV. REMARKS

| REFERENCE <br> CODE | REMARKS |
| :--- | :--- |
| A | VISUAL INSPECTION OF EXTERNAL SURFACE ONLY. |
| B | NORMAL OPERATIONAL TEST. |
| C | REPLACEMENT OF FUSES, KNOBS, AND ANY OTHER MAINTENANCE ON THE EXTERNAL <br> SURFACE OF THE SG-1122/U. |
| D | REPAIR BY REPLACEMENT OF ASSEMBLIES: A2, A3, A4, AS, A6, A7, A9, A10, A11, A12, A13, <br> A14, A16, A17, A19, A20, T-1, W-1, W3 thru W8. |
| E | A1 REPAIRED BY REPLACEMENT OF A1A1, A1A2, A1A3. |
| F | A8 REPAIRED TO COMPONENT LEVEL AND REPLACEMENT OF A8A1, A8A1U1, ABA1U2. |
| G LIMITED TO REPLACEMENT OF A15F1 thru A15F4. |  |

## APPENDIX D

OPERATOR, ORGANIZATIONAL, DIRECT SUPPORT AND GENERAL SUPPORT MAINTENANCE REPAIR PARTS AND SPECIAL TOOLS LISTS

Refer to Section, Replaceable Parts, for all parts required for the operation and repair of the Generator, Signal SG-1122/U.

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Figure 8-39. Low Frequency Counter Assembly A1 and Digital Output Assembly A19 Schematic Diagram, Sheet 1 of 2 (CHANGE 9)


Figure 8-39. Low Frequency Counter Assembly A1 and Digital Output Assembly A19 Schematic Diagram, Sheet 2 of 2 (CHANGE 9)
Change 18 -37/(B-38 blank)


1. REFERENCE DESIINATOAS WITHIN THIS ASSEMBLY ARE ABBREVIATED.
FOR COMPLETE REFERENCE DESIG FOR COMPLETE REFERENCE DESIG.
NATION.
PREFIX ABbREVIATION WITH ASSEMBLY DESIGNATION.
. UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED RESISTANCE IS IN OHMS ( $\Omega$ CAPACITANCE II IN PICOFARADS (PF)
inouctance Is (N MICROHENRIES (HH) UTTACE IS INMICROHENRIES (uH) inductor l7 is part of pc boaro trace

Figure 8-37. High Frequency Decade Assembly, A6 Schematic Diagram (CHANGE 10)
Change $18-39 /(\mathrm{B}-40$ blank)


Change 1 8-41/(B-42 blank)

Figure 8-34. A5 Time Base Assembly, Cover and Components (CHANGE 13)

## APPENDIX A <br> REFERENCES

DA Pam 310-1
DA Pam 738-750
TM 750-244-2

Consolidated Index of Army Publications and Blank Forms.
The Army Maintenance Management System (TAMMS)
Procedures for Destruction of Electronics Materiel to Prevent Enemy Use (Electronics Command).

## Change 1 A-1/(A-2 blank)

## APPENDIX B

DIFFERENCE DATA SHEETS

## B-1. Production Changes.

The following changes MUST be made to the technical manual as a result of instrument production changes. The extent of the manual changes depends upon the serial prefix of the instrument.

## B-2. Technical Manual Changes.

a. Make all appropriate serial number related changes indicated in the table shown below:

| Model 8443A |  | Model 8443B |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Serial prefix or number | Make Manual changes | Serial Prefix or number | Make Manual changes |
| 1217 A 00786 through <br> 1217 A00910 | 1 | $\begin{aligned} & 1228 \mathrm{~A} 00151 \\ & \text { through } \\ & 1228 \mathrm{~A} 00190 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 1 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1217A00911 } \\ & \text { through } \\ & \text { 1217A01010 } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 1,2 | $\begin{aligned} & 1228 \mathrm{~A} 00191 \\ & \text { through } \\ & 1228 \text { A00310 } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 1,2 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1334A01011 } \\ & \text { through } \\ & \text { 1334A01585 } \end{aligned}$ | 1-3 | $\begin{aligned} & 1228 \mathrm{~A} 00311 \\ & \text { through } \\ & 1228 \mathrm{~A} 00330 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 1,2,4 |
| 1334A01586 through 1334A01785 | 1-4 | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { 1228A00331 } \\ & \text { through } \\ & \text { 1228A00350, } \\ & \text { 1633A, } \\ & \text { 1719A } \end{aligned}$ | 1,2,4,5 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { 1334A01786 } \\ & \text { through } \\ & \text { 1334A02035, } \\ & \text { 1631A, } \\ & \text { 1714A } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 1-5 |  |  |
| 1732A | 1-6 |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1732A02436 } \\ & \text { through } \\ & 1742 \mathrm{~A} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 1-7 |  |  |
| 1821A | 1-8 |  |  |
| 2044A | 1-9 |  |  |
| 2101A | 1-10 |  |  |
| 2140A | 1-11 |  |  |
| 2141A | 1-12 |  |  |
| 2204A | 1-13 |  |  |

b. Errata for all models and serial numbers:
(1) Page 1-0. Figure 1-1: Delete RACK MOUNTING KIT.
(1.1) Page 1-2, Table 1-1:
(a) Change Power specification under General to read: $115 \mathrm{~V} \pm 10 \% 48-440 \mathrm{~Hz}$ or $230 \mathrm{~V} \pm 10 \%$ $4866 \mathrm{~Hz}, 75 \mathrm{Watts}$, (When the instrument is in standby, power consumption is 30 watts.)
(b) Change Time Base Aging Rate specification (number 8 ) to read: $3 \times .000000001$ per day ( $0.003 \mathrm{~Hz} /$ day) after warmup (seven days of continuous operation or 72 hours of continuous operation after an off time of less than 72 hours).
(2) Page 1-3, Paragraph 1-28:
(a) Delete all references to Rack Mounting Kit.
(3) Page 1-4, Paragraph 1-30: Add: "A Rack Mounting Kit is available to install the instrument in a 19-inch rack. Rack Mounting Kits may be obtained through your nearest Hewlett-Packard Office by ordering HP Part Number 5060-8739."
(4) Page 3-6, Figure 3-3: Add the following at the end of step O: "Return analyzer SCAN WIDTH to PER DIVISION."
(4.1) Page 4-2, Paragraph 4-10:
(a) Change Spectrum Analyzer SCAN WIDTH (step 1) to ZERO.
(b) Delete SCAN WIDTH PER DIVISION... 5 kHz under Spectrum Analyzer in step 1.
(4.2) Page 4-3. Figure 4-2: Reverse the symbol for the $100 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ capacitor in the Low Pass Filter Detail. Show positive side (+) connected to ground and curved plate connected to VERT OUT line.
(5) Page 4-3, Paragraph 4-11.
(a) Change third item under EQUIPMENT to "RF Amplifier (20 dB gain, 30 MHz )."
(b) Add the following under step I of PROCEDURE, Tracking Generator/Counter: FUNCTION TRACK ANALYZER
(6) Page 4-4 Paragraph 4-11
(a) Change RF Amplifier setting to "Power ON 20 dB gain."
(b) Change first sentence in step 4 of PROCEDURE to read: "Use the Model 8552 LOG REF LEVEL vernier control to set the digital voltmeter reading to 300 mV .

## Change 1 B-1

(c) Change first sentence in step 6 of PROCEDURE to read: "If necessary, reset the Model 8552 LOG REF LEVEL vernier control to obtain a reading of 300 mV on the digital voltmeter."
(d) Change Spectrum Analyzer BANDWIDTH to 100 Hz in step 1 of PROCEDURE.
(e) Change test limits of DVM reading in steps 5, 6, and 7 of PROCEDURE (ten places in step 7) to 294 mV 307 mV .
(7) Page 4-5. Paragraph 4-11:
(a) Change last sentence in step 8 of PROCEDURE to read: "Adjust the Model 8552 LOG REF LEVEL vernier control to obtain a reading of 300 mV on the digital voltmeter."
(b) Change test limits of DVM reading in steps 9 and 10 of PROCEDURE to 296 mV 304 mV .
(8) Page 4-6, Paragraph 4-12: Change MARKER POSITION in step 1 of PROCEDURE to "Full CW."
(9) Page 4-7. Paragraph 4-12:Change step 4 of PROCEDURE to read: "Set analyzer to SCAN WIDTH PER DIVISION at 10 MHz and tune the analyzer to approximately 50 MHz . If SCANNING light is on, press the SINGLE scan button on the analyzer. Set the 8443A MODE switch to SCAN HOLD and carefully tune the analyzer to indicate a 100 kHz readout on the Model 8443A. Make sure you have set the frequency to the positive side of zero frequency and not to negative 100 kHz . (On the 8443B, use..."
(9.1) Page 4-7. Paragraph 4-13: Change information in parentheses at end of DESCRIPTION to: (Rs by Zo if Rs is greater than Zo.)
(9.2) Page 4-8, Paragraph 4-13: Change information in parentheses for step 5 of PROCEDURE to read: (Rs/Zo if Rs is greater than Zo.)
(10) Page 4-9, Paragraph 4-15: Add the following between the first and second sentences of the PROCEDURE: "The rear-panel UNBLANKED/BLANKED switch should be in the BLANKED position."
(11) Page 6-1 Paragraph 6-2: Delete entire paragraph.
(12) Page 6-1 Table 6-1, Delete entire table.
(13) Page 6-3, Table 6-3:
(a) Delete third A1, HP Part Number 0844360101, REBUILT 08443-60071.
(b) Add A1MP14, HP Part Number 0460-0198, TAPE: CORK.
(c) Add A4W1, HP Part Number 0844360067, Check Digit 2, CABLE +24V OSC PWR WHTBLK.
(14) Page 6-4 Table 6-3:
(a) Delete third A2, HP Part Number 0844360102, REBUILT 08443-60001.
(b) Delete third A3, 08443-60103,

REBUILT 08443-60002.
(c) Delete third A5, 08443-60104, REBUILT 08443-60048.
(d) Change first A2 to HP Part Number 50867358, Check Digit 2.
(e) Change first A3 to HP Part Number 50867357, Check Digit 1.
(15) Page 6-5, Table 6-3:
(a) Change first ASU3 to A5U3A.
(b) Change second A5U3 to ASU3B.
(c) Change first A 5 U 5 to A 5 U 5 A .
(d) Change second A5U5 to A5U5B.
(e) Delete third A6, HP Part Number 0855460105, REBUILT 08443-60047.
(16) Page 6-7., Table 6-3:
(a) Delete third A7, HP Part Number 0844360106, REBUILT 08443-60046.
(b) Change A7CR6 to HP Part Number 19010743, DIODE-PWR RECT 400V 750 MA DO41.
(17) Page 6-9. Table 6-3:
(a) Change A8A1U1 to HP Part Number
50867010.
(b) Change A8A1U1 to HP Part Number 50867099.
(c) Delete second A8, HP Part Number 0844360107, REBUILT 08443-60045.
(d) Delete second A9, HP Part Number 0844360108, REBUILT 08443-60044.
(17.1) Page 6-10, ITable 6-3. Change last entry for A9A2 to HP Part Number 0844300068, INSULATOR: 120 MHz FILTER (recommended replacement).
(18) Page 6-11, Table 6-3:
(a) Delete second A10, HP Part Number 0844360109, REBUILT 08443-60043.
(b) Delete second A11, HP Part Number 0844360110, REBUILT 08443-60842.
(19) Page 6-12. Table 6-3: Delete second A12, HP Part Number 0844360111, REBUILT 08443-60041.
(20) Page 6-13 Table 6-3] Delete second A12, HP Part Number 0844360115, REBUILT 08443-60077.

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(21) Page 6-14. Table 6-3.
(a) Change A13R29 to HP Part Number 07570288, R:FXD MET FLM 9.09K OHM 1\% 1/8W.
(b) Change A13R30 and A13R31 to HP Part Number 0757-0280, R:FXD MET FLM 1K OHM 1\% 1/8W.
(c) Change A13R32 to HP Part Number 07570440, R:FXD MET FLM 7.50K OHM 1\% 1/8W.
(d) Change A13R33 to HP Part Number 07570401, R:FXD MET FLM 100 OHM 1\% 1/8W.
(e) Change A13R34 to HP Part Number 07570279, R:FXD MET FLM 3.16K OHM 1\% 1/8W.
(f) Delete second A14, HP Part Number 0844360113, REBUILT 08443-60015.
(22) Page 6-15 Table 6-3.
(a) Change A14R8 to HP Part Number 07570420, R:FXD MET FLM 750 OHM 1\% 1/8W.
(b) Change A14R11 to HP Part Number 06835115, R:FXD COMP 510 OHM 5\% 1/4W.
(c) Change A14R12 to HP Part Number 07570288, R:FXD MET FLM 9.09K OHM 1\% 1/8W.
(23) Page 6-16 Table 6-3.
(a) Delete second A15, HP Part Number 0844360114, REBUILT 08443-60014.
(b) Change A15CR1 thru CR4, CR9 and CR10 to HP Part Number 1901-0743, DIODE-PWR RECT 400V 750 MA DO-41.
(24) Page 6-17 Table 6-3.
(a) Add F1, HP Part Number 21100002, FUSE, CARTRIDGE 2A 3AG.
(b) Add E1, HP Part Number 03400140, INSULATOR TO-66 (FOR XSTR Q5).
(25) Page 6-18
(a) Delete MP50 HP Part Number and change description to NOT ASSIGNED.
(b) Add "(8443A only)" after description for Q2.
(c) Delete second Q4 (entire line).
(25.1) Page 6-19, Table 6-3.
(a) Add to WS, HP Part Number 0844360009: HP Part Number 5031-0906, SLEEVE, RF PIN POSITIONING.
(b) Delete HP Part Number 1400-0084 for fuseholder XF1 and add the following parts:

HP Part Number 2110-0564, BODY, HIGH PROFILE.
HP Part Number 2110-0565, CARRIER.
HP Part Number 2110-0569, NUT, HEX-PLASTIC.
(25.2) Page 6-20, Table 6-3 Delete the following items (entire line): First No. 4, first No. 5, first No. 6, first No. 11, first No. 12, second No. 12, first No. 13, first No. 14, first No. 15, No. 16, and first No. 17.
(26) Page 8-13, Figure 8-9: Change bottom "Q" of JK Flip Flop to "O".
(27) Page 8-27. Figure 8-23:
(a) Add R14 464 ohms to resistor located between A13TP4 and junction of A13R15 and A 13T2 center tap.
(b) Add CR1 to 8.25 V breakdown diode on A11.
(28) Page 8-29 Figure 8-27:
(a) Change A8A1U1 to HP Part Number
50867010.
(b) Change A8A1U2 to HP Part Number
50867099.
(29) Page 8-31| Figure 8-30:
(a) Change chassis-mounted Q2 (between Q5 and Q1) to Q3.
(b) Change A14R47 to 2.7 ohms.
(c) Change A14R12 (bottom of A14 schematic) to 9.09 K .
(30) Page 8-39, Figure 8-36:
(a) Change C 19 in upper left corner to

C14.
(b) Change CR3 between R16 and C18
to CR13.
(c) Change R29 located directly below

CR12 to C29.
(d) Change C29 to R25.
(e) Change R25 to C25.
(31) Page 8-39, Figure 8-37:
(a) Change +20 V to +24 V on A16S1 (A18XA6 pin F).
(b) Change A6U3 bottom pin 11 (Vcc1) to pin 1.
(32) Page 8-44 Figure 8-43.
(a) Change A18R6 to 360 ohms.
(b) Change A18R7 to 200 ohms.
(c) Change the statement
"TO CRYSTAL OSCILLATOR" to read "TO CRYSTAL OSCILLATOR VIA +24V OSCILLATOR POWER CABLE A4W1."
c. Change 1.
(1) Page 6-14, Table 6-3: Change A14C5 to HP Part Number 0180-1745, C:FXD ELECT 1.5UF 10\% 20 VDCW.
(2) Page 8-31|Figure 8-30(Service Sheet 4): Change A14C5 to 1.5 IF.
d. Change 2.
(1) Page 6-5 Table 6-3: Change A5R14 to HP Part Number 0698-0083, R:FXD MET FLM 1.96K OHM 1\% 1/8W.
(2) Page 6-12, Table 6-3:
(a) Change A11R19 and A11R21 to HP Part Number 0698-3438, R:FXD MET FLM 147 OHM 1\% 1/8W.
(b) Change A1 1R20 to HP Part Number 06983435, R:FXD MET FLM 38.3 OHM 1\% 1/8W.
(3) Page 8-27.||Figure 8-23 Service Sheet 2):
(a) Change A11R19 and A11R21 to 147 ohms.
(b) Change A11R20 to 38.3 ohms.
(4) Page 8-37, Figure 8-35 (Service Sheet 7): Change A5R14 to 1960 ohms.
e. Change 3.
(1) Page 6-5, Table 6-3: Change A5U3A, ASU3B, ASU4, A5U5A, and A5U5B to HP Part Number 1820-0413.
(2) Page 8-37 Figure 8-35: Change A5U3A, A5U3B, A5U4, A5U5A, and A5U5B to HP Part Number 1820-0413.
f. Change 4.
(1) Page 6-18 Table 6-3
(a) Change MP24 to HP Part Number
0844300061.
(b) Change MP25 to HP Part Number
0844300062.
(c) Change MP26 to HP Part Number
0844300063.
g. $\quad$ Change 5.
(1) Page 6-4 Table 6-3:
(a) Change A2W1 to HP Part Number
0035560005.
(b) Change A3W1 to HP Part Number
0035560004.
(c) Change A3W2 to HP Part Number 0035560006.
h. Change 6.
(1) Page 6-3, Table 6-3. Add A1E1, HP Part Number 08443-00069, INSULATOR FREQ COUNTER.
j. Change 7.
(1) Page 6-4 Table 6-3: Change A5CS to HP Part Number 0160-0174, C:FXD CER .47UF +80-20\% 25VDC.
(2) Page 6-5 Table 6-3
(a) Add A5CR5, HP Part Number 19010535, DIODE-SCHOTTKY.
(b) Add A5E1, HP Part Number 81590005, JUMPER (REPLACES A5L5).
(c) Delete A5L5 (entire line).
(d) Change A5Q1, A5Q2, and A5Q3 to HP Part Number 1854-0404 TSTR:SI NPN TO-18 PD 360MW.
(e) Change A5R4 to A5R4*, HP Part Number 0757-0316, R:FXD MET FLM 42.2 OHM 1\% 1/8W FACTORY SELECTED PART.
(f) Change A5R14 to A5R14*, HP Part Number 0757-0420, R:FXD MET FLM 750 OHM 1\% 1/8W FACTORY SELECTED PART.
(3) Page 8-37, Figure 8-35 Service Sheet 7):
(a) Delete L5 (bottom left-hand side of schematic) and show as jumper E1.
(b) Change value of C 5 to $.47 \mu \mathrm{~F}$.
(c) Change A5R4 to A5R4* 42.2 ohms.
(d) Change A5R14 to A5R14* 750
ohms.
(e) Change A5Q1, A5Q2, and A5Q3 to HP Part Number 1854-0404.
(f) Add Schottky diode from base to collector of A5Q3 as shown below in the partial schematic.


P/O Figure 8-35. Time Base Circuit, Schematic
Diagram (CHANGE 7)
k. Change 8.
(1) Page 6-17. Table 6-3: Change A19 to HP Part Number 08443-60089
(2) Page 8-37, Figure 8-35:
(a) Change information at A18XAS-2 (left-hand edge of AS schematic) to read: TO A19JI-23 L PRINT.
(b) Change connector information at A18XA5-1 (right-hand edge of AS schematic) to A19J148.
(3) Page 8-42 Table 8-8
(a) Change HP Part Number of BCD Board A19 in table heading to 08443-60089.
(b) Change "Inhibit" to L Print in Signal column.
(c) Change Digital Output Connector Pin No. (A19) for L Print from 22 to 23.
l. Change 9.
(1) Pages 6-3 and 6-4 Table 6-3. Replace entire A1 listing (from Al thru A1A2R27) with new A1 Low Frequency Counter Assembly list (CHANGE 9) included in this appendix on pages B-7 and B-8
(2) Page 6-4 Table 6-3: Change A5C10 to A5C10* HP Part Number 0160-3456, Check Digit 6, C:FXD 1000pF 1000V CER FACTORY SELECTED PART.

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(3) Page 6-9, Table 6-3: Change A7R43 to HP Part Number 0757-0317, Check Digit 7, R:FXD 1.33K OHM 1\%.125W.
(4) Page 8-20 Figure 8-17, Sheet 1 of 2 Delete Sheet 1 (Counter Troubleshooting Tree) of Figure 8-17.
(5) Page 8-32, SERVICE SHEET 5, General:
(a) Change the seventh and eighth paragraphs under "General" to read as follows: "The counter signal input is gated to the high frequency decade by the main gate flip-flop, which is toggled by the decade divider circuits in Time Base Assembly A5. Besides dividing the input frequency by 10, High Frequency Decade Board A6 provides BCD information (A, B, C, D) to Low Frequency Counter Board A1A1. Low Frequency Counter Board A1A1 uses the BCD inputs (A, B, C, D) to drive its timer and BCD driver circuit. The D Signal input also drives the prescaler, which develops four additional BCD inputs for the timer and BCD driver. The signals derived from the eight level BCD light segments in the numerical display IC's on Counter Display Board A1A2, and are supplied to Digital Output Assembly A19 on the rear of the 8443A."
(6) Page 8-32, SERVICE SHEET 5, Time Base Assembly A5: Change description starting with line 9 of paragraph 12 to "... $150 \mu \mathrm{sec}$ one-shot which drives TP10 high and TP3 low to start the transfer pulse. The transfer input starts the transfer of information from the low frequency counter board to the counter display board (A1A2). It also initiates the transfer of digital information from the Low Frequency Counter Board (A1A1) to the Digital Output Assembly (A19) on the 8443A rear panel."
(7) Page 8-32 SERVICE SHEET 5, High Frequency Decade A6: Delete the fourth paragraph under "High Frequency Decade A6."
(8) Page 8-32, SERVICE SHEET 5, Low Frequency Counter A1: Delete all text pertaining to Low Frequency Counter A1 and insert new text, SERVICE SHEET 5 (CHANGE 9) Low Frequency Counter A1A1 and Counter Display A1A2, included in this appendix on bages B-9 and B-10.
(9) Page 8-33, Figure 8-31. Change Low Frequency Counter portion of Counter Section Logic Diagram as shown in partial P/O Fig 8-31, Low Frequency Counter portion of Logic Diagram (CHANGE 9), included in this appendix on page B-10.
(10) Page 8-35, Figure 8-33:
(a) Change R8 (in collector circuit of Q5B) so that its top end connects to cathode of CR4 instead of to +20VF.
(b) Change emitter of Q16 so that it connects to switched ground, same as Q17, instead of to circuit board ground.
(c) Change value of R43 to 1.33 K ohms.
(11) Page 8-37, Figure 8-35: Change value of capacitor C10 to 1000 pF and place an asterisk (*) next to it to indicate it is a factory selected part.
(12) Page 8-38, "Reset Translator and Divide-By-Ten Decade": Change third paragraph to read: "The decade dividers convert the 100 KHz to 110 MHz input frequency to an output frequency of 10 KHz to 11 MHz . The $\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{B}, \mathrm{C}$, and D outputs are fed to the Low Frequency Counter."
(13) Page 8-40, SERVICE SHEET 9: Delete all text and the waveforms shown on page $8-$ 40, and replace them with the new SERVICE SHEET (CHANGE 9) text included in this appendix on pages B-11 thru B-16
(14) Page 8-40, Figure 8-38: Replace Figure 838 with the new parts locations diagrams, Figures $8-38 \mathrm{~A}$, 8-38B, and 8-38C (CHANGE 9) included in this appendix on pages B-17 and B-18
(15) Page 8-41||Figure 8-39: Replace Figure 8-39/ with the new Figure 8-39 (CHANGE 9)
included in this appendix on pages 8-35 and 8-37.
(16) Pages 8-42 and 8-43 SERVICE SHEET 10:
(a) Delete text and Table 8-8 pn page 8-
(b) Delete Figures 8-40, 8-41, and 8-42
on page 8-43.
m. Change 10.
(1) Pages 6-5 thru 6-7. Table 6-3: Replace entire A6 listing (from A6 thru A6W1) with new A6 High Frequency Decade Assembly list (CHANGE 10) included in this appendix on pages B-19 and B-20
(2) Page 8-33 Figure 8-31 Change High Frequency Decade A6 section of Counter Logic Diagram as shown in the partial logic diagram P/O Figure 8-31 (CHANGE 10) included in this appendix on page $B$ 21.
(3) Page 8-38 SERVICE SHEET 8: Replace all text and waveforms shown in page 838, SERVICE SHEET 8, with the new SERVICE SHEET 8 (CHANGE 10) text and waveform illustrations included in this appendix on pages B-22 thru B-26.
(4) Page 8-39, Figure 8-36: Replace Figure 836 with new parts location diagram, Figure 8-36 (CHANGE 10) included in this appendix on page B-27
(5) Page 8-39, Figure 8-37 Replace Figure 837 with new High Frequency Decade Assembly Schematic Diagram, Figure 837 (CHANGE 10) included in this appendix on page 8-39
n. Change 11.
(1) Page 6-7 Table 6-3
(a) Change A6R13 to HP Part Number 06980083, Check Digit 8, R:FXD MET FLM 1.96K OHMS 1\% 1/8W.
(b) Change A6R14 to HP Part Number 06980085, Check Digit 0, R:FXD MET FLM 2.61K OHMS 1\% 1/8W.
(c) Change A6R18 to HP Part Number 07570416, Check Digit 7, R:FXD MET FLM 511 OHMS $1 \% 1 / 8 \mathrm{~W}$.
(d) Change A6R25 to HP Part Number 06980082, Check Digit 7, R:FXD MET FLM 464 OHMS $1 \% 1 / 8 \mathrm{~W}$.
(e) Change A6R33 to HP Part Number 06987240, Check Digit 3, R:FXD MET FLM 1.47K OHMS 1\% 1/20W.
p. Change 12.
(1) Page 6-16. Table 6-3 Replace entire A15 listing (from A15 thru A15XF5) with new A15 Rectifier Assembly list (CHANGE 12) included in this appendix on page B-28.
(2) Page 6-17, Table 6-3: Delete A18C4 and A18R1.
(3) Page 6-18 Table 6-3: Delete Q5.
(4) Page 8-30, Service SHEET 4: Replace all text following "Rectifier Assembly A15" with new SERVICE SHEET 4 (CHANGE 12) text included in this appendix on page 8-29.
(5) Page 8-31, Figure 8-29: Replac\& Figure 8-29 (A15 Rectifier Assembly) component location with new Figure 8-29 (CHANGE 12) included in this appendix on page 8-30.
(6)

Page 8-31, Figure 8-30: Replac\& Figure 8-30 (Power Supplies and Regulators Schematic Diagram) with new Figure 8-30 (CHANGE 12) included in this appendix on page B-41.
(7) Page 8-44 Figure 8-43: Delete C4, Q5, and R1 from Motherboard Assembly A18 portion of wiring diagram.
q. Change 13 .
(1) Pages 6-4 and 6-5, Table 6-3: Replace entire A5 listing (from A5 thru A5W1) with new A5 Time Base Assembly list (CHANGE 13) included in this appendix on page B-31.
(2) Page 8-37 Figure 8-34: Replact Figure 8-34 (A5 Time Base Assembly) Component location with new Figure 8-34 (CHANGE 13) included in this appendix on page 8-43
(3) Page 8-37 Figure 8-35: Replac\& Figure 8-35 (A5 Time Base Assembly Schematic Diagram) with new Figure 8-35(CHANGE 13) included in this appendix on page 8-43.

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts (CHANGE 9)

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{C} \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Qty | Description | Mfr Code | Mfr Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A1 | 08443-60117 | 3 | 1 | LOW FREQUENCY COUNTER ASSEMBLY | 28480 | 08443-60117 |
| A1A1 | 08443-60090 | 1 | 1 | LOW FREQUENCY COUNTER BOARD ASSEMBLY | 28480 | 08443-0090 |
| A1A1C1 | 0160--4084 | 8 | 6 | CAPACITOR-FXD .1UF +-20\% 50VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4084 |
| A1A1C2 | 0180-2215 | 5 | 1 | CAPACITOR-FXD 170UF+75-10\% 15VDC AL | 56289 | 30D177G015DD2 |
| A1A1C3 | 0160-4084 | 8 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .1UF +-20\% 50VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4084 |
| A1A1C4 | 0160-4084 | 8 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .1UF +-20\% 50VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4084 |
| A1A1C5 | 0160-0127 | 2 | 1 | CAPACITOR-FXD 1 UF *-20\% 20VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-0127 |
| A1A1C6 | 0160-3879 | 7 | 1 | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-20\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-3879 |
| A1A1C7 | 0180-0197 | 8 | 1 | CAPACITOR-FXD 2.2UF.+-10\% 20VDC TA | 56289 | 150D225X9020A2 |
| A1A1C8 | 0160-3875 | 3 | 2 | CAPACITOR-FXD 22PF+-5\% 200VDC CER $0+-30$ | 28480 | 0160-3875 |
| A1A1C9 | 0160-3875 | 3 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 22PF $+-5 \%$ 200VDC CER $0+-30$ | 28480 | 0160-3875 |
| A1A1C10 | 0160-4084 | 8 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 01UF +-20\% 50VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4084 |
| A1A1C11 | 0160-4084 | 8 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $1 \mathrm{UF}+\mathrm{-} 20 \%$ 50VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4084 |
| A1A1C12 | 0160-4084 | 8 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .1UF +-20\% 50VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4084 |
| A1A1C13 | 0160-0575 | 4 | 1 | CAPACITOR-FXD .047UF +-20\% 50 VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-0575 |
| A1A1CH1 | 1901-0535 | 9 | 3 | DIODE.SCHOTTKY | 28480 | 1901-0535 |
| A1A1CH2 | 1901-0535 | 9 |  | DIODE.SCHOTTKY | 28480 | 1901-0535 |
| A1A1CH3 | 1901-0743 | 1 | 1 | DIODE.SCHOTTKY 1N404 400v 1A DO-41 | 01295 | 1N4004 |
| A1A1L1 | 9100-1616 | 9 | 2 | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 1.5UH 10\% | 28480 | 9100-1616 |
| A1A1L2 | 9100-1618 | 1 | 1 | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 5.6UH 10\% | 28480 | 9100-1618 |
| A1A1L3 | 9100-1616 | 9 |  | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 1.5UH 10\% | 28480 | 9100-1016 |
| A1A1L4 | 9100-1621 | 6 | 1 | INDUCTOR RF.-CH-MLD 18UH 10\% .166DX.385LD | 28480 | 9100-1621 |
| A1A1Q1 | 1853-0281 | 9 | 9 | TRANSISTOR PNP 2N2907A SI TO-18 PD=400MW | 04713 | 2N2907A |
| A1A1Q2 | 1853-0281 | 9 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP 2N2907A SI TO-18 PD=400MW | 04713 | 2N2907A |
| A1A1Q3 | 1853-0281 | 9 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP 2N2907A SI TO-18 PD=400MW | 0713 | 2N2907A |
| A1A1Q4 | 1853.0281 | 9 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP 2N2907A SI TO-18 PD=400MW | 04713 | 2N2907A |
| A1A1Q5 | 1854-0477 | 7 | 20 | TRANSISTOR NPN 2N2222A SI TO-18 PD=500MW | 04713 | 2N2222A |
| A1A1Q6 | 1854-0477 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN 2N2222A SI TO-18 PD=500MW | 04713 | 2N2222A |
| A1A1Q7 | 1854-0477 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN 2N2222A SI TO-18 PD=500MW | 04713 | 2N2222A |
| A1A1Q8 | 1854-0477 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN 2N2222A SI TO-18 PD=500MW | 04713 | 2N2222A |
| A1A1Q9 | 1854-0477 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN 2N2222A SI TO-18 PD=500MW | 04713 | 2N2222A |
| A1A1Q10 | 1854-0477 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN 2N2222A SI TO-18 PD=500MW | 04713 | 2N2222A |
| A1A1Q11 | 1854-0477 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN 2N2222A SI TO-18 PD=500MW | 04713 | 2N2222A |
| A1A1Q12 | 1854-0477 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN 2N2222A SI TO-18 PD=500MW | 04713 | 2N2222A |
| A1A1Q13 | 1853-0281 | 9 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP 2N2907A SI TO-18 PD=400MW | 04713 | 2N2907A |
| A1A1Q14 | 18S3-0281 | 9 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP 2N2907A SI TO-18 PD=400MW | 04713 | 2N2907A |
| A1A1Q15 | 1853-0281 | 9 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP 2N2907A SI TO-18 PD=400MW | 04713 | 2N2907A |
| A1A1Q16 | 1853-0281 | 9 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP 2N2907A SI TO-18 PD=400MW | 04713 | 2N2907A |
| A1A1Q17 | 1854-0477 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP 2N2222A SI TO-18 PD=500MW | 04713 | 2N2222A |
| A1A1Q18 | 1854-0477 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN 2N2222A SI TO. 18 PD=500MW | 04713 | 2N2222A |
| A1A1Q19 | 1854-0477 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP 2N2222A SI TO-18 PD=500MW | 04713 | 2N2222A |
| A1A1Q20 | 1854-0477 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP 2N2222A SI TO-18 PD=500MW | 04713 | 2N2222A |
| A1A1Q21 | 1854-0477 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN 2N2222A SI TO-18 PD=500MW | 04713 | 2N2222A |
| A1A1Q22 | 1854-0477 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP 2N2222A SI TO-18 PD=500MW | 04713 | 2N2222A |
| A1A1Q23 | 1854-0477 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP 2N2222A SI TO-18 PD=500MW | 04713 | 2N2222A |
| A1A1Q25 | 1854-0477 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP 2N2222A SI TO-18 PD=500MW | 04713 | 2N2222A |
| A1A1Q26 | 1854-0477 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP 2N2222A SI TO-18 PD=500MW | 04713 | 2N2222A |
| A1A1Q27 | 1854-0477 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP 2N2222A SI TO-18 PD=500MW | 04713 | 2N2222A |
| A1A1Q28 | 1853-0281 | 9 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP 2N2907A SI TO-18 PD=400MW | 071t3 | 2N2907A |
| A1A1R1 | 0757-0465 | 6 | 1 | RESISTOR 100K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | C4-1/8-TO-1003-F |
| A1A1R2 | 0757-0465 | 9 | 3 | RESISTOR 10K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | C4-1/8-TO-1002-F |
| A1A1R3 | 0757-0465 | 9 | 3 | RESISTOR 237 1\%.125W F TC=0+-100 | 24S46 | C4-1/8-TO-237R-F |
| A1A1R4 | 0757-0465 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 237 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | C4-1/8-TO-237R-F |
| A1A1R5 | 0757-0465 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 237 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | C4-1/8-TO-237R-F |
| A1A1R6 | 0683-1555 | 0 | 1 | RESISTOR1.5M 5\% .25W F TC=900/+1000 | 01111 | CS1555 |
| A1A1R7 | 0757-0420 | 3 | 2 | RESISTOR 750 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | C4-1/8-TO-750R-F |
| A1A1R8 | 0757-0420 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 750 1\%.125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | C4-1/8-TO-750R-F |
| A1A1R9 | 0698-3132 | 4 | 2 | RESISTOR 261 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | C4-1/8-TO-261R-F |
| A1A1R10 | 0698-3132 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 3.83K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | C4-1/8.TO-3831-F |
| A1A1R11 | 0698-0085 | 0 | 1 | RESISTOR 2.61K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | C4-1/8.TO-2611-F |
| A1A1R12 | 0698-3153 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 3.83K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | C4-1/8.TO-3831-F |
| A1A1R13 | 0757-0280 | 3 | 1 | RESISTOR 1K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | C4-1/8.TO-1001-F |
| A1A1TP1 | 0360-0124 | 3 | 4 | CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN .04-IN-BSC-SZ RND | 28480 | 0360-0124 |
| A1A1TP2 | 0360-0124 | 3 |  | CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN .04-IN-BSC-SZ RND | 28480 | 0360-0124 |
| A1A1TP3 | 0360-0124 | 3 |  | CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN .04-IN-BSC-SZ RND | 28480 | 0360-0124 |
| A1A1TP4 | 0360-0124 | 3 |  | CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN .04-IN-BSC-SZ RND | 28480 | 0360-0124 |
| A1A1U1 | 1810-0422 | 0 | 1 | NETWORK-RES 10-SIP 10.0 OHM X 9 | 01121 | 210A100 |
| A1A1U2 | 1810-0037 | 3 | 1 | NETWORK-RES 16-DIP 1.0K OHM X 8 | 11236 | $761-3-R 1 \mathrm{~K}$ |
| A1A1U3 | 1820-1442 | 7 | 1 | IC CNTR TTL LS DECO ASYNCHRO | 01295 | SN74LS290N |
| A1A1U4 | 1820-1644 | 1 | 1 | IC DCDR TTL LS BCD-TO-7.SEG .4-TO-7-LINE | 01295 | SN74LS248N |
| A1A1U5 | 1820-1197 | 9 | 1 | IC GATE TTL LS NAND QUAD 2-INP | 01295 | SN74LS00N |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts (CHANGE 9)

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathbf{C} \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Qty | Description | Mfr Code | Mfr Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A1A1U6 | 1820-1216 | 3 | 1 | IC DCDR TTL LS 3-TO-8-LINE 3-1NP | 01295 | SN74LS138N |
| A1A1U7 | 1820-2271 | 2 | 1 | IC MICPROC NMOS 8-B1T | 34649 | D8039 |
| A1A1U8 | 1820-2102 | 8 | 1 | IC LCN TTL LS D-TYPE OCTL | 01295 | SN74LS373N |
| A1A1U9 | 1820-80002 | 7 | 1 | IC-PROGRAMMED ROM | 28480 | 08443-80002 |
| A1A1U10 | 1820-0735 | 4 | 1 | IC 2K RAM 400-NS | 34649 | P8155 |
| A1A1U11 | 1820-2177 | 7 | 1 | IC MICPROC-ACCESS NMOS 4-BIT | 34649 | P8243 |
| A1A1XA2 | 1251-2035 | 9 | 1 | CONNECTOR-PC EDGE 15-CONT/ROW 2-ROWS SOCKET-IC 40.CONT DIP DIP-SLDR | 28480 | 1251-2035 |
| A1A1XU7 | 1200-0694 | 5 |  |  | 28480 | 1200-0694 |
| A1A1XU9 | 1200-0565 | 9 | 2 | SOCKET-IC 24-CONT DIP-SLDR | 28480 | 1200-0565 |
| A1A1XU10 | 1200-0694 | 5 | 1 | SOCKET-IC 40-CONT DIP DIP-SLDR | 28480 | 1200-0694 |
| A1A2 | 08443-60091 | 2 |  | COUNTER DISPLAY BOARD ASSEMBLY | 28480 | 08443.60091 |
| A1A2DS1 | 1990-0725 | 6 | 8 | DISPLAY-NUM-SEG 1-CHAR . $43-\mathrm{H}$ YEL | 28480 | HDSP-4130 |
| A1A2DS2 | 1990-0725 | 6 |  | DISPLAY-NUM-SEG 1-CHAR . $43-\mathrm{H}$ YEL | 28480 | HDSP-4130 |
| A1A2DS3 | 1990-0725 | 6 |  | DISPLAY-NUM-SEG 1-CHAR .43-H YEL | 28480 | HDSP-4130 |
| A1A2DS4 | 1990-0725 | 6 |  | DISPLAY-NUM-SEG 1-CHAR .43-H YEL | 28480 | HDSP-4130 |
| A1A2DS5 | 1990-0725 | 6 |  | DISPLAY-NUM-SEG 1-CHAR . $43-\mathrm{H}$ YEL | 28 a 0 | HDSP-4130 |
| A1A2DS6 | 1990-0725 | 6 |  |  | 28480 | HDSP-4130 |
| A1A2DS7 | 1990-0725 | 6 |  | DISPLAY-NUM-SEG 1-CHAR . $43-\mathrm{H}$ YEL DISPLAY-NUM-SEG 1-CHAR . $43-\mathrm{H}$ YEL | 28480 | HDSP-4130 |
| A1A2DS8 | 1990-0725 | 6 |  | DISPLAY-NUM-SEG 1-CHAR .43-H YEL COUNTER DISPLAY MISCELLANEOUS PARTS | 28480 | HDSP-4130 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 4040-0749 | 4 | 1 | EXTR.PC BD BRN POLYC .062.BD.THKN8 | 28480 | 4040-0749 |
|  | 4040-0749 | 7 | 1 | EXTR.PC BD BRN POLYC .062.BD.THKN8 | 28480 | 4040-0750 |
|  | 1480-0059 | 8 | 2 | PIN ROLL .062-.IN-DIA .25-IN-LG STL | 28480 | 1480-0059 |
| A1A3 | 08443-60095 | 6 | 1 | +6V SWITCHED BOARD ASSEMBLY | 28480 | 08443-60095 |
| A1A3C1 | 0180-2620 | 6 | 1 | CAPACITOR-FXD 2.2UF+-10\% 50VDC TA | 25088 | D2R2GS1B50K |
| A1A3CR1 | 1901-0050 | 3 | 1 | DIODE-SWITCHING 80V 200 MA 2NS D0-35 | 28480 | 1901-0050 |
| A1A3CR2 | 1901-0535 | 9 |  | DIODE-SCHOTTKY | 28480 | 1901-0535 |
| A1A3MP1 | 0380-0885 | 5 | 2 | STANDOFF-RVT-ON .156-IN-LG 4-40THD | 00000 | ORDER By DESCRIPTION |
| A1A3MP2 | 0380-0885 | 5 |  | STANDOFF-RVT-ON . 156 -IN-LG 4-40THD | 00000 | ORDER By DESCRIPTION |
| A1A3Q1 | 1853-0213 | 7 | 1 | TRANSISTOR PNP 2N4236 SI TO-5 PD=1W | 04713 | 2N4236 |
| A1A3Q2 | 1854-0477 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN 2N2222A SI TO-18 PD-500MW | 04713 | 2N2222A |
| A1A3R1 | 0757-1000 | 7 | 1 | RESISTOR $51.11 \% .5 \mathrm{~F} \mathrm{TC=0+-100}$ | 28480 | 0757-1000 |
| A1A3R2 | 0757-1094 | 9 | 1 | RESISTOR 1.47K $1 \% .125 \mathrm{~F}$ TC=0+-100 | 24546 | C4-1/8-TO-1471-F |
| A1A3R3 | 0698-3439 | 4 | 1 | RESISTOR 178 1\%.125F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | C4-1/8-TO-178R-F |
| A1A3R4 | 0757-0405 | 4 | 1 | RESISTOR $1621 \% .125 \mathrm{~F}$ TC=0+-100 | 24546 | C4-1/8-TO-162R-F |
| A1A3R5 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K 1\%.125F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | C4-1/8-TO-1002-F |
| A1A3R6 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K 1\%.125F TC=0 + -100 | 24546 | C4-1/8-TO-1002-F |
| A1A3R7 | 0698-3454 | 3 | 1 | RESISTOR 215K 1\%.125F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | C4-1/8-TO-2153-F |
| A1A3TP1 | 1251-0600 | 0 | 4 | CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN 1.14-BSC SZ SQ | 28480 | 1251-0600 |
| A1A3TP2 | 1251-0600 | 0 |  | CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN 1.14-BSC SZ SQ | 28480 | 1251-0600 |
| A1A3TP3 | 1251-0600 | 0 |  | CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN 1.14-BSC SZ SQ | 28480 | 1251-0600 |
| A1A3TP4 | 1251-0600 | 0 |  | CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN 1.14-BSC SZ SQ | 28480 | 1251-0600 |
| A1A3U1 | 1826-0161 | 7 |  | IC OP AMP GP QUAD 14-DIP-P | 04713 | SN74LS138N |
| A1A33VR1 | 1902-0126 | 6 |  | DIODE-ZNP 2.61V 5\% 00-7 PD=.4W TC=.072\% | 28480 | 1902-0126 |
| A1A33VR1 | 1251-1887 | 7 |  | CONNECTOR-PC EDGE 22.CONT/ROW 2.ROWS | 28480 | 1251-1887 |
|  |  |  |  | MISC. MECHANICAL \& ATTACHING PARTS |  |  |
| A1MP1 | 08443-00072 | 3 | 1 | LF COUNTER ENCLOSURE | 28480 | 08443-00072 |
| A1W1 | 08443-60064 | 9 | 1 | CABLE ASSEMBLY HF DECADE D OUTPUT | 28480 | 08443-60064 |
| A1W2 | 8150-0453 | 4 | 1 | WIRE-24AWG, HF DECADE D INPUT, 0.1FT. | 28480 | 8150-0453 |
|  | 08443-00044 | 9 | 1 | GUIDE +-6v SWITCH BOARD ASSEMBLY | 28480 | 08443-60064 |
|  | 0460-0079 | 9 | 1 | BUSHING: RUBBER, ADHESIVE, 0.2 FT | 28480 | 8150-0453 |
|  | 2200-0103 | 2 | 6 | SCREW-MACH 4-40 .25-IN-LG PAN.-HD-POZI | 00000 | ORDER BY DESCRIPTION |
|  | 2360-0121 | 2 | 2 | SCREW-MACH 6-52 .5-IN-LG PAN-HD-POZI | 00000 | ORDER BY DESCRIPTION |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 3050-0010 \\ & 08443-40009 \end{aligned}$ | $2$ | 2 | WASHER-FL MTLC NO. 6.147-IN-ID | $28480$ | $3050-0010$ |
|  | 08443-40009 | 0 | 1 | WINDOW, COUNTER DISPLAY, YELLOW | 28480 | 08443-40009 |

Change 1 B-8

## SERVICE SHEET 5 (CHANGE 9)

## Low Frequency Counter A1A1 and Counter Display A1A2 (Service Sheet 9)

The Low Frequency Counter develops two kinds of outputs using the inputs it receives from High Frequency Decade Assembly A6 and Time Base Assembly A5. Twenty-nine digital outputs make up the first group. These are supplied to Digital Output Assembly A19 on the 8443A rear panel for use in external equipment. The second group of outputs drives the numeric display ICs on Counter Display Assembly A1A2, which plugs into a socket on the Low Frequency Counter Board Assembly.
The functions of the inputs to the Low Frequency Counter are described below:
Transfer. The Transfer input is a negative-going pulse which interrupts the central processing unit (CPU) in microcomputer U7's microprocessor. This interruption permits the transfer of readout data from U7 to the readout decoders (U4 and U6), and digital data to rearpanel connector assembly A19. During the "write" portion of the CPU cycle, a negative-going WR (activelow write) input to transfer flip-flop U5A-U5B resets the interrupt function.
Resolution Control. There are three resolution inputs. In a standard $8443 A$ they are $1000 \mathrm{~Hz}, 100 \mathrm{~Hz}$, and 10 Hz . If, however, the 8443A has been modified to equip it with the 1 Hz resolution option, the resolution inputs are $100 \mathrm{~Hz}, 10 \mathrm{~Hz}$, and 1 Hz . Notice that the 1 Hz resolution option deletes the 1000 Hz resolution selection available in the standard instrument.
These inputs determine the placement of the decimal point in the numerical display (display indicates frequency in MHz ). If the front-panel RESOLUTION switch is set to 1000 Hz , the 1000 Hz line is grounded and the other two resolution input lines $(100 \mathrm{~Hz}$ and 10 Hz ) are open. In the display, the decimal point appears five places to the right of the far left numeral (e.g., 00105.555 ). Similarly, if 100 Hz or 10 Hz resolution is selected, the 100 Hz or 10 Hz line is grounded and the other two lines are open. For 100 Hz resolution the decimal point appears four places to the right of the far left numeral (e.g., 0105.5555), and for 10 Hz resolution it is three places to the right (e.g., 105.55555). The optional 1 Hz resolution sets the decimal point two places to the right of the far left numeral and is usable for frequency counts up to 99.999999 MHz .
Blanked/Unblanked. When the blanking selector switch on the 8443A rear panel is set to UNBLANKED, all eight of the numeric display ICs light, with those to the left of the most significant digit showing a zero.
If the blanking selector switch is set to BLANKED, numeric display ICs to the left of the most significant
digit, or to the left of the decimal point if it precedes the most significant digit, are blanked. Thus, if the display in the UNBLANKED mode shows 00105.555 MHz , setting the blanking switch to BLANKED changes the display to 105.555 MHz . An unblanked display of 00000.500 MHz , if blanked, changes to .500 MHz .
Reset. The Reset input is a positive-going pulse approximately 50 microseconds wide that sets the counter to zero and holds it there for its 50-microsecond duration. At the end of the Reset pulse a new sampling of the input frequency is taken and the counter develops a new readout display.
$\overline{\mathbf{A}}, \overline{\mathbf{B}}, \overline{\mathbf{C}}, . \overline{\mathbf{D}}$. Inputs $\overline{\mathrm{A}}, \overline{\mathrm{B}}, \overline{\mathrm{C}}$, and $\overline{\mathrm{D}}$ make up a 1-2-4-8 BCD input to Timer and BCD Driver circuit U10U11.
The BCD represents the counter input frequency divided by 10. The D input is also fed to the Prescaler where it is transformed into four more BCD levels: 16, 32, 64, and 128, which are also fed to the Timer and BCD Driver (U10-U11). In the Timer and BCD Driver ICs, the eightlevel BCD and the inputs from the microcomputer (U7) are translated into two groups of signals: the first group comprises 29 digital signals which are fed to rear-panel connector assembly A19. The second group consists of eight address signals which are fed via the counter address bus to microcomputer IC U7.
In U7 the signals received from the Timer and BCD Driver via the address bus are converted into two groups of BCD. The first group is a four-level BCD which is translated in the LED Segment Driver circuit into seven lines, each for a particular numerical display IC segment. These lines are connected in parallel to all eight of the numerical display ICs on the Counter Display Assembly (A1A2).
The second group is a three-level BCD which is converted into eight numerical display IC turn-on outputs. Each of these outputs is fed, one at a time, to a particular one of the eight numerical display ICs on the Counter Display Assembly. Their purpose is to turn the numerical display ICs on and off sequentially so that only one of the eight is on at a time. Thus, although the segment drives are applied simultaneously to all eight numerical display ICs, only one IC actually displays a numeral in a given instant.
For example, if the input to the counter is a frequency of 105.72348 MHz, the segments drive for a "1" is received at the eight display ICs at the same time as the turn-on signal for the far left IC. This causes the "1" to appear on the far left IC only. The next numeral generated by the BCD-to-7 Segment Decoder is the "0", and this output to

## SERVICE SHEET 5 (CHANGE 9) (Cont'd)

the display ICs coincides with the enable signal to the second display IC. The second IC, therefore, displays an " 0 ", and the seven other display ICs are blanked.
This sequence continues until the entire eight-digit number has been displayed. Then, following a brief
delay (equal to the "on" period of one numerical display), the cycle starts over again. Although each display IC is turned on for only an instant during a single readout cycle, the sequencing occurs so fast that all eight display ICs appear to be on simultaneously.


P/O Figure 8-31. Counter Section Logic Diagram (Low Frequency Counter Portion) (CHANGE 9)
Change 1 B-10

## SERVICE SHEET 9 (CHANGE 9)

A malfunction in the Low Frequency Counter is normally brought to the attention of the operator by some abnormal behavior of the counter display or the digital output to external equipment. The nature of the abnormality usually indicates a possible source or sources of the failure; and in some events, it may point out the failed component. In all events, to successfully troubleshoot the Counter, you must be familiar with the Counter circuits and with digital troubleshooting techniques.

## Equipment Required

Dual-Channel Oscilloscope Digital Voltmeter
10:1 Oscilloscope Probes (2)

## General

The complete Low Frequency Counter Assembly (A1) comprises three plug-in board assemblies surrounded by an aluminum shield. The board assemblies are:

Low Frequency Counter Board Assembly A1A1
Counter Display Board Assembly A1A2
+6 V Switch Board Assembly A1A3
Counter Display Board Assembly A1A2 contains eight seven-segment digital display ICs. It plugs into a pc board edge connector on the front edge of the horizontally-mounted Low Frequency Counter Board Assembly A1A1. The Low Frequency Counter Board Assembly contains the electronic circuits that drive the counter digital display ICs, and which supply digital signals to the 8443A rear panel DIGITAL OUTPUT connector. It plugs into a pc board edge connector receptacle on +6 V Switch Board Assembly A1A3.
Board Assembly A1A3 plugs into a pc board edge connector receptacle on the 8443A Motherboard Assembly (A18). Its purpose is to provide interconnections between the Low Frequency Counter Board Assembly and the Motherboard. It also contains a +6 V switching circuit. When the ac line POWER is switched on at the 8443A front panel, the +6 V switching circuit delays the dc power input ( +5.5 V nominal) to the counter circuits until the dc power input to the switching circuits stabilizes.
For Counter troubleshooting, the A1A3 board, with the A1A1 board plugged into it, and with A1A2 plugged into A1 A1, is extended above the Motherboard on an extender board (included in the Service Kit).

## Counter Circuits Operation

The Low Frequency Counter receives four BCD inputs, $\overline{\mathrm{A}}-\overline{\mathrm{B}}-\overline{\mathrm{C}}-\overline{\mathrm{D}}$, corresponding to 1-2-4-8, from High

Frequency Decade Board Assembly A6; a reset and a transfer input from Time Base Board Assembly A5; three control inputs from the front-panel RESOLUTION switch; and a blanking input from the rear-panel BLANKEDUNBLANKED switch. In the Low Frequency Counter circuits, these inputs are transformed into signals which light the seven-segment numeric display ICs, and into digital signals for use in external equipment.
Prescaler U3 is a divide-by-ten counter which is clocked by the active-low $D(\mathrm{D})$ input. NAND gate U5D is connected as an inverter to reverse the polarity of the D input so it conforms with the active-high input requirements of U3. The four outputs of U3, corresponding to BCD 1-2-4-8, are fed to four port A inputs, PA4 through PA7, of U10 (pins 25-28). The BCD 8 (PA7) output is also fed through another NAND gate-turned-inverter, U5C, to the T.I. input (pin 3) of U10.
The reset input to U3 precedes each counting period to clear U3 of any count remaining in it. If the count remaining in U3 is any digit from 0 through 7, the reset operates normally to clear it out. If, however, U3 has a remaining count of 8 or 9 , the reset input, in the act of clearing U3, toggles it an additional count. If this inconsistency were not compensated for, the next counting period would produce an erroneous number. To prevent such counting errors, the PC5 output of U10 is fed back to pin 3 of U3 at the end of each counting period to preset U3 to a count of 9 . With this arrangement, the reset input always toggles U3 an additional count. Thus, the state of U3 immediately following the preset input and preceding the counting period is always the same, and the software program deletes the purposely-introduced error. For the duration of the preset (PC5) input, the U3 outputs are shut off.
In addition to the four BCD outputs of U3, which are derived from the $D(M S B)$ input, port A of U10 receives the active-low A-B-C-D inputs at its PAO through PA3 input terminals (pins 21-24). The eight port A inputs are continually read by U10 and, subject to a "read" or "write" request from microcomputer U7, are available to the address data bus.
The input from NAND gate-inverter U5C to U10 pin 3 (T.I.) drives a 14-bit binary event counter which keeps track of the number of 8 -bit counts received at port A. This particular counting function starts on the first $D$ input and continues through successive D inputs until the 8443A is turned off. The event counter is reset to its count-start state each time the 8443A line POWER switch is set from STBY to ON by a sharply rising output from power-up circuit Q26, Q27, and Q28.

## SERVICE SHEET 9 (CHANGE 9) (Cont'd)

The event counter overflows out U10 pin 6 (T.O.) to microcomputer U7 pin 39 (T.I.) where it feeds a software overflow register. The presence of the overflow output from U10 verifies proper operation of the event counter and of prescaler U3. The U7 software keeps track of the total event count. When the transfer input is received, the U7 software reads the event count for the new readout and does the arithmetic to determine how many counts have occurred since the last readout.
I/O expander and timer U10 communicates with microcomputer U7 over the two-way multiplex address data bus in response to read (RD), write (SR), and address latch enable (ALE) commands from the microcomputer.
The transfer input to the Low Frequency Counter Assembly is a negative-going pulse which signals the end of the counting period and the start of the "read" and display update period. It is latched low in a flip-flop made up of two cross-coupled NAND gates, U5A and U5B. At the end of the read and update period, the negativegoing write pulse (WR) from U7 resets the transfer flipflop.
The three control inputs to U7 pins 36, 37, and 38 originate at the front-panel RESOLUTION switch. The active input line is grounded through the switch; the two inactive control lines are open-circuited. Microcomputer U7 reads these three inputs at the beginning of each readupdate period to determine which numerical display IC requires a lighted decimal point. A fourth control input to U7 at pin 35 is unconnected unless the 1 Hz control option is built into the instrument.
Simultaneously grounding all four of the control input test points, TP1 through TP4, causes the counter to count from 00000000 through 99999999 , lighting the decimal points on the even numbers, then blank the display, and finally show a four-character group on the four inner display ICs (DS3, DS4, DS5, and DS6), with the four outer ICs (DS1, DS2, DS7, and DS8) blank. This cycle continues as long as the four test points remain grounded. (The four-character display is shown below in the Low Frequency Counter Troubleshooting.)
The blanking input originates at the BLANKED/ UNBLANKED switch on the 8443A rear panel. With the switch set to BLANKED, the input is approximately +6 volts. When the switch is set to UNBLANKED, the input is an open circuit. The blanking input drives NPN transistor Q25, which inverts the input and drives pin I of microcomputer U7. By setting U7 pin 1 solidly to either (blanked) or +5 volts (unblanked), Q25 makes sure the open-circuit input is not misinterpreted by U7. An unblanked input causes all the numeric display ICs to be
lighted during the display pdate. A blanked input, however, causes all zeros preceding the most significant digit or the decimal point (whichever occurs first) to be blanked. The microcomputer reads this input during each read-update period to determine whether or not to eliminate the leading zeros.
The multiplexed address data on the address data bus is latched into address latch U8 by the ALE (address latch enable) output from U7. U8 then provides 8 lines of the 11-line address required by programmed read-only memory (PROM) U9. The three upper address lines to U9 are from port 2 (P20, P21, P22) of U7. Shortly after the addresses are latched by U8, the address data bus clears and becomes ready to function as an input bus instead of an output bus. Next, the active-low PSEN output from U7 pin 9 is strobed low, which causes the 8bit instruction from U9 to be placed on the address data bus and fed back to U7. U7 then performs the action dictated by the i-bit instruction output of U9.
There are 29 digit outputs from the I/O expander circuits in U10 and U1 11. Thirteen of these outputs are from ports $B$ and $C$ of $U 10$; the remaining sixteen are from ports 4, 5, 6, and 7 of U11. Fed to a rear-panel connector through Digital Output Assembly A19, they provide seven and one-half digits to external equipment.
The eight numeric display ICs on Counter Display Assembly A1A2 are controlled by eight outputs from port 1 of microcomputer U7. U7 outputs P10, P11, P12, and P13 provide a four-line BCD input to BCD-to-7-segment decoder U4. Outputs P14, P15, and P16 drive 3-to-8 decoder U6; and P17 controls the lighting of the decimal point.
BCD-to-7-segment decoder U4 translates the levels on its four inputs into seven outputs, each one driving a particular alphabetically designated segment in all eight numerical display ICs. A dual-transistor current source in each segment drive line provides the segment turn-on power (U4 outputs are open-collector with internal pull-up resistors). This portion of the display drive circuitry determines the numeral that is to be displayed.
Decoder U6 translates the levels on its three inputs into eight digit-drive signals, each on at a different time. The "on" output turns on one of the eight display ICs, which then shows the numeral selected by the BCD-to-7segment decoder circuit. The transistors in the digit drive outputs from U6 function as digit drive current switches.
Output P17 from U7 represents the most significant bit output from U7 port 1. It is fed in parallel to the decimal point inputs of the eight display ICs. Its state, on or off, determines whether or not the "on" display IC shows a

## SERVICE SHEET 9 (CHANGE 9) (Cont'd)

decimal point. Transistors Q12 and Q24 make up a dual transistor current source for the decimal point drive.

Although there are eight numerical display ICs, and each is on for a different period, the counter is set to run as if there were nine display periods with the display blanked during the ninth.

There is also a short display blanking period that occurs with each transfer input. This allows the microcomputer to make the transfer without affecting the display.

When the 8443A line POWER switch is first on, and after a brief delay purposely introduced by the +6 volt switch circuit on board assembly A1A3, the counter automatically performs a confidence check. At the start of this check, the counter display shows all zeros, then it changes to all ones, then to all twos, and so on up through all nines. The counter does the confidence check once before displaying the frequency count.

If the confidence check repeats, it is because the software has detected an apparent error in the event count arithmetic. This sometimes happens when the event counter in U10 is not far enough along in the operation cycle to have produced an overflow output to the microcomputer when the count update begins, a condition regarded as an "underflow". Therefore, when the software overflow register in the microcomputer does the arithmetic required to determine the number of counts since the last readout, it obtains a negative number, an answer it views as an arithmetic error. It then returns the counter to its start-up condition, initiating another confidence check. Usually the period of one additional confidence check is enough to establish the event counter overflow and start normal counter operation.

## +6 Volts Switch (Part of A1A3) Operation

Board assembly A1A3 serves as an interconnect device between the Low Frequency Counter and the 8443A Motherboard Assembly. It also contains a power-up switching circuit which supplies +5.5 volts to the Low Frequency Counter. The purpose of this power-up switch is to hold off the counter operating power until the power stabilizes and is relatively free of "switch-bounce" glitches.

When the ac line power is first turned on, the dc input to the switching circuit appears across two parallel resistive voltage dividers. Voltage divider R5-R6 applies a voltage equal to one-one-half the input level to the minus input (pin 2) of comparator U1A and the plus input (pin 5) of comparator U1B.

At the same time, voltage divider R3-R4 applies a voltage that is just slightly more than one-half the input level, but never exceeding +2.61 volts, to the minus input (pin 6) of U1B. Since at first (that is, until the input dc reaches about +5 volts) the minus input of U 1 B is more positive than its plus input, U1B produces a zero output. As a result of this zero output from U1B, the plus input of U1A is lower than its minus input. Thus, U1A also produces a zero output, which in turn holds Q2 off and prevents Q1 from conducting.

If, when the LINE power switch is turned on, the input dc rises cleanly to its nominal level of +6 volts, the circuit operates as follows: at an input level of approximately +5 volts, zener diode VR1 breaks down and sets the minus input of U1B at a maximum level of +2.61 volts. (At inputs less than approximately +5 volts, the input to the minus terminal of U1B is the voltage across R3.) As the input approaches +6 volts, the plus input of U1B becomes more positive than the minus input. Now, U1B produces a positive output which charges capacitor C1 across R7, developing a positive-going ramp at the plus input of U1A. As soon as the level of this ramp exceeds the level at the minus input of U1A, U1A produces a positive output which turns on Q2 and Q1. With Q1 conducting, approximately +5.5 volts is passed to the Low Frequency Counter Board.

If, however, on initial power turn-on, the input dc fluctuates so that the output of U1B is turned on and off by polarity reverses at its inputs, C1, instead of charging, discharges through CR2 and U1B. (Remember, it requires approximately +5 volts input to hold the output of U1B above zero volts.) In this event, the plus input of U1A remains lower than its minus input, and the resulting zero output holds off Q2 and Q1.

Once the switch is closed so that dc is supplied to the Low Frequency Counter, the switching circuit is not affected by narrow, negative-going, widely-spaced glitches. A series of closely spaced glitches, however, may cause the switch to open until the input dc stabilizes.

## 8443A Low Frequency Counter Troubleshooting (CHANGE 9)

| Symptom | Probable Cause |
| :--- | :--- |
| Display blanked or unintelligible | 1. Failure of 3-to-8 decoder U6 (check U6 for BCD <br> inputs and sequential outputs). |
|  | 2. Failure of BCD-to-7-segment decoder U4 (check U4 <br> for BCD inputs). |
|  | 3. Failure of microcomputer U7 port 1 output circuitry (if <br> possible, substitute another microcomputer IC for |

## Change 1 B-14

## 8443 Low Frequency Counter Troubleshooting (CHANGE 9)

| Symptom | Probable Cause |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | Displayed number does not agree with <br> actual input frequency. Digital outputs <br> from U10 and/or U11 also erroneous |
|  | 1. If the digital outputs from both U10 and U11 are in <br> error, the fault can be in U7, U8, U9, or U10. To <br> eliminate U8 and U9, ground test points TP1, TP2, |
| TP3, and TP4; then look at the address data bus |  |
| during the negative-going PSEN output from U7 pin 9. |  |
| The signals on the bus should appear as distinct |  |
| highs and lows. If, instead, the bus seems to be |  |
| floating, there is probably a failure in U9. |  |



The presence of the four-character group shown above is a fairly good indication that U7 is performing most of its required functions, and that the problem is most likely in U10. If a character group other than the one shown above is displayed, microcomputer U7 is the most likely suspect. Note that the signals for this character group should also be available at the DIGI TAL OUTPUT connector on the 8443A rear panel.

Digital outputs from U11 ports 4, 5, 6, and
7 missing or incorrect. Display is normal.

Digital outputs from U10 ports B and C missing or incorrect. Display is normal.

1. Failure of $U 1$.
+6 Volts Switching Circuitr Troubleshooting (CHANGE 9)

| Symptom | Probable Cause |
| :--- | :--- |
| Zero dc at switch output test point TP4 <br> with a steady +6 volts at input test <br> point TP2. | 1. Series switching transistor Q1 open. |
|  | 2. Failure of control transistor Q2. |
|  | 3. Failure of comparator U1A or U1B. |
| 4. Zener diode VR1 open. |  |
|  | 5. Capacitor C1 shorted. <br> 6. Diode CR1 shorted. |
| Voltage at switch output test point TP4 <br> is less than +5.5 volts with a steady +6 volts <br> at input test point TP2. | 1. Partial failure of series transistor Q1or control <br> transistor Q2. |
| Switch fails to open with a significant <br> reduction of the input voltage level. | 2. Partial failure of comparator U1A or U1B. |

## Change 1 B-16



Figure 8-38A. A1A1, Low Frequency Counter Board Assembly, Components (CHANGE 9)


Figure 8-38B. A1A2, Counter Display Board Assembly, Components (CHANGE 9)


PINS I-22 ON COMPONENT SIDE
PINS A-Z ON REVERSE SIDE
Figure 8-38C. A1A3, +6 V Switched Board Assembly, Components (CHANGE 9)

Change 1 B-18

Table 6-3. 8443A/B Replaceable Parts (CHANGE 10)

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{C} \\ & \mathrm{D} \end{aligned}$ | Qty | Description | Mfr Code | Mfr Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A6 | $18443-60047$ $0160-2327$ | 8 | 1 9 | HIGH FREQUENCY DECADE ASSEMBLY (8443A ONLY) | 28480 51642 | 08443-60047 |
| A6C1 | $0160-2327$ $0160-2327$ | 8 | 9 | CAPACITOR-FXD 1000PF +-20\% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD 1000PF +-20\% 100VDC CER | 51642 51642 | 150-110-x5R-102M 150-110-X5R-to2M |
| A6C3 | 0180-0376 | 5 | 5 | CAPACITOR-FXD .47UF+-10\% 35VDC TA | 56289 | 150D474X9035A2 |
| A6C4 | 0180-0197 | 8 | 7 | CAPACITOR-FXD 2.2UF+-10\% 20VDC TA | 56289 | 150D225X9020A2 |
| A6C5 | 0160-2930 | 9 | 5 | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +80-20\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-2930 |
| A6C6 | 0160-2930 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 01UF +80-20\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-2930 |
| A6C7 | 0160-2327 | 8 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 1000PF +-20\% 100VDC CER | 51642 | 150-110-XSR-102H |
| A6C8 | 0160-2327 | 8 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 1000PF +-20\% 100VDC CER | 51642 | 150-110-X5R-102M |
| A6C9 | 0180-0197 | 8 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 2.2UF +-10\% 20VDC TA | 56299 | 150D225X9020A2 |
| A6C10 | 0180-0376 | 5 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $47 \mathrm{UF}+\mathrm{-10} \mathrm{\%}$ 35VDC TA | 56299 | 150D474X9035A2 |
| A6C11 | 0180-0197 | 8 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 2.2UF +-10\% 20VDC TA | 56289 | 150D225X9120A2 |
| A6C12 | 0180-0116 | 1 | 1 | CAPACITOR-FXD 6.8UF +-10\% 35VDC TA | 56289 | 150Db85X903592 |
| A6C13 | 0160-2930 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +80-20\% 100VDC CER | 28490 | 0160-2930 |
| A6C14 | 0160-2930 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +80-20\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-2930 |
| A6C15 | 0160-3877 | 5 | 2 | CAPACITOR-FXD 100PF +-20\% 200VDC CER | 29480 | 0160-3877 |
| A6C16 | 0160-2327 | 8 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 1000PF +-20\% 100VDC CER | 51642 | 150-110-XsR-102H |
| A6C17 | 0160-0376 | 5 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .47UF+-10\% 35VDC TA | 56289 | 150D474X9035A2 |
| A6CIB | 1810-0197 | 8 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 2.2UF+-10\% 20VDC TA | 56289 | 150D225X902oA2 |
| A6C19 | 0180-0376 | 5 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .47UF+-10\% 35VDC TA | 56289 | 150D474X9035A2 |
| A6C20 | 0160-2938 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +80-20\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-2930 |
| A4C21 | 0180-0197 | 8 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 2.2UF+-10\% 20VDC TA | 56289 | 150D225X9020A2 |
| A6C22 | 0100-0376 | 5 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .47UF+-10\% 35VDC TA | 56289 | 150D474X9035A2 |
| A6C23 | 0180-0197 | 8 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 2.2UF+-10\% 20VDC TA | 56289 | 150D225X9020A2 |
| A6C24 | 0160-2327 | 8 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 1000PF +-20\% 100VDC CER | 51642 | 150-110-XSR-102M |
| A6C25 | 0160-3079 | 7 | 6 | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-20\% 10VDC-CER | 29400 | 0160-3879 |
| A6C26 | 0160-2327 | 8 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 1000PF +-20\% 100VDC CER | 51642 | 150-110-XSR-tO2H |
| A6C27 | 0160-2327 | 8 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 1000PF +-20\% 100VDC CER | 51642 | 150-110-X5R-102M |
| A6C29 | 0160-2327 | 8 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 1000PF +-20\% 100VDC CER | 51642 | 150-110-XSR-102H |
| A6C29 | 0180-0197 | 8 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 2.2UF+-10\% 20VDC TA | 56299 | 150D225X9020A2 |
| A6C30 | 0160-3879 | 7 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-20\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-3979 |
| A6C31 | 0160-2204 | 0 | 1 | CAPACITOR-FXD 100PF +-5\% 300VDC MICA | 28490 | 0160-2204 |
| A6C32 | 0160-3879 | 7 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-20\% 100VDC CER | 29480 | 0160-3879 |
| A6C33 | 0160-3987 | 7 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-20\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-3879 |
| A6C34 | 0160-3879 | 7 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-20\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-3979 |
| AhC35 | 0160-3877 | 5 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 100PF +-20\% 200VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-3877 |
| A6C36 | 0160-3879 | 7 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-20\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-3879 |
| A6CR1 | 1901-0047 | 8 | 6 | DIODE-SWITCHING 20V 75MA 10NS | 28480 | 1901-0047 |
| A6CR2 | 1901-0047 | 8 |  | DIODE-SWITCHING 20V 75MA 10NS | 29480 | 1901-0047 |
| A6CR3 | 1901-1518 | 8 | 3 | DIODE-SM SIG SCHOTTKY | 29480 | 1901-0518 |
| A6CR4 | 1901-0518 | 8 |  | DIODE-SM SIG SCHOTTKY | 29480 | 1901-1518 |
| A6CR5 | 1901-0743 | 1 | 1 | DIODE-PWR RECT 1N4004 400V 1A DO-41 | 01295 | 1N4004 |
| A6CR6 | 1901-0047 | 8 |  | DIODE-SWITCHING 20V 75MA 10NS | 28480 | 1901-0047 |
| A6CR7 | 1901-0047 | 8 |  | DIODE-SWITCHING 20V 75MA 10NS | 29480 | 1901-0047 |
| A6CR8 | 1901-0047 | 8 |  | DIODE-SWITCHING 20V 75MA 10NS | 29480 | 1901-0047 |
| A6CR9 | 1911-0519 | 8 |  | DIODE-SM SIG SCHOTTKY | 28490 | 1901-0518 |
| A6CR10 | 1901-0047 | 8 |  | DIODE-SWITCHING 20V 75MA 10NS | 28480 | 1901-0047 |
| A6CR11 | 1901-0539 | 3 | 3 | DIODE-SM SIG SCHOTTKY | 29490 | 1901-0539 |
| A6CR12 | 1901-0539 | 3 |  | DIODE-SM SIG SCHOTTKY | 29480 | 1901-0539 |
| A6CR13 | 1901-0039 | 8 | 2 | DIODE-SWITCHING 50V 300MA OHM | 28480 | 1901-0039 |
| A6CR14 | 1991-0039 a | 8 |  | DIODE-SWITCHING 50V 300MA OHM | 28480 | 1901-0039 |
| A6CR15 | 1901-0539 | 3 |  | DIODE-SM SIG SCHOTTKY | 29490 | 1901-0539 |
| A6J1 | 1250-1194 | 7 | 3 | CONNECTOR-RF SM-SLD M SGL-HOLE-FR 50-OHM | 29490 | 1250-1194 |
| A6J2 | 1250-1194 | 7 |  | CONNECTOR-RF SM-SLD M SGL-HOLE-FR 50-OHM | 29480 | 1250-1194 |
| A6LI | 9100-1616 | 9 | 5 | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 1.5UH 10\% | 29840 | 9100-1616 |
| A6L2 | 9100-1616 | 9 |  | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 1.5UH 10\% | 28480 | 9100-1616 |
| A6L3 | 9100-1630 | 7 | 2 | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 51UH 5\% .166DX.385LG | 29480 | 9100-1630 |
| A6L4 | 9100-1623 | 8 | 1 | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 27UH 5\% .166DX.385LG | 29480 | 9100-1623 |
| A6L5 | 9100-1616 | 9 |  | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 1.5UH 10\% | 29480 | 9100-1616 |
| A6L6 | 9100-1616 | 9 |  | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 1.5UH 10\% | 29480 | 9100-1616 |
| A6L7 |  |  |  | COIL-,05UH (P.C. BOARD TRACE) |  |  |
| A6L8 | 9100-1616 | 9 |  | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 1.5UH 10\% | 28480 | 9100-1616 |
| A6L9 | 9110-1611 | 4 | 3 | INDUCTOR RF-CH-NLD 220NH 20\% | 28480 | 9100-1611 |
| A6L10 | 9100-1611 | 4 |  | INDUCTOR RF-CH-NLD 220NH 20\% | 28480 | 9100-1611 |
| A6L11 | 9100-1611 | 4 |  | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 220NH $20 \%$ | 28490 | 9100-1611 |
| A6L12 | 9100-1L30 | 7 |  | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 51UH 5\% .166DX.385LG | 28480 | 9100-1630 |
| A6MP1 | 0443-20041 | 8 | 1 | COVER-HF DECADE ASSEMBLY | 29480 | 08443-20041 |
| A6Q1 | 1954-0345 | 8 | 2 | TRANSISTOR NPN 2N5179 SI TO-72 PD-200MW | 04713 | 2N5179 |
| A6Q2 | 1854-0345 | 8 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN 2N5179 SI TO-72 PD-200MW | 04713 | 2N5179 |
| A6Q3 | 1954-0071 | 7 | 1 | TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD $=300 \mathrm{MW}$ FT $=200 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 29480 | 1954-0071 |
| A6Q4 | 1853-0020 | 4 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP SI PD $=300 \mathrm{MW} \mathrm{FT}=150 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 29480 | 1953-0020 |
| A6Q5 | 1854-0019 | 3 | 3 | TRANSISTOR NPN SI TO-1B PD=360MW | 28480 | 1854-0019 |

Table 6-3. 8443A/B Replaceable Parts (CHANGE 10)

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{C} \\ & \mathrm{D} \end{aligned}$ | Qty | Description | Mfr Code | Mfr Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A6Q6 | 1854-0019 | 3 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI TO-18 PD-360MW | 29480 | 1854-0019 |
| A6Q7 | 1854-0019 | 3 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI TO-18 PD-360MW | 28480 | 1854-0019 |
| A6R1 | 0698-7229 | 8 | 3 | RESISTOR 511 1\% .05W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | C3-1/8-T0-511R-G |
| A6R2 | 0757-0395 | 1 | 3 | RESISTOR 56.2 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | C4-1/8-TO-56R2-F |
| A6R3 | 0757-0442 | 9 | 3 | RESISTOR 10K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | C4-1/8-TO-1002-F |
| A6R4 | 0698-7229 | 8 |  | RESISTOR 511 1\% .05W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | C3-1/8-TO-511R-G |
| A6R5 | 0757-0395 | 1 |  | RESISTOR 56.2 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | C3-1/8-TO-56R2-F |
| A6R6 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | C4-1/8-TO-1002-F |
| A6R7 | 0757-0438 | 3 | 5 | RESISTOR $5.11 \mathrm{~K} 1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~F} \mathrm{TC=0+-100}$ | 24546 | C4-1/8-TO-5111-F |
| A6R8 | 0757-0438 | 3 |  | RESISTOR $5.11 \mathrm{~K} 1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | C4-1/8-TO-5111-F |
| A6R9 | 0757-0438 | 3 |  | RESISTOR $5.11 \mathrm{~K} 1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | C4-1/8-TO-5111-F |
| A6R10 | 0757-0438 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 5.11K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | C4-1/8-TO-5111-F |
| A6R11 | 0757-0441 | 7 | 2 | RESISTOR 7.5K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | C4-1/8-TO-7501-F |
| A6R12 | 0757-0440 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 7.5K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | C4-1/8-TO-7501-F |
| A6R13 | 0698-3151 | 7 | 2 | RESISTOR 2.87K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | C4-1/8-TO-2971-F |
| A6R14 | 0698-3151 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 2.87K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | C4-1/8-TO-2871-F |
| A6R15 | 069s-0083 | 8 | 4 | RESISTOR 1.96K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | C4-1/8-TO-1961-F |
| A6R16 | 0757-0405 | 4 | 2 | RESISTOR $162 \mathrm{I} \%$. 125 W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | C4-1/8-TO-162R-F |
| A6R17 | 0698-3434 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 34,8 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | C4-1/8-TO-34R8-F |
| A6R18 | 0698-3444 | 1 | 1 | RESISTOR 316 1\% .125W F TC-0*-00 | 24546 | C4-1/8-TO-316R-F |
| A6R19 | 0698-0083 | 8 |  | RESISTOR 1.96K $\mathrm{I} \%$. 125 W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | C4-1/8-TO-1961-F |
| A6R20 | 0757-0279 | 0 | 1 | RESISTOR 3.16K 1\%.125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | C4-1/8-TO-3161-F |
| A6R21 | 1757-0405 | 4 |  | RESISTOR 162 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | C4-1/8-TD-162R-F |
| A6R22* | 0698-3434 | 9 | 2 | RESISTOR 34.8 1\% .125W F TC-O*-10 | 24546 | C4-1/8-TO-34RB-F |
| A6R23 | 0757-0416 | 7 | 1 | RESISTOR 511 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | C4-1/8-TO-511R-F |
| A6R24* | 0698-3429 | 2 | 1 | RESISTOR 19.6 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 03888 | PME55-1/8-TO-19R6-F |
| A6R25 | 0698-3447 | 4 | 1 | RESISTOR 422 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | C4-1/8-TO-422R-F |
| A6R26 | 0698-0803 | 8 |  | RESISTOR 1.96K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | C4-1/8-TO-1961-F |
| A6R27 | 0757-0395 | 1 |  | RESISTOR 56.2 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | C4-1/8-TO-56R2-F |
| A6R28 | 0698-7236 | 7 | 8 | RESISTOR 1K 1\% .05W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | C3-1/-TO-1001-C |
| A6R29 | 0698-7236 | 7 |  | RESISTOR $1 \mathrm{~K} 1 \%$. 05 W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | C3-1/8-T0-1001-C |
| A6R30 | 0698-7236 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 1K 1\% .05W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | C3-1/8-TO-1001-G |
| A6R31 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K $1 \%$.t25W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | C4-1/8-TO-1002-F |
| A6R32 | 0698-0083 | 8 |  | RESISTOR 1.96K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | C4-1/8-TO-1961-F |
| A6R33 | 0698-7236 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 1K 1\% .05W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | C3-1/8-T0-1001-G |
| A6R34 | 0698-7236 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 1K 1\% .05W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | C3-1/8-TO-1001-G |
| A6R35 | 0698-7236 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 1K 1\% .05W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | C3-1/8-T0-1001-G |
| A6R36 | 0698-7236 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 1K 1\% .05W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | C3-1/8-TO-1001-C |
| A6R37 | 0698-7236 | 7 |  | RESISTOR $1 \mathrm{~K} 1 \%$. 05 W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | C3-1/8-TO-1001-C |
| A6R38 | 0757-0438 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 5.11K 1\%.125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | C4-1/B-TO-5111-F |
| A6TP1 | 08443-00041 | 6 | 2 | TEST POINT CONNECTOR | 28480 | 08443-00041 |
| A6TP2 | 08443-00041 | 6 |  | TEST POINT CONNECTOR | 28480 | 08443-00041 |
| A6TP3 | 1250-1194 | 7 |  | CONNECTOR-RF SM-SLD M SGL-HOLE-FR 50-OHM | 28480 | 1250-1194 |
| A6TP4 | 1251-0600 | 0 | 5 | CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ SQ | 28480 | 1251-0600 |
| A6TP5 | 1251-0610 | 0 |  | CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ SQ | 28480 | 1251-0600 |
| AbTP6 | 1251-0600 | 0 |  | CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ SQ | 28480 | 1251-0600 |
| A6TP7 | 1251-0600 | 0 |  | CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ SQ | 28480 | 1251-0600 |
| A6TP8 | 1251-0600 | 0 |  | CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ SQ | 28480 | 1251-0600 |
| A6U1 | 1820-0820 | 3 | 1 | IC FF ECL J-BAR K-BAR CON CLOCK DUAL | 04713 | MC10135L |
| A6U2 | 18200802 | 1 | 1 | IC QUAD 2 INPUT NOR | 04713 | MC10102P |
| A6U3 | 1820-1383 | 5 | 1 | IC CNTR ECL BCD POS-EDGE-TRIG | 04713 | MC10138L |
| A6U4 | 1920-1052 | 5 | 1 | IC XLTR ECL ECL-TO-TTL QUAD 2-INP | 04713 | MC10125L |
| AbU5 | 1810-1204 | 6 | 1 | NETWORK-RES 8-SIP1.0K OHM $\times 7$ | 01121 | 20A102 |
| A6VR1 | 1902-1291 | 8 | 1 | DIODE-ZNR 1N5338B 5.1V 5\% PD=5W IR=1UA | 04713 | 1N53388 |
| A6VR2 | 1902-0048 | 1 | 2 | DIODE-ZNR 6.81V 5\% DO-35 PD=.4W | 28480 | 1902-0048 |
| A6BR3 | 1902-0048 | 1 |  | DIODE-ZNR 6.81V 5\% DO-35 PD=.4W | 28480 | 1902-0048 |
| A6W1 | 08443-60056 | 9 | 1 | CABLE ASSEMBLY-RF, TIME BASE INPUT | 29480 | 08443-60056 |

Change 1 B-20


P/O Figure 8-31. Counter Section Logic Diagram (High Frequency Decade Portion) (CHANGE 10)
Change 1 B-21

## SERVICE SHEET 8 (CHANGE 10)

High Frequency Decade Assembly A6 supplies a fourline BCD representation of the Tracking Generator frequency to the Low Frequency Counter. It also furnishes an end-of-count signal to Time Base Assembly A5. If the High Frequency Decade does not supply a correct BCD count to the Low Frequency Counter, the counter display shows an incorrect frequency. Test points on all four BCD outputs from the High Frequency Decade enable you to check for their presence. There is also a test point for the end-of-count output. To troubleshoot the High Frequency Decade successfully, you must be familiar with its circuits and with digital troubleshooting techniques.

## Decade

The High Frequency Decade Assembly uses timing signals from Time Base Assembly A5 and divide-by-ten counter to convert the RF supplied to the counter section into four-line BCD (1-2-4-8) and end-of-count outputs. The BCD drives Low Frequency Counter Assembly A1, and the end-of-count output is fed to the timing circuits on A5.

When the High Frequency Decade is operating properly, and the Spectrum Analyzer and Tracking Generator/Counter controls are set as shown below, the BCD outputs to the Low Frequency Counter Assembly should appear as shown in Figure SS8-1. Connect oscilloscope channels A, B, C, and D to A6 assembly test points TP4, TP5, TP6, and TP7 respectively. Initial Control Setting (for waveform SS8-1)

Spectrum Analyzer (setting of controls not listed is unimportant)

SCAN WIDTH PER DIVISION....................... 10 MHz
SCAN WIDTH ....................................PER DIVISION
FREQUENCY ............................................... 10 MHZ
SCAN TIMER PER DIVISION........................ 1 msec
SCAN MODE ......................................................INT
SCAN TRIGGER.............................................AUTO
Tracking Generator/Counter
MODE ................................................SCAN HOLD
RESOLUTION.......................................................... 100 Hz
MARKER CONTROL knob .........................Pulled out
Oscilloscope
SYNC .....................................................INTERNAL
TIME/DIV ....................................................... 2 msec
VOLTS/DIV ............................................................ 0.2
SLOPE
TRIGGER...........................................................ACF

## Input Amplifier and Switching Matrix

Input RF amplifier Q1-Q2 provides flat amplification of signals with frequencies up to 120 MHz . Inductors L10 and L11 peak the gain at the high frequency end of the bandpass. Resistor R22 in the emitter circuit of Q2 is selected for a value that enables a nominal -18 dBm signal to toggle count-enable switch (NOR gate) U2A. The value of R24 is selected to provide a dc level at pin 4 of U2A that is -1.30 volts with no signal input.

Diodes CR1 through CR4 and CR6 through CR10 make up a switching matrix for the input RF signal. When the front-panel MODE switch is set to MARKER or SCAN HOLD, the switch inputs forward bias switching diodes CR1, CR4, CR6, and CR9, while back biasing CR2, CR3, CR7, CR8, and CR10. This allows the input RF signal to be coupled through C3, CR1, CR6, C17, and L9 to the base of RF amplifier transistor Q1. When the MODE switch is set to EXTERNAL, the bias on the switching diodes is the exact opposite of what it is for the MARKER and SCAN HOLD modes: diodes CR1, CR4, CR6, and CR9 are now back biased, while CR2, CR3, CR7, CR9, and CR10 are forward biased. Thus the internal RF signal is passed to Q1.

## Input Amplifier and Switching Matrix Test Procedure

Connect a 1 MHz source at +10 dBm to the 8443 A COUNTER INPUT and set the 8443A MODE switch to EXTERNAL. Connect the oscilloscope Channel A input to the base of Q1, the Channel B input to the base of Q2, and the Channel C input to pin 4 of U2. Set the oscilloscope VOLTS/DIV to 2 for each channel and the TIME/DIV to $1 \mu \mathrm{sec}$. Trigger INT, ACF, and SLOPE +. The displayed waveforms should be as shown in Figure SS8-2.

If the Channel $A$ waveform is present, but the Channel $B$ and Channel C waveforms are not, check transistor Q1 and its associated components. If waveforms $A$ and $B$ are present, but C is not, check transistor Q2 and its associated components. If all the waveforms are present, do the Gate Toggle Translator and Main Gate Flip-Flop Test Procedure described on this Service Sheet.

## Gate Toggle Translator and Main Gate Flip-Flop

Main gate flip-flop U11 is clocked by the gate toggle input from Time Base Assembly A5. This input is a periodically interrupted series of square waves with a repetition rate (in a single series) of $1 \mathrm{kHz}, 100 \mathrm{~Hz}$, or 10 Hz , selectable with the front-panel RESOLUTION switch. It Is developed in the A5 assembly decade counter, and is started and stopped by the A5 assembly time base flipflop.

## SERVICE SHEET 8 (CHANGE 10) (Cont'd)

In the MARKER and SCAN HOLD modes of operation, the time base flip-flop starts the gate toggle square waves shortly after (less than 250 microseconds) the spectrum analyzer scan ramp is stopped at the frequency point set with the MARKER POSITION control. (The scan ramp is stopped by a signal fed to the spectrum analyzer from 8443A Marker Control Assembly A7.) The end-of-count output from the High Frequency Decade Assembly signals the end of the counting period. It is used to clock the time base flip-flop in A5 into the opposite state and thus stop the gate toggle square waves.
Gate Toggle Translator. The gate toggles is fed to U1 through a gate toggle translator circuit. This circuit inverts the gate toggle input and translates it from a TTL level to the ECL level required by U1. The translator consists of a comparator circuit, Q6-Q7, and an emitter follower, Q5. In addition to translating the gate toggle level, the comparator is a temperature compensation device. For this purpose, the base of comparator transistor Q7 is driven by a temperature-compensating dc voltage (VBB) output from pin 1 of the output level translators IC, U4. This dc voltage is also the noninverting input to each output level translator. Any ambient temperature change that affects the input requirements of main gate flip-flop U1 and the output levels from divide-by-10 counter U3 also causes a corresponding change in the VBB level applied to the base of Q7 and the non-inverting inputs of the output level translators. The gate toggle translator then changes the translated gate toggle signal level to compensate for the temperature-induced change in the clock input requirement of U1. Simultaneously, the level change at the noninverting inputs of the output level translators compensates for temperature-induced changes in the output levels from U3.
Main Gate Flip-Flop. Flip-flop U1 is connected so that its output state reverses each time a positive-going gate toggle pulse transition is applied to its clock input, pin 9. (Because the gate toggle input is inverted in translator Q5-Q6, the positive-going transitions that clock U1 are the negative-going transitions at the gate toggle input to the A6 board assembly.) The frequency counting period starts when output pin 2 of U 1 is clocked low. It ends when the next positive-going transition at U1 pin 9 clocks U1 pin 2 high and U1 pin 3 low.
The duration of the counting period depends on the frequency of the gate toggle input, which in turn depends on the setting of the front-panel RESOLUTION switch. If the RESOLUTION switch is set to 1 kHz , the positivegoing transitions at the clock input to U1 are 1 millisecond apart; therefore, the counting period (the period when U1 pin 2 is low) has a duration of 1 millisecond. For a RESOLUTION selection of 100 Hz ,
the counting period is 10 milliseconds, and for 10 Hz it is 100 milliseconds.
The length of the interval between counting periods depends on the mode in which the 8443A is being operated. In the MARKER mode, the spectrum analyzer scan ramp is allowed to continue when the counting period is over, and a new counting period is initiated on the next ramp. In the SCAN HOLD mode, the scan ramp is not allowed to continue when the counting period ends; the preliminary operations to set up a new counting period start immediately. Thus, in the SCAN HOLD mode, the counting periods are continual, separated only by the transfer and reset periods. If the 8443A is being operated in the EXTERNAL mode, the counting periods are separated by the combined widths of the transfer and reset pulses, a 200 -millisecond delay, and the very short period required to start a new gate toggle output from Time Base Assembly A5.
Count Enable Switch. Count enable switch U2A is a NOR gate which switches the RF input through to U3 pin 12 (G1) during the count period, and blocks it at all other times. The dc level at input pin 4 of U2A is fixed at -1.30 volts; the other input, pin 5 , follows the pin 2 output of main gate flip-flop U1. The enabling condition for U2A is both inputs low (in this regard, it functions as a negativelogic NAND gate). Thus, when U1 pin 2 is high, U2A blocks the RF input. When pin 2 of U1 is clocked low, U2A passes the RF to U3 where it toggles the G1 (pin 12) input at the RF rate.

End-of-Count Translator. Transistors Q3 and Q4, and their associated components make up the end-of-count translator circuit. The end-of-count signal is the low output from U 1 pin 3, which occurs when U 1 pin 2 is clocked high to end the counting period. The purpose of this circuit is to translate the ECL level of the U1 output into the TTL level required to drive the associated circuitry on Time Base Assembly A5.
Gate Toggle Translator and Main Gate Flip-Flop Test Procedure Set the 8443A MODE switch to MARKER and the RESOLUTION switch to 100 Hz . Set the spectrum analyzer SCAN TIME PER DIVISION to 1 MILLISECOND. Synchronize the oscilloscope to the spectrum analyzer scan, triggered on + slope, ACF. The waveforms you should obtain under these conditions at five points in the gate toggle signal path are shown in Figure SS8-3. Set the oscilloscope VOLTS/DIV as indicated in the illustration for each waveform.

## NOTE

These tests are valid only if Time Base Assembly A5 is operating properly.

## SERVICE SHEET 8 (CHANGE 10) (Cont'd)

If you obtain waveforms 1 and 2 (Q6 base, QS5emitter), but are unable to obtain waveforms 3, 4, and 5 (U1 pin 2, U1 pin 3, and TP2), U1 is probably defective.
If you obtain waveform 1, but cannot get waveform 2, check transistors Q5 and Q6, and the components associated with them.
If you obtain the first four waveforms, but get an abnormal indication for the fifth (at TP2), transistor Q3 or Q4 or an associated component is probably defective.
If the gate toggle input (waveform 1) is missing, try grounding test point TP2 on Time Base Assembly A5. Grounding A5TP2, in effect, provides a continuous count trigger. It should produce a square wave gate toggle input with a repetition rate that is much higher than the normal gate toggle, but which can be used to check the gate toggle signal path circuitry. You should note, however, that if grounding A5TP2 is necessary to produce a signal at the gate toggle input to the High Frequency Decade Assembly, there is very likely a problem with the count trigger output of Marker Control Assembly A7.
Divide-By-10 Counter and Output Level Translators Reset Input and Reset Translator. The reset input to the High Frequency Decade Assembly resets divide-by10 counter U3 to zero before each counting period. It is a positive-going pulse approximately 50 microseconds wide. Its leading edge starts less than 200 microseconds after the scan ramp in the spectrum analyzer is stopped, coincidently with the negative-going count trigger supplied by Marker Control Assembly A7 to Time Base Assembly A5.
In the resistive voltage divider network of R38, R11, and R12, the reset pulse is translated from the TTL level at which is received to the ECL level required by the counter. About one microsecond after the end of the reset pulse, the decade counters in Time Base Assembly A5 start generating the gate toggle square waves that clock main gate flip-flop U1. (See Gate Toggle Translator and Main Gate Flip-Flop circuit description on this Service Sheet.) When the dc level at pin 2 of NOR gate U2A is clocked high to start the counting period, the RF passed through U2A starts toggling the clock 1 (GI) input (pin 12) to divide-by-10 counter U3.
Divide-By-10 Counter. Divide-by-10 counter U3 divides the RF input to provide the four-line BCD (1-2-4-8) required to drive the Low Frequency Counter. Because of the way the counter is connected, the BCD 8 output from U3 pin 2 is one-tenth the input RF rate. At the end of every 10th RF input cycle to pin 12, the count starts over again at 1. At the end of the counting period, the RF input stops and the counter outputs remain as they
were at the last count. Before a new counting period starts, however, the reset input returns all four outputs to zero.

Output Level Translators. The outputs from the divide-by-10 counter are positive logic at ECL levels, while the requirements of the Low Frequency Counter are for negative logic at TTL levels. Therefore, the output level translators (U4A-D) have two primary functions: first, to invert the divide-by-10 counter outputs to convert them to negative logic, and second, to shift the outputs to TTL levels to make them conform to the Low Frequency Counter requirements.
The output level translators integrated circuit (IC) package, U4, contains a temperature-compensating dc reference supply (VBB), which maintains the IC outputs at a constant level. This supply responds to environmental temperature changes by altering the dc reference level sufficiently to cancel any level shifts that would otherwise be incurred in the IC circuitry as a result of the temperature variations.
The temperature-compensating dc reference (VBB) is available at pin 1 of U4. It is connected to the noninverting inputs of the level translators to compensate for temperature-induced variations in the counter output levels. It also drives comparator transistor Q7 in the gate toggle translator. In this instance, changes in the VBB level cause comparator Q6-Q7 to shift the gate toggle level in accordance with temperature-induced changes in the U1clock input level requirement.

## Divide-By-10 Counter and Output Level Translators

Test Procedure Check for the reset pulses with the oscilloscope at Motherboard socket XA6 pin 9, or at the junction of C15 and R38. The reset pulses should be positive-going, three to four volts in amplitude.
Set the 8443A controls for operation in the MARKER mode at 100 Hz RESOLUTION. Set the spectrum analyzer SCAN TIME PER DIVISION to 1 msec .
Connect the oscilloscope channel $\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{B}, \mathrm{C}$, and D inputs to output test points $4,5,6$, and 7 respectively on the High Frequency Decade Assembly. Set the oscilloscope TIME/DIV to 5 msec and the VOLTS/DIV to .5 for all four channels. The oscilloscope display should appear as shown in Figure SS8-4.
If the oscilloscope display shows a malfunction, and the input RF amplifier (Q1-Q2) circuits and main gate flipflop (U1) are functioning normally, the problem is in NOR gate U2A, counter U3, or in the output level translators IC, U4. If only one output is missing, the problem is most likely a defective output level translator in U4. If all the outputs are missing, either U2 or U3 could be at fault.


Figure SS8-1. Output Waveforms, SCAN HOLD Mode (CHANGE 10)


Figure SS8-2. RF Amplifier Waveforms (CHANGE 10)


Figure SS8-3. Gate Toggle, Count Enable, and End-of-Count Waveforms (CHANGE 10)


Figure SS84. Output Waveforms, MARKER Mode (CHANGE 10)


Figure 8-36. A6, High Frequency Decade Assembly, Cover and Components (CHANGE 10)

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts (CHANGE 12)

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{C} \\ & \mathrm{D} \end{aligned}$ | Qty | Description | Mfr Code | Mfr Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A15 | 0844360118 | 4 | 1 | BOARD ASSY: RECTIFIER | 28480 | 08443-60118 |
| A1SC1 | 0170-0040 | 9 | 2 | C:FXD MY 0.047 UF 10\% 200VDCW | 56289 | 192P47392-PTS |
| A15C2 | 0170-0040 | 9 |  | C:FXD MY 0.047 UF 10\% 200VDCW | 56289 | 192P47392-PTS |
| A15C3 | 0160-3453 | 3 | 4 | C:FXD CER 0.05 UF +80-20\% 100VDCW | 56289 | C023A101L503ZS25-CD4 |
| A15C4 | 0160-3453 | 3 |  | C:FXD CER 0.05 UF +80-20\% 100VDCW | 56289 | C023A101L503Z525-CD4 |
| A15C5 | 0160-3453 | 3 |  | C:FXD CER 0.05 UF +80-20\% 100VDCW | 56289 | C023A101L503ZS25-CD4 |
| A15C6 | 0160-3453 | 3 |  | C:FXD CER 0.05 UF +80-20\% 100VDCW | 56289 | C023A101L503ZS25-CD4 |
| A1SCR1 | 1901-0200 | 5 | 4 | DIODE:SILICON 100 PIV 3A | 02735 | IN4998 |
| A15CR2 | 1901-0200 | 5 |  | DIODE:SILICON 100 PIV 3A | 02735 | IN4998 |
| A15CR3 | 1901-0200 | 5 |  | DIODE:SILICON 100 PIV 3A | 02735 | IN4998 |
| A15CR4 | 1901-0200 | 5 |  | DIODE:SILICON 100 PIV 3A | 02735 | IN4998 |
| A15CR5 | 1901-0743 | 1 | 2 | DIODE:SILICON 1A 400 PIV | 28480 | 1901-0743 |
| A15CR6 | 1901-0743 | 1 |  | DIODE:SILICON 1A 400 PIV | 28480 | 1901-0743 |
| A15CR7 | 1902-3002 | 3 | 1 | DIODE:ZENER 2.3V 5\% | 28480 | 1902-3002 |
| A1SF1 | 2110-0001 | 8 | 3 | FUSE:1 AMP 250V FB | 75915 | 312001. |
| A15F2 | 2110-0001 | 8 |  | FUSE:1 AMP 250V FB | 75915 | 312001. |
| A15F3 | 2110-0002 | 9 |  | FUSE:2 AMP 250V FB | 75915 | 312.002 |
| A15F4 | 2110-0001 | 8 |  | FUSE:1 AMP 250V FB | 75915 | 312001. |
| A15Q1 | 1853-0007 | 7 | 1 | TSTR:SI PNP 2N3251 | 28480 | 1853-0007 |
| A1SR1 | 0812-0012 | 7 | 1 | R:FXD WW 18 OHM 5\% 3W | 28480 | 0812-012 |
| A15R2 | 0698-0084 | 9 | 1 | R:FXD MET FLM 2.15 K OHM 1\% .120W | 28480 | 0698-0084 |
| A15R3 | 0757-0833 | 2 | 1 | R:FXD MET FLM 5.11 K OHM 1\% .05W | 28480 | 0757-0833 |
| A15XF1 | 2110-0269 | 0 | 8 | CLIP:FUSE 0.250 IN DIA | 91506 | 6008-32CN |
| A15XF2 | 2110-0269 | 0 |  | CLIP:FUSE 0.250 IN DIA | 91506 | 6008-32CN |
| A15XF3 | 2110-0269 | 0 |  | CLIP:FUSE 0.250 IN DIA | 91506 | 6008-32CN |
| A15XF4 | 2110-0269 | 0 |  | CLIP:FUSE 0.250 IN DIA | 91506 | 6008-32CN |

Change 1 B-28

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